

CRHO WILL CONTRCT I HELYHOUSEZ & SPA CONCERNING THIS

MEMORANDUM TO FILE SITE VISIT - ROCKLEDGE

TO: FILE FROM: DAW DATE: 8-29-91

TIME: 10:30 A.M. - 2:00 P.M.

ATTENDING: DAW, GARRY MILLER (GM)

ON THE ABOVE REFERENCED DATE, GM AND MYSELF (DAW) CONDUCTED A SITE VISIT AT ROCKLEDGE WWTP TO SEE THE NEW PLANT AND INJECTION WELL PURSUANT TO ISSUANCE OF A LETTER OF AUTHORIZATION TO USE SAID INJECTION WELL. OUR TOUR GUIDE WAS CYNTHIA GERSTER (INGRAM) # 007290 WHICH EXPIRES 12-31-91. THIS PLANT HISTORICALLY DISCHARGED TO THE RIVER AND IS DUE TO CEASE DOING SO BOTH NO3 AND P HAVE BEEN RECENTLY TO HIGH IN THE IN 2-3 MONTHS. EFFLUENT. THE ANALYSIS ARE PROVIDED BY BIONOMICS LABS. TO BE FULLY POERATIONAL IN 5-6 WEEKS. THEIR EPA CONTACT IS KAREN BURKIE. THEIR INTENTION IS TO CHLORINATE THE EFFLUENT PRIOR TO INJECTION. THEY HAVE A DECHLORINATION FACILITY (SIO2) CAPABLE OF REDUCING [CL] O.2 PPM HOWEVER THEY DO NOT INTEND TO DECHLORINATE INJECTED FLUIDS PRIOR TO INJECTION.

THEY HAVE IN PLACE DUAL CONTINUOUS STRIP CHARTS RECORDERS AND INSTANT DIGITAL READOUTS FOR THE FOLLOWING:

- 1) PRESSURE
- 2) FLOW

THERE ARE NO OTHER GAGES OR METERS. AT THE TIME OF THE VISIT, THE STATIC PRESSURE WAS 9.96 PSI AND THE FLOW WAS 0 GPD. SO...
POINTS TO PONDER:

- 1) THEY HAVE A PERMIT TO DISCHARGE TO THE INDIAN RIVER WHICH EXPIRES 12-91. DO THEY NEED A DIMP PRIOR TO TO THEIR LETTER OF AUTHORIZATION TO INJECT?
- 2) NO3 AND P ARE HEGH IN THE EFFLUENT. SHOULD WE WAIT UNTILL THIS IS CORRECTED ?
- 3) THEY ARE PLANNING TO CHLORINATE THE WELL EFFLUENT. IS THIS A PROBLEM? SHOULD IT BE DECHLORINATED PRIOR TO DISCHARGE? SHOULD WELL EFFLUENT BYPASS THE CCC?
- 4) DO THEY NEED ADDITIONAL GAGES ON THE WELLHEAD ?
- 5) I AM STILL WAITING ON JOE HABERFELDS PACKAGE
 PERTAINING TO THE DEFFICIENT BACKGROUND CHEMICAL
 INFORMATION.

2 PA-404-3417-3379

Karen \$7428

404-347-7428 EPA COMPLIANCE F165

MEMORANDUM

TO: DRA FROM: DAW

DATE: 8-21-91

RE: PRIORITY ITEM #176 - REQUEST FROM THE CITY OF ROCKLEDGE FOR

LETTER OF AUTHORIZATION TO INJECT - ROCKLEDGE CLASS I

INJECTION WELL

PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF A LETTER OF AUTHORIZATION I HIGHLY RECOMMEND THAT A JOINT FACILITY INSPECTION BE CONDUCTED WITH A WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANT INSPECTOR AND SOMEONE WITH UIC (ME).

OTHERWISE, WE WILL BE WAITING FOR TAC COMMENTS ANYWAY.

THIS IS A NEW PLANT AND I AM NOT EVEN SURE OF THEIR PERMIT STATUS.

RESPONSE TO THE REQUEST IS DUE 9-6-91 SO I RECOMMEND THAT THE INSPECTION TAKE PLACE IN THE VERY NEAR FUTURE.



CITY OF ROCKLEDGE

1600 Huntington Lane Rockledge, FL 32955 · 2660 P.O. Box 560488 Rockledge, FL 32956-0488

- (407) 626 5711 F--- (407) 626 0256

Telephone 407/690-3978 • Fax 407/690-3987

James P. McKnight
City Manager

August 5, 1991

Mr. Carlos Rivero-deAguilar, P.E. Water Facilities Administrator Florida Department of Environmental Regulation Central District 3319 Maguire Boulevard, Suite 232 Orlando, Florida 32803-3767

Re: Final Well Construction Report Class I Test/Injection Well S&G Project No. 8802-02-02 Rockledge, Florida

Dear Mr. deAguilar:

We are pleased to submit the enclosed report titled Construction and Testing of a Test/Injection Well at the Rockledge Wastewater Treatment Plant, City of Rockledge, Florida for review by the Department staff and representatives of other agencies on the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC). The report satisfies special condition number 7 of our FDER construction permit No. UCO5-161506 dated October 4, 1989 and condition number 1 of the application for an operational permit.

We are applying for an operational permit concurrently with this submittal under separate cover. However, in accordance with specific condition No. 25 of the construction permit, we request the Department give permission to begin injecting effluent within the next 30 days. This will allow the development of site specific data to assist in your review of the operational permit and remove effluent discharge into the Indian River system, the project's initial objective.

If you have any questions in this matter, do not hesitate to contact us or our Engineering Consultant, Smith and Gillespie Engineers, Inc.

Sincerely,

CITY OF ROCKLEDGE

James P. McKnight

City Manager

Page 1 of 2

JPM:b²

cc: TAC Members: Anne Bradner, USGS

Robert Mann, U.S. EPA, Atlanta

Rick Levin, SJRWMD

Richard Duerling, FDER, Tallahassee Duane Watroba, FDER, Orlando Smith and Gillespie Engineers, Inc.

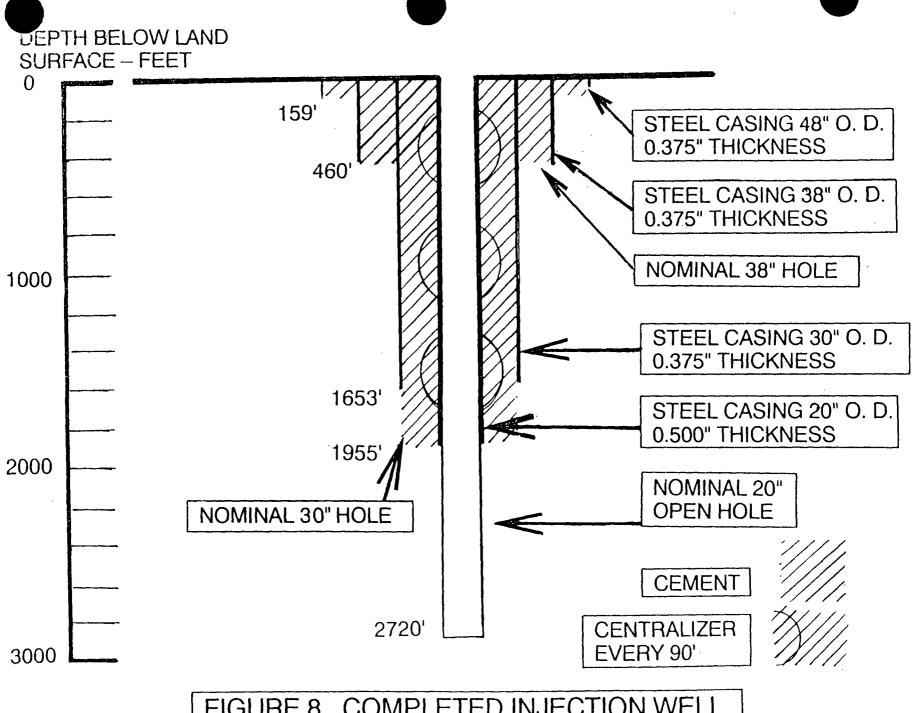
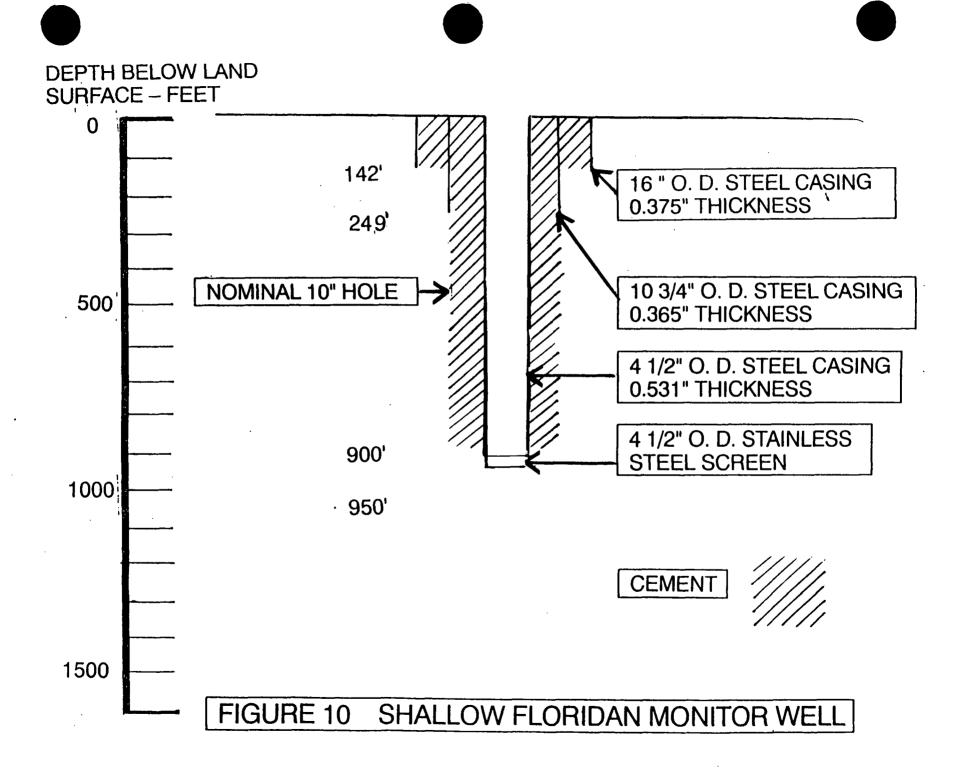


FIGURE 8 COMPLETED INJECTION WELL

DEPTH BELOW LAND SURFACE - FEET 0 16 " O. D. STEEL CASING 0.375" THICKNESS 140' **NOMINAL 24" HOLE** 250' STEEL CASING 10 3/4" O. D. 0.365 THICKNESS 500 **NOMINAL** 10" HOLE **CEMENT** 1000 4 1/2" O. D. STEEL CASING 0.531" THICKNESS 4 1/2" O. D. STAINLESS STEEL SCREEN 1338 1388

FIGURE 9 DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL

1500





246 Juno Beach, Florida 33408 (407) 626-8250

CONSTRUCTION AND TESTING

OF A

TEST/INJECTION WELL

ROCKLEDGE WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT CITY OF ROCKLEDGE, FLORIDA

PREPARED FOR

SMITH AND GILLESPIE ENGINEERS, INC. PROJECT NO. 8802-02-02

AUGUST 1991

PREPARED BY

HYDRODESIGNS, INC.

Consultants in Hydrogeology & Hydrology

Joc 1225 U.S. Highway 1, Suite 246 Juno Beach, Florida 33408 (407) 626-8250

Mr. Douglas E. Layton, P.E. Smith and Gillespie Engineers Post Office Box 53138 Jacksonville, Florida 32201

August 8, 1991

Dear Mr. Layton,

We are pleased to submit this report titled "Construction and Testing of a Test/Injection Well at the Rockledge Wastewater Treatment Plant, City of Rockledge, Florida" for distribution to the City and regulatory agencies. The report satisfies special condition number 7 of the FDER construction permit and condition number 1 of the application for an operational permit.

The two major sections in the report are the text and appendix. The text describes the construction and testing program in detail, presents an interpretive analysis of the collected data, and contains an operation and maintenance manual and well abandonment program for the City. The appendix is quite extensive and contains all of the hydrogeological, construction and Florida Department of Environmental Regulation required information.

We appreciate the time and support that you and Alan Laduke of the City of Rockledge gave us during this project. It was instrumental in keeping this project well under budget and ahead of schedule.

Sincerely,

Michael S. Knapp, P.G. Project Manager

Ottaatarungeli

Aimee Fratarcangeli Senior Hydrogeologist

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		ABBREVIATIONS COMMONLY USED IN REPORT
BPL CBL CET CM/SEC EPA FDER GPD/FT GPM IP MG/L MGD MGD/FT MSL PSI QA/QC RTS SJRWMD SP. SP TAC TDS		ABOVE PAD LEVEL BELOW PAD LEVEL CEMENT BOND LOG CEMENT EVALUATION TOOL CENTIMETERS PER SECOND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION GALLONS PER DAY PER FOOT GALLONS PER MINUTE INJECTION PRESSURE MILLIGRAMS PER LITER MILLION GALLONS PER DAY MILLION GALLONS A DAY PER FOOT MEAN SEA LEVEL POUND PER SQUARE INCH QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL RADIOACTIVE TRACER SURVEY ST. JOHNS RIVER WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT SPECIES SPECIFIC PRESSURE TECHNICAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS TEST/INJECTION
USDW	-	UNDERGROUND SOURCE OF DRINKING WATER UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY WELL HEAD



CONSTRUCTION AND TESTING

OF A

TEST/INJECTION WELL AT THE ROCKLEDGE WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT CITY OF ROCKLEDGE, FLORIDA

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The City of Rockledge received a permit (No. UC05-161506) from the FDER (Florida Department of Environmental Regulation) to construct and test an injection well system at the Rockledge Wastewater Treatment Plant in October of 1990. The firms that prepared the technical specifications for the project and represented the City to the various agencies were Smith and Gillespie Engineers, Inc., of Jacksonville, Florida HydroDesigns, Inc. of Juno Beach, Florida. Youngquist Brothers, Inc. from Fort Myers, Florida was awarded the contract for well construction and began construction activities in early October of 1990. The injection and monitor wells were completed and tested by April of 1991. Construction of the three wells required only 184 days within a 220 day time frame and cost for construction was under the total bid price by more than 25,000 dollars.

The injection well is capable of disposing of a peak hourly flow of nearly 10.50 million gallons per day (mgd) of secondarily



treated sewage effluent without surpassing a downhole velocity of 8 feet per second. Initial flows should average about 2.0 mgd with hourly peaks up to 5.5 mgd. Design flows have a daily average of 4.5 mgd with hourly peaks not exceeding 10.5 mgd.

The purpose of this engineering report is to supply the specified accompanying information to the construction permit in support of a formal application for an operational permit as required by Section 17-28.33 of the Florida Administrative Code (FAC). This report summarizes the construction activities and documents the information collected and analyzed during the project. An operations and maintenance manual is included. Operations and maintenance training (computer input and program use) for the statistical analysis data will be provided to the City. The appendix contains copies of the geologic logs, geophysical logs, water quality data, injection test results, construction activity logs, a letter of abandonment and other pertinent information.

2.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

INJECTION WELL

The injection well contains 1955 feet of 20" steel casing. The base of the casing is set in the lower portion of a sequence of limestone confining beds overlying the dolomites comprising the injection zones. There are also 1653 feet of 30" intermediate



casing, 460 feet of 38" surface casing, and 159 feet of 48" conductor casing in the well. The major findings derived from the drilling and testing program are:

- A. A zone capable of accepting the planned disposal rates exists in the injection well from a depth of 1980 feet below pad level to 2170 feet below pad level. Smaller cavernous zones were also encountered from 2170 feet to the wells' total depth of 2720 feet.
- B. The total dissolved solids concentration of waters within the injection zone ranges from 29,703 mg/l to 32,747 mg/l.
- C. The estimated transmissivity of the injection zone is approximately 500,000 gpd/ft and capable of accepting the planned volume of treated fluids.
- D. A confining sequence exists in the lower portion of the Lake City Limestone and upper portion of the Oldsmar Limestone from a depth of 1550 feet to 1980 feet bpl.
- E. Nine (9) cores totalling 52 linear feet were collected from various horizons from 1520 feet to 2420 feet bpl.
- F. Vertical hydraulic conductivities of the cores ranged from 0.00014 to 0.0000000011 cm/sec.



G. The contact of waters of less than 10,000 mg/l TDS (base of USDW) with non-potable waters is at an approximate depth of 1180 feet below pad level.

DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL

The deep Floridan monitor well contains 1338 feet of 4 1/2" seamless steel casing with 50 feet of continuous slot stainless steel screen monitoring from 1338 feet to 1388 feet below land surface. The well also contains 250 feet of 10 3/4" steel surface casing and 141 feet of 16" steel conductor casing.

Significant information collected during the drilling and testing of the deep Floridan monitor well are:

- A. The water level varies with barometric pressure and tidal changes but generally stands about 15.7 feet below pad level.
- B. Total dissolved solids concentration of the deep monitor well waters are consistently in the range of 38,989 mg/l.
- C. During the injection and recovery phases of the injection test the water level shows only a minimal response (less than 0.05 ft.) to the various pumping rates and test shutdown.



D. Two (2) cores totalling 23 linear feet were collected above and below the base of the USDW at 1131 feet and 1473 feet bpl. Vertical hydraulic conductivities were 0.000000013 cm/sec and 0.0000000003 cm/sec, respectively.

SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL

The shallow Floridan monitor well contains 901 feet of 4 1/2" seamless steel casing with 50 feet of continuous slot stainless steel screen. The screen is open to a monitor zone from 901 feet to 951 feet below land surface. The well also contains 249 feet of 10 3/4" steel surface casing and 142 feet of 16" steel conductor casing.

Significant information collected during the drilling and testing of the shallow Floridan monitor well are:

- A. The water level varies with barometric pressure and tidal changes but normally stands about 4.3 feet above pad level.
- B. Total dissolved solids concentration of the shallow monitor zone are 2,221 mg/l. These concentrations may increase as the well is continually developed.
- C. There were no measurable changes of water level in the



shallow monitor zone during or after the injection test.

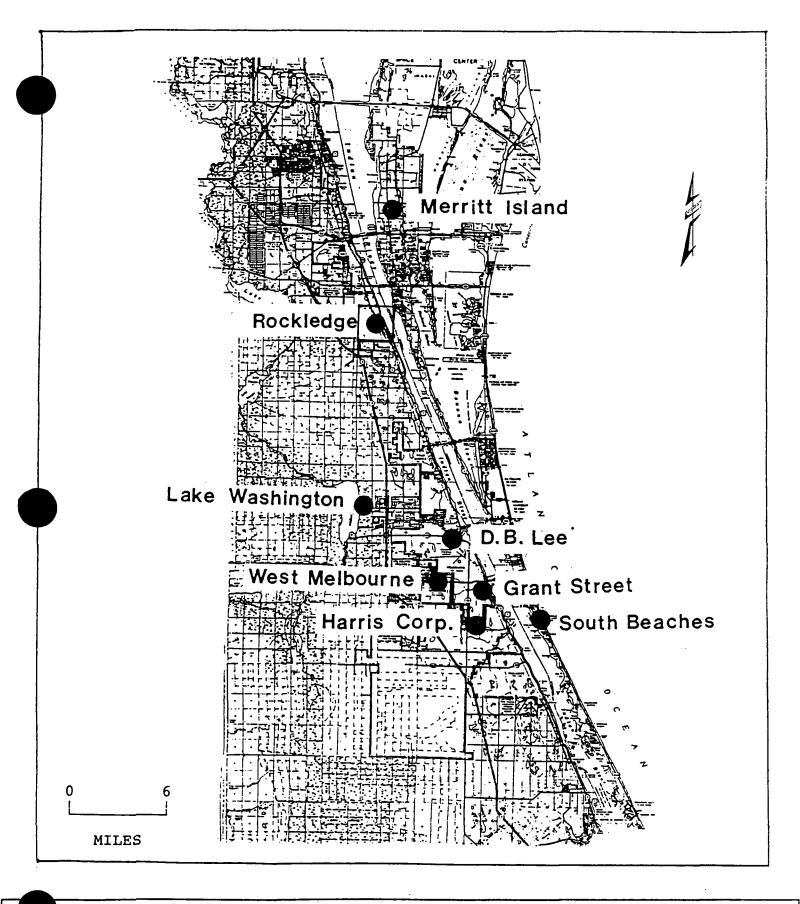
3.0 GEOLOGIC SETTING AND LOCATION

The Rockledge test/injection well is located within the property boundary of the City's Wastewater Treatment Plant. The plant and well are located adjacent to U.S. Highway 1 and the Florida East Coast Railroad in east central Rockledge just behind the police station. The location of the Rockledge test/injection well and it's relative proximity to other injection or deep wells in Brevard County is depicted on Figure 1.

Figure 2 illustrates the position of the major geologic structural features in Florida. The most prominent feature is the Ocala Uplift, which was described by Vernon (1951) as a gentle flexure trending northwest to southeast along its crest. Within Brevard County and to the east of the Ocala Uplift is a broad low ridge or platform expressed on the erosional surface of the Ocala Group. This structure is termed the Brevard Platform (Riggs, 1979) and it plunges gently to the south-southeast and southeast. Faults have not been documented in the Brevard Platform area and it is considered tectonically stable.

4.0 GEOLOGY

The geologic units underlying the Rockledge site are summarized



RE 1 LOCATION OF THE ROCKLEDGE TEST/INJECTION WELL AND ITS RELATIVE PROXIMITY TO OTHER INJECTION AND DEEP WELLS IN BREVARD COUNTY

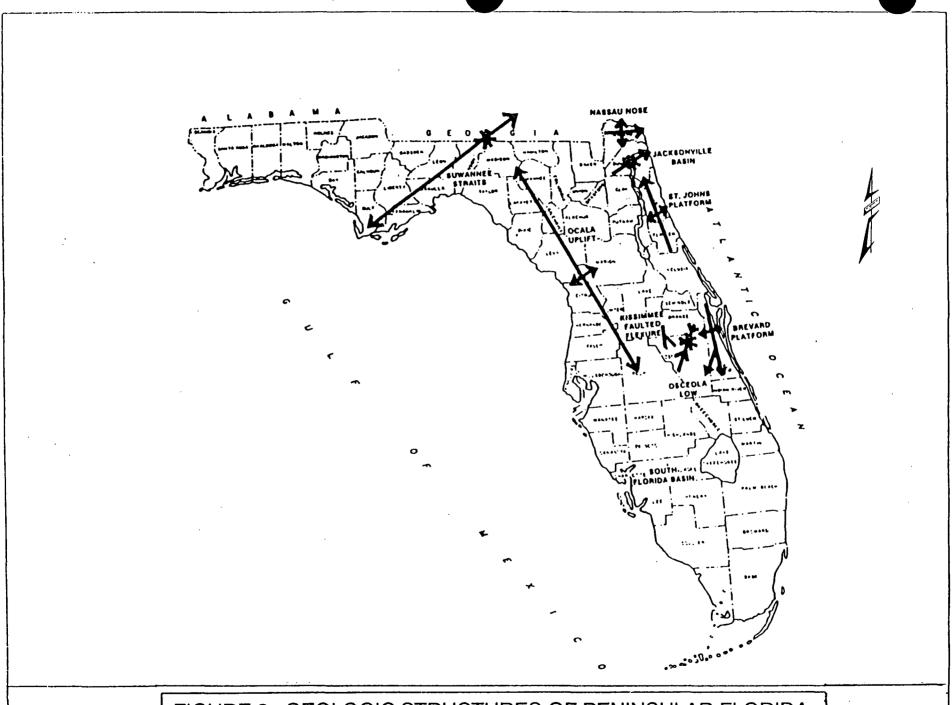


FIGURE 2 GEOLOGIC STRUCTURES OF PENINSULAR FLORIDA

in Table 4.1 and depicted on Figure 3. Appendix A contains the lithological descriptions of the cuttings and cores used to determine the stratigraphic position of the individual rock units.

TABLE 4.1 - DEPTH AND THICKNESS OF STRATIGRAPHIC UNITS

_	DEPTH (FT.bpl)		THICKNESS (FT.)	FORMATION
0	to	60	60	Undifferentiated Deposits and Anastasia Formation
60	to	110	50	Tamiami Formation
110	to	145	35	Hawthorn Group
145	to	250	105	Ocala Group
250	to	1690	1440	Avon Park/Lake City Limestone
1690	to	2720	1030+	Oldsmar Limestone

4.1 PALEOCENE ERATHEM

CEDAR KEYS FORMATION

The Cedar Keys Formation is the deepest and oldest Tertiary limestone encountered in south-central Florida. The unit was originally proposed by Cole (1944) and described by Chen (1965) as a gray, microcrystalline, slightly gypsiferous and rarely fossiliferous dolomite. Chen contoured the top of this unit at approximately -2500 feet msl in this area. The formation was penetrated in the South Beaches well (Dames and Moore, 1985) from 2780 feet to the total depth of the well at 2915 feet below land



AGE	FORMATION	LITHOLOGY	GEOLOGIC COLUMN	SONIC LOG	CORE RETRIEVAL	DEPTH
FUESTOCENE TO RECENT	UNDIFFERENTIATED DEPOSITS & ANASTASIA	Predominantly sand and organics in the upper interval with an increase in shell content toward the base.				- 100
PLIOCENE		Fossiliterous sandy limestone with small percentages of phosphate incorporated in the sequence				- 200
MIOCENE	HAWTHORN GROUP	Clayey phosphabic sits with varying motures of limestone, shell fragments and quartz sand.				-300
	OCALA GROUP	Biogenic limestone containing many foraminifera including Opercylindices sp., Lebdacychina so, and Giogana propilia.				-400
						-400
			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			-500
			7 7 7 7			-600
			· / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /			-700
						-800
1	AVON PARK/	The upper and middle portions of the unit are composed of biogenic and doloridic limestones containing the toraminifera <u>Democrate pookel. Distroctions americanus</u> , and <u>Costingtina</u> so.				-900
	LAKE CITY LIMESTONE	Recystalized dolomite interbeds are incorporated briouphout this entire sequence. The lower interval is predominantly dolomite with interbeds of limestione. Horizontal lignite veins are present in the	7 7 7 1			-1000
		middle and lower sections of the unit. Chert nodules are present at the base of the unit.	·, · L - T			
						-1100
						-120
İ						-1300
						-1400
			/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /			-1500
EOCENE						-1600
;			· / / • / ·			-1700
	OLDSMAR LIMESTONE					-1800
		The upper interval is a granular limestone sequence that contains abundant foramuniters including <u>Helionstiring monils</u> . Ugnite veins and chart nocules are present near the top of the unit. The middle				-1900
		and lower sections of the unit are composed of highly aftered microphystatine to coarsely crystatine dolomite. Gypsum and annyctite exist as minor components throughout the entire				
		'omation.	Z 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			- 200
		<u> </u>				- 210
		LEGEND				-220
		Sit: Shell				-2300
		Sand P Phosphate				- 2 400
						-250
		Limestone A Cher.				-260
Ī	l	Dolomite: 1 Lignite				-2700

FIGURE 3 GEOLOGIC COLUMN

surface. In that well the unit occurred as a low permeability gypsiferous dolomite interbedded with anhydrite. A distinct fauna composed of the foraminifera Borelis normally occurs at the top of the unit. The Rockledge injection well never encountered the bedded anhydrite sequence or Borelis type fauna. Therefore the unit is here considered to lie below 2720 feet.

4.2 EOCENE ERATHEM

OLDSMAR LIMESTONE

Applin and Applin (1944) applied the name "Oldsmar Limestone" to a series of faunal zones overlying the Cedar Keys Formation. Chen (1965) described the unit in peninsular Florida as being predominantly dolomite and limestone with gypsum and anhydrite as minor components. In the Melbourne area he contoured the top of the unit between -1500 and -2000 feet msl and the thickness as approximately 900 feet. At a test site in Merritt Island (Geraghty and Miller, 1984), the Oldsmar was principally composed of brownish dolomites with interbedded limestone. The thickness of the unit in that well was 910 feet with highly recrystallized dolomites occurring from near -1900 feet to the top of the Cedar Keys at -2670 feet below land surface. The Oldsmar was logged from -1665 to -2700 feet below land surface in the South Beaches well. The upper portion of the unit in this well occurred as a cherty and glauconitic highly recrystallized limestone. Cavernous



and possibly fractured dolomites were encountered from -2083 feet to the base of the formation.

In the Rockledge injection well, the top of the Oldsmar Limestone was penetrated at a depth of 1690 feet b.l.s. in a cherty and micritic limestone. The base of the unit was not penetrated at a depth of 2720 feet (the total depth of the injection well). Chert nodules are present from a depth of 1490 feet (in the Lake City/Avon Park) through the contact with the Oldsmar to a depth of 1770 feet. The upper interval (to a depth of 1930 feet) is a foraminiferous, granular limestone sequence that is slightly dolomitic. Lenses of chert and also lignite veins are present throughout the upper portion. Dolomite is the predominant lithology in the middle and lowermost sections and extends 770 feet to the base of the well. This dolomite is highly altered, micro to coarsely crystalline and contains minor amounts of evaporites throughout the section. The base of this dolomite is interbedded with micritic and dolomitic limestones.

LAKE CITY LIMESTONE / AVON PARK LIMESTONE

The Lake City Limestone and Avon Park Limestone were proposed by Applin and Applin (1944) for rocks of early middle Eocene and late middle Eocene age respectively in Florida. In the type area the Lake City Limestone is described as "a gray-brown, dense microcrystalline dolomite with occasional thin beds of limestone,



chert, and carbonaceous material" (Ceryak, Knapp and Burnsen, 1982). The Avon Park Limestone is described as "a cream colored, chalky, limestone that contains a distinct fauna" from a type well located at the Avon Park bombing range in central Florida (Vernon, 1951). The two units are very similar lithologically and for the most part can only be separated by the guide fossils present within them. The major lithologic difference is the predominance of dolomite in the Lake City sequence.

The top of the Avon Park was contoured at near -400 feet msl and the thickness of the two units between 1200 and 1400 feet in the Melbourne area by Chen (1965). At the Merritt Island injection well the Avon Park was present at 235 feet below land surface and the total thickness of both units was 1445 feet. At the South Beaches injection well the top of the Avon Park was at 400 feet below land surface and the two units extended to 1663 feet below land surface for a total thickness of 1263 feet. The top of the Avon Park Limestone occurred at 380 feet below land surface in the Grant Street well with a combined thickness of the two units totalling 1418 feet.

The top of these two units was logged at 250 feet below land surface with a total combined thickness of 1440 feet. The major difference between the upper limestone beds in the unit and the overlying Ocala Group is the predominance of the foraminifera Dictyoconus cookei in the Avon Park beds. Lithologically the

differences are slight and only in the grain sizes. Dolomite and dolomitic limestones are the predominant lithologies in the middle and basal portions of the Avon Park/Lake City Limestones. Lignite veins are recorded from 930 feet and occur throughout the interval. Chert nodules are present in the lowermost portion. The first occurrence of chert was logged at 1490 feet below land surface.

OCALA GROUP

Dall and Harris (1892) first used the term "Ocala Limestone" for limestones being quarried near the town of Ocala in Marion County, Florida. Puri (1957) raised the formation to the Ocala Group and subdivided it into three formations. Chen (1965) showed the top of the Ocala in the Melbourne area to be between -200 and -400 feet msl and the thickness near 100 to 150 feet. At the South Beaches injection well the Ocala occurred at 251 feet below land surface as a white micritic and coquinoid limestone with a large and diverse number of larger foraminifera. The unit was 149 feet thick at this site. At the City of Melbourne injection well and the Grant Street injection well, both of which are located to the south, the top of unit occurred at 272 feet and 280 feet respectively.

The top of the Ocala Group was penetrated at 145 feet below land surface. It is 110 feet thick with the Hawthorn lying

unconformably above it. The Ocala normally occurs as a micritic, porous, fossiliferous limestone. Faunally, the group is marked at the top by a large quantity of the foraminifer Lepidocyclina ocalana. Other key foraminifera present in this unit include Operculinoides sp. and Gypsina Globula sp.. Near the contact with the Hawthorn (the upper 25 feet) the Ocala Group is a very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), poorly indurated biomicrite. The middle and lowermost portions of the formation are predominantly a yellowish gray, moderately indurated, foraminiferal limestone with a high spar content.

4.3 MIOCENE ERATHEM

HAWTHORN GROUP

Dall and Harris first used the term "Hawthorn beds" for Miocene age phosphatic sediments being quarried near the town of Hawthorn in Alachua County, Florida. The Hawthorn normally consists of various mixtures of clay, quartz sand, carbonate (dolomite to limestone) and phosphates (Scott and Knapp, 1988). At the South Beaches injection well the Hawthorn was logged at 120 feet below land surface and was 131 feet thick. The unit occurred at 150 feet below land surface in the City of Melbourne injection well and is 123 feet in thickness. At the Grant Street injection well, the Hawthorn was logged at 155 feet below land surface and extended 125 feet to the top of the Ocala.



The top of the Hawthorn Group, at the Rockledge injection well, was penetrated at 110 feet below land surface and extends 35 feet to the top of the Ocala Group. The upper twenty (20) feet of the Hawthorn consists primarily of clayey phosphatic silt with small percentages of shell fragments and limestone. This sequence is bedded with micritic limestone and silty clay in the lower portion of the unit.

4.4 PLIOCENE / PLEISTOCENE ERATHEM

TAMIAMI FORMATION

Mansfield (1939) proposed the term "Tamiami limestone" for a fossiliferous sandy limestone approximately 25 feet thick, which was penetrated in shallow ditches along the Tamiami Trail (U.S. Highway 41) in southern Florida. The formation was logged at 80 feet below land surface and was 40 feet thick in the South Beaches injection well. It was present in the City of Melbourne injection well from 100 feet below land surface to the top of the Hawthorn Formation at 150 feet below land surface. At the Grant Street well the Tamiami was penetrated 100 feet below land surface and extended 55 feet to the top of the Hawthorn Group.

At the Rockledge site this formation was penetrated at 60 feet below land surface and is 50 feet thick. It is primarily a light olive gray (5 Y 6/1) to yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), sandy,



fossiliferous limestone containing varying percentages of phosphate. The lower 30 feet of the formation is marked by increases in phosphate and calcareous clay.

ANASTASIA FORMATION / UNDIFFERENTIATED DEPOSITS

These deposits vary in thickness throughout the Brevard County area. The Anastasia Formation (Sellards, 1912) is normally composed of a sandy coquina of mollusk shells held loosely together by a calcareous cement. The unit can however be moderately to well indurated depending upon the quantity and composition of cementing material. Undifferentiated deposits blanket all of Florida resulting from sea level fluctuations and terracing during the Pleistocene Age. At the Melbourne injection well and the Grant Street well these two units extended from land surface to 100 feet.

These two units were logged from land surface to a depth of 60 feet. They are composed of unconsolidated, fine to medium grained subangular sands with interbedded shell beds. Trace amounts of phosphate also exist in the section. The base of the unit is moderately indurated with sparry calcite cement.

5.0 HYDROGEOLOGY

There are four major hydrogeologic units that occur in peninsular

Florida (Vechiolli et al, 1986). These are; the surficial aquifer system, the intermediate aquifer system or confining beds, the Floridan aquifer system, and the sub-Floridan confining The surficial aquifer system contains the water table and other semi-confined and unconfined water bearing zones. The intermediate confining beds are restricted to the Hawthorn Group, but other beds may be included. The Floridan aquifer system is the major regional artesian aquifer system in the southeastern United States. The top of the system normally occurs in the basal porous limestones of the Hawthorn or older Oligocene and Eocene beds. It's base is marked by the bedded anhydrites (sub-Floridan confining beds) associated with the Cedar Keys Formation (Miller, 1982). The aquifer systems penetrated at the Rockledge site are depicted on Figure 4 and discussed in the following text.

5.1 SURFICIAL AQUIFER SYSTEM

The surficial aquifer system in Brevard County varies in thickness with the depth to the top of the Hawthorn Group. The system is composed of the sands, shell beds, and sandy limestones of the Pliocene and Pleistocene age sediments. The aquifer system was 120 feet thick at the South Beaches injection well, 155 feet thick at the Grant Street well and 150 feet thick at the City of Melbourne (D.B Lee) injection well. The system can be divided into two separate aquifers in some areas based upon

FORMATION	DEPTH	DUAL INDUCTION LOG	GEOLOGIC COLUMN	RELATIVE PERMEABILITY	STRADDLE PACKER INTERVAL	HYC	PROGEOLOGIC	COMMENTS
UNDIFFERENTIATED DEPOSITS & AVASTASIA TAMIAMI FORMATION HAWTHORN	-100					1	URFICIAL AQUIFER SYSTEM	Upper portion is a moderately porous sand, Lower interval consists of permeable sand and shell
GROUP OCALA GROUP	- 300						rermediate Aquifer	predominantly of a low
	-400						SYSTEM	permeability. It is composed of dayey sitts with interbeds of limestone and serves as a confining unit for the Floridan Aquifer System.
	-500				, i			
	-700					SYSTEM		
	-800					S	UPPER FLORIDAN	
AVON PARK/	-900				SHALLOW <monitor ZONE</monitor 			
LAKE CITY LIMESTONE	-1000				PACKER #2			
	-1200				PACKER #1		BASEBASE	The upper interval is
	-1300				DEEP <monitor< td=""><td>DEEP</td><td></td><td>predominantly micritic limestones of low pormeability. The middle portion has an overall moderate permeability with</td></monitor<>	DEEP		predominantly micritic limestones of low pormeability. The middle portion has an overall moderate permeability with
;	-1400			-	ZONE	2R		less permeable zones located in the limestone sequences. The basal unit is composed predominantly of dolomite and has a moderate to high
	-1600					AQUIFER		permeability.
	-1700							
	-1800 -1900				20" CASING		LOWER FLORIDAN	
	- 2000				<>			
OLDSMAR	- 2100				INJECTION ZONES			
LIMESTONE	-2200 -2300				<>			
	-2400							
	-2500					FLORIDAN		Low
	-7600 -2700		弄		TD 2720	FLO		High

FIGURE 4 HYDROGEOLOGIC COLUMN

available shallow well log information. A silty sand sometimes occurs at approximately 40 feet below land surface that retards the vertical flow of water within the aquifer system. Underlying the silty sand are Anastasia shell beds and sandy limestones from the Tamiami Formation. These formations compose a semi-confined to semi-unconfined water table driven aquifer in many areas.

The surficial aquifer system was 110 feet thick at the Rockledge well. It is an unconfined aquifer and under water table conditions. The Undifferentiated Deposits and Anastasia Formation occurred as a highly porous leached sand and shell sequence to 60 feet below pad level. The confining/semiconfining unit dividing the aquifer system in many areas was not present at the Rockledge site. The Tamiami occured as a sandy limestone and exhibited an overall moderate permeability due to the presence of loosely consolidated sand and shell. The water productive zones were in the upper section whereas the basal portion of the unit increased in silt and clay and was of lower permeability.

5.2 INTERMEDIATE CONFINING BEDS

The intermediate confining beds are associated with the Hawthorn Group in this area of Florida. The sequence is composed of low permeability silty and clayey sediments that separate and effectively confine the Floridan aquifer system. This system was



125 feet thick at the Grant Street well, 131 feet thick at the South Beaches injection well and 123 feet thick at the City of Melbourne (D.B. Lee) injection well.

At Rockledge the intermediate confining beds were 35 feet thick. These beds were contained wholly within the Hawthorn Group. The confining beds extended from 110 feet to the top of the Ocala Group at 145 feet below land surface. This aquifer system is composed of varying amounts of silty sand and phosphatic clayey limestone. This confining sequence is easily detected on the natural gamma ray log by large "kicks". These kicks are associated with the radioactive emissions attributed to the phosphate. The lower 10 feet of the intermediate confining beds is interbedded with limestone. The limestones are very micritic and have an overall low permeability. This confining sequence seals the Floridan aquifer from the overlying surficial aquifer system in the injection well.

5.3 FLORIDAN AQUIFER SYSTEM

The term "Floridan aquifer" was established by Parker (1955) for water bearing rocks associated with the Lake City Limestone, Avon Park Limestone, Ocala Limestone (Group), Suwannee Limestone, Tampa Limestone, and the lower parts of the Hawthorn Formation (Group) in hydrologic contact with underlying units. Miller (1982) referred to these beds as the Tertiary Limestone Aquifer



System and showed the top of the system in the Melbourne area to be between -200 and -300 feet msl. The base he contoured at approximately -3000 feet msl in this area.

The entire thickness of the Floridan was penetrated in the South Beaches injection well from 251 feet to 2760 feet below land It was also fully penetrated in the Merritt Island surface. injection well from 126 feet to 2670 feet below land surface. The Grant Street well and the City of Melbourne (D.B. Lee) well did not penetrate the sub-Floridan confining beds. At the City of Melbourne (D.B Lee) injection well the top of the Floridan was penetrated at 273 feet below land surface. At the Grant Street well the top of the Floridan is 280 feet below land surface. Cavernous and possibly fractured zones occurred in the Merritt Island and South Beaches wells within the lower dolomite sequences of the Oldsmar Limestone. Waters in excess of 10,000 TDS were penetrated in the South Beaches well at a depth of 1253 feet below land surface and in the Grant Street injection well at a depth of 1250 feet. The Merritt Island well located the base of the USDW at a depth of 950 feet below land surface, and in the City of Melbourne well at a depth of 1200 feet below land surface.

At the Rockledge site, the top of the Floridan aquifer system is associated with the top of the Ocala Group and occurs at 145 feet below land surface. The injection well (total depth 2720 feet)



does not penetrate the entire Floridan. The upper 105 feet of the Floridan is contained in the Ocala Group. The Ocala Group is primarily composed of a very fossiliferous (foraminiferal) limestones and exhibits an overall moderate permeability due to the predominance of micrite as a cement in the rocks. The cuttings and geophysical logs from the Ocala are indicative or poor to moderately indurated limestones. The cuttings contained large amounts of sparry calcite from 170 feet to 200 feet BPL. This interval correlated geophysically with more resistive dual induction readings and faster travel times on the sonic log.

The upper portion of the Avon Park/Lake City Limestone was of a low to moderate permeability between 245 feet and 450 feet below land surface. This interval is composed of dolomitic and fossiliferous limestones that function as a semi-confining unit. There is very little activity on the geophysical logs throughout this interval. One anomaly that does appear on the caliper, dual induction and sonic logs at a depth of 450 feet in Figure 5 is a splice in the logs for continuity between logging intervals.

The interval from 450 feet to 900 feet exhibits an overall moderate permeability with less permeable zones located in two limestone sequences. These zones are located from 510 feet to 858 feet below land surface and from 690 feet to 790 feet below land surface. The interval that begins at 510 feet has a calipered hole size in excess of 25 inches (bit size 7 7/8")



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FIGURE 5 GEOPHYSICAL COLUMN

within the deep Floridan monitor well and is characterized with moderate resistivity and slower travel times on the dual induction and sonic logs respectively. The interval from 690 feet to 790 feet is a dolomitic limestone of moderate induration that also exhibits moderate resistivity and slower travel times. This interval has small interbeds of dolomite which create more activity on the dual induction log.

The geophysical logs, cuttings and cores indicate a semi-confining dolomite and limestone sequence from 900 feet to 1160 feet below land surface. Visual analysis of the cuttings indicate that the upper 50 feet of this sequence is slightly more porous than the overall unit, therefore, this interval is monitored by the shallow Floridan well. Borehole diameter is not more than one (1) inch larger than the pilot bit. Also, the dual induction displays moderate resistivity while travel times on the acoustic log are in the range of medium to slow. This interval appears to confine the waters that are less than 10,000 mg/l TDS from the more saline waters below.

Directly beneath this sequence is a cavernous dolomite interval (1160 feet to 1205 feet). The television survey displays lateral flow through this interval, however the flowmeter did not detect flow. Also a three (3) degree temperature change is apparent at 1170 feet BLS. Straddle packer tests conducted within this zone isolate the base of the USDW between 1133 feet and 1200 feet BLS.

From 1205 feet to 1290 feet below land surface is a foraminiferous limestone that appears to be reworked. The cuttings indicate portions of this interval to be composed of up to 80% foram tests. This limestone correlates with a large cavity (1190' to 1235') discovered in the D.B. Lee injection well located to the south of the Rockledge site.

From 1290 feet to 1550 feet are semi-permeable to permeable Overall, this unit exhibits a slightly higher resistivity and faster transit times than the limestone above. Cores retrieved from this interval have a coefficient of permeability ranging from 0.0000000011 to 0.000000003 cm/sec. Within these dolomites are three zones with higher relative The first interval is from 1290 feet to 1340 permeabilities. It is characterized by highly altered, cavernous dolomite. Lateral flow was visible on the T.V. survey through this zone. The second interval is a sucrosic dolomite that is recorded on the lithologic logs as having very good visible porosity. It is present from a depth of 1345 feet to 1375 feet below land surface. The third interval that exhibits higher permeability is a cavity located from 1440 to 1450 feet below land surface. The T.V. survey showed inflow of water from this cavity. The sucrosic dolomite is screened in the deep Floridan well which monitors from 1338 feet 1388 feet.

The base of the Avon Park/Lake City Limestone and the upper

portion of the Oldsmar Limestone collectively serve as the primary confining unit overlying the injection zone. This interval is 430 feet thick extending from 1550 feet to 1980 feet below land surface. Cores retrieved within this section have recorded coefficients of permeability ranging from 0.00000001 cm/sec to 0.00014 cm/sec. Lithologic and geophysical logs of this interval document the predominance of low permeability limestones throughout the section.

The top of these confining beds (from 1650 feet to 1710 feet) are micritic limestones with interbeds of crystalline dolomite. These dolomite interbeds vary in thickness from 2 inches to 2 feet and possess occasional seams of evaporites. Directly beneath this interval (1710' - 1770'), dolomite is the prevalent lithology although it is still bedded with micritic and dolomitic This interval has a higher resistivity on the dual induction log and slightly faster transit times on the sonic log. The long-short normal also peaked in this dolomite sequence. The section from 1770 feet to 1930 feet is a limestone unit that is chalky, rather pure and dolomitic in sections. This sequence shows little activity on the geophysical logs due to its overall micritic nature. The confining sequence shows an average gauge hole of 13 inches. One cavity that appears to be at 1650 feet (the base of the intermediate casing) is probably just a washout interval that is sometimes created at the base of casing during drilling operations beneath that casing string.



A highly altered dolomite lies directly beneath the confining beds and extends to the total depth of the well (2720 feet). This dolomite is the primary zone for effluent disposal. The caliper log shows small cavities located between 2000 feet and 2100 feet. There is also one major cavity located from 2220 feet to 2230 feet below land surface. Geophysically, the sonic log shows that the fastest travel times recorded in the well are through the injection zone. The base of the well from 2250 to 2720 feet contains dense, and in some areas very permeable dolomites. This lower section, however, has an overall moderate permeability. The dolomites are well indurated, highly altered and dense with vugular and intracrystalline porosity. This lower sequences shows an average gauge bore hole (increasing in diameter through a limestone interval) and moderate resistivities on the dual induction log.

6.0 WELL DRILLING AND CONSTRUCTION

The injection well and associated monitor wells were constructed by Youngquist Bros., Inc. from Fort Myers, Florida. Well construction commenced on October 25th, 1991 with pilot hole drilling for the deep Floridan monitor well. Construction and testing activities were completed on April 26th, 1991. Construction of the three wells required only 184 days within a 220 day time frame and cost for construction was under the total bid price by more than \$25,000.00. The configuration of the

injection and monitoring system is shown on Figure 6.

6.1 TEST/INJECTION WELL

The injection well is designed to dispose of 10.50 mgd of secondarily treated sewage effluent at peak flow with an expected average flow of 4.50 mgd. Maximum well head pressures have been calculated at various flow rates and are depicted on Figure 7. The injection well design is depicted on Figure 8. The injection casing was set at 1955 feet below pad level. It is 20 inches in outside diameter, new, seamless steel casing and has a wall thickness of 0.500 inch. The intermediate string of casing was set at 1653 feet below pad level. It is a 30 inch diameter casing that has a wall thickness of 0.375 inch. The surface casing was set at 460 feet below pad level. It is a 38 inch diameter casing with a wall thickness of 0.375 inch. A 48 inch diameter conductor casing was installed to a depth of 159 feet below land surface. It has a wall thickness of 0.375 inch. Mill certificates for the various casing strings are found in Appendix E. The injection, intermediate and surface casings were all cemented in place with sulfate-resistant cement (ASTM Type II or API Florida Class H). The cementing program is described in Appendix E.

The following is a synopsis of the construction and testing activities on the test/injection well.

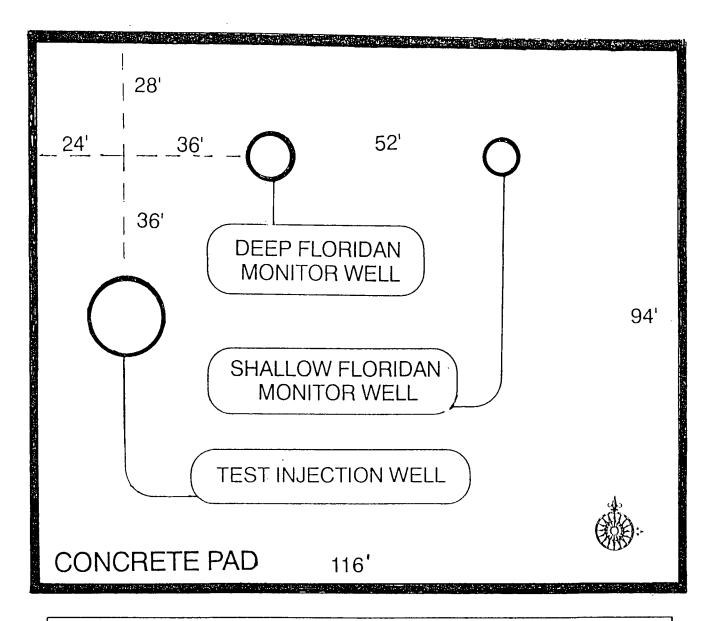
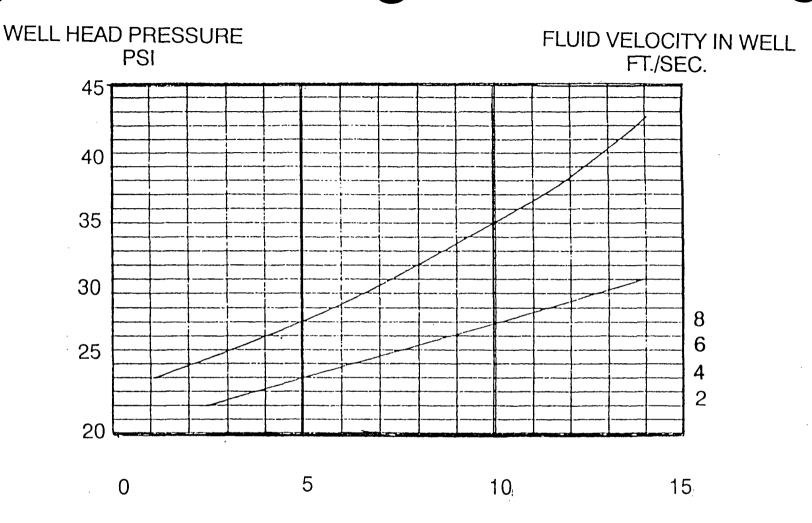


FIGURE 6 SITE LAYOUT FOR TEST / INJECTION AND MONITOR WELLS



FLOW IN MGD (20" O. D. WELL)

ASSUMPTIONS

- 1. DENSITY DIFFERENTIAL = 21 PSI
- 2. BOTTOM HOLE DRIVING PRESSURE = 4.3 PSI AT 12 MGD
- 3. HAZEN & WILLIAMS COEFFICIENT C = 100

FIGURE 7 WELL HEAD PRESSURES AT VARIOUS FLOW RATES

TABLE 6.1 TEST/INJECTION WELL CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

110400	Walification and accomply of duffl min on dufflian
112490	Mobilization and assembly of drill rig on drilling
	pad completed.
112890	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole to 125 feet by the mud rotary
	method.
111290	Continue drilling 12 1/4" pilot hole to 152 feet. Ream pilot hole with 52 1/2" hole opener 0'- 61'.
	Ream pilot hole with 52 1/2" hole opener 0'- 61'.
113090	Continue reaming with 52 1/2" hole opener 61'- 141'.
120190	Ream to targeted depth of 158' bls.
	Set 156 feet of 48" spiral weld steel casing.
	Set 156 feet of 48" spiral weld steel casing. Pressure grout 48" steel casing with 471 cubic feet of
	neat cement in one lift.
120390	Tag cement inside casing at 154 feet.
	Begin drilling 12 1/4" pilot hole 154'- 301'.
120490	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole to targeted depth of 456'
120430	bls.
	Smith International runs gyroscopic log on 12 1/4"
	pilot hole.
120690	Florida Geophysical runs caliper, natural gamma, dual
120000	induction, acoustic velocity, fluid resistivity, SP and
	temperature logs.
120790	Ream pilot hole with 46 1/2" hole opener 154'- 184'.
120790	Ream with 46 1/2" hole opener 184'- 305'.
120990	Real with 46 1/2 hole opener 2051 2001
121090	Ream with 46 1/2" hole opener 305'- 399'.
121090	Ream with 46 1/2" hole opener 399'- 460'.
	Run geophysical logs on reamed hole.
101100	Florida Geophysical runs caliper log.
121190	Set 450 feet of 38" spiral weld steel casing.
	Florida Cement pressure grouts 38" casing with 986
	cubic feet of 6% bentonite and 454 cubic feet of neat
101000	cement in one lift.
121290	Florida Geophysical runs temperature log on cemented
	casing.
	Tag cement at 244 feet inside casing. Cement in the
	annular space is within 2 feet of land surface.
101000	Perform pressure test on 38" casing at 125 psi.
121390	Begin drilling 12 1/4" pilot hole by reverse air
	drilling method (460'- 466').
121490	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 466'- 753'.
121590	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 753'- 1023'.
121690	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1023'- 1264'.
121790	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1264'- 1436'.
121890	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1436'- 1520'.
121990	Retrieve core #1: 1520'-1530'. 30% recovery
	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1520'- 1584'.
122090	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1584'- 1624'.
	Retrieve core #2: 1624'- 1639'. 53% recovery.
122190	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1624'- 1650.
	Smith International runs gyroscopic log.



Florida Geophysical runs caliper, natural gamma, and sonic logs. 122290 Continue running geophysical logs. Florida Geophysical runs sonic, dual induction, fluid resistiviey, SP, temperature and flowmeter logs. 122790 Begin reaming the pilot hole (reverse air) with 36 1/2" hole opener (453'- 456'). Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 456'- 591'. 122890 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 591'- 672'. 122990 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 672'- 834'. 123090 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 834'- 917'. 123190 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 917'- 950'. 010191 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 950'- 979'. 010291 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 979'- 1018'. 010391 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1018'- 1113'. 010491 010591 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1113'- 1155'. Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1155'- 1181'. 010691 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1181'- 1277'. 010791 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1277'- 1327'. 010891 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1327'- 1348'. 010991 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1348'- 1369'. 011091 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1369'- 1439'. Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1439'- 1463'. 011191 011291 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1463'- 1475'. 011391 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1475'- 1530'. 011491 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1530'- 1600'. 101591 011691 Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1600'- 1657'. Total Depth. 011791 Superior Survey Systems runs gyroscopic log. Florida Geophysical runs caliper log. 011891 Run 42 sections of 30" steel casing into hole. 011991 Cement 30" casing. Florida Cement pumps 739 cubic feet of neat cement (pressure grout). Let set for 16 hours. STAGE ONE. Tag top of cement at 1484 feet. Florida Cement pumps 157 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 7 hours. STAGE TWO. 012091 Tag top of cement at 1446 feet. Florida Cement pumps 560 cubic feet of neat with 12% bentonite mixture. Let set for 11 hours. STAGE THREE. Tag top of cement at 1349 feet. Florida Cement pumps 560 cubic feet of neat with 12% bentonite mixture. Let set for 22 hours. STAGE FOUR. 012191 Tag top of cement at 1262 feet. Florida Cement pumps 476 cubic feet of neat with 12% bentonite mixture. Let set for 11 hours. STAGE FIVE. 012191 Tag top of cement at 1120 feet. Florida Cement pumps 672 cubic feet of neat with 12% bentonite mixture. Let set for 12 hours. 012291 Tag top of cement at 961 feet. Florida Cement pumps 550 cubic feet of neat with 12%



bentonite mixture. Let set for 12 hours. Tag top of cement at 817 feet. Florida Cement pumps 420 cubic feet of neat with 12% bentonite mixture. Let set for 14 hours. 012391 Tag top of cement at 709 feet. Florida Cement pumps 567 cubic feet of neat with 12% bentonite mixture. Let set for 12 hours. Tag top of cement at 565 feet. 012491 Florida Cement pumps 84 cubic feet of neat with 12% bentonite mixture. Let set for 11 hours. Tag top of cement at 542 feet. Florida Cement pumps 683 cubic feet of neat with 12% bentonite mixture. Let set for 13 hours. 012591 Tag top of cement at 450 feet. Florida Cement pumps 521 cubic feet of neat with 12% bentonite mixture. Let set for 11 hours. Tag top of cement at 270 feet. 012691 Florida Cement pumps 694 cubic feet of neat with 12% bentonite mixture. Let set for 48 hours. 012791 Perform pressure test on 30" casing at 105 psi. Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1657'- 1715'. Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1715'- 1755'. 012891 012991 Retrieve CORE # 3 - 1755'- 1770'. 66% recovery. Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1755'- 1790'. 013091 Retrieve CORE # 4 - 1790'- 1805'. 55% recovery. Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1790'- 1835'. 013191 Retrieve CORE # 5 - 1835'- 1846'. 72% recovery. Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1835'- 1893'. 020191 Retrieve CORE # 6 - 1893'-1908'. Zero recovery. 020291 Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1893'- 1908'. Retrieve CORE # 7 - 1908'-1926'. 11% recovery. 020391 Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1908'- 1990'. Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1990'- 2014'. 020491 Run geophysical logs. Smith International runs gyroscopic log. Florida Geophysical runs caliper, natural gamma, SP, fluid resistivity, dual induction, acoustic velocity, temperature and flowmeter logs. 020591 Complete geophysical logs. Florida Geophysical runs sonic and VDL logs. Ream pilot hole with 28" hole opener 1651'- 1716'. 020691 020791 Ream pilot hole with 28" hole opener 1716'- 1806'. Ream pilot hole with 28" hole opener 1806'- 1930'. 020891 Ream pilot hole with 28" hole opener 1930'- 1960'. 020991 Total Depth. Run geophysical logs. Smith International runs gyro log. Florida Geophysical runs caliper log. 201091 Standby for TAC concurrence for injection string depth. Receive TAC approval for 20" casing depth. 021391 Run 20" O.D. steel casing into hole. 021491 Run 20" O.D. steel casing to 1955' BLS.



```
Florida Cement pressure grouts 20" casing with 784
          cubic feet of neat cement. STAGE #1.
021591
          Tag top of cement at 1728 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 320 cubic feet of neat cement.
          STAGE #2.
021691
          Tag top of cement at 1630 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 875 cubic feet of neat with 8%
          bentonite mixture. STAGE #3.
          Tag top of cement at 1278 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 897 cubic feet of neat with 4%
          bentonite mixture. STAGE #4.
          Tag top of cement at 907 feet.
021791
          Florida Cement pumps 897 cubic feet of neat with 4%
          bentonite mixture. STAGE #5.
          Tag top of cement at 546 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 723 cubic feet of neat with 4%
          bentonite mixture. STAGE #6.
021891
          Tag top of cement at 255 feet. Schlumberger runs CBL
          survey on injection string. Florida Cement pumps 448
          cubic feet of neat cement. STAGE #7. Tag top of cement
          at 74 feet. Florida Cement pressure grouts to surface
          with 185 cubic feet of neat cement.
022191
          Hook up drill string and circulate inside 20" casing.
          Run pressure test on 20" casing at 100 psi.
022291
          Drill through cement plug inside 20" casing with 12
          1/4" bit.
022391
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2014'- 2079'.
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2079'- 2101'.
022491
          Retrieve CORE #8 - 2101'- 2112'. Zero recovery.
022591
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2101'- 2105'.
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2108'- 2195'.
022691
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2195'- 2227'.

Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2227'- 2255'.

Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2255'- 2340'.

Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2340'- 2406'.
022791
022891
030191
030291
          Retrieve CORE #9 - 2406'- 2460'; 92% recovery.
030391
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2406'- 2460'.
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2460'- 2650'.
030491
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2650'- 2720'. Total Depth.
030591
030591
          Superior Survey Systems runs gyroscopic log.
          Run geophysical logs.
030691
          Florida Geophysical runs natural gamma, caliper,
          acoustic velocity, temperature, dual induction, sp and
          resistivity logs.
          Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 1922'- 1925'.
          Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 1925'- 1936'.
030791
          Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 1936'- 2006'.
030891
          Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 2006'- 2135'.
030991
          Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 2135'- 2208'.
031091
          Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 2208'- 2326'.
031191
          Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 2236'- 2459'.
031291
          Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 2459'- 2705'.
031391
```



031491	Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 2705'- 2720';
	Total Depth.
	Ream 17 1/2" reamed hole with 18 1/2" hole opener
	1922'- 2930'.
031591	Ream 17 1/2" reamed hole with 18 1/2" hole opener
	2030'- 2465'.
031691	Ream 17 1/2" reamed hole with 18 1/2" hole opener
	2465'- 2720'. Total Depth.
031791	Run geophysical logs.
	Superior Survey Systems runs gyroscopic log.
	Florida Geophysical runs caliper and temperature logs
	and point water samples each 100 feet of open hole
	1970'- 2700'.
031891	Remove drill pipe from rig.
031991	Begin fresh water flush prior to TV survey.
032191	Florida Geophysical runs TV survey of injection well
	casing and open hole to 2094 feet. Blacked out to
	bottom.
032291	Schlumberger runs radioactive element tracer survey
	using I-131. Continue fresh water flush.
032391	Stop flush. 247,900 gallons of fresh water utilized.
032791	Begin positioning and assembling pumps and piping for
	injection test.
040991	Drilling rig moved off pad.
041491	Test pumps and lines constructed for injection test.
	Pumped 180,000 gallons of effluent water.
041691	Florida Geophysical begins 48 hour logging of
	temperature and pressure at depth of 1940 feet prior to
	injection test.
041891	Injection test. Pumped 8 hours at rates of 3000 - 4000
	gallons per minute and one hour at rates of 7600 - 8200
	gallons per minute using effluent water from sewage
	treatment plant. Total of 2,154,000 pumped for test.
042691	Schlumberger runs post injection radioactive element
	tracer survey and temperature logs.

6.2 DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL

The deep Floridan monitor well was the first well constructed and tested. This well is designed to monitor the first permeable bed above the lower confining sequence. The deep Floridan monitor well is located 51 feet east-northeast of the injection well as depicted on Figure 6. The monitor well design is shown on Figure



9. The borehole was drilled to a total depth of 1506 feet below land surface and was backfilled with cement to a depth of 1396 feet. The final as-built well is 1388 feet deep and contains 1338 feet of 4 1/2 inch seamless steel casing that has a wall thickness of 0.531 inch. There is 50 feet of continuous slot stainless steel (0.030 slot) screen set from 1338 feet to 1388 feet below pad level. This screen is gravel packed with silica sand gravel. A 10 3/4 inch surface casing is set at 250 feet below pad level. This casing has a wall thickness of 0.365 inch. A conductor casing (16 inch 0.D.and 0.375 inch wall thickness) was set to a depth of 140 feet below land surface. The mill certificates for the casings and the cementing program are shown in Appendix E.

The following is a synopsis of the drilling and testing activities on the deep Floridan monitor well. Weekly summaries of all construction activities are present in Appendix G.

TABLE 6.2 DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

101590	Drill pad completed. Water table monitor wells installed at each corner of pad.
102490	PreConstruction meeting.
102590	Drill pilot hole by mud rotary drilling process Drill 7 7/8" pilot hole to 142 feet below land surface. Florida Geophysical runs natural gamma, temperature, sonic, dual induction, fluid resistivity, caliper, and SP.
102690	Ream pilot hole with 24" carbide button bit to 145 feet using mud rotary drilling process. Florida Geophysical runs caliper log (0'-140').

Install 16" conductor casing to the top of the Floridan Aquifer System at 140 feet below land surface. Florida Cement grouts casing in one stage with 532 cubic feet of neat cement. 102790 Florida Geophysical runs temperature survey while cement cures for 48 hours. 102890 Perform pressure test on conductor casing at 125 psi. Top of cement inside casing tagged at 130 feet below 102990 land surface. Drill 7 7/8" pilot hole from 130 feet to 245 feet using mud rotary process. 103090 Florida Geophysical runs caliper, natural gamma, dual induction, acoustic velocity, temperature, fluid resistivity and SP logs. Ream hole with 14 3/4" button bit (mud rotary) from 146 to 216 feet. 103190 Continue reaming from 216 feet to targeted depth of 245 feet b.l.s. Florida Geophysical runs caliper log on reamed hole. Install 10 3/4" steel surface casing to 240 feet below land surface. Florida Cement pressure grouts surface casing in two lifts with 393 cubic feet of neat cement. Wait for cement to cure 48 hours before pressure test. 110390 Perform pressure test at 125 psi. Start drilling pilot hole to 1500 feet with 9 5/8" carbide button bit using reverse air drilling process. Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 240'- 266'. Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 266'- 461'.
Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 266'- 461'.
Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 461'- 804'.
Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 804'- 1054'.
Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 1054' 1131'. 110490 110590 110690 110790 CORE # 1 - 1131'- 1146'. Retrieve core # 1 - 1131'- 1146'. 110890 Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 1131'- 1300'. Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 1300'- 1361'. Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 1361'- 1463'. 110990 111090 CORE # 2 - 1463'- 1473'. 111190 Retrieve core #2 1463 feet - 1473 feet. Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 1463'- 1500'.
Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 1500'- 1505'. Total Depth. 111290 Superior Survey Systems runs gyroscopic survey Florida Geophysical runs sonic, caliper and dual induction logs under static conditions. Logs performed while pumping the well include fluid resistivity, temperature, flowmeter, point samples and T.V.survey. Approximately two well volumes developed during logging. 111490 TAC meeting held on site. Based on data collected, it was decided to move screened interval up the hole from the originally planned interval of 1400'- 1450' to a depth of 1340'-1390'.



Conduct straddle packer test #1: 1148.5'- 1202.5'. 111590 Start straddle packer test #2: 1125'- 1133'. Complete straddle packer test #2. 111690 Base of USDW determined to be between 1133 feet and 1200 feet. Florida Cement Company begins grouting lower portion of hole (beneath monitor screen) with neat cement. Complete grouting from 1506' to 1396' in 5 stages and 111790 238 cubic feet of neat cement. 111890 Tag cement at 1396 feet. Install 4 1/2" monitoring casing, with 50 foot screened interval on bottom, to 1388 feet. Set stainless steel (30,000 slot) screen from 1338 feet to 1388 feet below land surface and gravel pack to 1326 feet below land surface with 93 cubic feet of quartz gravel. Florida Cement pumps 6 cubic feet of neat cement on top of gravel pack. Let set for 6 hours. Tag top of cement at 1321 feet. 111990 Florida Cement pumps 101 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE ONE. Tag top of cement at 1265 feet. Florida Cement pumps 112 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE TWO. Tag top of cement at 1217 feet. 112090 Florida Cement pumps 78 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE THREE. Tag cement at 1140 feet. Florida Cement pumps 168 cubic feet of neat with six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE FOUR. Tag top of cement at 988 feet. 112090 Florida Cement pumps 196 cubic feet of neat with six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE FIVE. Tag top of cement at 819 feet. Florida Cement pumps 90 cubic feet of neat with six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 15 hours. STAGE SIX. Two loads of cement received and loaded into silos. 112190 Tag cement at 770 feet. Florida Cement pumps 224 cubic feet of neat and six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE SEVEN. 112290 Tag top of cement at 653 feet. Florida Cement pumps 168 cubic feet of neat and six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE EIGHT. Tag top of cement at 540 feet. Florida Cement pumps 224 cubic feet of neat and six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 6 hours. STAGE NINE. Tag cement at 521 feet.

percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 7 hours. STAGE TEN. Tag top of cement at 428 feet. 112390 Florida Cement pumps 196 cubic feet of neat and six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE ELEVEN. Tag top of cement at 349 feet. Florida Cement pumps 112 cubic feet of neat and six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 12 hours. STAGE TWELVE. 112490 Tag top of cement at 315 feet. Florida Cement pumps 224 cubic feet of neat and six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE THIRTEEN. Tag top of cement at 157 feet in annular of 10 3/4" casing. Annulus between the 10 3/4" and 4 1/2" casings left open from 157 feet to land surface so that Schlumberger can accurately calibrate tools used for cement bond and cement evaluation surveys. 2061 cubic feet of cement was pumped to SUMMARY: pressure grout the 4 1/2" casing from 1326 feet to 157 feet below land surface and 238 cubic feet was pumped for the bottom plug. Ninety three (93) cubic feet of quartz gravel was utilized for packing around the screen for a total volume of 2392 cubic feet, which is 136% of theoretical volume. 021891 Schlumberger runs CBL and temp logs. 022091 Florida Cement pressure grouts 4 1/2" casing to surface with 51 cubic feet of neat cement. 022491 Develop well for 18 hours. Approximately 18 well volumes pumped. Develop well at 10 GPM for 3 hours. 022791 Bionomics Lab. takes samples. Develop well a 10 GPM for 1 hour. 030191 Bionomics Lab. takes sample. 031791 Begin water level monitoring prior to T/I well flush. Water levels monitored from today through 4/20/91. 031991 Monitor water level during injection well flush for T. V. survey. 032191 Install casing and T-valve to 5.30 feet above pad level. 032391 Begin water level monitoring prior to injection test of 041891 Monitor water level during injection test. Begin recovery monitoring of water level.

Florida Cement pumps 168 cubic feet of neat and six



End recovery monitoring of water level.

042091

6.3 SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL

The shallow Floridan monitor well is located 95 feet to the eastnortheast of the injection well and 52 due east of the deep Floridan monitor well as shown on Figure 6. This well was designed to monitor the deepest permeable zone within the Floridan containing waters that do not exceed a total dissolved solids concentration of 10,000 mg/l (base of USDW). construction details are depicted on Figure 10. The borehole was drilled to a total depth of 960 feet. The well itself is 951 feet in depth and contains 901 feet of 4 1/2" diameter seamless monitor casing that has a wall thickness of 0.531 inch. There is 50 feet of continuous slot stainless steel screen (0.030 slot size) set from 901 feet to 951 feet below land surface. screen is gravel packed with silica sand gravel. A 10 3/4 inch surface casing is set at 249 feet below land surface. This casing has a wall thickness of 0.365 inch. A 16 inch diameter conductor casing was set at a depth of 142 feet below pad level. This casing has a wall thickness of 0.375 inch. Mill certificates for the casings and the cementing schedules are in Appendix E.

The following is a brief synopsis of the drilling and testing of the shallow Floridan monitor well.



TABLE 6.3 - SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

112990	Skid monitor well rig from deep monitor well to
100100	proposed shallow monitor well location.
120490	Begin drilling 7 7/8" pilot hole (mud rotary) 0'- 28'.
120590	Drill 7 7/8" pilot hole 28'- 90'.
120690	Drill 7 7/8" pilot hole 90'- 145'.
120790	Florida Geophysical runs caliper, gamma, dual
	induction, SP, fluid resistivity, sonic and temperature logs.
120890	Ream pilot hole (mud rotary) with 24" hole opener 0'-
120090	145'. Florida Geophysical runs caliper log on 24"
	reamed hole.
	Set 140 feet of 16" seamless steel casing.
120990	Florida cement pressure grouts 16" casing with 364
120990	cubic feet of neat cement in one lift.
101100	Let cement cure for 48 hours.
121190	Tag cement inside casing at 130 feet.
	Drill 7 7/8" pilot hole 145'- 242'.
	Florida Geophysical runs caliper, gamma, fluid
	resistivity, temperature, SP, long-short normal and
101000	sonic logs.
121290	Ream pilot hole with 14 3/4" bit 145'- 243'.
	Set 240 feet of 10 3/4" steel casing.
	Florida Cement pressure grouts 10 3/4" casing to
101200	surface with 174 cubic feet of neat cement in one lift.
121390	Florida Geophysical runs temperature log on cemented
	casing.
	Tag cement plug inside casing at 204 feet, annular tag
	at 19 feet BLS.
101000	Wait on approval for screened interval.
121990	Perform pressure test on 10 3/4" casing at 125 psi.
123190	Receive approval for screened interval of 900'- 950'.
010101	Start drilling through cement plug 204'- 243'.
010191	Drill 9 7/8" hole 243'- 584' (reverse air).
010291	Drill 9 7/8" hole 584'- 959', total depth.
	Superior Survey Systems runs gyro log.
	Florida Geophysical begins caliper log and experiences
010001	equipment malfunction.
010391	Wait on parts to repair geophysical logging equipment.
010591	Florida Geophysical's logging equipment repaired.
	Run caliper, gamma, fluid resistivity, temperature,
	sonic, dual induction and E-logs.
010691	Run 4 1/2" screen and steel casing into hole - 51 feet
	of 4 1/2" stainless steel (30,000 slot) screen and 900
	feet of 4 1/2" steel casing (23 sections).
	Screened interval set 899 feet - 950 feet.
	Pack 39 cubic feet of quartz gravel around screened
	interval of 4 1/2" casing. Develop well for two hours.



Florida Cement pumps 17 cubic feet of neat cement on top of gravel pack. Let set for 5 hours. STAGE ONE. Tag top of cement at 853 feet. Florida Cement pumps 146 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 6 hours. STAGE TWO. Tag cement at 720 feet. Florida cement pumps 146 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 5 hours. STAGE THREE. 010791 Tag cement at 590 feet. Florida Cement pumps 146 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 5 hours. STAGE FOUR. Tag cement at 488 feet. Florida Cement pumps 146 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 5 hours. STAGE FIVE. Tag cement at 373 feet. Florida cement pumps 280 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 6 hours. STAGE SIX. Tag cement at 220 feet inside annular of 10 3/4" Total cement pumped: 881 cubic feet. 021991 Schlumberger runs CBL and temp logs. Florida Cement pressure grouts casing to surface with 022091 90 cubic feet of neat cement. Begin developing well at a rate of 8 gpm. 022591 022691 Stop developing well at 0806 after 24 hours, 9900 gallons and 22 well volumes. Begin pumping again 3 hours later. Collect hourly water quality. shut off pump. Water level in well is 2'6" above pad level. Measure water level throughout night. 022791 Pump well for 5 hours for final development. Take hourly readings. Bionomics Lab samples well for full suite of chemical constituents. 030191 Develop well for 2 hours. Bionomics samples well again. 031791 Begin recording water level readings. Continue uninterrupted readings until 4/20/91. 031991 Begin 10 minute water level readings during fresh water flush for injection well T.V. survey. 032091 Continue measure water levels while pumping into injection well. 032191 Stop pumping fresh water flush into injection well. Continue uninterrupted water level readings. Pump fresh water into injection well for RTS survey. 032291 Continue water level readings through RTS survey. 032391 Stop pumping water into injection well for RTS survey. Continue uninterrupted half hour water level readings for post RTS and also background readings for injection 032591 Meeting on site. RE: injection test. 041691 Continue water level readings but at 15 intervals 48 hours before injection test. 041891 Start injection test at 1010. Begin recovery water

Tag top of gravel pack at 883 feet.



level readings at 1910.

O42091 Stop recording water level readings. No other activity on shallow Floridan monitor well.

7.0 TESTING PROGRAM

To meet the requirements of the FDER, U.S. EPA and SJRWMD the well construction program included intensive testing procedures to gather site specific geologic and hydrologic data. The program was also designed to ensure the mechanical integrity of the test/injection and monitor wells. The mechanical integrity of the wells were determined by geophysical logging (temperature and CBL), pressure tests on casing strings, and pressure (water level) monitoring during the injection test. The test/injection well also had two separate radioactive tracer surveys performed on it. This data is available in the appendix of this report.

7.1 CUTTING AND CORE RECOVERY

Cuttings were collected at 10 foot intervals in the injection and monitor wells. The lithology of the cuttings was determined under a binocular microscope with emphasis on rock type, color, texture, porosity (visual), grain type and size, induration, accessory minerals, and fossils. The geological descriptions of the cuttings from the injection and monitor wells are available in Appendix A. A total of 75 feet of core was collected from various zones in the injection well and deep Floridan monitor



well. A detailed description of the cores is available in Appendix C. Pertinent information on the cores are listed in the following table.

TABLE 7.1 - CORE SAMPLES RECOVERED FROM SITE WELLS

CORE #	INTERVAL CORED	FORMATION CORED	FOOTAGE CORED	RECOVERY (FEET)	RECOVERY (%)			
INJECTION WELL								
1	1520'-1530'	LAKE CITY	10	3	30			
2	1624'-1639'	LAKE CITY	15	9	60			
3	1755'-1770'	OLDSMAR	15	10	66			
4	1790'-1805'	OLDSMAR	15	8	53			
5	1835'-1846'	OLDSMAR	11	8	72			
6	1893'-1907'	OLDSMAR	14	0	0			
7	1908'-1926'	OLDSMAR	18	2	11			
8	2102'-2112'	OLDSMAR	10	0	0			
9	2406'-2419'	OLDSMAR	13	12	92			
DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL								
1	1131'-1146'	LAKE CITY	15	15	100			
2	1463'-1473'	LAKE CITY	10	8	80			

PERMEABILITY ANALYSIS OF CORES

The eight core samples were tested to determine the vertical hydraulic conductivity (ASTM D2434), porosity, specific gravity (ASTM D854) and unconfined compressive strength of intact rock core specimen (ASTM D2939). This data is available in Appendix C. The core samples submitted for laboratory analysis and generalized descriptions are listed on the following tables.

TABLE 7.2 - LITHOLOGY OF CORES SENT TO LABORATORY FOR ANALYSIS

CORE #	DEPTH INTERVAL	LITHOLOGY
DMW 1	1140' 1" - 1140' 6"	DENSE DOLOMITE, INTERCRYSTALLINE VUGULAR POROSITY
DMW 2	1464' 3" - 1464' 9'	DENSE DOLOMITE, EUHEDRAL CRYSTALS, MICROCRYSTALLINE,
T/I 1	1520' 4" - 1520' 8"	DENSE DOLOMITE WITH CHERTY LIME- STONE, VUGULAR AND MOLDIC POROSITY
T/I 2	1629' 6" - 1630' 1"	LIMESTONE, WITH DOLOMITE SEAMS, INTERGRANULAR POROSITY, CHERT, AND LIGNITE VEINS, TRACE EVAPORITES
T/I 3	1758' 2" - 1758' 6"	LIMESTONE, DOLOMITIC AND MICRITE, INTERCRYSTALLINE & INTRAGRANULAR POROSITY, SPAR, FORAMS, LIGNITE
T/I 4	1796'10" - 1797' 2"	FOSSILIFEROUS LIMESTONE, MEDIUM GRAINED, MICRITE CEMENT, LIGNITE
T/I 5	1836' 3" - 1836' 8"	LIMESTONE, INTRAGRANULAR AND MOLDIC POROSITY, SPAR, MANY FORAMS
T/I 9	2410'11" - 2411' 4"	DOLOMITE, INTRACRYSTALLINE AND VUGULAR POROSITY, SUBHEDRAL TO EUHEDRAL CRYSTALS, LIGNITE

The vertical hydraulic conductivities of samples range from $2.4 \times 10-3 \text{ cm/sec}$ (injection zone) to $3.0 \times 10-10 \text{ cm/sec}$. These parameters are listed in the following table.



TABLE 7.3 - LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF CORE SECTIONS

WELL	CORE #	INTERVAL SENT FROM CORE (depth bpl)	LENGTH (inches)	VERTICAL PERMEABILITY (cm/sec)	SPEC- IFIC GRAVITY	PORO- SITY
DMW DMW	1 2		5" 5 9" 6	1.3x10-8 3.0x10-10	2.86 2.85	0.14 0.05
INJ INJ	1 2		3" <u>4</u> " 7	1.1x10-9 0.4x10-7	2.85 2.75	0.08
INJ	3		5" 4	1.0x10-8	2.74	0.07
INJ	4	1796'10"-1797' 2	2" 4	3.8x10-4	2.74	0.32
INJ	5	1000 0 1000 0	3" 5	$1.4 \times 10-4$	2.72	0.31
INJ	9	2410'11"-2411' 4	l" 5	2.4x10-3	2.89	0.28

7.2 GEOPHYSICAL LOGGING

A number of borehole geophysical surveys were collected from various intervals and the total depth of the injection well and two monitor wells. The geophysical logs provided additional information on lithology, water quality, aquifer characteristics, integrity of well casings and borehole deviation. A geophysical column of the injection well is depicted on Figure 5.

The majority of the geophysical surveys were performed by Florida Geophysical, Inc. and Schlumberger, Inc.. Multi-shot directional surveys were conducted Superior Survey Systems, Inc.. Table 7.4 is a listing of the geophysical surveys performed on the wells. Copies of the logs are contained in Appendix I.



TABLE 7.4 - GEOPHYSICAL SURVEYS PERFORMED ON WELLS

TYPE OF SURVEY	<u>INJ</u>	DFMW	SFMW	! !
Electrics (dual induction, SP, fluid		<u> </u>		,
resistivity and long-short normal)	х	x	x	į
Natural Gamma Ray	х	x	i x	į
Acoustic Velocity	x	x	x	İ
Variable Density Log (VDL)	x	х	i I	i
Temperature (absolute and differential)	х	x	x	į
x-y Caliper	х	x	x	į
Flowmeter	х	x	x	į
Multi-shot Directional	x	x	x	i
Television	х	x		İ
Radioactive Tracer (RTS)	х	!	<u> </u>	İ
Cement Bond Log (CBL)	х	x	x	İ
Point Sampler	x	x	İ	ĺ

INTERPRETATION OF GEOPHYSICAL LOGS

Electrics (dual induction, SP, fluid resistivity, long-short normal)

The induction log is a record of the conductivity (reciprocal of resistivity) of the rocks adjacent to the borehole by inducing an electrical current to flow in the rocks. The strength of the signal received by the recording instrument is proportional to the conductivity or inversely proportional to the resistivity of the formation. In general dolomites and denser rocks are more conductive than limestones and poorly indurated sediments. Therefore, the denser rocks give higher deflections on the logs. Cavities show attenuations on dual induction logs. Fluid resistivity logs record the resistivity of the borehole fluid.



SP (spontaneous potential) logs are records of the natural potentials developed between the borehole and the surrounding rock materials. The SP and fluid resistivity log were of little use in this investigation because of the large quantities of fresh and/or salt water induced into the borehole and formation during drilling.

The dual induction log correlated well with formation lithologies. The dolomite sequences showed high conductivities whereas the limestone sequences were relatively lower in conductivity.

Natural Gamma Ray

The gamma log records natural gamma radiation emitted from formations adjacent to the borehole. Higher gamma activity is associated with minerals with high percentages of potassium, uranium, and thorium in their lattice structure. Higher gamma radiation detected in the injection and monitor well boreholes can be associated with uranium and thorium concentrated in phosphorites, clays, cherts and dolomites. The gamma ray log deflections are also influenced by hole conditions diameter, casings, cement, mud weight). The natural gamma ray useful log in hydrostratigraphic and stratigraphic correlations if lithologies are known.

The natural gamma ray log performed on the test/injection well

shows very high radioactivity in the phosphatic Hawthorn Group to a depth of 145 feet. The dolomites throughout the underlying Eocene sequence showed slightly higher radioactivity than the interbedded limestones. The only exceptions were in the cherty limestones (higher radioactivity) and cavernous zones between where the larger hole diameter attenuated the gamma rays.

Acoustic velocity

The acoustic velocity log measures the transit time of a compressional (sound) wave as it is emitted and received over a 1 foot interval of formation. The transit time is affected by the borehole wall, formation bedding, borehole rugosity, fractures, porosity, formation matrix, and cavities. Generally the denser (dolomitic) formations have faster transit times than less indurated (limestone and clay) formations. Attenuations (slower transit time) are apparent in cavernous zones. Acoustic logs can also be used to locate fractured zones. Fractures sometimes cause "cycle skipping", which is an attenuation of an acoustic pulse followed by a subsequent non-attenuated pulse sensed as the first arrival.

The acoustic log run on the injection well correlated with formation lithologies and borehole characteristics. The fastest transit times recorded in the well were through the dolomite sequences in the injection zone.



Temperature

Temperature logs are the continuous records of temperature of the environment immediately surrounding a sensor in a borehole. They can be used to determine inner borehole flow, temperature gradients, static water levels, corrections for resistivity measurements, and to locate cement behind casings.

The primary purpose of the temperature logs was to identify background temperatures, temperatures after injection and locate cement behind the various casings. Naturally occurring temperatures varied between about 75 degrees F at 450 feet below pad level to 83 degrees F at 1650 feet below pad level. In the test/injection well the most abrupt change in temperature was a one (1) degree increase from 81 degrees to 82 degrees at 1180 feet.

Caliper

The caliper log is a record of the average borehole diameter. It's major use is to evaluate the hole diameter in which other logs are made to correct them for borehole diameter and to estimate cement quantities for various casing sizes.

Caliper logs were conducted on all pilot holes and reamed holes.

The limestone portions of the hole all showed larger diameters



due to the washing out of these less indurated units during drilling. Cavernous zones were detected between 1160 feet and 1205 feet and between 2000 feet and 2100 feet below land surface. Smaller cavities were present in the injection well at 2250 feet.

Multi Shot Directional

The directional survey is used to determine borehole declination and deviation from magnetic north. Directional surveys were run on all pilot and reamed holes to be certain that the reamed holes were not deviating from the pilot holes.

Cement Bond Log (CBL)

The cement bond log gives a continuous measurement of the amplitude of sound pulses from a 3 foot transmitter-receiver spacing. The amplitude is at a maximum in unsupported pipe and at a minimum in well cemented casing. As a general rule the larger the casing diameter the less accurate the log.

CBL logs were conducted on the 20 inch injection string in the test/injection well and the 4 1/2 inch monitor casing in both the deep Floridan monitor well and shallow Floridan monitor well. The CBL on the injection string showed good bonding throughout the entire length of the log despite the large diameter casing.



Radioactive Tracer Survey (RTS)

The RTS tool is composed of three gamma ray detectors and two emitters for Iodine 131. The tool is lowered to predetermined depths and the radioactive material released and monitored by the gamma detectors.

Two radioactive tracer surveys were conducted on the injection well. The first was conducted prior to the injection test and the second after the injection test. Both of the tests showed no apparent upward migration of the potable (first test) and treated waters (second test) that were injected into the well.

7.3 WATER QUALITY

INTRODUCTION

The deep wells (greater than 1000 feet) and large diameter Floridan wells in the Brevard County area characteristically exhibit significant artesian flow that can cause drilling problems. It was anticipated that the contractor would be fighting this flow during the construction of the Rockledge well. Most drilling contractors that construct deep wells in this area use salt and sometimes bentonite muds to control this heavy flow by weighting the upper water column in these wells. Although the salting method is usually effective for construction purposes it



also affects the water quality of the well. The contractor (Youngquist Brothers, Inc.) was aware of our desire to collect realistic water quality data and fabricated a 'rotating wellhead' modified from oil field equipment. The rotating head effectively contained artesian flow (tested to 60 psi) during all drilling and reaming operations without the use of salt or mud. The Rockledge injection well and associated monitor wells are among the first deep wells drilled without the use of salt in Brevard County. The deep Floridan monitor well which was originally drilled as an exploratory well, had only three slugs (10 sacks each slug) of bentonite mud pumped down it throughout the course of construction.

It is often difficult to identify the representative formation water quality in different zones by the samples taken from the returning fluid during reverse circulation drilling. Return fluids are a mixture of the existing fluid within the borehole and drilling apparatus (rods, pit, etc.) combined with the new fluids contributed from the formation just opened by the drill bit. A sample of the circulation fluids was analyzed for organics and is available in the appendix. The changes in the water quality parameters are directly related to the percent contribution of the newly opened hole. The water quality data from the return fluids was, therefore, examined qualitatively to determine the effects of the existing fluid on background formation water.



The reverse air water sample data from the initial deep exploratory well, however, gave an accurate representation of subsurface water quality conditions. The exploratory well data coupled with the other hydrogeological information from all of the Rockledge wells was very effective in supporting an accurate interpretation of the base of the USDW, confining zones, monitoring points and injection zone. The accuracy of the deep exploratory/monitor well water quality interpretations are supported by the data collected after the completion and further development of the monitor wells. When the monitor wells were completely constructed and all of the reverse circulation drilling fluids had been removed the TDS in both monitoring zones stabilized to the expected values derived from the deep monitor well data.

WATER QUALITY SAMPLING

The following procedures were employed during reverse circulation drilling to establish background water quality on the site wells.

1. Water samples were collected during pilot hole drilling from the return fluid of the discharge stream at a minimum of ten (10) foot intervals and measured for temperature, pH, conductivity, TDS, and salinity starting at the base of the surface casing.

- 2. Additional samples were collected during pilot hole drilling at sixty foot intervals. Field analysis included chlorides in addition to the field parameters collected at ten (10) foot intervals. These samples were stored as a contingency for water quality verification and possible laboratory analysis.
- 3. After the deep Floridan monitor well was drilled to its' total depth of 1506 feet, point samples were collected by the geophysical logger in the open hole portion of the well. Fourteen samples were collected at 100 foot intervals from 240 feet to the total depth of the well.

These samples were analyzed by a certified laboratory. Some of the more significant results from the lab analysis are shown on Table 7.5.

4. Two straddle packer tests were conducted in the deep Floridan monitor well. The first test withdrew formation water from 1145 feet to 1200 feet and the second packer isolated and sampled the formation fluids from 1125 feet to 1133 feet below land surface. Field parameters were recorded in addition to laboratory analysis of the samples. The results from field and laboratory analysis are listed in the appendix. The

more pertinent parameters have been recorded on Table 7.5.

5. The deep Floridan monitor well was developed at a rate of 10 gpm for 3 hours 50 minutes (3 1/2 well volumes). Once water quality stabilized a sample of the fluid in the monitor zone was analyzed for field parameters and delivered to a laboratory for analysis. A representative analysis of some water quality parameters is listed on Table 7.5.

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS

The background water quality within the injection and monitor wells was determined by samples taken during reverse air drilling, point samples taken after the wells were drilled, straddle packer testing and also final well development. All fluid samples were analyzed for conductivity, TDS, temperature, chlorides, pH and salinity. Additionally, the point samples, straddle packer samples and final well development samples were analyzed by a certified laboratory (Bionomics Laboratory, Inc.) for the following parameters:

Turbidity Hydrogen Sulfide Calcium

Water Temperature Non-carbonate hardness Magnesium

pH Bicarbonate Carbon Dioxide



Color Total Phosphorus Carbonate

Sulfate Total Nitrogen Potassium

Iron Nitrate Chloride

Total Dissolved Solids Organic Nitrogen Sodium

Total Hardness Ammonia

Hydroxide Conductivity

Laboratory analysis of conductivity, TDS, Chlorides and pH for the deep Floridan monitor well and the test/injection well are listed in tables 7.5 and 7.6 respectively. A complete analysis of the samples for all of the wells is located in Appendix B.

The purpose of obtaining and analyzing water samples and establishing background water quality during well drilling is to:

- 1. Determine the base of the Underground Source of Drinking Water (USDW), a depth below which the original formation water exceeds a total dissolved solids concentration of 10,000 mg/l. Treated effluent can be injected into transmissive zones below the 10,000 mg/l TDS interval provided there is a suitable upper confining sequence.
- 2. Determine the appropriate depth of monitoring wells. This is done in conjunction with lithologic information. The deep monitor well shall be just above the confining layer in a brine aguifer. The shallow monitor well shall



be in a zone just above the base of the USDW.

3. Obtain water samples to estimate the water quality parameters of the monitoring zones prior to injection operation. The water quality parameters so established serve as basis to determine whether the monitoring zones have been intruded by injected fluids.

DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL

The deep Floridan monitor well was the initial well drilled at the Rockledge site. It was originally designed as an exploratory well to determine the subsurface hydrogeologic conditions to a depth of about 1500 feet. The water quality testing program performed on the well was extensive, because of concerns by the regulatory agencies (TAC) over deep monitor data from injection well systems in Brevard County. The drilling process introduces fluids into the wellbore and a true background water quality is often not attainable. As previously discussed, the drillers on the Rockledge wells used as few additives as absolutely necessary so that the background or natural water quality would be minimally affected. As a result, a total of 30 bags of bentonite were used throughout the entire reverse air drilling process. Salt was never used in the well and fresh water was only introduced when absolutely necessary to cut and retrieve the two cores.

In consideration of the methods employed while drilling the deep monitor well, the following observations can be made:

- 1. The point samples are the least reliable source of data. This could be due, in part, to the low volume of water freeflowing from the well during sampling. One can anticipate that a flowing well would bring higher TDS water from below the sample point and thus a reliable water quality trend could be established. But what probably happened is that the well was not flowing at a high enough rate and therefore fresher waters migrated into deeper saltier waters during sampling. Therefore, water quality parameters of the samples (even two samples taken at the same depth) fluctuate drastically.
- 2. The field data taken during reverse air drilling is the most useful source for establishing water quality trends. A brief summary of the data from the reverse air drilling:

There is a notable increase in the conductivity and salinity of the return fluids at a depth of 1200 feet below land surface. Waters above this depth are less than 8,500 umhos/cm and 4.9 ppt, respectively.

Between 1200 feet and 1350 feet below land surface conductivities range from 5,500 umhos/cm to 26,000 umhos/cm.

Salinity fluctuates from 3.0 ppt to 10.5 ppt.

At a depth of 1350 feet conductivities were consistently above 30,000 umhos/cm and salinity stayed above 19.7 ppt. One anomalous reading of 26,900 umhos/cm was recorded at 1470 feet which was just after fresh water was pumped down the well during a coring operation.

- 3. Two straddle packer tests conducted on the well isolated the base of the USDW between 1135 feet and 1200 feet bpl. Laboratory analysis indicates TDS concentrations between 1125 feet and 1135 feet of 6,384 mg/l and TDS concentrations between 1145 feet and 1200 feet are 22,158 mg/l.
- 4. Formation fluid taken from final development of the deep Floridan monitor well (screened from 1338 to 1388 feet below land surface) has a conductivity of 32,300 umhos/cm, TDS concentration of 38,989 mg/l and a chlorides concentration of 15,230 mg/l. The TDS exceeded the conductivity in this sample, which occasionally occurs in brine water.
- 5. The water level of the completed well fluctuates in the vicinity of 15.7 feet below pad level.

Table 7.5 - DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL - LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF SIGNIFICANT WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS

SPL NO.	DEPTH BLS	COND. umhos/cm	TDS mg/l	Cl mg/l	рН	COMM	ENTS		
POINT SAMPLES									
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	250 300 400 500 600 700 800 900 1000 1100 1200 1300 1400 1500	3,200 3,400 6,300 7,400 8,000 7,900 6,200 6,900 6,500 8,000 5,200 7,300 13,600 8,900	2,578 2,580 4,347 5,333 5,245 2,647 4,406 4,781 4,540 5,720 3,556 5,079 9,207 5,567	1,346 1,208 2,633 2,851 2,950 1,871 1,554 2,495 1,426 2,812 1,841 2,713 5,782 3,861	7.55 7.44 7.60 7.57 7.59 7.72 7.54 7.52 7.59 7.54 7.67 7.67	FLOW	25 GPM		
STRADDLE PACKER SAMPLES									
2	1125- 1135 1145- 1200	9,200 32,000	6,384 22,158	3,420 11,454	7.18 7.39	FLOW <1!			
FINAL DEVELOPMENT									
1	1338- 1388	32,300	38,989	15,230	7.43				

SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL

The shallow Floridan monitor well was drilled to a total depth of 960 feet below land surface. Reverse air drilling commenced at a depth of 250 feet. Additives were kept to a minimum and include only a few slugs of bentonite mud pumped into the well to control flow while the rotating head was removed. Salt was never added to the well. Reverse air fluid samples were collected to the total depth of the well. Water samples were also collected after the final well development and analyzed by a laboratory. Both the field analysis and the laboratory analysis of the collected samples are located in the appendix.

The major conclusions from the collected data are:

- 1. Field analysis of reverse air water samples from a depth of 300 feet to the total depth of the well display conductivities ranging from 2,700 umhos/cm to 7,000 umhos/cm. Salinities ranged between 1.5 ppt to 4.0 ppt.
- 2. Laboratory analysis of formation fluid taken from final development of the shallow Floridan monitor well (screened from 901 feet to 951 feet) have a conductivity of 3,450 umhos/cm, TDS concentration of 2,221 mg/l and a Chlorides concentration of 968 mg/l. A complete water quality analysis is located in the appendix.



3. Water levels measured inside the well fluctuate around 4.3 feet above pad level.

TEST/INJECTION WELL

The injection well was drilled by the reverse air drilling method from a depth of 450 feet to the total depth of the well (2720 feet below land surface). Construction operations in the deeper part of the well appear to have influenced water quality samples. An intermediate string of casing was cemented to a depth of 1653 feet and the final string of casing was grouted to a depth of 1955 feet below land surface. The cementing programs associated with these casing installations influenced subsequent water samples, because of the significant amount of fresh water used during those operations. The nine cores cut between a depth of 1520 feet and 2400 feet below land surface also introduced a large quantity of fresh water into the well that affected water quality. After the well was cased to 1955 feet below land surface the driller was allowed to pump excess water from monitor well development into the injection well. This was not a major concern because the water quality had already been greatly affected by the cementing program and coring operations.

The following observations can be made from data collected during the construction and testing of the well:



The reverse air water samples recorded a notable increase in the conductivity and salinity at a depth of 1180 feet bpl. Waters above this depth are less than 6,200 umhos/cm and 3.5 ppt, respectively.

Between 1180 feet and 2120 feet, any interpretation of water quality is speculative because of fresh water introduced into the system by the reverse air program. The higher conductivity readings would better reflect the water quality through this interval.

Below 2120 feet, the conductivity was consistently greater than 40,000 umhos/cm.

- 2. A water sample was collected for laboratory analysis after the well had been reamed to a depth of 1657 feet with a 36 1/2" hole opener. The hole was open from 460 feet to 1657 feet and the well was circulated for four (4) hours with the hole opener on bottom. Conductivity was recorded at 10,700 umhos/cm, TDS concentrations were 8,581 mg/l and Chlorides concentrations were 3,798 mg/l. A full analysis is included in the appendix.
- 3. Nine (9) point samples were taken in the open hole portion of the well (from 1955 feet to 2700 feet). Total disolved solids concentrations range from 29,703 mg/l to 32,747 mg/l.

4. The open hole portion of the well was reamed from 1955 feet to a total depth of 2720 feet, then circulated for six hours with the 18 1/2" drill bit on bottom. A formation fluid sample was sent for laboratory analysis. The TDS concentration was 31,492 mg/l, conductivity was 44,100 umhos/cm and chloride concentrations were 15,655 mg/l. These parameters are recorded on the table below and a full chemical analysis is available in the appendix.

TABLE 7.6 - TEST/INJECTION WELL - LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF SIGNIFICANT WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS

SPL NO.	DEPTH FT.BLS	CONDUCTIVITY umhos/cm	TDS mg/l	Cl mg/l	pН	COMMENTS	
1	1,970	42,600	31,215	16,564	7.74	POINT SAMPLES	
2	2,000	42,800	31,513	16,059	7.77	STATIC WELL	
3	2,100	43,200	31,711	16,362	7.70		
4	2,200	44,800	31,955	15,857	7.71		
5	2,300	45,000	32,747	15,655	7.73		
6	2,400	42,700	31,589	15,655	7.82		
7	2,500	42,000	30,609	15,554	7.87		
8	2,600	40,500	29,939	14,746	7.87		
9	2,700	41,300	29,703	14,544	7.80		
11	1,955-					FINAL	
11	2,720	44,100	31,492	15,655	7.90	DEVELOPMENT	

7.4 INJECTION TEST

When the construction activities were complete on the injection and monitor wells an injection test was conducted to:

- 1. demonstrate the injectivity of the well,
- give further verification of cement integrity in the annular space of the wells, and
- 3. demonstrate the effectiveness of the confining sequence.

Data collected during the injection test is also relevant in the prediction of the future behavior of the well. This information is vital to the planning process for the safe operation of the injection system.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Background data collection started on March 17, 1991. The primary purpose of this data collection was to determine the combined tidal and barometric pressure effects on water levels in the deep and shallow Floridan monitor wells. This background information was collected until April 18, 1991, just prior to the beginning of the injection test.

Since the barometric pressure varies randomly, and quite rapidly, it is difficult to keep an accurate record. In addition, their



is usually a delayed and attenuated response of water levels to the changes in barometric pressure. On a normal fair day with no major weather changes, it is not unusual to have a pressure variation of one half of a foot of water head.

The fluctuation of water levels in the deep Floridan monitor well did not correlate with the barometric pressure. In general, water levels in the shallow well correlate better with the changes in barometric pressure, although tidal cycles are very apparent. The water levels in the deep well display clear cyclic behavior, indicative of the tidal influence.

During the background data collection, water levels in the deep Floridan monitor well varied from a high of 15.23 feet bpl to a low of 16.05 feet bpl, showing a maximum change of 0.82 feet. In a 12-hour tidal cycle, the range of change in water level was usually less than 0.40 feet, just about one half of the maximum range. It was important to have this background information so that water level fluctuations in this monitor well during the injection test could be corrected. It was clear the fluctuations of water level within 0.4 feet in the deep Floridan monitor well may be attributed to natural variations.

The range of water level readings in the shallow Floridan monitor well varied from 4.03 to 4.68 feet bpl. Note that the upper extreme occurred only in the early morning (01:00 April 18, 1991)



just prior to the injection test. In most days, water levels in the shallow Floridan monitor well fluctuated within a range of 0.50 foot of water head.

Other factors, such as; water quality variation/stratification, regional confining beds and/or measurement errors could also contribute to the natural variation in readings of water level.

A pressure transducer was placed inside the test/injection well at a depth of 1940 feet bpl on the morning of April 16, 1991. The pressure transducer is susceptible to ground vibrations caused by equipment movements, and other factors. Before the test, this pressure gauge showed as much as 1 PSI (pound per square inch) of pressure change. The natural pressure change was about 0.25 psi; the daily cyclic change was about 0.12 psi (0.27 foot of water head). Just before the injection test, the prevailing pressure was recorded at 857.75 psia.

INJECTION TEST

The injection fluid was supplied by the City's wastewater treatment plant through a pipeline to a storage tank. The contractor pumped the treated effluent from the tank into the test/injection well. The pump was rated up to 10,000 gpm. A pressure gauge and a flowmeter were installed in the horizontal section of the injection pipe. A small valve (spigot) was also

installed in the horizontal pipe to obtain samples of the injected fluid.

Injection started at 10:10 am on April 18, 1991. Over two million gallons of water were injected in nine (9) hours. The test was carried out in two steps: a planned 4,000 gpm injection rate for eight (8) hours followed by a planned 8,000 gpm injection rate for one (1) hour. The injection ended at 19:10 pm on April 18, 1991. The pressure gage in the injection pipe was removed one hour after the pumping was terminated. Water level readings at 15 minute intervals continued in the shallow and deep Floridan monitor wells until 18:00 pm on April 20,1991.

RESULTS

During the first 10 minutes of the injection test (step 1 - 4,000 gpm), the well head pressure rose from 9.5 psi to 15.25 psi. Then the flow rate fluctuated between 3000 gpm and 3750 gpm and wellhead pressure stabilized to 16.0 psi at 4 hours into the test. In the second step at a rate of 8,000 gpm (11.5 mgd), the wellhead pressure immediately doubled to 32 psi. The pressure then stabilized at 35 psi within 4 minutes, and stayed there through the remaining hour of the injection test. Note that the well was designed to take the peak flow of nearly 10.5 mgd at a predicted wellhead pressure of 36 psi.

An estimation of the injection zone transmissivity can be made through the use of the wellhead pressure changes and the bottom-hole pressure transducer data. The transmissivity is estimated from the changes of wellhead pressure after taking into account the friction loss in the injection pipe. The injection test data and calculations of hydraulic values is available in the appendix of this report.

In the first 8 hours, wellhead pressure changed from 9.5 psi to 16.0 psi (pressure increase of 6.5 psi = water head difference of 15 feet) at an average pumpage of 3750 gpm (5.4 mgd). The friction loss was determined from a graph depicting wellhead pressure versus flow rate. The friction loss was 10 feet. In other words, 5 feet (15-10=5) of head to push 5.4 MGD to the injection zone. Hence the transmissivity is about 1.1 MGD/FT. Using the pressure difference between injection test step one (3750 gpm) and step two (8000 gpm), however, a transmissivity of 0.4 MGD/ft is obtained.

The bottom hole pressure transducer read 857.75 PSIA at the commencement of the injection test. The gauge recorded a maximum pressure of 862.47 PSIA after about 10 minutes of injection, but settled around 862.10 PSIA in the first step of injection. The increase of about 4.35 PSI (from 857.75 to 862.10) in response to the injection rate of 3750 gpm gives an estimation of transmissivity in the injection zone of 0.54 MGD/FT. Using the



data of pressure changes (from 862.10 PSIA to 870.30 PSIA) then the injection rate increased to 8000 gpm, however, a transmissivity value of 0.3 MGD/FT was obtained.

From the preceding four estimations, it is concluded that the transmissivity in the injection zone is about 0.5 MGD/FT. The low transmissivity may call for closer observation of the operation and maintenance of the injection system to prevent pressure build-up in the future. These measures include, but are not limited to; more data collection, revision of computer forecasting model, and well redevelopment and/or acidization.

The injection test commenced at the high end of water level readings in both the deep and the shallow Floridan monitor wells. The initial level in the deep Floridan monitor well was 15.48 feet below pad level (bpl). The water level in this well rose to the maximum of 15.33 feet bpl. or an increase of 0.15 of variation in 2 hours. This is a little more than the expected 0.10 ft. of variation in 2 hours. Even though the water level recovered to 15.54 feet bpl at the end of the injection test, it rose again to 15.20 feet bpl at 02:45, April 20, 1991. This peak was 0.03 ft. above the maximum background data.

At the beginning of the injection test the water level in the shallow monitor well was at 4.52 feet above pad level. It rose to 4.68 feet apl, the peak of background readings, in less than

three hours after the start of the test. The pressure increase in this initial stage of the test was 0.04 ft. more than expected from the natural background variations in water level. end of the first step of the injection test the water level hit a low of 4.50 feet apl; then again rose to 4.61 feet apl in response to the 50 minute 8000 gpm injection in the second step of the injection test. The water levels then fluctuated in a cyclic pattern and generally followed the same pattern as they did during the background phase responding to tidal changes. The levels increased to a peak of 4.81 feet apl at 02:15, April 20, 1991. This peak was 0.13 ft. above the background maximum. Note that the peaks in the deep and shallow monitor wells were almost at the same time. The minor water level rises during and after injection are probably caused by weather and/or tidal conditions, but they may also indicate possible transmission of pressure accross the confining zones into the monitor zones.

In conclusion, the injection test showed that the well is capable of accepting the design injection rate of 10.5 MGD. However, the pressure in the well may increase quickly in response to higher injection rates and/or sediment build-up that may be attributed to the lower than expected transmissivity in the injection zone. The injection testing appeared to have a negligible affect on water levels in the monitor wells. There was, however, a 0.03 to 0.05 foot change above natural background water level in the deep Floridan monitor well during the testing. There is a possibility

that this change could be attributed to the injection/recovery tests. Therefore, it is recommended that full injection tests be conducted yearly to ensure the safe operation of the system.

8.0 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

8.1 QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL PLAN

QUALITY ASSURANCE

The following recommendations fulfill the requirements of Chapter 17-28 FAC for the safe operation of an injection well. In many cases additional reporting and/or testing conditions are made a part of the operational permit by the FDER. These conditions are anticipated in these recommendations, but additional requirements may be imposed by the agencies. These recommendations should be implemented to ensure compliance with the conditions of an operating permit and successful operation of the injection well.

- Injection pressures at the well head should be monitored and recorded continuously.
 - a) A 24 hour circular chart recorder should be installed in the plant laboratory.
 - b) A record of the daily maximum and minimum pressures, monthly maximum and minimum pressures, and monthly average



maximum and average minimum pressure should be maintained.

- The injection flow rate should be monitored and recorded continuously.
 - a) A 24 hour circular chart recorder with a totalizer should be installed in the plant laboratory.
 - b) A record of the daily maximum and minimum flows, monthly average flow, and monthly maximum and minimum flows should be collected.
- 3. The wellhead pressure or water levels in the deep and shallow monitor wells should be collected by a continuous recorder.
 - a) The recorder should be capable of collecting water level data every four (4) hours and of equal or better quality to a Stevens Type F recorder.
 - b) A notation should be made in the reported water level log denoting the intervals of time the recorders were off due to water quality sampling of the wells.
- 4. Every five years the injection well should be tested for mechanical integrity in accordance with FAC Rule 17-28.13. This test normally consists of; a television survey, a pressure test with a packer inflated inside the casing, a temperature survey, and a radioactive tracer survey (RTS).



5. A minimum of one monthly water sample from each of the two monitor wells and the injection water should be analyzed for:

Turbidity Water Temperature pН Color Sulfate Iron Total Dissolved Solids Total Hardness Hydroxide Hydrogen Sulfide Non-carbonate Hardness Bicarbonate Sodium Copper Corrosivity EPA Method 601, 602, and 608 Fecal Coliform

Total Phosphorus Total Nitrogen Nitrate Organic Nitrogen Ammonia Conductivity Calcium Magnesium Carbon Dioxide Carbonate Potassium Chloride Odor Manganese Zinc BOD5 TKN

- a) The monitor wells should be equipped with pumps capable of withdrawing a minimum of 30 GPM.
- b) Prior to collecting a water sample the monitor wells should be developed until at least 2 well volumes are removed. The following table estimates a safe development time for low and/or variable flow rates.

DEEP MONITOR WELL	SHALLOW MONITOR WELL
10 GPM = 2.0 HOURS	10 GPM = 1.5 HOURS
20 GPM = 1.5 HOURS	20 GPM = 1.3 HOURS
30 GPM = 1.0 HOURS	30 GPM = 1.0 HOURS

6. A specific injectivity test should be done every three (3) months. The test consists of measuring the injection flow (FLOW in GPM) at a constant rate of 3125 GPM and injection pressure (IP in PSIG) simultaneously. A specific pressure

- (SP) is then calculated by subtracting the shut in or static pressure (STAT) from the injection pressure (IP). The injection flow rate is divided by the specific pressure to determine the specific injectivity (SI GPM/PSIG = FLOW / SP). An injection test similar to the injection test completed at the end of well construction should by conducted once a year in place of a specific injectivity test to more accurately determine well performance and verify hydraulic values.
- 7. Quality control for the reported data should be implemented.

QUALITY CONTROL

The following procedures are implemented to maintain the quality of data collection and the reliability of reports to the regulating agencies.

- To maintain the data quality and continuity, re-calibration or over-lapping measurements and analysis should be recorded when their is a change of laboratory or measuring instruments.
- 2. A computer program is used to properly interpret the collected data and prform the following analyses:
 - a. Establish the baseline of mean and standard deviation of the background, or the natural variability in the system



and the sampling and laboratory error. These statistics are available for all parameters, such as pressure, water level, flow rate, and each and combined chemical components of water quality indicators. The initial statistics will be derived from the data obtained at this site. The statistics will be up-dated as more valid background data becomes available.

- b. Test the new data to be certain that there is no difference from the baseline with at least a 90% confidence level.
- c. If an adverse anomaly of parameter change is detected at over the 70% confidence level for two consecutive observation periods, a warning will be issued by the computer program flagging the users attention and giving an estimation of the available time for remedial action. The estimation of available time is based on the rate of parameter changes and the physical characteristics of the aquifer system.

METHODOLOGY FOR QA/QC

All reports to the agencies shall include the raw data for their records and possible further analyses. This QA/QC plan also implements two computer programs to monitor the safe operation of the injection well.



Projection of Injection Pressure

Increases of injection pressure at a given flow rate may indicate some changes in the well. The well owners/operators usually notice any adverse changes in this variable, and should take immediate remedial action.

Injection pressure increase may be due to:

- a. increase of friction loss in the injection pipe due to increase of pipe roughness, and
- b. reduction of formation porosity and transmissivity due to sediment in the injected effluent.

During the initial phase of treated waste water injection, due to (biological) material built-up on the wall of the injection pipe, an increase of friction loss may result in a slight increase in injection pressure. If there is little compilation, this pressure increase will soon decline.

If the injection effluent contains excessive amounts of suspended solids, they may settle near the bore hole when the effluent velocity can no longer carry them. The accumulation of the sediment around the bore hole may result in an increase in injection pressure. Projection of injection pressure is derived



from data in the quarterly injectivity test. A simple regression equation is used to estimate the length of time or volume of total injection it would take before the injection pressure would reach 40 psi. One year of data from the injectivity tests is required prior to implementing this procedure.

Detection of Leakage

Two monitor wells were installed near the injection well to determine any possible water quality changes due to injection. The leakage would be detected by the change of water quality in the monitored zones. Water quality changes, however, can be caused by other things such as; contamination within the zones from the drilling of several wells, pollution from above, and laboratory and/or sampling errors. A computer program is provided to the City of Rockledge that is designed to specifically identify leakage between the injection and monitor zones in their well.

The following is a discussion of the concept that the program is based upon and instructions to the user for data entry.

A. Concept

Suppose, two water sources, A and B, both contain a certain element or chemical compound with concentrations a and b,



respectively. If a bottle of water is made by mixing x fraction from A and (1-x) fraction from B, without any chemical reaction, the concentration, c, of the element in the bottle can be computed by:

$$c = ax + b(1-x)$$

Let B be the original formation water in the deep monitor zone, and A be the injected effluent in the injection zone, obviously a and b can be obtained from the water samples taken before any mixing has happened between them. Now, suppose a new sample is taken from the deep zone, and the concentration is c, the equation can be used to compute the fraction of intrusion, x, from A to B. Complications in the real world come when water contains more than one element, say 24, from i=1,..24. The solution of xi for each element may not agree with each other, some of them may be negative values. This is caused by natural variabilities in water quality concentrations, differences, and variation of precision in laboratory analyses. All of the concentrations reported are just approximations with certain variances.

With the assumptions of independence between different elements and different sources, statistical methods are used to handle the sample variances, and to derive the variance, vi, of xi when the



equation is solved. All data points of each water quality parameter are first normalized with respect to the mean of injection fluid. This procedure takes care of the different scales and units of each parameter. Applying the procedure of the best linear unbiased estimator to the information of xi and vi, i= 1 to 24, a combined intrusion fraction, X, and its variance, V, are obtained. Since a large number of random variations are additive to the variate of X, it is assumed to be normally distributed. The critical values of X at alpha (uncertainty) level of 0.05 is computed with the help of V. When X is greater than the critical level, it indicates the mixing of the two sources of water might have occurred. The computation is done for mixing between: 1) the injection effluent zone and the deep monitor zone, 2) the injection effluent zone and the shallow monitor zone, and 3) the deep monitor zone and the shallow monitor zone.

B. Data Entry

Running the computer program is very easy as soon as the data file is updated. The initial data file has already been organized. All that is required to up-date the file is to enter the new data in the exact same manner as the original data. Some important points are:

1. Every value is right justified. Enter the most

significant digits (they do not necessarily have to line up with the decimal point), and always end the digits at the exact same column.

- Missing data is filled with a negative number made of several digits of 9.
- 3. Always check the correct column to enter the data. The laboratory will sometimes list the chemical components in different order.
- 4. When a value is entered different from the laboratory report, the "judged" valued is entered with increased significant digits. This is intended to be obviously contrary to common sense. It is designed this way so that when a certain value increases by orders of magnitude, it is not mixed up with the judged values.
- 5. When a below-the-detection-limit value is reported, the detection limit is entered with a 0 before the decimal point to replace the less than (>) sign. Do not use the 0 before a decimal point in other values.
- 6. Do not change the file name RKWQ.DAT after entering new data. The program will be looking for this data file. A back-up file called RKWQDAT.BAK. should be created.

C. Example

To begin program operation just type RKWQCHG. The program will list out suspicious data entries and the operator can either continue or correct erroneous data before rerunning the program. The program will prompt the user to supply an appropriate number of initial sample data so it may compute the reference water quality in each zone. The reference sample collection will be discontinued when the significant mixing has been determined. The results are stored in RKWQCHG.OUT and example of program output is shown below.

ANALYSIS OF PROBABLE WATER MIXING

COL. (1): PERCENT OF PROBABLE INTRUSION

COL. (2): CRITICAL PERCENT

IF COL(1) > COL(2) PROBABILITY IS SIGNIFICANT

	(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)
DATE	INJECT	TO DEEP	INJECT	TO SHAL	DEEP TO	SHALOW
32089	.219	2.169	.976	2.932	315	.469
33089	.353	2.160	874	2.924	.160	.467
41189	147	2.160	1.201	2.935	031	.466
42789	302	2.167	-1.072	2.934	.026	.466
5 989	132	2.169	204	2.925	.159	.466

8.2 REPORTING TO FDER

To insure agency compliance for injection under the construction or operational permits the following data should be reported to



the FDER at a minimum.

1. Monthly Report

- a. Injection pressure at well-head: continuous recorder data, monthly average, daily maximum and minimum.
- b. Injection flow rate: total monthly, daily flow rate.
- c. Water quality: all samples and all parameters analyzed.

2. Quarter Report

a. Specific injectivity test: injection pressure versus injection flow rate.

3. Five-year Report

- a. Mechanical integrity test.
- 4. Conditional Report
 - a. When any mal-function of the well has been detected.



8.3 INJECTION UNDER CONSTRUCTION PERMIT

- a. The QA/QC program presented should be adhered to with the following requirements:
 - 1. Water samples from the monitor wells and injected effluent should be taken on a biweekly basis and analyzed for the parameters listed in section 8.1.
 - 2. Monitor well pressures (water levels) should be taken with a continuous recorder capable of measuring pressures (levels) on an hourly basis. Notations of barometric pressure and tidal level should be made prior to and after water quality sampling.

8.4 PLUGGING AND ABANDONMENT PLAN

If the Rockledge injection well experiences well failure or is determined to be a threat to the drinking waters of the State, the Florida DER and/or United States EPA can order the well be plugged and abandoned. The City of Rockledge accepts the financial responsibility for the plugging and abandonment of this well in the unlikely event it is ever needed.

The purpose of a plugging and abandonment program is to effectively seal the source of upward leaking effluent from



overlying aguifers. The injection string (20") in the Rockledge test/injection well is set at 1950 feet below land surface. base of the injection string is seated at 25 feet above the cavernous zones so that packers or bridge plugs can be installed if plugging is necessary in the future. In that case a qualified contractor capable of suppressing expected well head flow/pressure, installing drilling equipment (pipe. packers, tremmie, milling tools, etc.) to at least a depth of 2100 feet below land surface, and performing logging/cementing operations as directed will have to be retained. A qualified engineering and/or hydrogeological consultant will have to be retained prior to the drilling contractor to determine the nature of well leakage and modify this plan in cooperation with the FDER and EPA to perform the plugging and abandonment operation or well rehabilitation.

POTENTIAL CAUSES OF WELL ABANDONMENT

A QA/QC plan for the well that adequately addresses the monitoring and detection of upward leaking effluent is included in this report. In order to develop a plugging and abandonment plan certain assumptions have to be made as to the circumstances causing the well to be ordered abandoned. The three most likely assumptions are:

1. casing collapse, rupture, or corrosion;



- 2. leakage through channels in the annular space cement and/or a lack of cement in the annular space.
- 3. leakage through the geological formation(s) overlying the injection zones, possibly attributed to vertical fractures, cavities, or high porosity and permeability in some rock sequences as a result of diagenesis.

Other possible, but unlikely, sources of problems that could lead to well failure and abandonment include; multiple pilot holes, loss of drilling equipment, stuck packers, loss of radioactive (source) tool, formation clogging with excessive pressure buildvandalism, and acts of god. Nearly all of these up, complications either very rarely occur or only indirectly contribute to a plug and abandonment procedure. The most common occurrence among these problems is lost tools (bits, hole openers, drill rods, etc.) that in most cases result in specialized drilling methods (fishing), extended periods of time in the wells open hole and occasionally changes in the well Lost tools and dense formations can cause an constructions. extremely serious, but fairly rare downhole problem. That is the creation of multiple drill holes (reamed not tracking pilot or second pilot hole). Unless detected early in the drilling and corrected a second hole can provide a direct conduit for effluent during the operation of a well. In the Rockledge well there is only a remote possibility that a second hole could go undetected,

because of the intensive testing program required on the wells.

CASING COLLAPSE, RUPTURE, OR CORROSION

In the event of casing collapse, rupture or corrosion, which could lead to a catastrophic failure, well rehabilitation may be an option. If the type of the casing failure is correctable by milling, perforating, and sealing (squeeze) procedures a 10 inch diameter and .50 inch wall thickness steel casing could be installed within the old 20 inch casing. However, if well rehabilitation is not an option the following procedure should be followed.

I. GEOPHYSICALLY LOG WELL

- 1. Downhole TV survey
- 2. Temperature, Caliper, CBL, CET, and Fluid Resistivity

II. CONTRACT AND MOBILIZE DRILLER

III. SUPPRESS WELL FLOW

1. Weighting materials such as bentonite or salt should be added to the well to suppress the fluid level in the well casing to approximately 30 feet below pad level.



- Remove valve from well and install rotating head or blow out presenter.
- 3. Continue to monitor water level in well and suppress any upward fluid movement with weighting materials.

IV. CEMENT WELL TO SURFACE

- 1. Mill casing as appropriate to set plug.
- 2. Set bridge plug or expendable packer at 1965 feet.
- 3. Run tremmie to 10 feet above plug.
- 4. Pump 100 cubic feet of neat cement and let set for 8 hours.
- 5. After flushing with fresh water pull back tremmie 200 feet.
- 6. Tag cement
 - a. If no fill up
 - Pump alternating 100 cubic feet lifts of sand/gravel and neat cement with 12% gel and lost circulation additives (such as gilsonite, cellaflake or flocele). Wait 10 hours between cement lifts and tag.
 - 2. After a tag is made at 1950 feet, grout with neat cement to surface (3 lifts).
 - b. If fill up
 - 1. Grout to surface with neat cement (3 lifts).



V. CONTINUE TO COLLECT DATA FROM MONITOR WELLS AS DIRECTED BY
FDER

ANNULAR LEAK

If there is a leak in the annular space of the injection well (item 2) through channeling their is a remote possibility it may be detectable on a CET log. If the channeled section is identified then a perforation and squeeze cementing operation may be effective in sealing the channeled zone. A liner (10 inch casing) could then be installed in the well for rehabilitative purposes. However, if this option is not available the following procedures should be followed.

I. GEOPHYSICALLY LOG WELL

- 1. Downhole TV survey
- 2. Temperature, caliper, CBL, CET, and Fluid Resistivity
- II. CONTRACT AND MOBILIZE DRILLER
- III. SUPPRESS WELL FLOW (SAME AS ITEM 1)
- IV. CEMENT WELL TO SURFACE
 - 1. Set bridge plug or expendable packer at 1965 feet.
 - 2. Run tremmie to 10 feet above plug.



- 3. Pump 50 cubic feet of neat cement.
 - a. If no fill up
 - Pump alternating lifts of 50 cubic feet sand/gravel and neat cement with 12% gel and additives (gilsonite and flocele). Wait 8 hours between cement lifts and tag.
 - After a tag is made at 1950 feet, pressure grout (seal well head) to force cement into annular space.
 - 3. Cement well to surface with neat cement.
 - b. If fill up
 - 1. Grout to 1950 feet with neat cement.
 - Pressure grout (seal well head) to force cement into annular space.
 - 3. Cement well to surface with neat cement.

V. CONTINUE TO COLLECT MONITOR WELL DATA AS DIRECTED BY FDER.

In the case of item 3 (formation leak) there is little that can be done to seal the system. A formation leak, such as a fracture, may occur at some distance from the injection well. Therefore, the well would not have to be rehabilitated/abandoned. The only abandonment procedure that would be effective is the removal of the existing effluent in the injection zones.

The cost of a plugging and abandoning the injection well in the



cases of item 1 and 2 is estimated below:

- I. Consulting services \$25,000.00
- II. Geophysical Logging \$15,000.00
- III. Drilling contractor \$95,000.00
- IV. Cementing contractor \$30,000.00

TOTAL - \$165,000.00

The cost of plugging and abandoning the well in the case of item 3 is so complicated that any estimate would be pure speculation.

ABANDONMENT OF MONITORING WELLS

It is unlikely that the monitoring wells at the site would be abandoned unless they are acting as conduits for upward leaking effluent. If they are proven to be conduits the following procedure should be administered for each well.

I. GEOPHYSICALLY LOG WELL

- 1. Downhole TV survey
- 2. Temperature, Caliper, CBL, CET, and Fluid Resistivity

II. CONTRACT AND MOBILIZE DRILLER



III. SUPPRESS WELL FLOW

- 1. Weighting materials such as bentonite or salt should be added to the well to suppress the fluid level in the well casing to approximately 30 feet below pad level.
- 2. Remove valve from well.
- 3. Continue to monitor water level in well and suppress any upward fluid movement with weighting materials.

IV. CEMENT WELL TO SURFACE

- 1. Mill casing as appropriate.
- 2. Run tremmie to 2 feet above screen.
- 4. Pump 50 cubic feet of neat cement and let set for 8 hours.
- 5. After flushing with fresh water pull tremmie.
- 6. Tag cement and grout to surface.

ESTIMATED COST

The deep monitor well would cost about 1/3 more to abandon than the shallow, because of well depth. Therefore, the individual cost of well abandonment can be derived from the estimate by



multiplying by 2/3 (deep) or 1/3 (shallow).

Consulting Services - \$5,000.00

Geophysical Logging - \$5,000.00

Drilling Contractor - \$10,000.00

Cementing Contractor - \$2,000.00

TOTAL COST - \$22,000.00

9.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

CONCLUSIONS

Test/Injection Well

- A. A highly transmissive zone exists in the injection well from a depth of 1980 feet below pad level to 2100 feet below pad level. Another smaller cavernous zone was also penetrated at 2220 feet.
- B. The total dissolved solids concentration of waters within the injection zone exceeds 30,000 mg/l.
- C. The transmissivity of the injection zone is estimated to by greater than 500,000 gpd/ft and capable of accepting nearly 10.5 mgd of effluent at an estimated injection



pressure of 35 psi and fluid velocity that does not exceed 8 ft/sec..

- D. Immediately overlying the injection zones is a confining sequence, which is composed of multiple zones of relatively lower permeability. This sequence is present from 1980 feet bpl (upper portion of the Oldsmar Limestone) to 1550 feet bpl (base of Avon Park/Lake City formation).
- E. Nine (9) cores totalling 52 linear feet were collected from selected beds between 1520 feet to 2420 feet bpl.
- F. Vertical hydraulic conductivities, determined from lab analysis of the cores within the confining zones, ranged from 0.00014 to 0.000000011 cm/sec.
- G. The contact of waters of less than 10,000 mg/l TDS (base of USDW) with non-potable waters is at an approximate depth of 1180 feet below pad level.

Deep Floridan Monitor Well

A. The water level varies with barometric pressure and tidal changes but generally stands about 15.7 feet below pad level.

- B. Two cores totalling 23 linear feet were collected from above and below the base of the USDW. The vertical permeability of the upper and lower cores respectively were 0.000000013 cm/sec and 0.0000000003 cm/sec..
- C. Total dissolved solids concentration of the deep monitor well waters averaged about 32,989 mg/l.
- D. Total dissolve solids concentrations may decrease slightly as the well is continually developed.
- E. The water level in the well was not significantly affected by either of the two injection tests. At the most a .05 ft. change in water level may be attributable to the injection tests.

Shallow Floridan Monitor Well

- A. The water level varies with barometric pressure and tidal changes but normally stands about 4.3 feet above pad level.
- B. Total dissolved solids concentration of the shallow monitor zone run were consistently measured in the 2,200 mg/l range.

- C. There were no measurable changes of water level in the shallow monitor zone during or after the injection test.
- D. Total dissolved solids concentrations may increase as the well is continually pumped.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- A. An application for an operational permit for the injection well should be submitted to the FDER concurrently with or immediatly after the TAC receives this report.
- B. A TAC meeting should be scheduled to discuss the operational permit timeframe, additional conditions the agencies may require for the permit, and the use of the well for injection under the existing construction permit.
- C. The QA/QC plan outlined in the operation and maintenance manual and any additional reporting required by FDER should be strictly followed.
- D. The plugging and abandonment plan should be adhered to in the case of well failure.
- E. All of the collected cores should be given to the Florida Geological Survey for preservation and further study.



10.0 REFERENCES

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LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTIONS

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A) LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTIONS

- 1) LITHOLOGIC LOG OF TEST/INJECTION WELL
- 2) LITHOLOGIC LOG OF DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL
- 3) LITHOLOGIC LOG OF SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL

APPENDIX B) WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS

- 1) FIELD ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES
 - A) DURING DRILLING OF THE TEST/INJECTION WELL
 - B) DURING DRILLING, TESTING AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL
 - C) DURING DRILLING AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL
 - D) WATER TABLE MONITOR WELLS
- 2) LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES
 - A) TEST/INJECTION WELL
 - SAMPLE TAKEN AT 1,657 FEET
 - POINT SAMPLES IN OPEN HOLE (1970' 2700')
 - FINAL WELL DEVELOPMENT
 - CIRCULATION TANK
 - B) DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL
 - POINT SAMPLES (250' 1500')
 - STRADDLE PACKER SAMPLES
 - FINAL WELL DEVELOPMENT
 - C) SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL
 - FINAL WELL DEVELOPMENT
 - D) EFFLUENT SAMPLED DURING THE INJECTION TEST
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APPENDIX C) CORE SAMPLES

- 1) LABORATORY TEST RESULTS
- 2) LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTIONS OF CORES
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APPENDIX E) CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS

- 1) CEMENT VOLUMES AND LETTER OF VERIFICATION
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APPENDIX H) DEVIATION SURVEYS

- 1) TOTCO DISK SURVEYS
- 2) GYROSCOPIC DIRECTIONAL SURVEYS

APPENDIX I) GEOPHYSICAL LOGS

- 1) TEST/INJECTION WELL
- 2) DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL
- 3) SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL

LITHOLOGIC LOG OF TEST/INJECTION WELL

-

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT TEST/INJECTION WELL LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTIONS

DEPTH

THICKNESS

UNDIFFERENTIATED DEPOSITS AND ANASTASIA FORMATION

0 - 10

10

SANDY SOIL, olive gray (5 Y 4/1), intergranular porosity, quartz sand- (50%), very fine to fine grained, angular to subangular grains, organics (30%), shell fragments (5%), unconsolidated.

10 - 20

10

SAND, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), intergranular porosity, very fine to medium grained, angular to subrounded, clear quartz grains, unconsolidated.

20 - 30

10

SAND, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), intergranular porosity, very fine to medium grained, subangular to subrounded, unconsolidated.

30 - 50

20

SAND, light olive gray $(5 \ Y \ 5/2)$, intergranular porosity, fine to medium grained, angular to subrounded, shell fragments, unconsolidated.

50 - 60

10

SAND and SHELL, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), intergranular porosity, fine to medium grained, subrounded, abundant shell fragments (50%), unconsolidated.

TAMIAMI FORMATION

60 - 70

10

SANDY LIMESTONE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), intergranular porosity, fine grained, poor induration with sparry calcite cement, shell fragments.

70 - 80

10

SANDY LIMESTONE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, fine to medium grained sand (20%), poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, phosphatic shell fragments.

80 - 90 10

LIMESTONE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), as above, with increase in shell content.

90 - 100 10

LIMESTONE, light olive gray $(5 ext{ Y } 5/2)$, moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite and shell, fine to medium grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, large shell fragments, sand (5%).

100 - 110 10

LIMESTONE and PHOSPHATIC SILT, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, fine to medium grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, phosphatic clay (5%), some shell fragments.

HAWTHORN GROUP

110 - 120 10

CLAYEY PHOSPHATIC SILT (70%) and LIMESTONE (30%), olive gray $(5\ Y\ 3/2)$, very fine grained, poor induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, very fine shell fragments, fine grained sand (<5%).

120 - 130 10

CLAYEY PHOSPHATIC SILT and LIMESTONE, olive gray (5 Y 3/2), as above.

130 - 140 10

PHOSPHATIC SILT, olive gray (5 Y 4/1), no visible porosity, possibly low permeability, poor induration with micrite matrix, very fine to coarse grained phosphate (10%), shell fragments, mollusks, sand (trace).

140 - 146 6

PHOSPHATIC SILT, olive gray (5 Y 4/1), as above.

146 - 149

LIMESTONE, dark gray (N9), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, biogenic and crystal, good induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, hard.

OCALA GROUP

149 - 160

11

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite, biogenic and skeletal, 60% allochems, moderate to poor induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, abundant foraminifera including Lepidocyclina sp. and Operculinoides sp.

160 - 170

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), as above.

170 - 180

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), grain type is micrite, biogenic and skeletal, 60% allochems, poor induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, many Operculinoides sp. and Lepidocyclina sp., micritic, soft, easy drilling.

180 - 190

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), as above, recirculated sand and fines from up hole.

190 - 230

40

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), as above, poor sample.

230 - 240

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, 20% allochems, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, forams.

240 - 250

10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, 5% allochems, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

AVON PARK / LAKE CITY LIMESTONE

250 - 260

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite, biogenic and

skeletal, 15% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite matrix, benthic foraminifera including <u>Dictyoconus</u> sp.

260 - 270 10

LIMESTONE, white (N 9) to pinkish gray (5 YR 8/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and skeletal, 15% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, medium grained, slightly frosted silica sand (10%), coarse grained phosphatic sand (2%), fossil fragments.

270 - 280 10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, pinkish gray (5 YR 8/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, skeletal and biogenic, 35% allochems, microcrystalline to medium grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, silica sand cavings (10%), phosphate (2%), benthic foraminifera including <u>Dictyoconus cookei</u>, <u>Coskinolina</u> sp., and unidentifiable forams.

280 - 290 10

LIMESTONE, pinkish gray (5 YR 8/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, skeletal and biogenic, 25% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, abundant foraminifera including <u>Dictyoconus</u> sp., echinoid spines, silica sand cavings (<5%).

290 - 300 10

LIMESTONE, pinkish gray (5 YR 8/1), as above.

300 - 310 10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE and CALCAREOUS SILT, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, 60% allochems, grain type is micrite, skeletal and biogenic, poor induration with micrite matrix, many forams.

310 - 330 20

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal, 15% allochems, microcrystalline, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement, forams, sand cavings in sample.

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) to very light gray (N 8), moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is biogenic, 25% allochems, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement, forams.

440 - 460

20

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal and biogenic, 30% allochems, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement, Limestone-light gray (N 8). 7% of sample, very fine grained calcite crystals, forams, cones.

460 - 470

10

LIMESTONE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) and DOLOMITE, intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is crystal and skeletal, moderate induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement, dolomite-medium alteration with medium grained subhedral crystals.

470 - 490

20

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray $(5 \ Y \ 7/2)$, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is crystal and biogenic, moderate to good induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

490 - 500

10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is crystal and skeletal, 20% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement.

500 - 510

10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, medium gray (N 5) to brownish gray (5 YR 4/1), intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

510 - 520

10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular porosity, 20% allochems, grain type is micrite, intraclast and biogenic, microcrystalline, moderate induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, forams, calcite crystals.

20

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, skeletal and biogenic, 15% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, forams.

350 - 360

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and moldic porosity. 45% allochems, grain type is micrite and skeletal, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement. <u>Dictyoconus</u> sp., abundant foraminifera.

360 - 380

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LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and biogenic, 15% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, fossil fragments, forams, silica sand cavings.

380 - 390

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), as above.

390 - 400

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite, biogenic and skeletal, 15% allochems moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, bryozoans, cones, Limestone- light gray (N 8), 7% of sample.

400 - 420

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LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal and biogenic, 45% allochems, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, Limestone-light gray (N 8), 10% of sample.

420 - 430

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal, biogenic and micrite, 15% allochems, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, benthic forams including Coskinolina sp.

520 - 530 10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, microcrystalline to fine grained, 10% allochems, poor to moderate induration with sparry calcite cement.

530 - 540

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, 10% allochems, fine to medium grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

540 - 550 10

LIMESTONE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and biogenic, microcrystalline to fine grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, chalky, <u>Dictyoconus americanus</u>.

550 - 560 10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to light gray (N 7), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and skeletal, fine to medium grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement. <u>Dictyoconus americanus</u>.

560 - 570 10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, very fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

570 - 580 10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, 5% allochems, fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, <u>Dictyoconus</u> americanus.

580 - 590 10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) and DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, moderate to good induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, forams.

590 - 600 10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, low alteration, moderate induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement.

10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) to light gray (N 7), intergranular, moldic and intercrystalline porosity, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with micrite, dolomite and sparry calcite cement, forams.

680 - 690

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) and LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, 30% allochems, Dolomite - low alteration, moderately indurated. Limestone - micritic, dolomitic, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, cones.

690 - 710

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LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and skeletal, 10% allochems, microcrystalline, poor to moderate induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, pure, clean limestone.

710 - 720

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LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and biogenic, 45% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, abundant forams, cones.

720 - 740

20

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular, moldic and intercrystalline porosity, grain type is crystal and micrite, microcrystalline, 5% allochems, very fine subhedral dolomite crystals, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

740 - 760

20

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) to very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and skeletal, 5% allochems, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, slightly dolomitic.

760 - 770

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) to grayish yellow (5 Y 8/4), as above.

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement.

10

610 - 620 10

DOLOMITE (50%), dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) and LIMESTONE (50%), very light gray (N 8), intergranular, moldic and intercrystalline porosity, fine grained, moderate to good induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement, forams.

620 - 630 10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular, moldic and intercrystalline porosity, low alteration, microcrystalline to fine grained crystals, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

630 - 640 10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is crystal and micrite, fine grained, moderate to good induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

640 - 650

DOLOMITE (50%), pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) and LIMESTONE (50%), yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, 15% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement, benthic foraminifera including <u>Dictyoconus</u> americanus.

650 - 660

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to olive gray (5 Y 4/1), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, very fine grained subhedral crystals, low alteration, moderate induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement.

660 -670 10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular, moldic and intercrystalline porosity, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

20

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray $(5 \ Y \ 7/2)$, intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite, 15% allochems, microcrystalline, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, lignite veins, slightly dolomitic.

790 - 800

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is biogenic and skeletal, 50% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

800 - 830

30

LIMESTONE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal and biogenic, 40% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement.

830 - 840

10

DOLOMITE (40%), dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) and LIMESTONE (60%), pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is crystal and skeletal, 10% allochems, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, dolomite - low alteration.

840 - 850

10

LIMESTONE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal and micrite, 30% allochems, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement, slightly dolomitic.

850 - 860

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, grayish orange (10 YR 7/4), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal, biogenic and micrite, 60% allochems, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, abundant foraminifera.

860 - 870

10

LIMESTONE, grayish orange (10 YR 7/4), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal, biogenic and crystal, 45% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, slightly dolomitic.

10

DOLOMITE (50%), pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6.2) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) and LIMESTONE (50%), very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, moderate to good induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

880 - 890

10

DOLOMITE (50%), pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) and LIMESTONE (50%), very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), as above.

890 - 900

10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is crystal and skeletal, 50% allochems, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

900 - 910

10

DOLOMITE (90%), yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) and LIMESTONE (10%), very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, 5% allochems, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, hard formation.

910 - 920

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal and biogenic, 35% allochems, very fine to fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, slightly dolomitic.

920 - 930

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 $\,$ YR $\,$ 6/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, low alteration, moderate to good induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

930 - 940

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) and DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal, 20% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, forams, lignite veins.

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline, moldic and vugular porosity, low to medium alteration, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, forams.

950 - 960

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, low to medium alteration, good induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, hard formation.

960 - 970

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium to high alteration, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

970 - 980

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), as above.

980 - 1000

20

CALCAREOUS DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, hard formation, lignite veins.

1000 - 1010

10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, grain type is crystal, 20% allochems, microcrystalline to medium grained euhedral crystals, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

1010 -1020

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement.

1020 -1040

20

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, 7% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement, fossil molds in sample.

20

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), moldic, intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, grain type is crystal and skeletal, low alteration, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

1060 - 1070

10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), as above with lignite.

1070 -1080

10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, grayish orange (10 YR 7/4), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is crystal, <5% allochems, microcrystalline to medium grained subhedral dolomite crystals, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, many fossil molds.

1080 -1090

10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), as above.

1090 - 1110

20

CALCAREOUS DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline, moldic and vugular porosity. fine to medium grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, limestone (5%).

1110 - 1120

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement.

1120 - 1130

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, good induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, dense, hard formation.

1130 - 1140

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline, moldic and vugular porosity, medium alteration, good induration with dolomite cement.

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline, moldic and vugular porosity, low alteration, microcrystalline to medium grained crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement, sucrosic texture.

1150 - 1160

10

LIMESTONE, light bluish gray (5 B 7/1) to medium bluish gray (5 B 5/1), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, microcrystalline, good induration with sparry calcite cement, 5% dolomite in sample, hard formation.

1160 - 1170

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, good induration with dolomite cement, hard formation, limestone in sample, possibly cavings.

1170 - 1180

10

DOLOMITE, dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, medium alteration, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement, hard formation.

1180 - 1190

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline, moldic and vugular porosity, medium alteration, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

1190 - 1200

10

DOLOMITE and LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, fine to medium grained, moderate to good induration with sparry calcite, micrite and dolomite cement.

1200 - 1210

10

DOLOMITE, dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2) to moderate brown (5 YR 3/4), moldic and intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

1210 - 1230

20

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, skeletal and intraclast, 70% allochems, very fine grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement, many forams, pellets, foram tests appear to be reworked.

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, fine to medium grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement, sucrosic.

1340 - 1350

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite cement, limestone cavings in sample, hard formation.

1350 - 1360

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, moderate alteration, very fine grained crystals, good induration with dolomite cement, very dense.

1360 - 1370

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) to moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite cement.

1370 - 1380

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular porosity, 40% allochems, fine to medium grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, forams, some dolomite in sample.

1380 - 1390

10

DOLOMITE (50%), moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4) and LIMESTONE (50%), yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), moldic, vugular and intergranular porosity, grain type is crystal, skeletal, micrite and intraclast, 30% allochems, very fine to medium grained, moderate induration with dolomite, sparry calcite and micrite cement.

1390 - 1400

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, low to medium alteration, microcrystalline to medium grained subhedral crystals, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement.

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, skeletal and intraclast, 80% allochems, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

1240 - 1250

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is skeletal and biogenic, 50% allochems, microcrystalline to medium grained, poor induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, abundant forams.

1250 - 1270

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LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, skeletal and biogenic, 65% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, poor induration with micrite matrix, unfossiliferous.

1270 - 1290

20

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, skeletal and biogenic, 65% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, poor induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

1290 - 1300

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, medium grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

1300 - 1310

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intergranular porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline, moderate induration with dolomite cement, dense.

1310 - 1320

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, very fine to fine grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

1320 - 1330

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), as above.

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), as above.

1410 - 1420

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline porosity, medium to coarse grained euhedral crystals, poor to moderate induration with dolomite cement, sucrosic.

1420 - 1430

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, microcrystalline to fine grained, good induration, dolomite cement.

1430 - 1440

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) to moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), as above.

1440 - 1450

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement.

1450 - 1460

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite cement.

1460 - 1470

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), as above.

1470 - 1480

10

DOLOMITE, dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline and intracrystalline porosity, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite cement, dense, low permeability.

1480 - 1490

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, low alteration, microcrystalline to fine grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

10

DOLOMITE and DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intercrystalline, moldic and vugular porosity, microcrystalline to medium grained, good induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement, cherty.

1500 - 1510

10

DOLOMITE, dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2) and LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, high alteration, poor to good induration with micrite and dolomite cement.

1510 - 1520

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline porosity, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

1520 - 1530

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline, vugular and moldic porosity, microcrystalline, medium alteration, good induration with dolomite cement, chert, limestone (10%). Core #1: 1520'-1530'.

1530 - 1540

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) and LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, grain type is skeletal and micrite, microcrystalline with fine grained dolomite crystals, moderate induration with micrite and dolomite cement.

1540 - 1550

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, as above with chert.

1550 - 1560

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to medium grained subhedral crystals, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement.

1560 - 1570

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) and LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, microcrystalline to very fine grained, poor to good induration with micrite and dolomite cement.

10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular porosity, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with micrite cement, unfossiliferous.

1580 - 1590

10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), as above.

1590 - 1600

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, low to medium alteration, microcrystalline to fine grained euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

1600 - 1620

20

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) and LIMESTONE, dark yellowish orange (10 YR 6/6), intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, microcrystalline to very fine grained, poor to good induration with micrite and dolomite cement.

1620 - 1640

20

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, microcrystalline with medium grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with micrite matrix, dolomite interbeds, chert, lignite veins, evaporites. Core #2: 1624'-1639'.

1640 - 1650

10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (90%), yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) and DOLOMITE (10%), pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, very fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

1650 - 1660

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, 10% allochems, very fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, DOLOMITE - interbeds (less than 3" in thickness) pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), high alteration, dense.

1660 - 1670

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, <5% allochems.

microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement, unfossiliferous, Evaporites (<5%).

1670 - 1690 20

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite, <5% allochems, microcrystalline, poor to moderate induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, unfossiliferous, chalky, DOLOMITE- interbeds, (less than 2'thick), dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), high alteration, microcrystalline.

OLDSMAR LIMESTONE

1690 - 1710 20

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, microcrystalline to very fine grained, chalky, micritic, DOLOMITE- interbeds, (less than 6" thick), pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline porosity, high alteration, microcrystalline. CHERT- <5% of sample, medium dark gray (N 4), nodules.

1710 - 1720 10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) and LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2). intercrystalline, intergranular and micrite vugular porosity, grain type is and crystal, fine grained, moderate to good microcrystalline to very induration with micrite sparry calcite and dolomite cement. 40% micritic limestone (interbedded), unidentifiable foraminifera.

1720 - 1740 20

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) and DOLOMITE pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular, moldic and intercrystalline porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, 15% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate to good induration wit micrite, dolomite and sparry calcite cement, forams, 40% dolomite beds, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), high alteration, dense, CALCAREOUS CLAY- <5% of sample.

1740 - 1750 10

CRYSTALLINE LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, <5% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate to good induration with sparry calcite and micrite cement, micritic, dolomitic in sections.

20

CRYSTALLINE and DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite, crystal, intraclast and skeletal, 10% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, forams, lignite veins, CHERT-<5% of section, light gray (N 7), cryptocrystalline. Core #3: 1755'-1770'.

1770 - 1780

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline, moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is crystal, biogenic and micrite, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, foram tests including Helicostigina gyralis, molds and casts, lignite veins.

1780 - 1790

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE and CALCAREOUS CLAY, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, crystal and skeletal, 5% - 70% allochems, microcrystalline to medium grained, poor to good induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement, calcareous clay (<10%), lignite veins.

1790 - 1800

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), moldic, intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, 50% allochems, grain type is biogenic, crystal, intraclast and micrite, microcrystalline to medium grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, coarse grained subhedral dolomite crystals, lignite veins, biosparite. Core #4: 1790'-1805'.

1800 - 1810

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, 10% allochems, very fine to medium grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

1810 - 1820

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, 5% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement.

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray $(5 \ Y \ 8/1)$, intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate to good induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

1830 - 1840

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is biogenic, 55% allochems, microcrystalline to medium grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement, forams, molds. Core #5: 1835'-1846'.

1840 - 1860

20

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray $(5 \ Y \ 8/1)$, as above, lignite veins in section.

1860 - 1870

10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and biogenic, <10% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite cement, chalky, forams.

1870 - 1880

10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and biogenic, 60% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite cement, chalky, abundant forams.

1880 - 1890

10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and biogenic, 40% allochems, microcrystalline to medium grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite cement, chalky, forams.

1890 - 1900

10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and biogenic, 30% allochems, microcrystalline to medium grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite cement, chalky, forams. Core #6: 1893'-1907'.

1900 - 1910

10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, 15% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration

with sparry calcite, dolomite and micrite cement. Core #7: 1908'-1926'.

1910 - 1930

20

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray $(5 \ Y \ 8/1)$ to pinkish gray $(5 \ YR \ 8/1)$, intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is crystal, micrite and biogenic, moderate induration with sparry calcite, micrite and dolomite cement.

1930 - 1940

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline porosity, microcrystalline, medium to high alteration, good induration with dolomite cement.

1940 - 1950

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) and LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline, moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite, crystal and biogenic, 5% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, limestone is micritic.

1950 - 1960

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium to high alteration, good induration with dolomite cement.

1960 - 1970

10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and skeletal, 5% allochems, poor induration with micrite cement, chalky.

1970 - 1980

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2) and LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, poor to good induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

1980 - 1990

10

LIMESTONE and DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration.

24

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium to high alteration, moderate to good induration with micrite and dolomite cement.

2014 - 2020

6

DOLOMITE (70%), dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) to pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) and LIMESTONE (30%), very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, microcrystalline to fine grained, good induration with micrite and dolomite cement.

2020 - 2030

10

DOLOMITE (50%), pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) and LIMESTONE (50%), very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), dolomite - intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, limestone - intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is biogenic, skeletal and micrite, 10% allochems, medium grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

2030 - 2040

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) to pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

2040 - 2050

10

DOLOMITE, dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline porosity, high alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite cement.

2050 - 2060

10

DOLOMITE, dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), as above.

2060 - 2070

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline porosity, high alteration microcrystalline to fine grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement, tight.

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), as above.

2080 - 2090

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, high alteration, microcrystalline with fine grained euhedral crystals lining vugs, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2090 - 2100

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, moderate to high alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite cement.

2100 - 2110

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to fine grained euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2110 - 2120

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), as above.

2120 - 2130

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, high alteration, microcrystalline with some medium grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement.

2130 - 2140

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, high alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement.

2140 - 2150

10

DOLOMITE, duksky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement.

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), medium alteration, microcrystalline, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2160 - 2170

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to fine grained subhedral crystals, moderate to good indurartion with dolomite cement.

2170 - 2180

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), medium alteration, microcrystalline to fine grained euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2180 - 2190

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), as above.

2190 - 2200

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to moderate brown (5 YR 4/4), medium alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2200 - 2210

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite cement.

2210 - 2220

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 yr 4/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 yr 2/2), intercrystalline porosity, high alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite cement.

2220 - 2230

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline porosity, high alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement.

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium to high alteration, microcrystalline to fine grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement.

2240 - 2250

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), as above.

2250 - 2260

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, high alteration, very fine grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement.

2260 - 2270

10

DOLOMITE, medium dark gray (N 4), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, high alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement.

2270 - 2280

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite cement.

2280 - 2290

1.0

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, moderate to good induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

2290 - 2300

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement.

2300 - 2310

10

DOLOMITE, dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline porosity, high alteration, microcrystalline to fine grained subhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement.

10

DOLOMITE, dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline porosity, high alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite cement.

2320 - 2330

10

DOLOMITE, dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), as above, lignite in sample.

2330 - 2340

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2340 - 2350

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2350 - 2360

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), as above.

2360 - 2370

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2370 - 2380

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to vey fine grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2380 - 2390

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2390 - 2400

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), as above.

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement, lignite veins.

2410 - 2420

10

DOLOMITE, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, low alteration, fine grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2420 - 2430

10

DOLOMITE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, low alteration, microcrystalline to fine grained crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2430 - 2440

10

DOLOMITE, olive gray $(5 \ Y \ 3/2)$, intercrystalline porosity, high alteration, very fine grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement.

2440 - 2450

10

DOLOMITE, dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2) to light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium to high alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite cement.

2450 - 2460

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, very fine to fine grained euhedral crystals, moderate alteration with dolomite cement.

2460 - 2470

10

DOLOMITE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2470 - 2480

10

DOLOMITE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), as above.

2480 - 2490

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to very fine

grained euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2490 - 2500

10

DOLOMITE, light olive gray $(5 \ Y \ 6/1)$, intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2500 - 2510

10

DOLOMITE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), as above.

2510 - 2520

10

DOLOMITE, medium light gray $(N \ 6)$, intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2520 - 2530

10

DOLOMITE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), intercrystalline porosity, high alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained crystals, good induration with dolomite cement.

2530 - 2540

10

DOLOMITE, light olive gray $(5 \ Y \ 6/1)$ to medium dark gray $(N \ 4)$, intercrystalline porosity, medium to high alteration, microcrystalline, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement.

2540 - 2550

10

DOLOMITE, light gray (N 7), intercrystalline porosity, high alteration, microcrystalline to fine grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement.

2550 - 2560

10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, light gray (N 7), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, 15% allochems, grain type is crystal and micrite, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and dolomite cement.

2560 - 2570

10

DOLOMITE, light clive gray (5 Y 6/1), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, microcrystalline to coarse grained crystals, moderate induration with micrite and dolomite cement.

10

DOLOMITE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to coarse grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2580 - 2590

10

DOLOMITE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), as above.

2590 - 2600

10

LIMESTONE (70%), medium light gray (N 6) and DOLOMITE (30%), pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is crystal and micrite, fine to medium grained, moderate induration with micrite and dolomite cement.

2600 - 2610

10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, microcrystalline to fine grained, poor induration with micrite and dolomite cement.

2610 - 2620

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite, and crystal, 30% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and dolomite cement.

2620 - 2630

10

LIMESTONE (50%), yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) and DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (50%), light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), moldic, intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, 30% allochems, very fine to fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and dolomite cement.

2630 - 2640

10

LIMESTONE (50%), yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) and DOLOMITE (50%), olive gray (5 Y 4/1), Limestone- as above, Dolomite-intercrystalline porosity, very fine grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement.

2640 - 2650

10

LIMESTONE, light gray (N 7) to medium light gray (N 6), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, microcrystalline to fine grained, poor induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

10

DOLOMITE (80%), light gray (N7) and LIMESTONE (20%), very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), Dolomite- intercrystalline porosity, high alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite cement, Limestone- intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, 20% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, poor induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

2660 - 2670

10

LIMESTONE (60%), very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) and DOLOMITE (40%), light gray (N 7), Limestone- intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, 35% allochems, very fine to fine grained, moderate induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement, Dolomite- intercrystalline porosity, high alteration, microcrystalline, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

2670 - 2680

10

LIMESTONE (40%), medium light gray (N 8), DOLOMITE (30%), pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) and GYPSUM (30%), very light gray (N 8), Limestone- intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, microcrystalline to very fine grained, good induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, Dolomite-intercrystalline porosity, low alteration, very fine grained euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement, Gypsum- crystalline to fibrous prismatic crystals.

2680 - 2690

10

DOLOMITE (40%), pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) and LIMESTONE (40%), medium light gray (N 6) and GYPSUM (20%), very light gray (N 8), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, Dolomite - low alteration, medium grained subhedral crystals, poor induration wikth dolomite cement, Limestone- grain type is micrite and crystal, microcrystalline, moderate induration with micrite and dolomite cement, Gypsum- as above, lignite veins.

2690 - 2700

10

LIMESTONE (70%), medium light gray (N 6) and DOLOMITE (30%), pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), Limestone- intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, crystal, 50% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and dolomite cement, Dolomite-low alteration, fine grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, low alteration, very fine to fine grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement, lignite veins.

2710 - 2720

10

DOLOMITE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

LITHOLOGIC LOG OF DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTIONS

UNDIFFERENTIATED DEPOSITS AND ANASTASIA FORMATION

DEPTH

THICKNESS

0 - 10

10

SANDY SOIL, olive gray (5 Y 4/1), intergranular porosity, quartz sand- (50%), very fine to fine grained, angular to subangular grains, organics (30%), shell fragments (5%), unconsolidated.

10 - 20

10

SAND, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), intergranular porosity, very fine to medium grained, angular to subrounded, clear quartz grains, unconsolidated.

20 - 30

10

SAND, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2) intergranular porosity. very fine to medium grained, angular to subrounded, clear quartz grains, phosphate (trace), shell (trace).

30 - 40

10

SAND, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), as above, with shell fragments.

40 - 50

10

SAND AND SHELL, sand, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), intergranular porosity, very fine to fine shell fragments (30%), unconsolidated.

50 - 60

10

LIMESTONE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, poor to moderate induration with sparry calcite and micrite cement, cemented shell fragments, coral, echinoid spines, etc.

TAMIAMI FORMATION

60 - 70

10

SANDY LIMESTONE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, poor to good induration, quartz sand (40%), subrounded, cemented, fine to coarse grained, phosphatic, shell fragments as noted above.

70 - 80 10

SANDY LIMESTONE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), as above.

80 - 90 10

SANDY LIMESTONE and CLAY, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) to light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), poor to moderate induration, shell fragments, limestone fragments, phosphatic, clay (5%).

90 - 100 10

PHOSPHATIC LIMESTONE and CLAY, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), poor induration, marl, large shell fragments, very fine phosphatic sand (7%), fossil molds, clay (10%), sand (10%), shell fragments.

100 - 110 10

PHOSPHATIC LIMESTONE and CLAY, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), as above, poorly indurated.

HAWTHORN GROUP

110 - 120 10

CLAYEY PHOSPHATIC SILT, pale olive (10 Y 6/2) to light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), poorly indurated, limestone fragments, very fine grained phosphatic sand, fine shell fragments.

120 - 130 10

CLAYEY PHOSPHATIC SILT, pale olive (10 Y 6/2) to light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), increase in limestone.

130 - 140

LIMESTONE and SILTY CLAY, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), poor to moderate induration, very fine to coarse grained phosphate (15%), shell fragments, shell molds and casts, quartz sand (trace).

OCALA GROUP

140 - 150

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE. very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to yellowish (5 Y 7/2). moldic, intergranular gray and intercrystalline porosity, 30% allochems, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, benthonic foraminifera including Lepidocyclina sp. and Operculinoides sp., phosphate, large quantities of cement in sample.

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), moldic and intergranular porosity, 55% allochems, moderate induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, abundant larger foraminifera, Operculinoides sp. and Lepidocyclina sp., grainy, coral formation, micritic, echinoid spines.

160 - 170

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), moldic porosity, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, abundant forams including Gypsina globula, echinoid spines, shell fragments.

170 - 180

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) to very light gray (N8), as above.

180 - 190

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), moldic porosity, possibly moderate to good permeability, 60% allochems, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement, soft formation.

190 - 200

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, 50% allochems, poor to moderate induration with sparry calcite and micrite cement.

200 -210

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) to light gray (N7), intergranular and moldic porosity, 60% allochems, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, abundant forams, shell fragments.

210 -220

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE and CALCAREOUS CLAY (20% of sample), yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) to light gray (N7), intergranular and moldic porosity, 45% allochems, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement, forams, echinoids.

220 - 230

1.0

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, 35% allochems, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement, many Ocala forams.

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), as above.

240 - 250

10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite, 5% allochems, moderate induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, unfossiliferous.

AVON PARK / LAKE CITY LIMESTONE

250 - 260

10

LIMESTONE and DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (40% of sample), very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite, 5% allochems, moderate induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, dolomitic.

260 - 270

10

LIMESTONE AND DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, sample mixed with cement.

270 -280

10

LIMESTONE AND DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), as above.

280 - 290

10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and biogenic, 10% allochems, microcrystalline, well indurated with micrite and sparry calcite cement, cement cavings in sample.

290 - 300

10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is biogenic and micrite, 15% allochems, microcrystalline, moderately indurated with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

300 - 310

10

LIMESTONE, white (N9) to very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is crystal and biogenic, 15% allochems, microcrystalline, well indurated with sparry calcite cement, forams including <u>Dictyoconus cookei</u>.

310 - 320 10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to very light gray (N8), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and biogenic, 15% allochems, microcrystalline, good induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, forams.

320 - 330 10

LIMESTONE and DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, pinkish gray (5 Y 8/1), moldic porosity, 15% allochems, microcrystalline with fine grained subhedral dolomite crystals, good induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

330 - 340 10

LIMESTONE, very light gray (N8), intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite, 10% allochems, microcrystalline, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, benthic foraminifera including <u>Dictyoconus</u> sp.

340 - 350 10

LIMESTONE, white (N9) to light gray (N7), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and biogenic, 20% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement.

350 - 360 10

LIMESTONE, very light gray (N8), intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite, 15% allochems, microcrystalline, well indurated with sparry calcite cement.

360 - 370

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is skeletal, micrite and biogenic, 45% allochems, microcrystalline to medium grained, moderate induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, benthic forams including <u>Dictyoconus</u> sp., Limestone-light gray (N7), 10% of sample.

370 - 390 20

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) to light gray (N7), moldic, intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, grain type is skeletal, biogenic and crystalline, microcrystalline to medium grained, moderate to good induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, forams include <u>Coskinolina</u> sp..

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is biogenic and micrite, fine to medium grained, 45% allochems, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, many forams, gray dolomitic Limestone- light gray (N7) 7% of sample.

400 - 410

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), to very light gray (N8), moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is biogenic, micrite and skeletal, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, benthic forams.

410 - 420

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), to very light gray (N8), moldic, intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, grain type is biogenic and skeletal, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement. benthic forams, cones, slightly dolomitic.

420 - 430

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) to very light gray (N8), as above.

430 - 440

10

LIMESTONE and CALCAREOUS CLAY, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) to very light gray (N8), moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite, biogenic and skeletal, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, forams, slightly dolomitic.

440 - 450

10

LIMESTONE (70%) and DOLOMITE (30%), very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to light gray (N7) to pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, poor to moderate induration with micrite, dolomite and sparry calcite cement, very few fossils.

450 - 460

10

DOLOMITE (70%) and LIMESTONE (30%), very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to light gray (N7) to pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2). dolomite as above, limestone is crystalline with some micrite and sparry calcite cement.

20

DOLOMITE (70%) and LIMESTONE (30%), very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to light gray (N7) to pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), as above.

480 - 490

10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline, interganular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal and crystal, 10% allochems, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, slightly recrystallized, slightly dolomitic.

490 - 500

10

FOSSILIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal, micrite and biogenic, 35% allochems, slightly recrystallized, moderate induration with sparry calcite, dolomite and micrite cement, many cones including <u>Dictyoconus americanus</u>.

500 - 510

10

DOLOMITE and RECRYSTALLIZED LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) to moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, high to low alteration, good induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement.

510 - 530

20

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal, micrite and biogenic, 30% allochems, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, many cones.

530 - 550

20

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) to white (N9), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is biogenic and micrite, slightly recrystallized, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

550 - 560

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) to white (N9), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is biogenic and micrite, 20% allochems, microcrystalline to medium grained, moderate induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, benthic forams including <u>Dictyoconus</u> sp., echinoids, dolomite cavings.

560 - 570 10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and biogenic, microcrystalline, moderate induration with micrite sparry calcite and dolomite cement, forams, bryozoans.

570 - 580 10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement.

580 -590 10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4) and medium light gray (N 6), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, moderate induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement, limestone cavings in sample, cones.

590 - 600

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4) and medium light gray (N 6), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, very fine euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement, limestone cavings in sample.

600 - 610 10

DOLOMITE (70%) and LIMESTONE (30%), yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), Dolomite- as above, Limestone- intergranular and moldic porosity, moderate to poor induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, forams including <u>Coskinolina</u> sp.

610 - 620 10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4) and LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, poor induration with micrite and dolomite cement, <u>Dictyoconus americanus</u>, cones.

620 - 640 20

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), vugular porosity, very fine subhedral crystals, low to medium alteration, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement.

640 - 650 10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is biogenic and micrite, 20% allochems, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement, forams.

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), vugular and intercrystalline porosity, medium to high alteration, good induration with dolomite cement, hard formation.

660 - 680

20

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), and LIMESTONE yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) to very light gray (N 8), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, poor to moderate induration with micrite, dolomite and sparry calcite cement, cones, limestone and dolomite grade into each other, not bedded.

680 - 690

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4) and LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), as above.

690 - 700

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), moldic, intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, grain type is biogenic, micrite and skeletal, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, many cones in sample.

700 - 710

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), moldic, intercrystalline and vugular porosity, microcrystalline to fine grained subhedral dolomite crystals, medium alteration, moderate induration with dolomite cement, large fossil casts in dolomite.

710 - 720

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE (60%) yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) and DOLOMITE (40%) light gray (N7) to medium gray (N5), intercrystalline, moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is crystal, biogenic and micrite, 60% allochems, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, many cones in sample, does not appear to be caving in from up hole.

710 - 720

10

DOLOMITE, light gray (N 7) to medium gray (N 5) and LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) to very light gray (N 8), as above with increase in dolomite as described in section 690-700, large Dictyoconus americanus in sample.

10

LIMESTONE and DOLOMITE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), moldic, intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, poor to good induration, limestone and dolomite do not appear to be separate beds, but grade in and out of each other.

730 - 740

10

LIMESTONE and DOLOMITE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), as above, <u>Dictyoconus cookei</u> and <u>Dictyoconus americanus</u> in sample.

740 - 750

10

LIMESTONE (70%) and DOLOMITE (30%), yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), vugular, moldic, intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, moderate induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement, forams, lignite veins in sample.

750 - 760

10

LIMESTONE (70%) and DOLOMITE (30%), yellowish gray (5 YR 7/2) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), as above, with lignite.

760 - 770

10

FOSSILIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement, bryozoans, forams, cones, mollusks.

770 - 780

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal, biogenic, micrite and crystal, 80% allochems, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, abundant forams.

780 - 790

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), as above, and DOLOMITE (20% of sample.

790 - 794

11

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 8/2), no visible porosity, microcrystalline, bedded, tight, hard, lignite in sample.

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE (80%), yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) and DOLOMITE (20%), dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal, biogenic, crystal and micrite, 75% allochems, moderate induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement, many cones, benthic foraminifera.

6

800 - 810

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE. very pale orange (10 YR 8/2).. intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type micrite skeletal and biogenic, 60% allochems. slightly dolomitic. slightly recrystallized. moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, Dictyoconus cookei Dictyoconus americanus.

810 - 820 10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), as above, slightly dolomitic, with lignite veins.

820 - 830

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and biogenic, 50% allochems, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, lignite,

slightly dolomitic, many broken cones in sample.

830 - 850 20

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE. dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2). intercrystalline. moldic and vugular porosity, moderate induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement. lignite.

850 - 860

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal, 30% allochems, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement, micritic.

860 - 870

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity medium to high alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained crystals, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement.

20

DOLOMITE (50%) as above, and LIMESTONE (50%), very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), moldic, intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, grain type is micrite and skeletal, 15% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite matrix, chalky, foraminifera, bryozoans in sample.

890 - 900

10

LIMESTONE and DOLOMITE, as above, limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), recrystallized, moldic and intercrystalline porosity, sparry calcite cement, cones. dolomite, light gray (N 7) to moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), tight, high alteration, not hard, not dense.

900 - 910

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4).

910 - 920

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4) to pale brown (5 YR 5/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium to high alteration, good induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement.

920 - 930

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline, moldic, and vugular porosity, fine to medium grained subhedral crystals, recrystallized limestone and cones (20% of sample).

930 - 950

20

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), as above, with dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2) dolomite, tight, dense and hard, no visible porosity.

950 - 960

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, good induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement, limestone (10%).

960 - 970

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium to high induration, moderate to good induration dolomite and sparry calcite cement.

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), as above.

980 - 990

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium to high alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement.

990 - 1000

10

DOLOMITE, grayish orange (10 YR 7/4) to pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular and pin point vugular porosity, low to medium alteration, good induration with dolomite cement, limestone (10%).

1000 - 1003

3

LIMESTONE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, slightly recrystallized to micritic, soft, easy drilling.

1003 - 1020

17

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intergranular and pin point vugular porosity, good induration with dolomite cement, hard formation.

1020 - 1030

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to medium grained euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement, sucrosic.

1030 - 1040

10

DOLOMITE, grayish orange (10 YR 7/4), no visible porosity, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite cement, dense, tight, limestone (5%).

1040 - 1050

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline, moldic and pin point vugular porosity, medium alteration, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement.

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), as above, possibly low permeability, with limestone (10% in sample).

10

1060 - 1070 10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium to high alteration, sucrosic in spots, good induration with dolomite cement, hard drilling, dense.

1070 - 1080 10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), as above with limestone (5%).

1080 - 1090 10

DOLOMITE, grayish orange (10 YR 7/4) to medium light gray (N 6), vugular and intercrystalline porosity, high alteration, medium grained subhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement.

1090 - 1100 10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium to high alteration, sucrosic in spots, good induration with dolomite cement, dense, limestone (10%) light gray (N7).

1100 - 1120 20

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, possibly low permeability, high alteration, good induration with dolomite cement, limestone (5%).

1120 - 1130 10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline porosity, possibly low permeability, tight, hard, high alteration, good induration with dolomite cement.

1130 - 1140 10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, good induration with dolomite cement. Core #1: 1131'-1146'.

1140 - 1150 10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, low alteration, fine to medium grained crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement, sucrosic.

10

LIMESTONE, light bluish gray (5 B 7/1) to medium bluish gray (5 B 5/1), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, microcrystalline, good induration with sparry calcite cement. 5% dolomite in sample, hard formation.

1160 - 1170

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, good induration with dolomite cement, some limestone in sample.

1170 - 1190

20

DOLOMITE, dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, medium alteration, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement, hard formation.

1190 - 1200

10

DOLOMITE and LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, fine to medium grained, moderate to good induration with sparry calcite, micrite and dolomite cement.

1200 - 1210

10

DOLOMITE and LIMESTONE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, good induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

1210 - 1220

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is biogenic, skeletal and micrite, 60% allochems, microcrystalline, poor induration with micrite matrix.

1220 - 1240

20

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, 80% allochems, poor to moderate induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, abundant forams, including Amphistigina sp., cones, forams are rounded.

1240 - 1250

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), as above.

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is skeletal and micrite, 60% allochems, moderate induration with micrite cement.

1260 - 1270

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), as above.

1270 - 1280

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal and micrite, 50% allochems, poor to moderate induration with micrite cement.

1280 - 1290

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), as above.

1290 - 1310

20

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to medium grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement, slightly sucrosic.

1310 - 1320

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, very fine to fine grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

1320 - 1340

20

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, fine grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

1340 - 1350

10

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), as above.

1350 - 1360

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, high alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite cement, hard, dense, tight.

13

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite and skeletal, fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, forams, some dolomite in sample.

1373 - 1380

7

DOLOMITE, intercrystalline and vugular porosity, possibly good permeability, medium to high alteration, very fine to fine grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

1380 - 1400

20

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, possibly good permeability, medium to coarse grained euhedral crystals, medium alteration, sucrosic.

1400 - 1410

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, fine grained, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

1410 - 1420

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, poor to moderate induration with dolomite cement.

1420 - 1430

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), to moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), medium alteration, medium to coarse euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement, sucrosic, possibly good permeability.

1430 - 1440

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline porosity, medium to high alteration, moderate induration, large crystal faces.

1440 - 1460

20

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and intracrystalline porosity, medium alteration, moderate induration with dolomite cement, sucrosic in spots, some coarse grained euhedral crystals in sample.

10

DOLOMITE, dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2) to moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline and intracrystalline porosity, possibly low permeability, high alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite cement, tight, dense. Core #2: 1463'-1473'.

1470 - 1480

10

DOLOMITE, dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2) to moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), as above with limestone (10%).

1480 - 1490

10

DOLOMITE, light olive brown (5 Y 5/6), intercrystalline porosity, medium to coarse grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement, sucrosic.

1490 - 1500

10

DOLOMITE, light olive brown (5 Y 5/6), intercrystalline porosity, microcrystalline to fine grained crystals, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement.

LITHOLOGIC LOG OF SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTIONS

UNDIFFERENTIATED DEPOSITS AND ANASTASIA FORMATION

DEPTH

THICKNESS

0 - 10

10

SANDY SOIL, olive gray (5 Y 4/1), intergranular porosity, quartz sand- (50%), very fine to fine grained, angular to subangular grains, organics (30%), shell fragments (5%), unconsolidated.

10 - 20

10

SAND, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), intergranular porosity, clear to slightly frosted, very fine to medium grained, angular to subrounded, unconsolidated.

20 - 30

10

SAND, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), intergranular porosity, very fine to medium grained, subangular to subrounded, unconsolidated.

30 - 50

20

SAND, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), intergranular porosity, fine to medium grained, angular to subrounded, shell fragments, unconsolidated.

50 - 60

10

SAND and SHELL, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), intergranular porosity, fine to medium grained, subrounded, abundant shell fragments (50%), unconsolidated.

60 - 70

10

SAND, light olive gray $(5 ext{ Y } 5/2)$, as above with less shell fragments (15%).

TAMIAMI FORMATION

70 - 80

10

LIMESTONE, light gray (N 7) to very light gray (N 8), intergranular and moldic porosity, 15% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, shell fragments (15%).

80 - 90 10

LIMESTONE, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), intergranular porosity, microcrystalline to fine grained, well indurated with micrite and sparry calcite cement, quartz sand (5%), shell fragments (15%).

90 - 110 20

LIMESTONE, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), as above.

110 - 120 10

PHOSPHATIC LIMESTONE. light olive gray $(5 \ Y \ 5/2)$ to grayish olive $(10 \ Y \ 4/2)$, intergranular and moldic porosity, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, quartz sand (<5%), shell fragments (5%).

HAWTHORN GROUP

120 - 130 10

LIMESTONE, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2) and PHOSPHATIC CLAYEY SILT, olive gray (5 Y 3/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, poor to moderate induration, phosphatic silt (35%), shell fragments (5%), impure.

130 - 140 10

LIMESTONE and PHOSPHATIC SILT, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), poorly indurated, fine phosphatic sand (5%), shell fragments (15%).

OCALA GROUP

140 - 150

LIMESTONE, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, 45% allochems, fine to medium grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, phosphate (10%), many benthic foraminifera including <u>Lepidocyclina</u> sp. and <u>Operculinoides</u> sp.

150 - 160

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is biogenic and skeletal, 50% allochems, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, many forams including Operculinoides sp. and Lepidocyclina sp., echinoid spines, coral.

20

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), moldic porosity, grain type is biogenic and skeletal, 30% allochems, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, abundant forams including Gypsina globula sp., echinoid spines, shell fragments.

180 - 190

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), moldic porosity, 60% allochems, grain type is biogenic, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement, many large forams.

190 - 200

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and biogenic, 55% allochems, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, abundant forams.

200 -220

20

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) to light gray (N7), as above.

220 - 230

10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is crystal and biogenic, 35% allochems, microcrystalline, moderate induration with sparry calcite cement.

230 - 240

10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is crystal, skeletal and biogenic, 20% allochems, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

240 - 250

10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 Y 8/2), intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite and biogenic, 5% allochems, poor to moderate induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, unfossiliferous.

AVON PARK / LAKE CITY LIMESTONE

250 - 270 20

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite, 15% allochems, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, <u>Dictyoconus cookei</u>.

270 - 280 10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, 10% allochems, grain type is crystal and micrite, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, cement cavings in sample.

280 - 290 10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, moderate to good induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, cement cavings in sample.

290 - 300 . 10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), as above.

300 - 310 10

LIMESTONE, white (N 9) to light gray (N 6), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, moderate induration with micrite cement, pure clean limestone, cement cavings in sample.

310 - 320 10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to very light gray (N 8), intergranular porosity, 15% allochems, fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement.

320 - 330 10

LIMESTONE and RECRYSTALLIZED LIMESTONE, light gray (N 7) to pinkish gray (5 YR 8/1), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, biogenic and skeletal, 20% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, mollusks, forams.

330 - 350 20

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) and light gray (N 7), moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is micritic and skeletal, 40% allochems, fine to medium grained,

moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, foraminifera including <u>Dictyoconus</u> sp., mollusks, echinoids.

350 - 370 20

LIMESTONE, very light gray (N 8), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, skeletal and biogenic, 15% allochems, very fine to fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, mollusk fragments, foraminifera including <u>Dictyoconus</u> sp.

370 - 380 10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, medium light gray (N 4), moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite and skeletal, 25% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate to good induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, foraminifera, fossil fragments.

380 - 390 10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate to good induration with dolomite, micrite and sparry calcite cement, Limestone- medium light gray (N 4), microcrystalline, no visible porosity (10% of sample).

390 - 400 10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is biogenic and micrite, microcrystalline to fine grained, 20% allochems moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement.

400 - 410

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) to light gray (N 7), moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite and skeletal, 40% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, foraminiferous, <u>Dictyoconus cookei</u>, <u>Coskinolina</u> sp.

410 - 420 10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray $(5 \ Y \ 8/1)$ to light gray $(N \ 7)$, as above.

420 - 430 10

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) to medium gray (N 6), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is biogenic,

skeletal and micrite, 10% allochems, microcrystalline, poor to moderate induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, foraminiferous, <u>Dictyoconus cookei</u>, <u>Coskinolina</u> sp.

430 - 440

10

RECRYSTALLIZED LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, skeletal and micrite, moderate induration with sparry calcite and micrite cement.

440 - 450

10

DOLOMITE (70%), pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) and LIMESTONE (30%), very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, medium alteration moderate to good induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

450 - 460

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), and LIMESTONE (20%), vugular, intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement, dolomite and limestone grade into each other, not bedded.

460 - 470

10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, low to medium alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement, limestone cavings (10%).

470 - 480

10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and skeletal, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, unidentifiable forams, slightly crystalline.

480 - 490

10

RECRYSTALLIZED LIMESTONE, very light gray (N 7), intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, 10% allochems, very fine to fine grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement, unfossiliferous.

490 - 500

10

RECRYSTALLIZED LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) and

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, skeletal and crystal, 5% allochems, moderate induration with micrite sparry calcite and dolomite cement. <u>Dictyoconus cookei</u>.

DOLOMITE, medium light gray (N 6), to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline, moldic and vugular porosity, medium alteration, cryptocrystalline to very fine grained subhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite and micrite cement.

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), moldic, intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, grain type is skeletal, biogenic and micrite, 40% allochems, very fine to medium grained, moderate induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement, foraminiferous, <u>Dictyoconus americanus</u> in sample.

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal, crystal and micrite, 20% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement, foraminifera.

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray $(5 \ Y \ 8/1)$ to very pale orange $(10 \ YR \ 8/2)$, as above.

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, skeletal and crystal, 10% allochems, microcrystalline to medium grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, slightly recrystallized.

DOLOMITE, medium light gray (N 6) to olive gray (5 Y 4/1), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, cryptocrystalline to microcrystalline, unfossiliferous, moderate induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement.

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite,

skeletal and crystal, 30% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite, micrite and dolomite cement.

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), Intercrystalline and pin point vugular porosity, very fine grained, subhedral crystals, medium to high alteration, good induration with dolomite, sparry calcite and micrite cement.

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4) and medium light gray (N 6), vugular and intercrystalline porosity, very fine grained subhedral and euhedral crystals, medium alteration, moderate induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement.

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, grain type is crystal and biogenic, very fine grained, moderate to good induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), moldic, vugular and intercrystalline porosity, very fine grained subhedral crystals, medium alteration, moderate induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement, fossil molds.

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is crystal and skeletal, very fine grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, foraminifera in sample.

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) and DOLOMITE, medium gray (N 6), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, very fine to medium grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, unfossiliferous.

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, medium light gray (N 6) to very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal and crystal, very fine grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, benthic foraminifera.

670 - 680 10

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) and DOLOMITE, dark yellowish orange (10 YR 6/6)

680 - 690

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and skeletal, 30% allochems very fine to medium grained.

690 - 700 10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) and DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, skeletal and crystal, 40 % allochems, moderate induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement, Dictyoconus sp., mollusks.

700 - 710 10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and skeletal, 40% allochems, poor induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, calcareous silt in sample, forams, fossils.

710 - 730 20

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, grain type is micrite, skeletal and crystal, 60% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, echinoids, <u>Dictyoconus americanus</u> and <u>Dictyoconus cookei</u>.

730 - 740

DOLOMITE (20%), pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) and LIMESTONE (80%), medium light gray (N 6), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, microcrystalline to medium grained, 35% allochems moderate to good induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement, many forams, fossil fragments.

740 - 760 20

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite and skeletal, 50% allochems, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, cones, fossil fragments.

760 - 770

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, fine to medium grained, 80% allochems, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, abundant cones, <u>Amphistigina</u> sp. and other forams.

770 - 780

FOSSILIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal, biogenic and crystal, 60% allochems, very fine to medium grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, slightly recrystallized, many fossil fragments, bryozoans, mollusks, cones.

780 - 790 10

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, microcrystalline to very fine grained subhedral crystals, medium alteration, moderate induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement, fossil fragments.

790 - 800

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), as above.

800 - 810 10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal and biogenic, 80% allochems, very fine to medium grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite and some sparry calcite cement, abundant forams including <u>Dictyoconus</u> sp., <u>Amphistigina</u> sp., <u>Coskinolina</u> sp., fossil fragments.

810 - 830 20

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), (70%), and DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), (30%), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is crystal and skeletal, 35% allochems, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

830 - 840

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) and FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite.

skeletal and crystal. 40% allochems, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, bedded.

840 - 850

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is crystal and skeletal, 40% allochems, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, foraminiferous.

850 - 870 20

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intergranular, vugular and moldic porosity, microcrystalline to very fine grained crystals, medium alteration, moderate to good induration with dolomite and some sparry calcite cement.

870 - 880 10

DOLOMITE (50%) and LIMESTONE (50%), very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal and crystal, 20% allochems, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, benthic foraminifera.

880 - 890 10

DOLOMITE (50%) and LIMESTONE (50%), very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), as above.

890 - 900 10

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal, biogenic and micrite, 50% allochems, very fine grained, moderate induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement, slightly recrystallized, abundant foraminifera.

900 - 910 10

DOLOMITE and LIMESTONE, brownish gray (5 YR 4/1) to olive gray (5 Y 4/1), intergranular, intercrystalline, moldic porosity, medium alteration, poor to moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, limestone, as above.

910 - 920 10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline, vugular and moldic porosity, microcrystalline to medium grained crystals, medium to high alteration, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement, echinoid spines, fossil fragments.

920 - 930

10

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE and DOLOMITE (20%) very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, grain type is skeletal and crystal, 40% allochems, very fine to medium grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

930 - 940

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline porosity, medium to high alteration, moderate induration with dolomite cement, unfossiliferous.

940 - 950

10

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), moldic and intercrystalline porosity, very fine to medium grained euhedral crystals, sucrosic, medium alteration, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

950 - 959

9

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, microcrystalline to fine grained subhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement, recrystallized limestone in sample (10%).

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS

FIELD ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT TEST/INJECTION WELL WATER QUALITY DURING REVERSE AIR DRILLING

SPL	TIME	DATE	DEPTH	CONDUCT	YTIVI	TDS	GL	TEMP	Sel	ьH
NO.		M/D/Y	BLS	umhos,		mg/l	mg/l	C	ppt	2
				HACH	YSI		··· ···	•	22	
1	1930	121390	450	2650	2000	1520	82	NA	1.0	11.89
		121390	460	2800	1800	1540			1.0	
	0045	121490	470	3150	2000	1750			1.1	12.08
	0230	121490	480	2680	1700	1460		22.9	1.0	12.05
	0355	121490	490	2770	1900	1550		23.5	1.0	12.11
	0440	121490	500	2780	2000	1510		23.6	1.0	12.03
2	0720	121490	510	2420	1900	1310	90	21.5	1.0	11.94
	0843	121490	520	2590	2000	1370		22.7	1.1	11.74
	0905	121490	530	3020	2200	1620		21.6	1.2	11.60
	0924	121490	540	2570	2000	1360		22.8	1.0	11.54
	1044	121490	550	2640	2000	1410		22.8	1.0	11.75
	1110	121490	560	2680	1950	1440		22.2	1.1	11.75
3	1127	121490	570	2660	2050	1430	120	23.4	1.2	11.72
	1240	121490	580	2690	2000	1450		23.6	1.2	11.74
	1300	121490	590	2680	2050	1450		23.0	1.2	11.67
	1325	121490	600	2620	2000	1410		22.6	1.1	11.61
	1440	121490	610	2600	2000	1400		23.2	1.0	11.51
	1510	121490	620	2400	1850	1300		23.5	1.0	11.33
4	1540	121490	630	2500	1800	1320	450	23.9	1.0	11.15
	1713	121490	640	2570	1850	1380		23.5	1.0	10.93
	1743	121490	650	2640	1800	1410		24.0	1.0	10.71
	1753	121490	660	2690	1810	1440		23.5	1.0	10.63
	1847	121490	670	2690	1770	1450		23.9	1.0	10.21
_	_	121490	680	2700	1770	1460		23.6	1.0	10.11
5	-	121490	690	2710	1775	1490	680	22.7	.75	9.91
		121490	700	2670	1720	1450		22.9	. 90	9.30
		121490	710	2740	1850	1450		23.5	1.0	9.38
		121490	720	2850	1800	1500		23.3	1.0	9.15
	_	121490	730	2820	1820	1470		23.9	. 95	8.75
,	2305	121490	740	2710	1700	1420		23.3	1.0	8.48
6	2322	121490	750	2670	1700	1420	702	23.3	1.0	8.49
	0035	121590 121590	760 770	2390	1600	1280		22.5	.80	8.28
		121590	770 780	HACH meter	1600	HACH		23.4	.80 .80	8.20 8.16
		121590	790	stopped	1550	meter		23.4 23.7	.80	8.15
		121590	800	working		stoppe workir		23.7	.80	8.84
7		121590	810	MOLKINE	1450	WOLKII	618	23.1	.80	8.25
′		121590	820		1450		010	23.4	.80	8.26
		121590	830		1420			23.4	. 90	8.30
		121590	840		1420			23.8	.70	8.50
	0800	121590	850		1350			22.9	.70	8.31
	0820		860		1400			23.0	.80	8.35
8		121590	870		1450		481	23.6	.80	8.34
U	0303	121340	0/0		1450		401	23.0	. 50	0.34

SPL	TIME	DATE	DEPTH	CONDUCTIVITY	TDS	CL	TEMP	Sal	pН
NO.		M/D/Y	BLS	umhos/cm	mg/1	mg/l	C	ppt	
				HACH YSI					
	1010	121590	880	1400			24.1	.80	8.29
	1025	121590	890	1420			24.0	.80	8.40
	1037	121590	900	1500			24.3	.80	8.37
	1217	121590	910	1650			24.8	.80	8.29
	1239		920	1650			24.4	.90	8.27
9		121590	930	1620		575	24.6	.90	8.59
	1437	121590	940	1700			24.7	.80	8.40
	1455	121590	950	1680			24.7	.80	9.21
	1538	121590	960	1850			25.0	1.0	8.79
	1643	121590	970	1900			24.8	1.0	8.54
	1735	121590	980	1950			24.6	1.0	8.49
10	1818	121590	990	2050		760	24.8	1.0	8.33
	2124	121290	1000	2600			24.3	1.25	8.31
	2155	121590	1010	2450			23.4	1.25	8.13
			1020	2600			24.1	1.5	8.00
			1030	2400			23.1	1.25	8.01
	0137	121690	1040	2500			22.0	1.5	7.97
11	_	121690		2500		990	22.3	1.5	8.04
		121690		2700			22.4	1.5	8.01
		121690		2700			23.0	1.25	7.92
		121690		2900			23.8	1.5	7.94
		121690		2900			24.0	1.8	7.99
		121690		2990			24.3	1.8	7.98
12		121690		3050		1245	24.5	1.8	7.92
		121690		3150			25.2	1.8	7.94
		121690		3600			25.7	2.1	7.91
		121690		3650			25.9	2.0	7.93
		121690		4000			26.1	2.2	7.92
			1160	4500			26.0	2.5	7.89
13		_	1170	6200		2280	26.7	3.5	7.83
			1180	10000			26.2	5.6	7.75
		-	1190	12800			26.2	7.5	7.77
	1837	121690	1200	13500			26.3	8.0	7.76
	2002	121690	1210	13500			24.7	7.5	7.73
	2015	121690	1220	14000			24.6	8.0	7.67
14	2030	121690	1230	14500		6558	24.9	8.0	7.63
	2155	121690	1240	15000			24.8	9.0	7.67
	2245	121690	1250	16000			24.9	9.5	7.63
	2325	121690	1260	15000			24.2	8.0	7.63
	0055	121790	1270	14500			23.4	8.0	7.64
	0138	121790	1280	14500			24.0	8.0	7.64
15		121790	1290	15000		8020	24.3	9.0	7.62
	0301	121790	1300	14750			22.2	9.0	7.68
	0407	121790	1310	16000			22.0	9.0	7.64
	0503	121790	1320	18000			24.1	10.0	7.61
	0638	121790		18250			24.1		7.62
	0750	121790	1340	19200				12.0	7.59

SPL	TIME	DATE	DEPTH	CONDUCTIVITY	TDS	CL	TEMP	Sal	рH
NO.		M/D/Y	BLS	umhos/cm	mg/l	mg/l	C	ppt	
•				HACH YSI					
16	0938	121790	1350	22000		10994	26.1	14.1	7.58
	1245	121790	1360	24000			26.4	15.2	7.73
	1343	121790	1370	23500			26.2	14.5	7.73
	1408	121790	1380	23200			25.9	14.5	7.58
	1530	121790	1390	23200			26.3	14.5	7.70
	1603	121790	1400	22900			26.1	14.6	7.86
17	1628	121790	1410	24500		11939	26.3	15.9	7.76
	1745	121790	1420	23200			26.1	14.7	7.72
	1810	121790	1430	23800			26.3	14.8	7.73
	0310	121890	1440	23100			25.4	14.5	7.62
	0610	121890	1450	23100			25.5	15.7	7.57
	0825	121890	1460	24000			25.9	15.2	7.56
18	1054	121890	1470	26500		13258	27.5	16.3	7.54
	1415	121890	1480	27500			27.6	16.3	7.54
	1525	121890	1490	28200			27.7	18.0	7.49
	1614	121890	1500	28200			27.6	18.5	7.48
	1807	121890	1510	28000			27.2	18.2	7.48
	1832	121890	1520	28100	•	core#1	27.6	18.2	7.48
19	1710	121990	1530	29500		11522	26.8	19.3	7.54
	2023	121990	1540	29100			26.2	18.0	7.52
	2112	121990	1550	29100			26.3	17.9	7.50
	2154	121990	1560	28700			26.6		7.49
	2247	121990	1570	28100			26.9	_	7.54
	2320	121990	1580	28100			26.8		7.47
20	0010	122090	1590	28100		11760	26.4		7.51
	0133	122090	1600	28000			26.0	16.8	7.50
	0223	122090	1610	27200			25.8	16.1	7.51
	0350	122090	1620	27200		core#2	26.1	16.9	7.50
	0420	122190	1630	23100			25.6		7.52
	0450	122190	1640	25500			25.8	15.5	7.51
21	0513	122190	1650	25500		21980	26.2		7.62
		012891	1660	11000			25.2	6.5	11.65
		012891	1670	11500			28.7	6.5	11.56
		012891		10000			28.3	6.0	11.45
		012891		10500			28.3		11.45
		012891		12000			28.2	7.0	11.47
22		012891	1710	11800		3680	29.1	6.9	11.52
		012991		10200			28.1	6.0	11.43
		012991		10800			28.7	6.2	11.43
		012991		11000			28.3	6.5	11.44
		012991		10800			27.9	6.2	11.43
	1355	013091	1760	1550	,	core#3	27.1	0.8	11.01

SPL	TIME	DATE M/D/Y	DEPTH BLS	CONDUCTIVITY umhos/cm	TDS mg/l	CL mg/l	TEMP C	Sal ppt	Нq
NO.		FI/ D/ 1	DLS	HACH YSI	mg/ I	1118/1	C	ը ը	
23	1540	013091	1770	1480		252	27.2	0.8	10.61
	1556	013091	1780	4130			27.1	2.2	11.02
	1622	013091	1790	4020			27.6	2.2	10.55
	1720	013191	1800	9500		core#4	27.5	5.1	10.08
	1810	013191	1810	7100			25.2	4.0	10.02
	1900	013191	1820	10300			26.1	5.7	9.48
24	2000	013191	1830	8800		2479	26.6	5.0	9.56
	1445	020191	1840	14500		core#5	24.1	8.0	8.76
	1505	020191	1850	14400			24.6	8.0	8.58
	1534	020191	1860	10000			22.0	6.0	8.01
	1650	020191	1870	13500			22.4	7.4	8.47
	1718	020191	1880	12000			23.3	6.5	8.56
25	1758	020191	1890	12200		3368	23.0	6.8	8.70
	1228	020291	1900	14000		core#6	25.8	8.0	8.50
	1322	020291	1910	12900		core#7	26.2	7.1	8.40
	1233	020391	1920	15000			27.3	8.5	7.95
	1345	020391	1930	16000			26.6	9.0	8.18
	1455	020391	1940	18700				10.5	8.11
26		020391		20000		6262		11.2	8.07
	1845	020391	1960	20200			25.3	11.5	8.00
		020391		20000				11.4	8.16
		020391		19900			24.2	11.0	8.12
	2310	020391	1990	20000			24.5	12.3	8.12
	0055	020491	2000	19000			23.8	12.0	8.58
27	_	020491		19800		5548	24.5	12.0	8.73
		022391		22700			27.8	12.8	12.09
		022391		23000			28.7	13.0	11.99
	1128	022391	2040	22500			27.8	12.9	11.99
		022391	2050	22200			27.7	12.9	11.98
	_		2060	22000				12.6	11.95
28	_	022391		19300			_	11.0	11.99
		022491		20000				11.3	11.49
		022491		29800				17.3	9.14
		022491		36000		core#8			8.77
		022691		38000				23.5	7.86
		022691		42000			_	26.0	7.75
29		022691		41200		7200	25.2		8.32
		022691		43900				27.0	8.28
		022691		45000				27.9	7.85
		022691		45500				28.2	7.70
	1718	022691	2170	46500				29.0	7.67
		022691		42000				26.0	7.75
30		022691		42100		17780	21.8		7.57
		022791		42700			22.8	26.4	7.55
		022791		44800			25.8	28.0	7.57
	1148	022791	2220	46000			26.0	32.2	7.44

SPL	TIME	DATE	DEPTH	CONDUCTIVITY	TDS	CL	TEMP	Sal	рH
NO.	1 11.2	M/D/Y	BLS	umhos/cm	mg/l	mg/l	С	ppt	2
		, ,, ,		HACH YSI	6/ _	6/ +	Ŭ	250	
	1/135	022791	2240	46500			27.4	32.9	7.41
31		022791	2250	45800		16900		32.5	7.40
J-		030191	2260	46000		10,00	27.5	32.5	7.37
		030191	2270	47000			28.0	33.0	7.43
	-	030191	2280	48000			29.2	34.0	7.42
		030191	2290	47500			29.0	33.5	7.45
		030191	2300	48500			28.7	34.0	7.39
32		030191	2310	47000		14840		33.5	7.42
U -	-	030191	-	45200			26.7	31.8	7.30
		030191	2330	44800			26.2	31.7	7.51
	_	030291	2340	42800			23.7	29.9	7.53
		030291		45900			28.1	32.4	7.44
		030291	2360	44200			26.4	31.2	7.39
33		030291		44500		18940		31.3	7.38
-		030291		47200			28.9	33.8	7.39
		030291	2390	47200			28.8	34.0	7.35
	1120	030291		47900		core#9		34.0	7.30
		030391	2410	44600			25.2	31.5	7.41
		030391		44200			25.6	31.3	7.42
34	2100	030391	2430	43100		16720		30.1	7.27
	2225	030391	2440	43200			24.3	30.3	7.34
	2322	030391	2450	43200			24.6	30.3	7.37
	0004	030491	2460	43500			24.8	29.9	7.40
	0132	030491	2470	43900			25.6	30.0	7.39
	0210	030491	2480	42200			23.6	28.9	7.41
35	0302	030491	2490	42600		18500	24.0	29.0	7.47
	0448	030491	2500	42000			24.2	28.5	7.55
	0620	030491	2510	43500			25.9	29.7	7.53
	0733	030491	2520	44500			25.9	30.5	7.50
	1005	030491	2530	44000			25.9	30.0	7.54
	1200	030491	2540	43800			25.5	30.0	7.51
36	1312	030491	2550	44000		20740	25.9	30.1	7.53
	1510	030491	2560	44000			25.5	30.0	7.54
	1605	030491	2570	44000			25.4	30.1	7.55
		030491		43900			25.4	30.0	7.56
		030491		43200			24.7	29.5	7.76
	1855	030491	2600	44000			25.9	30.0	7.74
37	1922	030491	2610	41100		14600	22.6	28.0	7.59
	2038	030491	2620	42100			23.9	28.9	7.54
	2119	030491	2630	41200			22.9	28.1	7.64
	2217	030491	2640	42900			24.6	29.1	7.94
	2352	030491	2650	39900			20.3	27.0	8.05
	0108	030591	2660	38900			19.8	26.0	7.91
38		030591		41000		14900	21.3	27.9	8.00
	0620	030591	2680	44000			24.1	30.0	7.65
	0846	030591	2690	45200			25.7	31.0	7.67
	0918	030591	2700	45500			25.9	31.1	7.67

1055 030591	2710	45200		25.9 31.1	7.62
1153 030591	2720	45900	TOTAL DEPTH	26.2 31.8	7.63
2245 031691	After 6 hrs	39800	15060	23.3 27.9	7.55
	circulation				

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ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL WATER QUALITY DURING REVERSE AIR DRILLING

SPI	ייים ח	H DATE	TIME	CONDUCT	エソエマン	TDS	CL	TEMP	Sal	Hq
NO.		M/D/Y	LIME	umhos		mg/l	mg/l	C	341	pn
140.		11/0/1		HACH	YSI	mg/ I	mg/ T	C		
1	250	110390	2150	nach	495		8	26.2	2.8	12.22
-	260	110390	2255	5450	5200		48	26.0	3.1	12.23
	270	110490	0055	5480	5500		54	25.9	3.1	12.24
	280	110490	0150	5080	5100		160	26.4	2.9	12.15
	290	110490	0215	5300	5100		278	26.0	2.9	12.17
	300	110490	0215	4750	4780	1640	300	25.2	2.7	12.17
2	310	110490	0410	4230	4340	1360	300	25.8	2.5	11.96
~	320	110490	0425	3880	3860	1650		25.5	2.1	11.85
	330	110490	0510	3390	3390	1470		24.9	2.1	11.66
	340	110490	0605	2790	2620	1340		24.9	1.5	
		110490							1.6	10.63
	350 360	110490	0635 0705	2790	2760		670	25.0	1.4	10.67
3		110490		2540	2530			24.5		9.47
3	370		0830	2850	2710	1200		24.4	1.5	8.21
	380	110490	0855	2770	2750	1390		24.5	1.5	8.15
	390	110490	0910	2850	2880	4 4 0 0	- 40	24.5	1.6	8.09
	400	110490	0940	2850	2870	1420	748	24.0	1.8	8.09
	410	110490	1038	2820	2900	1390		21.5	1.8	8.26
4	420	110490	1047	2930	2950	1480	0.00	24.5	1.8	8.29
4	428	110490	1100	2940	2950	1500	809	22.5	1.85	8.46
	430	110490	2200	2730	2650	1370		24.2	1.5	10.34
	440	110490	2225	2730	2640	1370		24.7	1.5	10.39
	450	110490	2330	2540	2410	1327		24.0	1.2	10.27
	461	110590	0010	2360	2300	1180	590	24.1	1.1	9.94
	470	110590	0200	2050	1980	1030		23.2	1.0	10.03
_	480	110590	0250	2000	1900	1010	t	23.0	0.9	10.41
5	490	110590	0310	2000	1980	1060	454	23.4	1.0	10.41
	500	110590	0340	2100	2090	1060		23.0	1.0	9.30
	510	110590	0535	2590	2430	1300		23.0	1.3	9.46
	520	110590	0605	2610	2530	1310		22.2	1.5	9.53
	530	110590	0640	2700	2690	1360		23.0	1.5	8.52
	540	110590	0710	2780	2700	1400		22.5	1.5	8.46
6	550 556	110590 110590	0725	2880	2600	1440	777	23.0	1.5	8.31
O	560	110590	0757 0837	2900 2930	2750 2710	1450 1470	772	23.1 23.7	1.6	8.19 8.17
	570	110590	0854							
	580		_	3070	2990	1500		24.4	1.7	8.13
		110590	0923	2960	2900	1510		24.1	1.7	7.87
	590 600	110590	1037	2930	2910	1530		24.3	1.7	8.41
		110590	1112	3010	2900	1520		25.0	1.8	8.26
-	610	110590	1150	3000	2990	1510	70	25.0	1.8	8.33
7	616	110590	1240	2940	2900	1480	780	24.5	1.8	9.18
	620	110590	1318	2890	2820	1450		24.5	1.8	9.23
	630	110590	1343	2970	2870	1490		24.4	1.8	8.76
	640	110590	1428	2880	2830	1470		24.6	1.8	8.99
	650	110590	1513	2960	2900	1480		24.4	1.8	8.48
	660	110590	1600	2910	2850	1460		24.2	1.8	8.45
	670	110590	1632	2980	2900	1490		24.8	1.8	8.37

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL WATER QUALITY DURING REVERSE AIR DRILLING

SPI		H DATE M/D/Y	TIME		TIVITY	TDS mg/1	CL mg/l	TEMP C	Sal	На
NO	. DLO	FU D/ 1		diiiio	3/ Cili	mg/ T	mg/ T	C		
8	680	110590	1728	2970	2900	1490	787	24.3	1.8	8.12
•	690	110590	1803	3030	2900	1510	, - ,	23.9	1.5	8.05
	700	110590	1830	3080	3050	1540		24.0	1.8	8.01
	710	110590	1850	2980	3050	1490		24.0	1.8	8.00
	720	110590	1950	3070	3040	1590		24.0	1.8	8.01
	730	110590	2025	3180	3090	1590		24.0	1.8	7.97
	740	110590	2050	3210	3030	1610		23.2	1.8	7.97
9	743	110590	2110	3190	3110	1600	842	24.1	1.9	7.97
	750	110590	2145	3110	3090	1610		23.5	1.9	7.88
	760	110590	2215	3170	3010	1610		23.0	1.8	7.94
	770	110590	2235	3170	2990	1650		22.0	1.8	7.93
	780	110590	2325	3220	3090	1680		23.5	1.9	7.87
	790	110590	2355	3140	3140	1620		23.6	2.0	7.89
	800	110690	0045	3120	3090	1610		23.1	1.9	7.97
10	804	110690	0110	3220	3200	1650	857	24.4	2.0	7.97
	810	110690	0310	3220	3170	1700		23.4	2.0	7.87
	820	110690	0335	2940	2910	1520		23.5	1.9	8.01
	830	110690	0400	3130	3050	1620		23.5	1.9	7.90
	840	110690	0500	3280	3060	1780		23.2	1.9	7.90
	850	110690	0535	3110	3050	1600		23.3	1.9	7.92
	860	110690	0600	3050	3020	1540		23.1	1.9	7.89
11	866	110690	0640	3220	3200	1620	846	24.5	2.0	7.91
	870	110690	0713	3180	3000	1610		22.8	1.9	7.99
	880	110690	0734	3050	2990	1620		23.1	1.9	7.89
	890	110690	0803	3250	3000	1660		23.5	1.9	7.99
	900	110690	0823	3100	3000	1620		23.5	1.8	7.89
	910	110690	1039	3040	3050	1590		24.7	1.9	8.03
	920	110690	1103	3120	3050	1600	_	24.8	1.9	7.97
12	930	110690	1129	3380	3100	1620	798	24.7	1.9	8.04
	940	110690	1300	3490	3160	1760		25.5	1.9	7.98
	950	110690	1315	3370	3150	1780		25.5	1.9	8.17
	960	110690	1356	3330	3150	1720		25.6	1.8	8.25
	970	110690	1528	3370	3150	1710		25.0	1.9	8.29
	980	110690	1610	3380	3170	1710	0.4 =	24.7	1.8	8.23
13	992	110690	1659	3340	3050	1660	815	24.6	1.6	8.25
	1000	110690	1815	3400	3050	1740		24.2	1.8	8.22
	1010	110690	1840	3410	3120	1750		24.3	1.8	8.35
	1020	110690	2025	3370	3120	1660		24.5	1.9	8.07
	1030	110690	2130	3430	3250	1690		24.8	2.0	8.20
	1040	110690	2215	3480	3280	1720		25.0	2.0	8.15
4 1.	1050	110690	2330	3660	3480	1820	•0.5	25.0	2.0	8.08
14	1053	110690	2350	3650	3650	1810	989	25.8	2.0	8.08
	1060 1070	110790 110790	0040 0205	3590 3500	3400	1780		25.2	2.0	8.17
	10/0	110/30	0209	3500	3450	1750		25.2	2.0	8.12

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL WATER QUALITY DURING REVERSE AIR DRILLING

SP	L DPT	H DATE	TIME	CONDU	CTIVITY	TDS	CL	TEMP	Sal	pН
NO	. BLS	M/D/Y		umh	os/cm	mg/l	mg/l	С		
				HACH	YSI					
	1080	110790	0250	3500	3500	1730		26.0	2.0	8.07
	1090	110790	0445	3670	3670	1820		25.9	2.0	8.09
	1100	110790	0540	3870	3780	1930	•	25.9	2.1	8.02
15	1110	110790	0645	4060	4000	2020	995	26.1	2.2	7.93
-,	1120	110790	0838	4280	4100	2140	337	25.6	2.3	8.15
	1131	110790	0921	4160	4160	3980		25.6	2.2	8.13
	1131	110790	1100	5270	5000	3,900		core		0.15
	1131	110790	1220	5440	5100	2730		26.3	3.0	
	1140	110890	0630	2810	2750	1370		24.8	1.5	8.24
	1150	110890	0720	3650	3610	1790		25.2	2.0	8.00
	1160	110890	0854	5330	5000	2650		24.8	2.9	8.12
16	1170	110890	0955	5780	6200	2790	1808	25.9	3.5	8.00
	1180	110890	1058	8000	8500	3830	1000	26.2	4.9	8.07
	1190	110890	1341	6080	6000	3040		25.5	3.5	8.15
	1200	110890	1459	13700	13200	13200		25.		7.86
	1210	110890	1612	17300	17000	8660		25.9	9.8	7.76
	1220	110890	1655	18200	17500	9040			10.0	7.76
17	1230	110890	1712	11200	11000	5620		25.0 24.9	6.4	7.63
Ι/	1240	110890	1735	9230	9000	4750		24.9	5.0	7.80
	1250	110890	1830		11800	5840		24.9	6.7	7.74
	1260	110890	1853	10540	10700	5720		24.2	6.2	7.74
	1270	110890	1900	9870	9500	5370		24.4	5.5	7.76
	1280	110890	2120	14800	13900	8600		24.9	8.1	7.73
18	1290	110890	2200	4860	5500	2840	1575	25.0	3.0	7.91
	1300	110990	0235	13900	14000	6930		25.2	7.2	7.80
	1310	110990	0610		26000	13650		25.7	15.5	7.70
	1320	110990	0835	17640	17500	9210		25.0	10.2	7.93
	1330	110990	1005	17800	18000	9250		25.7	10.5	7.78
	1340	110990	1340	17200	17000	8600		25.8	10.0	7.86
19	1350	110990	1537		32200	17000			19.7	7.57
	1360	111090	0231	meter	34700	19800		24.8	_	7.57
	1370	111090	0504	off	39600	>20k		26.0		7.52
	1380	111090	0610			meter		24.1		7.59
		111090		>20k	34900				22.3	7.67
		111090		>20k		scale			19.8	7.66
20		111090		>20k	36000				22.9	7.64
		111090	_	>20k	32100				20.4	7.75
	_	111090	0925		32100				20.2	7.64
		111090		>20k	31000			23.1		7.67
		111090		>20k	32200				20.3	7.68
		111090		>20k	32000			24.0		7.59
21		111090		>20k	26900			core		
		111090		>20k	37700			23.2		7.54
		111090		>20k	40300				26.8	7.49
	1500	111190	0030	>20k	37300	>20k		21.3	24.5	7.62

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL WATER QUALITY OF STRADDLE PACKER SAMPLES

DATE CONDUCTIVITY TDS CL TEMP Sal M/D/Y umhos/cm mg/l mg/l C HACH YSI

STRADDLE PACKER #1 WATER QUALITY PACKER INTERVAL: 1145'-1200'

111590 31000 --- <10,000 27.2 18.5

STRADDLE PACKER #2 WATER QUALITY PACKER INTERVAL: 1125'-1133'

111690 10000 --- 26.5 5.8

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL WATER QUALITY OF POINT SAMPLES FIELD PARAMETERS WELL IS FREE FLOWING 25 GPM

SPI NO.	L DPTH BLS	I DATE M/D/Y	TIME		CTIVITY	TDS mg/l	TEMP C	рH	
		., _, _		HACH	YSI		-		
1	250	111390	1240	4050		2030	25.6	7.57	lab
2	300	111390	1311	4040		2020	25.9	7.47	lab
3	400	111390	1338	7140		3570	25.5	7.60	lab
4	500	111390	1358	7900		3950	25.2	7.57	lab
5	600	111390	1421	4660		2330	25.5	7.60	lab
6	700	111390	1441	5400		2700	25.4	7.57	lab
7	800	111390	1501	8680		4340	25.3	7.53	lab
8	900	111390	1528	10000		5200	24.6	7.52	lab
9	1000	111390	1553	9390		4690	24.5	7.49	lab
10	1100	111390	1614	9810		4900	24.4	7.53	lab
				12260		6130	23.8	7.52	
11	1200	111390	1637	6900		3460	23.5	7.65	lab
				19610		9800	24.1	7.37	
12	1300	111390	1700		21700	13000	24.0	7.32	lab
				11470		5750	23.4	7.44	
13	1400	111390	1727	16080		8050	23.9	7.42	lab
_		-			21200	11140	23.5	7.29	
14	1500	111390	1802	14540		7270	23.4	7.38	lab
	_			12070		6380	22.9	7.43	

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL WATER QUALITY DURING DEVELOPMENT

SPL	DPTH	DATE	TIME	CONDUCTIVITY	TDS	CL	TEMP	Sal	Нq
NO.	BLS	M/D/Y		umhos/cm	mg/1	mg/1	C		
				HACH YSI					
1	1388	022491	1210	15000		3700	25.5	8.5	11.74
2	1388	022491	1225	18000			25.0	10.0	9.86
3	1388	022491	1240	40000			24.3	24.0	8.89
4	1388	022491	1255	40000			25.6	24.0	8.85
5		022491		39600			25.9		8.41
6		022491		42000		5040	26.2	25.2	8.36
7	1388	022491	1510	42200		7520	26.5	25.2	8.24
8	1388	022491	1610	42200		6900	26.5	25.2	8.26
9	1388	022491	1710	42500			26.5	25.2	8.11
10	1388	022491	1810	42200			26.4	25.2	8.05
11	1388	022491	1910	41000			25.5	24.3	7.98
12	1388	022491	2010	41000			25.5	25.0	7.96
13	1388	022491	2110	41200			25.8	25.8	7.92
14	1388	022491	2210	41200			25.8	25.2	7.89
15	1388	022491	2310	41000			25.2	25.2	7.89
16	1388	022591	0010	42000		11908	24.7	26.0	7.79
17	1388	022591	0110	41800			26.2	26.0	7.85
18	1388	022591	0210	41000			25.6	25.3	7.83
19	1388	022591	0310	40800			25.9	25.0	7.77
20	1388	022591	0410	41000			25.6	25.3	7.80
21	1388	022591	0510	41000			25.7	25.0	7.74
22	1388	022591	0610	40100		7400	24.8	25.0	7.78
23	1388	022791	1005	39500			24.1	27.2	7.81
24	1388	022791	1105	39000			25.2	27.0	7.94
25	1388	022791	1205	40200			25.2	28.0	7.94
26	1388	022791	1305	40200		16820	25.1	28.0	7.78
27	1388	022791	1355	39500			24.9	27.5	7.81
28	1388	030191	0925	39500			24.8	27.5	7.79
29	1388	030191	1030	40800			26.3	28.5	7.84

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL WATER QUALITY DURING REVERSE AIR DRILLING

SPL	TIME	DATE	DEPTH	CONDUCT	IVITY	TDS	CL	TEMP	SAL	рH
NO.		M/D/Y	BLS	umhos,	/cm	mg/1	mg/1	C	ppt	
				HACH	YSI					
								- 1		
1	-	010191	250		4000		719	24.2	2.5	11.92
		010191	260		8500			23.8	5.0	12.50
	-	010191	270		8200			24.7	5.0	12.40
	_	010191	280		7200			24.3	4.5	12.40
	_	010191	290		7200			24.3	4.3	12.38
_		010191	300		4500		-0-	25.0	2.8	12.35
2		010191	310		6800		280	24.8	4.0	12.24
	1328	010191	320		6800			24.5	4.0	12.25
		010191	330		7000			24.5	4.0	12.24
	1413	010191	340		6000			24.9	3.7	12.16
	1420 1426	010191 010191	350 360		5500			25.3 24.6	3.7 3.5	12.20 12.18
3	1448	010191	370		5900		858	24.9	3.2	12.17
3	1446	010191	370 380		5000 3500		050	24.9	2.1	11.76
	1504	010191	390		4500			24.7	2.8	11.70
	1550	010191	400		4700			24.1	2.1	11.74
		010191	410		4000			23.8	2.3	11.75
	1610	010191	420		3900			23.7	2.3	11.87
4	1640	010191	430		4200		574	23.8	2.5	11.91
-	1645	010191	440		4000			23.5	2.4	11.92
		010191	450		3800			23.7	2.1	11.79
	1749	_	460		4200			23.9	2.7	11.92
		010191	470		4200			23.3	2.7	11.95
	1900	010191	480		4100			22.7	2.5	11.91
5 .	1930	010191	490		4100		560	22.6	2.6	11.90
	2000	010191	500		3900			22.6	2.3	11.84
	2055	010191	510		3300			24.0	2.0	11.50
	2105	010191	520		3300			23.1	1.9	11.51
	2150	010191	530		3400			23.4	2.0	11.54
	2200	010191	540		3400			23.1	2.0	11.55
6		010191	550		3300		680	23.6	2.0	11.46
		010191	560		3400			23.4	2.0	11.44
	-	010191	570		3400			23.3	1.8	11.15
		010191	580		4000			23.5	2.2	11.78
	_	010291	590		3500			23.1	2.0	11.55
_		010291	600		3600		c = 0	23.5	2.0	11.61
7		010291	610		3400		658	23.7	1.9	11.44
	0240		620		2950			22.9	1.7	10.74
		010291	630		3100			23.5	1.9	10.87
		010291	640		3120			23.7	1.9	10.98
		010291 010291	650 660		2900			23.6	1.9	10.40
8		010291	670		3280 3000		616	23.5 23.5	2.0 1.9	11.32 10.90
•	4	~ 1 ~ 5 7 1	0/0		3000		0.10	23.3	1.7	10.90

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL WATER QUALITY DURING REVERSE AIR DRILLING

SPL NO.	TIME	DATE M/D/Y	DEPTH BLS	CONDUCTIVITY umhos/cm HACH YSI	TDS mg/l	CL mg/l	TEMP C	SAL ppt	рН
	0550	010291	680	2900			23.4	1.9	10.80
	0558	010291	690	2850			23.4	1.9	10.77
	0620	010291	700	2800			23.7	1.8	10.11
	0655	010291	710	2800			23.7	1.6	9.98
	0708	010291	720	2800			23.5	1.7	9.98
9	0725	010291	730	2800		762	23.7	1.5	9.77
		010291	740	2900			24.0	1.7	9.02
	0818	010291	750	2750			23.8	1.6	8.61
	0823	010291	760	2720			23.7	1.6	8.94
	_	010291	770	2800			23.9	1.7	9.10
		010291	780	2600			24.1	1.6	8.97
10	0954	010291	790	2800		760	24.4	1.5	9.09
	1000	010291	800	2820			24.0	1.5	10.05
	_	010291	810	2800			24.4	1.5	8.63
		010291	820	2800			24.3	1.5	8.84
	1053	010291	830	2800			24.5	1.5	9.87
	1120	010291	840	2820		_	24.5	1.5	8.70
11	1133	010291	850	2750		622	24.5	1.5	9.32
	1145		860	2850			24.4	1.5	8.83
		010291	870	2730			24.6	1.5	8.73
	1233	010291	880	2800			24.2	1.5	8.84
	1245	010291	890	2700			24.6	1.5	9.42
12		010291	900	2880		752	24.8	1.8	8.95
	1403	010291	910	2900			25.1	1.8	8.73
	1435	010291	920 930	2820 2880			25.1	1.8	9.02
	1546	010291 010291	930				25.2	1.8	9.10
	1620	010291	940 950	2900			25.2	1.8	8.73
12		010291	950 960	2900		620	25.1	1.8	9.90
13	1045	010291	900	2900		620	24.5	1.7	9.70

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL WATER QUALITY DURING DEVELOPMENT

SPL	TIME	DATE	DEPTH	CONDUCT	TIVITY	TDS	CL	TEMP	SAL	рH
NO.		M/D/Y	BLS	umhos		mg/l	mg/l	C	ppt	_
				HACH	YSI	· J.	- - -			
1		022591			2750			25.2	1.5	8.35
2	0835	022591	950		3600			24.8	2.0	8.25
3	0850	022591	950		3100			25.4	1.8	8.44
4	0905	022591	950		3400			25.1	2.0	8.31
5	0920	022591	950		3400			25.0	2.0	8.23
6	1020	022591	950		3500			25.7	2.0	7.97
7	1120	022591	950		3500			26.0	2.0	7.83
8	1220	022591	950		3500			25.8	2.0	7.82
9	1320	022591	950		3550			26.2	2.0	7.78
10		022591			3550			26.4	2.0	7.78
11		022591			3550			26.6	2.0	7.78
12		022591			3600			26.4	2.0	7.80
13		022591			3600		550		2.0	7.81
14		022591			3550		,,,,	26.5	2.0	7.80
15		022591			3600			26.3	2.0	7.79
16		022591			3520			26.4	2.0	7.78
17		022591			3510			26.1	2.0	7.75
18		022591			3480			25.7	2.0	7.77
19		022591			3450			25.3	2.0	7.76
20		022691			3400			24.8	2.0	7.75
21		022691			3490			25.7	1.9	7.82
22		022691			3420			25.5	1.9	7.79
23		022691			3490			25.1	2.0	7.76
24		022691			3470			25.6	2.0	7.72
25		022691			3490			24.7	2.0	7.71
26		022691			3490		480	25.8	2.0	7.69
27		022691			3500			25.4	2.0	7.76
28		022691			3590			25.4	2.0	7.75
29		022691			3600			25.4	2.0	7.71
30		022691			3580			25.4	2.0	7.70
31		022691			3580			25.2	2.0	7.70
32		022791			3600			23.7	2.0	7.71
33		022791			3400			23.4	1.9	7.74
34		022791			3300			23.4	2.0	7.70
35		022791			3520			24.2	2.0	7.67
36		022791			3490			25.0	2.0	7.70
37		022791			3200			21.3	2.0	7.71
38		030191			3450			24.8	2.0	7.66
39		030191			3490		865	25.4	2.1	7.62
40		030191			3500		009	25.6	2.1	7.67
40	0920	OBOTAT	320		3500			25.0	Z . I	7.07

Surficial Monitor Wells water quality:

October 17, 1990 Bionomics

Well	Turbidity	Conductivity	Chlorides	рH
	(NTU)	(umhos/cm)	(mg/1)	
MW #1 (NE)	5.5	2,000	356	5.73
MW #2 (NW)	3.0	730	68	5.87
MW #3 (SW)	5.5	2,000	350	5.39
MW #4 (SE)	66	840	131	5.48

October 18, 1990 Bionomics

Well		Turbidity	Conductivity	Chlorides	рH	
		(NTU)	(umhos/cm)	(mg/1)		
MW	#1	19	1,000	134	5.85	
MW	#2	3.0	720	94	6.00	
MW	#3	17	1,900	348	5.34	
MW	#4	16	900	156	5.42	

October 19, 1990 Bionomics

Well		Turbidity	Conductivity	Chlorides	рH	
		(NTU)	(umhos/cm)	(mg/1)		
MW	#1	23	900	132	5.70	
MW	#2	3.0	710	88	5.95	
WM	#3	13	2,000	348	5.41	
MW	#4	38	870	154	5.55	

October 26, 1990 Bionomics

Well	Turbidity	Conductivity	Chlorides	Нq
	(NTU)	(umhos/cm)	(mg/l)	
MW #1 (NE)	8.2	800	120	5.68
MW #2 (NW)	3.0	770	96	6.01
MW #3 (SW)	9.2	2,000	345	5.45
MW #4 (SE)	23	840	142	6.00

October 31, 1990 Bionomics

Well	Turbidity	Conductivity	Chlorides	Нq
	(NTU)	(umhos/cm)	(mg/l)	
MW #1 (NE)	26	890	125	6.02
MW #2 (NW)	1.9	720	112	5.85
MW #3 (SW)	9.8	1,800	320	5.55
MW #4 (SE)	20	720	112	5.85

November 8, 1990 YSI Meter

Well	Turbidity	Conductivity	Chlorides	рH
	(NTU)	(umhos/cm)	(mg/l)	
MW #1 (NE)	8.7	1,110	160	6.34
MW #2 (NW)	1.8	870	128	5.86
MW #3 (SW)	3.2	2,168	368	5.75
MW #4 (SE)	140	850	140	6.27

November 22, 1990 Hach Meter

Well	Conductivity	Chlorides	рH	TDS
	(umhos/cm)	(mg/1)		(mg/1)
MW #1 (NE)	1,100	100	5.81	550
MW #2 (NW)	1,360	120	5.85	690
MW #3 (SW)	1,980	270	5.31	1030
MW #4 (SE)	630	45	5.76	320

November 30, 1990 Hach Meter

Well		Conductivity	Chlorides	рH	TDS
		(umhos/cm)	(mg/l)		(mg/1)
MW #1	(NE)	1,000	100	5.70	500
MW #2	(NW)	1,080	100	5.76	540
MW #3	(SW)	2,100	230	5.44	1050
MW #4	(SE)	710	137	5.53	360

December 6, 1990 Hach Meter

Well		Conductivity	Chlorides	Нq	TDS
		(umhos/cm)	(mg/l)		(mg/l)
MW #1	(NE)	1,010	129	5.76	510
MW #2	(WW)	1,090	126	5.89	550
MW #3	(SW)	2,170	331	5.65	1080
MW #4	(SE)	880	115	5.79	440

December 13, 1990 Hach Meter

Well		Conductivity	Chlorides	Нq	TDS
		(umhos/cm)	(mg/l)		(mg/1)
MW #1	(NE)	1,060	149	5.71	530
MW #2	(NW)	1,080	116	6.15	540
MW #3	(SW)	2,200	351	5.58	1120
MW #4	(SE)	880	151	5.90	440

December 20, 1990 YSI Meter

We:	11		Conductivity	Chlorides	рH	TDS
			(umhos/cm)	(mg/l)		(mg/l)
MW	#1	(NE)	900	140	5.65	460
MW		(NW)	980	121	6.21	480
		(SW)	1,800	320	5.31	
MW	_	(SE)	650	147	5.76	320
1.104	π →	(52)	0,50	± - - /	5.70	520
Dec	embe	er 27	, 1990 YSI Meter			
We	11		Conductivity	Chlorides	рН	TDS
			(umhos/cm)	(mg/l)	-	(mg/l)
MW	#1	(NE)	980	140	6.05	470
MW		(NW)	930	111	6.00	
MW	#3	(SW)	1,810	317	5.52	-
	#4	(SE)	750	105	5.82	
	п ¬	(32)	130	10)	J. 02	370
Jan	uary	, 4, :	1991 YSI Meter			
We:	11		Conductivity	Chlorides	pН	TDS
			(umhos/cm)	(mg/l)	((mg/l)
MW	#1	(NE)	1,000	160	6.50	490
MW		(NW)	1,020	130	6.81	520
MW		(SW)	2,200	306		.,090
MW	#4	(SE)	760	150	6.24	400
			•	-		
Janı	ary	10,	1991 YSI Meter			
We:	ll		Conductivity	Chlorides	Нq	TDS
			(umhos/cm)	(mg/l)		(mg/l)
MW	#1	(NE)	980	142	6.08	500
MW	#2	(NW)	1,090	114	5.96	530
MW	#3	(SW)	2,000	258	5.45	990
MW	#4	(SE)	890	124	5.91	440
Janu	ıar,	17,	1991, YSI Meter			
We]	ιı		Conductivity	Chlorides	рH	TDS
			(umhos/cm)	(mg/l)		(mg/l)
MW	#1	(NE)	820	120	6.17	460
MW	#2	(NW)	1,000	124	6.65	500
MW	#3	(SW)	1,650	278	5.74	820
MW	#4	(SE)	900	142	6.14	440
	••	· /	<i></i>	- · -		

January 25, 1991, YSI Meter

We:		(NE)	Conductivity (umhos/cm) 850	Chlorides (mg/1)	рН 6.07	TDS (mg/1) 425
MW	#2	(NW)	1,100	121	6.70	550
WM	#3	(SW)	1,510	270	5.95	750
MW	#4	(SE)	880	152	5.98	440
Feb	ruai	cy 1,	1991, YSI Meter			
We:	11		Conductivity	Chlorides	pН	TDS
			(umhos/cm)	(mg/l)		(mg/l)
MW	#1	(NE)	920	128	5.89	460
MW	#2	(NW)	1.300	114	6.66	650
MW	#3	(SW)	1,400	295	6.10	700
MW	#4	(SE)	900	172	6.24	450
Feb	ruai	y 7.	1991. YSI Meter			
We	11		Conductivity	Chlorides	рH	TDS
			(umhos/cm)	(mg/l)		(mg/l)
MW	#1	(NE)	870	111	6.17	435
MW	#2	(NW)	950	119	5.98	475
MW	#3	(SW)	1,380	219	5.57	690
MW	#4	(SE)	1,000	137	5.83	500
Feb	ruar	ry 15,	1991, YSI Meter			
We:	11		Conductivity	Chlorides	pН	TDS
			(umhos/cm)	(mg/1)	B	(mg/l)
MW	#1	(NE)	820	115	6.29	410
MW	••	(NW)	810	121	5.87	405
MW		(SW)	1,300	205	5.76	650
MW	•	(SE)	980	140	6.20	475
Febi	cuar	y 21,	1991, YSI Meter			
We:	Ll		Conductivity	Chlorides	рĦ	TDS
			(umhos/cm)	(mg/l)		(mg/1)
MW	#1	(NE)	820	118	5.46	410
MW	#2	(NW)	830	113	5.36	415
MW	#3	(SW)	1,470	214	5.17	735
MW	#4	(SE)	970	146	5.43	465

February 28, 1991, YSI Meter

MW MW	#1 #2 #3	(NE) (NW) (SW) (SE)	Conductivity (umhos/cm) 820 850 1,490 1,020	Chlorides (mg/l) 118 122 208 145	pH 6.16 6.18 5.70 5.88	TDS (mg/1) 410 425 735 460
Marc	ch 7	7, 199	1, YSI Meter			
MW	#1 #2	(NE) (NW)	Conductivity (umhos/cm) 800 850	Chlorides (mg/l) 100 116	pH 6.18 6.01	
MW		(SW)	1,430	203	5.80	720
MW	#4	(SE)	1,000	145	5.26	520
Marc	ch 1	14, 19	91, YSI Meter			
We]	Ll		Conductivity	Chlorides	рH	TDS
			(umhos/cm)	(mg/1)		(mg/1)
MW	#1	(NE)	800	95	6.15	375
MW	#2	(WW)	800	103	6.02	400
MW	• • •	(SW)	1,480	210	5.70	700
		(SE)	930	143	5.97	510
	<i>n</i> +	(5-)	750	0	2.3,	5. 2
Marc	eh 2	21, 19	91, YSI Meter			
We]	11		Conductivity	Chlorides	рH	TDS
			(umhos/cm)	(mg/l)		(mg/l)
MW	#1	(NE)	800	100	5.97	400
MW	#2	(NW)	870	104	6.40	430
MW		(SW)	2.280	476	6.23	900
MW		(SE)	1,220	184	5.78	570
Marc	ch 2	28, 19	91, YSI Meter			
We]	l1		Conductivity	Chlorides	pН	TDS
			(umhos/cm)	(mg/1)		(mg/l)
MW	#1	(NE)	800	100	5.97	400
MW	#2	(NW)	870	104	6.40	430
MW	#3	(SW)	2,280	476	6.23	900
MW	#4	(SE)	1,220	184	5.78	570
		• •	· — -			- ,

April 4, 1991, YSI Meter

Well	Conductivity	Chlorides	Нq	TDS
	(umhos/cm)	(mg/1)		(mg/1)
MW #1 (NE)	800	102	8.93	400
MW #2 (NW)	870	104	9.18	420
MW #3 (SW)	2,280	476	8.59	930
MW #4 (SE)	1,220	184	8.25	600

April 11, 1991, YSI Meter

Well		Conductivity	Chlorides	рH	TDS
		(umhos/cm)	(mg/1)		(mg/l)
MW #1	(NE)	800	100	9.12	230
MW #2	(NW)	850	108	9.43	300
MW #3	(SW)	2,850	848	8.73	1530
MW #4	(SE)	1,070	174	8.62	600

LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

February 6, 1991

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 1/21/91, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO.	91534
MARKS	WELL: 1,657'
DATE SAMPLED	1/17/91
TIME SAMPLED	0100
pH, lab	7.99
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l	124
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l	124
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	< 1
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	< 1
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	< 1
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l	1,354
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l	1,230
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l	2.5
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l	3,798
Color, Pt/CO units	< 5
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.48
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l	0.16
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.06
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l	< 0.02
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	0.11
Turbidity, N.T.U.	110
Sulfides as S, mg/l	0.24
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	474
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	8,581
Conductivity, umhos/cm	10,700

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

SAMPLE TAKEN AT END OF DEVELOPMENT38" NOMINAL OPEN HOLE FROM 460' TO 1655'



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

February 6, 1991

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 1/21/91, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED TIME SAMPLED	91534 WELL: 1,657' 1/17/91 0100	
TOTAL METALS: mg/l		
Calcium as Ca	219	
Iron as Fe	0.20	
Magnesium as Mg	196	
Potassium as K	56.0	
Sodium as Na	2,210	

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

SAMPLE TAKEN AT END OF DEVELOPMENT38" NOMINAL OPEN HOLE FROM 460' TO 1655'



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

April 11, 1991

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 246

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 3/18/91, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT # HD88020202

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO.	912498	912499
MARKS	1,970'	2,000′
DATE SAMPLED	3/17/91	3/17/91
TIME SAMPLED	1015	1030
pH, lab	7.74	7.77
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l	341	231
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l	341	231
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l	6,72 4	7,486
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l	6,383	7,255
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l	3.9	4.0
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l	16,564	16,059
Color, Pt/CO units	10	10
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.10	0.04
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l	2.39	1.67
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l	< 0.40	< 0.40
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.04	0.05
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	< 0.50	< 0.50
Turbidity, N.T.U.	2,600	2,600
Sulfides as S, mg/l	< 0.10	< 0.10
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	2,650	2,680
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	31,215	31,513
Conductivity, umhos/cm	42,600	42,800

POINT SAMPLES-

HYDRO DESIGNS April 11, 1991 Page Two

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED TIME SAMPLED	912498 1,970' 3/17/91 1015	912499 2,000' 3/17/91 1030
TOTAL METALS: mg/l		
Calcium as Ca	1,090	1,250
Iron as Fe	11.4	15.9
Magnesium as Mg	972	1,060
Potassium as K	232	241
Sodium as Na	7,560	7,780

Signed ______ Mark Kromis, Chemist



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

April 11, 1991

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 246

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 3/18/91, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT # HD88020202

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED TIME SAMPLED	912500 2,100' 3/17/91 1045	912501 2,200' 3/17/91 1100
pH, lab	7.70	7.71
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l	198	176
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l	198	176
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l	6,195	6,048
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l	5,997	5,872
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l	2.5	3.0
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l	16,362	15,857
Color, Pt/CO units	10	5
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.12	0.08
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l	3.07	1.79
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l	< 0.40	< 0.40
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.05	0.04
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	< 0.50	< 0.50
Turbidity, N.T.U.	1,300	1,200
Sulfides as S, mg/l	< 0.10	< 0.10
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	2,680	2,500
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	31,711	31,955
Conductivity, umhos/cm	43,200	44,800

POINT SAMPLES-

HYDRO DESIGNS April 11, 1991 Page Two

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED TIME SAMPLED	912500 2,100' 3/17/91 1045	912501 2,200' 3/17/91 1100
TOTAL METALS: mg/l		
Calcium as Ca	1,010	979
Iron as Fe	11.2	10.1
Magnesium as Mg	892	875
Potassium as K	205	206
Sodium as Na	6,730	6,890

Signed		_	
	Mark Kromie	Chemist	



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

April 11, 1991

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 246

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 3/18/91, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT # HD88020202

LAB I.D. NO.	912502	912503
MARKS	2,300′	2 ,400 ′
DATE SAMPLED	3/17/91	3/17/91
TIME SAMPLED	1115	1130
		
pH, lab	7.73	7.82
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l	231	187
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l	231	187
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l	5,239	5,489
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l	5,008	5,302
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l	2.8	3.6
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l	15,655	15,655
Color, Pt/CO units	5	5
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.19	0.11
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l	2.11	2.15
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l	< 0.40	< 0.40
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.0 4	0.05
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	< 0.50	< 0.50
Turbidity, N.T.U.	1,200	1,300
Sulfides as S, mg/l	< 0.10	< 0.10
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	2,500	2,300
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	32,747	31,589
Conductivity, umhos/cm	45,000	42,700

HYDRO DESIGNS April 11, 1991 Page Two

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED TIME SAMPLED	912502 2,300' 3/17/91 1115	912503 2,400' 3/17/91 1130
TOTAL METALS: mg/l		
Calcium as Ca	731	841
Iron as Fe	3.57	5.88
Magnesium as Mg	829	823
Potassium as K	230	211
Sodium as Na	7,290	7,070

	Signed			Chand at	
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4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

April 11, 1991

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 246

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 3/18/91, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT # HD88020202

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO.	912504	912505
MARKS	2,500′	2,600'
DATE SAMPLED	3/17/91	3/17/91
TIME SAMPLED	1145	1200
pH, lab	7.87	7.87
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l	165	165
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l	165	165
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l <	5,027	5,501
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l	4,862	5,336
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l	4.0	7.6
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l	15,554	14,746
Color, Pt/CO units	10	10
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.10	0.07
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l	2.02	2.75
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l	< 0.40	< 0.40
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.04	0.05
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	< 0.50	< 0.50
Turbidity, N.T.U.	950	1,400
Sulfides as S, mg/l	< 0.10	< 0.10
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	2,665	2,320
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	30,609	29,939
Conductivity, umhos/cm	42,000	40,500

POINT SAMPLES-

HYDRO DESIGNS April 11, 1991 Page Two

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED TIME SAMPLED	912504 2,500' 3/17/91 1145	912505 2,600' 3/17/91 1200
TOTAL METALS: mg/l		
Calcium as Ca	755	872
Iron as Fe	5.06	7.79
Magnesium as Mg	763	807
Potassium as K	206	204
Sodium as Na	6,940	6,750

Signed				
_	Mark	Kromis,	Chemist	



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

April 11, 1991

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 246

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 3/18/91, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT # HD88020202

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS	912506	912507 TEST INJECTION WELL
DATE SAMPLED	2,7 00' 3/17/91	3/17/91
TIME SAMPLED	1215	3/1//91
pH, lab	7.80	7.90
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l	253	132
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l	25 3	132
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l	6,668	5,234
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l	6,415	5,102
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l	8.0	1.0
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l	14,544	15,655
Color, Pt/CO units	5	10
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.14	0.06
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l	2.51	3.02
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l	< 0.40	< 0.40
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.05	0. 05
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	< 0.50	< 0.50
Turbidity, N.T.U.	1,400	70
Sulfides as S, mg/l	< 0.10	< 0.10
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	2,350	2,680
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	29,703	31,492
Conductivity, umhos/cm	41,300	44,100

POINT SAMPLES-

TEST/INJECTION WELL

SAMPLE TAKEN AT END OF FINAL WELL DEVELOPMENT-

TEST/INJECTION WELL

HYDRO DESIGNS April 11, 1991 Page Two

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED TIME SAMPLED	912506 2,700' 3/17/91 1215	912507 TEST INJECTION WELL 3/17/91
TOTAL METALS: mg/l		
Calcium as Ca	1,120	767
Iron as Fe	10.6	1.50
Magnesium as Mg	940	806
Potassium as K	241	260
Sodium as Na	7,020	8,120

Signed	5 5 4 1 V
	Mark Kromis Chemist

POINT SAMPLES-

TEST/INJECTION WELL

SAMPLE TAKEN AT END OF FINAL WELL DEVELOPMENT-

TEST/INJECTION WELL



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

February 14, 1991

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 246

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 2/1/91, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

YOUNGQUEST BROTHERS

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED TIME SAMPLED	91981 CIRCULATION TANK T/1 WELL 2/1/91 1505
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.52
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen as N, mg/l	1.22

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

CIRCULATION TANK SAMPLETEST/INJECTION WELL



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

December 3, 1990

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 11/15/90, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LAB I.D. NO.	9010503	9010504
MARKS	# 1 250'	# 2 300'
TIME SAMPLED	1240	1311
pH, lab	7.55	7.44
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l	112	113
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l	112	113
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l	568	554
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l	456	441
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l	3.0	2.2
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l	1,346	1,208
Color, Pt/CO units	5	5
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.67	0.64
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l	0.06	0.28
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.11	0.11
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l	< 0.02	< 0.02
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	< 0.050	< 0.050
Turbidity, N.T.U.	17	20
Sulfides as S, mg/l	0.91	1.18
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	224	187
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	2,578	2,580
Conductivity, umhos/cm	3,200	3,400

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS TIME SAMPLED	9010503 # 1 250' 1240	9010504 # 2 300' 1311
TOTAL METALS: mg/l		•
Calcium as Ca	120	117
Iron as Fe	0.59	0.44
Magnesium as Mg	65.1	63.5
Potassium as K	14.0	12.0
Sodium as Na	417	403

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

POINT SAMPLES-



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

December 3, 1990

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 11/15/90, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LAB I.D. NO.	9010505	9010506
MARKS	#3 400'	#4 500'
TIME SAMPLED	1338	1358
pH, lab	7.60	7.57
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l	128	131
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l	128	131
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hardness, Total as CaCO3, mg/l	769	465
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l	641	334
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l	1.6	5.0
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l	2,633	2,851
Color, Pt/CO units	7	10
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.58	0.63
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l	0.44	0.24
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.08	0.08
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l	< 0.02	< 0.02
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	< 0.050	< 0.050
Turbidity, N.T.U.	36	39
Sulfides as S, mg/l	0.52	0.26
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	309	380
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	4,347	5,333
Conductivity, umhos/cm	6,300	7,400

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS TIME SAMPLED	9010505 #3 400′ 1338	9010506 #4 500' 1358	
TOTAL HETALS: mg/l		,	
Calcium as Ca	144	164	
Iron as Fe	0.42	0.53	
Magnesium as Mg	99.5	13.5	
Potassium as K	29.0	38.0	
Sodium as Na	822	1,100	

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

POINT SAMPLES-



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

December 3, 1990

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 11/15/90, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LAB I.D. NO.	9010507	9010508
MARKS	# 5 600′	# 6 700°
TIME SAMPLED	1421	1441
		······································
pH, lab	7.59	7.72
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l	126	113
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l	126	113
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l	886	557
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l	760	444
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l	1.1	1.7
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l	2,950	1,871
Color, Pt/CO units	5	5
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.61	0.55
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l	0.35	0.17
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.05	0.08
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l	< 0.02	< 0.02
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	< 0.050	< 0.050
Turbidity, N.T.U.	29	34
Sulfides as S, mg/l	0.33	1.15
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	343	229
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	5,245	2,647
Conductivity, umhos/cm	8,000	7,900

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS TIME SAMPLED	9010507 # 5 600' 1421	9010508 # 6 700' 1441	
TOTAL METALS: mg/l			
Calcium as Ca	147	122	
Iron as Fe	0.41	0.55	
Magnesium as Mg	126	61.4	
Potassium as K	37.0	15.7	
Sodium as Na	1,030	489	

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

POINT SAMPLES-



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

December 3, 1990

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 11/15/90, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LAB I.D. NO.	9010509	9010510
MARKS	# 7 800°	# 8 900'
TIME SAMPLED	1501	1528
pH, lab	7.54	7.52
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l	128	129
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l	128	129
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l	959	1,404
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l	831	1,275
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l	1.2	1.4
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l	1,554	2,495
Color, Pt/CO units	5	6
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.59	0.60
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l	0.27	0.25
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.06	0.04
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l	< 0.02	< 0.02
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	< 0.050	< 0.050
Turbidity, N.T.U.	50	44
Sulfides as S, mg/l	0.53	0.55
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	302	369
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	4,406	4,781
Conductivity, umhos/cm	6,200	6,900

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS TIME SAMPLED	9010509 # 7 800' 1501	9010510 # 8 900' 1528
TOTAL METALS: mg/l		
Calcium as Ca	163	216
Iron as Fe	1.57	Ø.68
Magnesium as Mg	134	210
Potassium as K	39.0	62.5
Sodium as Na	1,180	1,860

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

POINT SAMPLES-



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

December 3, 1990

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 11/15/90, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO.	9010511	9010512
MARKS	# 9 1,000'	# 10 1,100'
TIME SAMPLED	1553	1614
pH, lab	7.59	7.54
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l	128	127
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l	128	127
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l	1,317	947
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l	1,189	820
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l	1.1	1.3
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l	1,426	2,812
Color, Pt/CO units	6	8
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.61	0.62
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l	0.09	0.13
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.04	0.04
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l	< 0.02	< 0.02
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	< 0.050	< 0.050
Turbidity, N.T.U.	48	30
Sulfides as S, mg/l	0.43	0.59
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	328	411
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	4,540	5,720
Conductivity, umhos/cm	6,500	8,000

POINT SAMPLES-

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS TIME SAMPLED	9010511 # 9 1,000′ 1553	9010512 # 10 1,100' 1614
TOTAL METALS: mg/l		
Calcium as Ca	208	228
Iron as Fe	0.83	0.52
Magnesium as Mg	194	230
Potassium as K	58.0	67.5
Sodium as Na	1,710	2,040

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

POINT SAMPLES-



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

December 3, 1990

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 11/15/90, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO.	9010513	9010514
MARKS	# 11 1,200′	*
TIME SAMPLED	1637	1700
pH, lab	7.67	7.55
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l	124	130
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l	124	130
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l	896	1,459
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l	772	1,329
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l	1.3	2.6
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l	1,841	2,713
Color, Pt/CO units	7	5
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.57	0.4 6
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l	0.27	0.34
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.05	< 0.02
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l	< 0.02	< 0.02
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	< 0.050	< 0.050
Turbidity, N.T.U.	30	35
Sulfides as S, mg/l	0.58	0.53
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	284	317
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	3,556	5,079
Conductivity, umhos/cm	5,200	7,300

POINT SAMPLES-

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS TIME SAMPLED	9010513 # 11 1,200' 1637	9010514 # 12 1,300' 1700
TOTAL METALS: mg/l		•
Calcium as Ca	161	223
Iron as Fe	0.57	1.01
Magnesium as Mg	120	219
Potassium as K	33.0	61.0
Sodium as Na	983	1,820

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

POINT SAMPLES-



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

December 3, 1990

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 11/15/90, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS TIME SAMPLED	9010515 # 13 1,400' 1727	9010516 # 14 1,500' 1802
pH, lab Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l	7.46 134	7.62 130
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l	134	130
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	< 1	< 1
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l	1,486	1,653
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l	1,352	1,523
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l	1.3	1.0
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l	5,782	3,861
Color, Pt/CO units	6	7
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.62	0.57
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l	0.22	0.43
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.04	0.04
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l	< 0.02	< 0.02
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	< 0.050	< 0.050
Turbidity, N.T.U.	31	32
Sulfides as S, mg/l	0.44	0.45
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	733	494
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	9,207	5,567
Conductivity, umhos/cm	13,600	8,900

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS TIME SAMPLED	9010515 # 13 1,400' 1727	9010516 # 14 1,500' 1802
TOTAL METALS: mg/l		
Calcium as Ca	293	235
Iron as Fe	0.42	0.56
Magnesium as Mg	361	259
Potassium as K	121	77.5
Sodium as Na	3,240	2,160

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

POINT SAMPLES-



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

December 3, 1990

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 11/16/90, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS	9010536 1,125'-1,135' DEEP WELL	
nV lab	7.18	
pH, lab		
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l	116	
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l	116	
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	< 1	
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	< 1	
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	< 1	
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l	1,062	
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l	946	
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l	1.1	
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l	3,420	
Color, Pt/CO units	10	
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.64	
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l	0.35	
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.04	
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l	< 0.02	
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	< 0.050	
Turbidity, N.T.U.	21	
Sulfides as S, mg/l	0.29	
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	463	
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	6,384	
Conductivity, umhos/cm	9.200	

STRADDLE PACKER SAMPLE-

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS	9010536 1,125'-1,135' DEEP WELL	
TOTAL METALS: mg/l	•	
Calcium as Ca	183	
Iron as Fe	2.75	
Magnesium as Mg	147	
Potassium as K	37.5	
Sodium as Na	1,260	

Signed Mark Kromis, Chemist

STRADDLE PACKER SAMPLE-



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

December 3, 1990

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 11/15/90, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. 9010517	
MARKS	# 15 STRADDLE PACKER
TIME SAMPLED	0720 1145'-1,200'
pH, lab	7.39
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l	135
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l	135
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	< 1
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	< 1
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	< 1
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l	3,832
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l	3,697
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l	0.6
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l	11,454
Color, Pt/CO units	10
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.85
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l	0.09
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0.02
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l	< 0.02
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	< 0.050
Turbidity, N.T.U.	37
Sulfides as S, mg/l	0.12
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	1,820
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	22,158
Conductivity, umhos/cm	32,000

STRADDLE PACKER SAMPLE-

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS	9010517 # 15 STRADDLE PACKER
TIME SAMPLED	0720 1145'-1,200'
TOTAL METALS: mg/l	
Calcium as Ca	479
Iron as Fe	3.01
Magnesium as Mg	640
Potassium as K	193
Sodium as Na	5,710

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

STRADDLE PACKER SAMPLE-



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

March 20, 1991

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 246

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 2/27/91, Sampled by Bionomics Laboratory.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS		911863 SHALLOW FLORIDIAN MW		911864 DEEP FLORIDIAN MW
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l		121 121		109 109
		1		1 1
<pre>Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l</pre>	<	1 576	<	1 4,595
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l		455 1.2		4,486 1.2
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l Color, Pt/CO units		968 10		15,230 15
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l		0.53 0.62		0.72 2.52
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l		0.02 0.02		0.02 0.02
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l Turbidity, N.T.U.		0.074 27		0.24 32
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l		125 2,221		2,346 38,989

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

SAMPLES TAKEN AT END OF FINAL DEVELOPMENT-

SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

March 20, 1991

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 246

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 2/27/91, Sampled by Bionomics Laboratory.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS	911863 SHALLOW FLORIDIAN MW	911864 DEEP FLORIDIAN MW
TOTAL METALS: mg/l		
Calcium as Ca	107	615
Iron as Fe	1.64	6.33
Magnesium as Mg	74.9	743
Potassium as K	7.23	227
Sodium as Na	388	14,400

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

SAMPLES TAKEN AT END OF FINAL DEVELOPMENT-

SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

March 20, 1991

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway l

Suite 246

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 2/27/91, Sampled by Bionomics Laboratory.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

FIELD DATA REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS	911863 SHALLOW FLORIDIAN MW	911864 DEEP FLORIDIAN MW
Date Sampled	2/27/91	2/27/91
Time Sampled	0942	1351
pH, Field	7.32	7.43
Temperature, °C	20.9	25.9
Conductivity, umhos/cm	3,450	32,300
Well depth, top of casing, ft.	951	1,388
Water depth, top of casing, ft.	2.33	16.92

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

SAMPLES TAKEN AT END OF FINAL DEVELOPMENT-

SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

March 20, 1991

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 246

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 3/1/91, Sampled by Bionomics Laboratory.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS	911953 SHALLOW FLORIDIAN MW	911954 DEEP FLORIDIAN MW
FIELD DATA:		
Date Sampled	3/1/91	3/1/91
Time Sampled	0907	1033
pH, Field	7.10	7.71
Temperature, °C	26.0	27.1
Conductivity, umhos/cm	3,510	33,800
Well depth, ft.	951	1,388
LABORATORY DATA:		
Hydrogen Sulfide as S, mg/l	1.12	< 0.10

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

SAMPLES TAKEN AT END OF FINAL DEVELOPMENT-

SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

June 20, 1991

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 246

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 4/19/91, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT # HD88020202

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED TIME SAMPLED		913811 WELL HEAD 4/18/91 1137
pH, lab		7.34
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l		65
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l		65
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	<	1
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	<	1
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	<	1
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l		131
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l		66
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l		14
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l		10
Color, Pt/Co units		40
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l		5.62
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l		2.08
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l		5.92
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l		0.38

EFFLUENT SAMPLED AT BEGINNING OF INJECTION TEST

HYDRO DESIGNS June 20, 1991 Page Two

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED	913811 WELL HEAD 4/18/91
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	4.20
Turbidity, N.T.U.	4.5
Sulfides as S, mg/l	< 0.10
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	112
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	729
Conductivity, umhos/cm	1,100
TOTAL METALS: mg/l	
Calcium as Ca	34.1
Iron as Fe	0.22
Magnesium as Mg	11.1
Potassium as K	10.8
Sodium as Na	173

HYDRO DESIGNS June 20, 1991 Page Three

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED 913811 WELL HEAD 4/18/91

EPA METHOD 601/602	Storet No.	UNITS: ug/l	Q
Benzene	34030	1.0	U
Bromodichloromethane	32101	0.49	J
Bromoform	32104	1.0	ប
Bromomethane	34413	1.0	ប
Carbon Tetrachloride	32102	1.0	ប
Chlorobenzene	34301	1.0	ប
Chloroethane	34311	1.0	ប
2-Chl'Eth'Vinylether	34576	1.0	ប
Chloroform	32106	2.5	
Chloromethane	34418	1.0	ប
Dibromochloromethane	34306	1.0	ប
1,2,-Dichlorobenzene	34571	1.0	ប
1,3,-Dichlorobenzene	34566	1.0	U
1,4,-Dichlorobenzene	34536	1.0	ប
Dichl'Difluo'Methane	34668	1.0	ប
1,1-Dichloroethane	34496	1.0	ប
1,2-Dichloroethane	34531	1.0	ប
1,1-Dichloroethene	34501	1.0	ប
T-1,2-Dichloroethene	34546	1.0	บ
1,2-Dichloropropane	34541	1.0	U
cis-1,3-Dich'Propene	34704	1.0	ប
I-1,3-Dichl'Propene	34699	1.0	ប
Ethylbenzene	34371	1.0	ប
Methylene Chloride	34423	1.0	ប
1,1,2,2,-Te'Ch'Ethane	34516	1.0	ប
Tetrachloroethene	34475	1.0	ប
Toluene	34010	1.0	ប
1,1,1-Trichl'Ethane	34506	1.0	U
1,1,2-Trichl'Ethane	34511	1.0	U
Trichloroethene	39180	1.0	U
Trichl'Flouromethane	34488	1.0	U
Total Xylenes	81551	3.0	ប
Vinyl Chloride	39175	1.0	U

⁽Q): Qualifiers:

B: Found in associated blank as well as sample

J: Estimated Value, less than calibration limit

O: Estimated Value, greater than calibration limit

U: Analyzed for but not detected (BDL)

HYDRO DESIGNS June 20, 1991 Page Four

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS
DATE SAMPLED

913811 WELL HEAD 4/18/91

ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDES EPA METHOD 8080	UNITS: ug/l	Q
Aldrin	0.04	U
а-ВНС	0.03	ប
b-BHC	0.06	U
d-BHC	0.09	U
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.04	ប
Chlordane	0.14	บ
4,4'-DDD	0.11	U
4,4'-DDE	0.04	ָ ע
4,4'-DDT	0.12	U
Dieldrin	0.02	U
Endosulfan I	0.14	บ
Endosulfan II	0.04	U
Endosulfan Sulfate	0.66	U
Endrin	0.06	U
Endrin aldehyde	0.23	U
Heptachlor	0.03	U
Heptachlor epoxide	0.83	ប
Methoxychlor	1.8	ប
Toxaphene	2.4	U

⁽Q): Qualifiers:

- B: Found in associated blank as well as sample
- J: Estimated Value, less than calibration limit
- O: Estimated Value, greater than calibration limit
- U: Analyzed for but not detected (BDL)

	Mark Kromie	Chemist	
Signed		11111	



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

June 20, 1991

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 246

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 4/19/91, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT # HD88020202

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED TIME SAMPLED	W]	13812 ELL HEAD /18/91 545
pH, lab	7	.37
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l	6	8
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l	68	8
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	< 1	
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	< 1	
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	< 1	
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l	1:	33
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l	6	5
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l	3	.4
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l	3	86
Color, Pt/Co units	40	0
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l	5	.96
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l	41	. 54
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l	5	. 54
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l	0	.45

EFFLUENT SAMPLED IN MIDDLE OF INJECTION TEST

HYDRO DESIGNS June 20, 1991 Page Two

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED	913812 WELL HEAD 4/18/91
Total Phosphorus as P, mg/l	3.60
Turbidity, N.T.U.	4.5
Sulfides as S, mg/l	0.10
Sulfates as SO4, mg/l	117
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l	729
Conductivity, umhos/cm	1,100
TOTAL METALS: mg/l	
Calcium as Ca	35.0
Iron as Fe	0.19
Magnesium as Mg	11.1
Potassium as K	11.2
Sodium as Na	180

HYDRO DESIGNS June 20, 1991 Page Three

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS
DATE SAMPLED

913812 WELL HEAD 4/18/91

EPA METHOD 601/602	Storet No.	UNITS: ug/l	Q
 Benzene	34030	1.0	Ŭ
Bromodichloromethane	32101	0.43	J
Bromoform	32104	1.0	U
Bromomethane	34413	1.0	U
Carbon Tetrachloride	32102	1.0	U
Chlorobenzene	34301	1.0	U
Chloroethane	34311	1.0	U
2-Chl'Eth'Vinylether	34576	1.0	U
Chloroform	32106	2.6	
Chloromethane	34418	1.0	U
Dibromochloromethane	34306	1.0	U
1,2,-Dichlorobenzene	34571	1.0	บ
1,3,-Dichlorobenzene	34566	1.0	U
1,4,-Dichlorobenzene	34536	1.0	U
Dichl'Difluo'Methane	34668	1.0	U
1,1-Dichloroethane	34496	1.0	U
1,2-Dichloroethane	34531	1.0	U
1,1-Dichloroethene	34501	1.0	ប
T-1,2-Dichloroethene	34546	1.0	U
1,2-Dichloropropane	34541	1.0	บ
cis-1,3-Dich'Propene	34704	1.0	U
T-1,3-Dichl'Propene	34699	1.0	บ
Ethylbenzene	34371	1.0	ប
Methylene Chloride	34423	1.0	บ
1,1,2,2,-Te'Ch'Ethane	34516	1.0	U
Tetrachloroethene	34475	1.0	ប
Toluene	3 4 010	1.0	U
1,1,1-Trichl'Ethane	34506	1.0	U
1,1,2-Trichl'Ethane	34511	1.0	U
Trichloroethene	39180	1.0	บ
Trichl'Flouromethane	34488	1.0	ប
Total Xylenes	81551	3.0	U
Vinyl Chloride	39175	1.0	U

⁽Q): Qualifiers:

B: Found in associated blank as well as sample

J: Estimated Value, less than calibration limit

O: Estimated Value, greater than calibration limit

U: Analyzed for but not detected (BDL)

HYDRO DESIGNS June 20, 1991 Page Four

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS

DATE SAMPLED

913812 WELL HEAD 4/18/91

ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDES EPA METHOD 8080	UNITS: ug/l	Q
Aldrin	0.04	U
a-BHC	0.03	· U
b-BHC	0.06	ប
d-BHC	0.09	บ
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.04	ប
Chlordane	0.14	U
4,4'-DDD	0.11	ប
4,4'-DDE	0.04	ឋ
4,4'-DDT	0.12	ប
Dieldrin	ø'. 0 2	ប
Endosulfan I	0.14	ប
Endosulfan II	0.04	ช
Endosulfan Sulfate	0.66	ប
Endrin	0.06	ប
Endrin aldehyde	0.23	U
Heptachlor	0.03	U
Heptachlor epoxide	0.8 3	ប
Methoxychlor	1.8	U
Toxaphene	2.4	U

⁽Q): Qualifiers:

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

B: Found in associated blank as well as sample

J: Estimated Value, less than calibration limit

O: Estimated Value, greater than calibration limit

U: Analyzed for but not detected (BDL)



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

June 20, 1991

FOR: HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 246

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATT: Michael S. Knapp

RE: Sample(s) Received 4/19/91, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT # HD88020202

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED TIME SAMPLED		913813 WELL HEAD 4/18/91 1805
pH, lab		7.39
Alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/l		68
Bicarbonates as CaCO3, mg/l		68
Carbonates as CO3, mg/l	<	1
Carbon Dioxide as CO2, mg/l	<	1
Hydroxide as CaCO3, mg/l	<	1
Hardness, total as CaCO3, mg/l		135
Non-carbonate Hardness, as CaCO3, mg/l		67
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 day, mg/l		4.0
Chlorides as Cl, mg/l		192
Color, Pt/Co units		30
Ammonia Nitrogen as N, mg/l		6.88
Organic Nitrogen as N mg/l		2.82
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, mg/l		5.27
Nitrite Nitrogen as N, mg/l		0.47



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

October 23, 1990

FOR:

HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATTN:

Michael S. Knapp

RE:

Sample(s) Received 10/19/90, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED	909644 SMW1 10/17/90	909645 SMW1 10/18/90	909646 SMW1 10/19/90
H, lab	5.73	5.85	5.70
Chloride as Cl, mg/l	356	134	132
Conductivity, uhmos/cm	2,000	1,000	900
Turbidity, N.T.U.	5.5	19	23

igned

Mark Kromis, Chemist



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

October 23, 1990

FOR:

HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATTN:

Michael S. Knapp

RE:

Sample(s) Received 10/19/90, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED	909647 SMW2 10/17/90	909648 SMW2 10/18/90	909649 SMW2 10/19/90
рН, lab	5.87	6.00	5.95
Chloride as Cl, mg/l	68	94	88
Conductivity, uhmos/cm	730	720	710
Turbidity, N.T.U.	3.0	3.0	3.0

Signed

Mark Kromis. Chemist



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

October 23, 1990

FOR:

HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATTN:

Michael S. Knapp

RE:

Sample(s) Received 10/19/90, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. HARKS DATE SAMPLED	909650 SMW3 10/17/90	909651 SMW3 10/18/90	909652 SMW3 10/19/90
H, lab	5.39	5.34	5.41
Chloride as Cl, mg/l	350	348	348
Conductivity, uhmos/cm	2,000	1,900	2,000
Turbidity, N.T.U.	5.5	17	13

igned

Mark Kromis. Chemist



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

October 23, 1990

FOR:

HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATTN:

Michael S. Knapp

RE:

Sample(s) Received 10/19/90, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE I.W. PROJECT

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED	909653 SMW4 10/17/90	909654 SMW4 10/18/90	909655 SMW4 10/19/90
ън, lab	5.48	5.42	5.55
Chloride as Cl, mg/l	131	156	154
Conductivity, uhmos/cm	840	900	870
Turbidity, N.T.U.	66	16	38

ianed

Mark Kromis Chemist



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

November 5, 1990

FOR:

HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATTN:

Michael S. Knapp

RE:

Sample(s) Received 11/1/90, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE PROJECT

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED	9010092 SW 1 10/31/90	9010093 SW 2 10/31/90	9010094 SW 3 10/31/90	9010095 SW 4 10/31/90
pH, lab	6.02	6.32	5.55	5.85
<pre>cnloride as Cl, mg/l</pre>	125	97	320	112
Conductivity, uhmos/cm	890	780	1,800	720
Turbidity, N.T.U.	26	1.9	9.8	20

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

November 5, 1990

FOR:

HYDRO DESIGNS

1225 U.S. Highway 1

Suite 220

Juno Beach, Florida 33408

ATTN:

Michael S. Knapp

RE:

Sample(s) Received 11/1/90, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE PROJECT

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO. MARKS DATE SAMPLED	9010088 SW 1 10/26/90	9010089 SW 2 10/26/90	9010090 SW 3 10/26/90	9010091 SW 4 10/26/90
pH, lab	5.68	6.01	5.45	6.00
chloride as Cl, mg/l	120	96	345	142
Conductivity, uhmos/cm	880	770	2,000	840
Turbidity, N.T.U.	8.2	3.0	9.2	23

`i.aned

Mark Kromis, Chemist



4310 E. Anderson Road Orlando, Florida 32812 FDHRS Cert. No. 88008 (407) 851-2560 FAX (407) 856-0886

November 13, 1990

FOR:

HYDRO DESIGNS

541 N. HWY A1A

Satellite Beach, FL 32937

ATTN:

Aimee Fratarcangeli

RE:

Sample(s) Received 11/9/90, Submitted By Client For Analysis.

ROCKLEDGE PROJECT

LABORATORY REPORT

LAB I.D. NO.	MARKS:	TURBIDITY AS N.T.U.
9010329	SW # 1	8.7
9010330	SW # 2	1.8
9010331	SW # 3	3.2
9010332	SW # 4	140

Signed

Mark Kromis, Chemist

CORE SAMPLES

CORE SAMPLES
LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Ardaman & Associates, Inc.



Consultants in Soils, Hydrogeology, Foundations and Materials Testing

File Number 91-044 April 26, 1991

Youngquist Brothers, Inc. 15000 Pine Ridge Road Ft. Myers, Florida 33908

Attn: Mr. Don Douglas

Subject: Geotechnical Laboratory Test Results

Gentlemen:

As requested, the eight core samples you provided us were tested to determine the vertical hydraulic conductivity, porosity, specific gravity and unconfined compressive strength.

The specific gravity of the specimens was determined in accordance with ASTM D 854. To obtain the specific gravity of the solids, a representative specimen of the rock core was crushed such that the entire portion passed a # 20 U. S. Standard sieve. The results of the specific gravity determinations were as follows:

		Specific
<u>Sample</u>	<u>Depth</u>	Gravity
1	1140'1"-1140'6"	2.86
1	1520'4"-1520'8"	2.85
2	1464'3"-1464'9"	2.85
2	1629'6"-1630'1"	2.75
3	1758'2"-1758'6"	2.74
4	1796'10"-1797'2"	2.74
5	1836'3"-1836'8"	2.72
9	2410'11"-2411'4"	2.89

The permeability test specimens from the rock cores were subcored and trimmed to a length between 6.8 and 8.0 cm and a diameter of 3.3 cm. Each specimen was placed within a flexible latex membrane, and mounted in a triaxial-type permeameter. The specimens were consolidated under an isotropic effective consolidation stress of 15 lbs/in² and permeated with deaired water under a backpressure of at least 180 lb/in². The specimens were permeated using a net hydraulic head across the specimen ranging between 50 and 1000

cm of water. The inflow to and outflow from the specimen were monitored with time, and the coefficient of permeability calculated for each recorded flow increment. The test was continued until steady-state flow was achieved, as evidenced by values of inflow and outflow within $\pm 10\%$ of the mean of the inflow and outflow for each increment, and stable values of the coefficient of permeability were measured. The porosity was calculated from the dry density and the specific gravity. The results were as follows:

		Initial/Final*	Final Dry	Coefficient of	
Core		Moisture Content	Density	Permeability	
<u>Number</u>	<u>Depth</u>	<u>(%)</u>	(pcf)	(cm/sec)	Porosity
1	1140'1"-1140'6"	0.5/3.1	154.3	1.3×10^{-8}	0.14
1	1520'4"-1520'8"	0.3/1.8	162.9	1.1×10^{-9}	0.08
2	1464'3"-1464'9"	0.2/0.5	169.3	3.0×10^{-10}	0.05
2	1629'6"-1630'1"	4.9/8.6	135.6	7.4×10^{-7}	0.21
3	1758'2"-1758'6"	0.2/1.0	160.3	$1.0 \text{x} 10^{-8}$	0.07
4	1796'10"-1797'2"	8.2/14.7	117.0	3.8×10^{-4}	0.32
5	1836'3"-1836'8"	8.4/15.3	116.3	1.4×10^{-4}	0.31
9	2410'11"-2411'4"	3.0/9.8	129.8	2.4×10^{-3}	0.28

^{*} Final moisture content calculated from wet weight after permeability and weight of dry solids after unconfined compression testing.

After permeation, the permeability test specimens were used as unconfined compression test specimens. The cores were tested in accordance with ASTM D 2938, Unconfined Compressive Strength of Intact Rock Core Specimens, except that the strain rate was such that failure generally occurred in less than five minutes. The deformation during loading was recorded and the stress was corrected for area change. Three of the specimens exceeded the load range for the testing equipment. These three specimens were unloaded and then reloaded in another test frame. The stress-strain curves presented herein are from the first loading, and the reported unconfined compressive strengths are from the second loading. The stress-strain curves are presented in Figures 1 through 8, and the test data are tabulated in Appendix A. The porosity was calculated from the dry density and the specific gravity. Test results are summarized below:

				${f Unconfined}$	
		Moisture	Dry	Compressive	
Core	Depth	Content	Density	Strength	
<u>Number</u>	<u>Depth</u>	(%)_	(pcf)	(kg/cm^2)	Porosity
1	1140'1"-1140'6"	1.8	155.4	650	0.13
1	1520'4"-1520'8"	1.1	161.8	1030	0.09
2	1464'3"-1464'9"	0.5	169.4	404	0.05
2	1629'6"-1630'1"	8.6	132.7	372	0.23
3	1758'2"-1758'6"	1.0	161.1	1056	0.06

				Unconfined	
		Moisture	\mathbf{Dry}	Compressive	
Core	\mathbf{Depth}	Content	Density	Strength	
<u>Number</u>	$\underline{ ext{Depth}}$	(%)	(pcf)	(kg/cm^2)	Porosity
4	1796'10"-1797'2"	14.7	116.3	152	0.32
5	1836'3"-1836'8"	15.4	116.8	124	0.31
9	2410'11"-2411'4"	9.8	128.3	155	0.29

It has been a pleasure assisting you with this test program. If you have any questions or if you require additional testing, please contact us.

Very truly yours,

ARDAMAN & ASSOCIATES, INC.

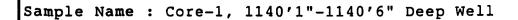
Jan C. Wildman

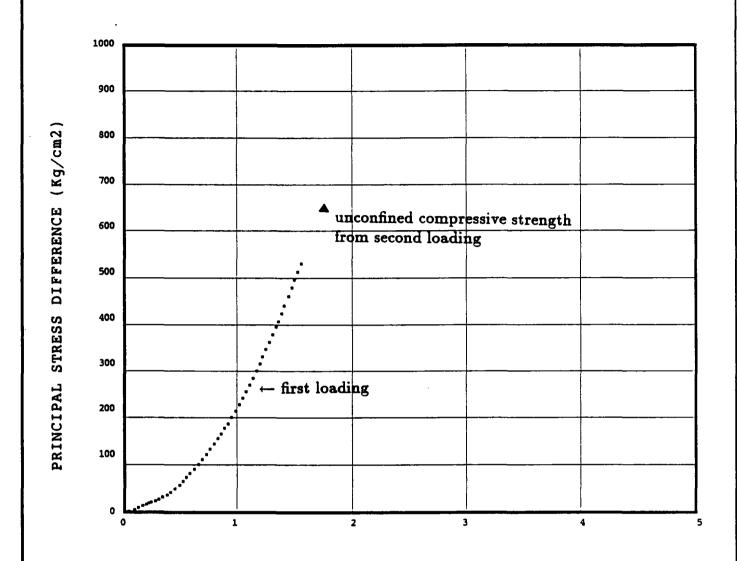
Manager of Technical Services

Nadim F. Fuleihan

Principal

Florida Registration No. 31953





AXIAL STRAIN (%)

Dry density 155.4 pcf

Water content 1.8 %

Saturation

Cell pressure 0.00 kg/cm2

34.2 %

Strain rate 0.50%/min

| | |

TYPE OF FAILURE

UNCONSOLIDATED - UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST



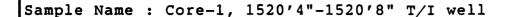
Ardaman & Associates Inc.

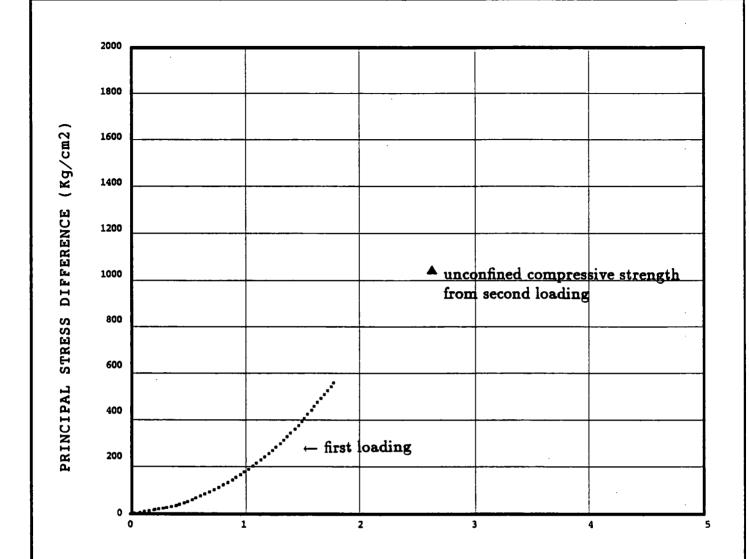
Youngquist Brothers Ft. Myers, Florida

DRIMN BY LOW CHECKED BY LOW DATE: 4. 13-11

PILE NO. 1

APPROVED BY





AXIAL STRAIN (%)

Dry density 161.8 pcf

Water content 1.1 %

Saturation

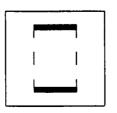
68.9 %

Cell pressure

0.00 kg/cm2

Strain rate

0.50%/min



TYPE OF FAILURE

UNCONSOLIDATED - UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST

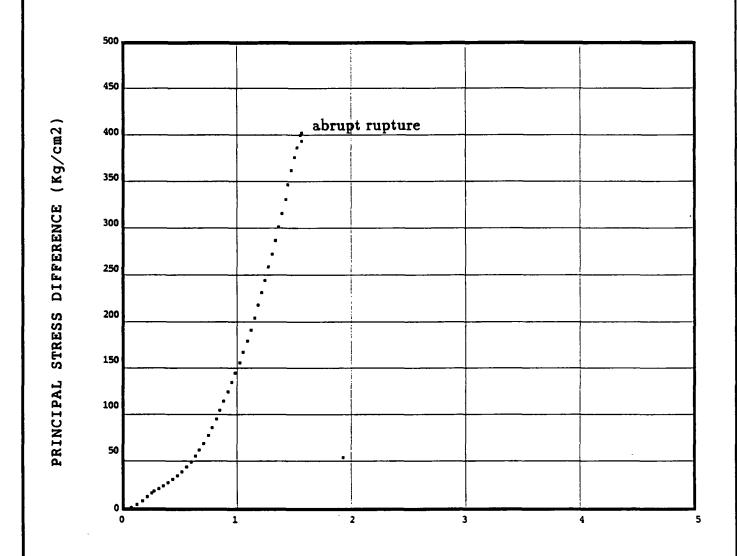


Ardaman & Associates Inc.

Youngquist Brothers Ft. Myers, Florida

DRAWN BY KALL CHECKED BY KALL DATE: = 19.11

Sample Name : Core-2, 1464'3"-1464'9"



AXIAL STRAIN (%)

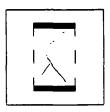
Dry density 169.4 pcf

Water content 0.5 %

Saturation 28.0 %

Cell pressure 0.00 kg/cm2

Strain rate 0.50%/min



TYPE OF FAILURE

UNCONSOLIDATED - UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST



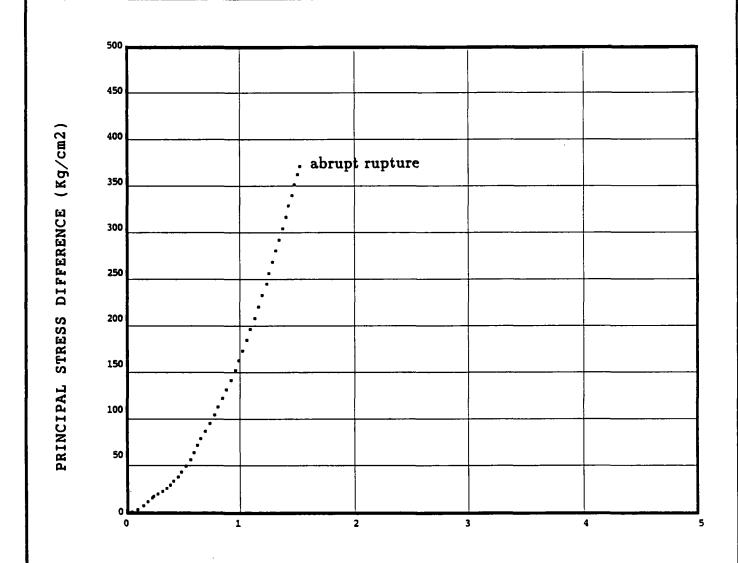
Ardaman & Associates Inc.

Youngquist Brothers Ft. Myers, Florida

DRAWN BY SCU CHECKED BY SCU DATE: 4-33-7/

91-044 APPROVED BY

Sample Name : Core-2, 1629'6"-1630'1" T/I well



AXIAL STRAIN (%)

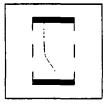
Dry density 132.7 pcf

Water content 8.6 %

Saturation 80.6 %

Cell pressure 0.00 kg/cm2

Strain rate 0.50%/min



TYPE OF FAILURE

UNCONSOLIDATED - UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST



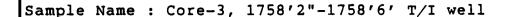
Ardaman & Associates Inc.

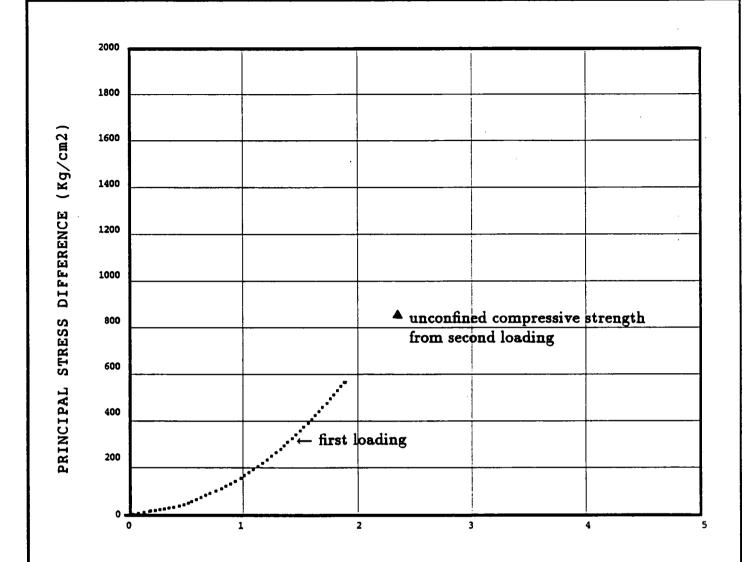
Youngquist Brothers Ft. Myers, Florida

DRAWN BY KOW CHECKED BY KIN DRICE: 4.23-91

31-041

APPROVED BY





AXIAL STRAIN (%)

Dry density 161.1 pcf

Water content 1.0 %

Saturation 60.6 %

Cell pressure 0.00 kg/cm2

Strain rate 0.50%/min

TYPE OF FAILURE

UNCONSOLIDATED - UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST



Ardaman & Associates Inc.

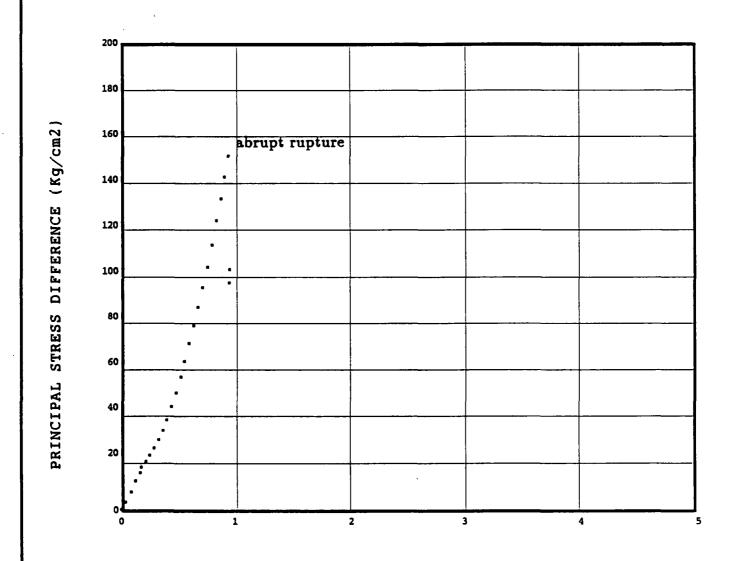
Youngquist Brothers Ft. Myers, Florida

DRAWN BY: 4 CHECKED BY: 1 DATE: 4-24-91

PILE NO. APPROVE

APPROVED BY:

Sample Name : Core-4, 1796'10"-1797'2"



AXIAL STRAIN (%)

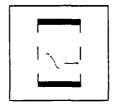
Dry density 116.3 pcf

Water content 14.7 %

Saturation 85.6 %

Cell pressure 0.00 kg/cm2

Strain rate 0.50%/min



TYPE OF FAILURE

UNCONSOLIDATED - UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST



Ardaman & Associates Inc.

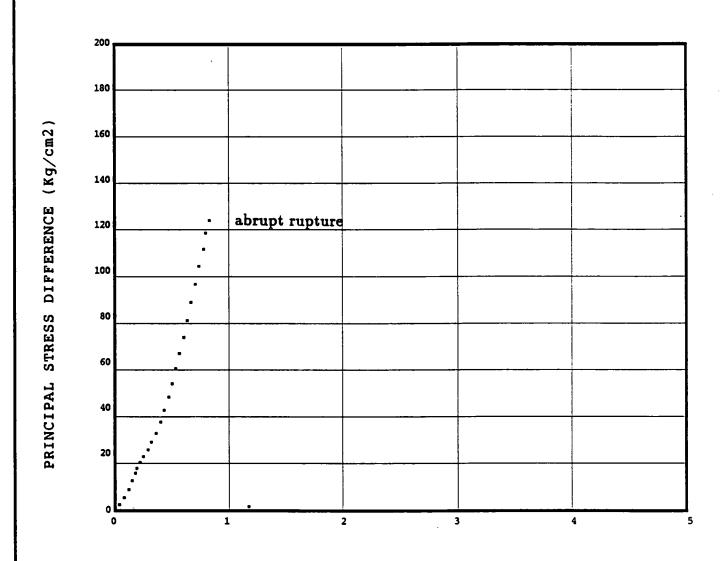
Youngquist Brothers Ft. Myers, Florida

DRAWN BY: -/A CHECKED BY: (J.) DAGE: 4 13-4)

FILE NO. | AI

APPROVED BY

Sample Name : Core-5, 1836'3"-1836'8" T/I well



AXIAL STRAIN (%)

Dry density 116.8 pcf

Water content 15.4 %

Saturation

92.2 %

Cell pressure

0.00 kg/cm2

Strain rate

0.50%/min



TYPE OF FAILURE

UNCONSOLIDATED - UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST

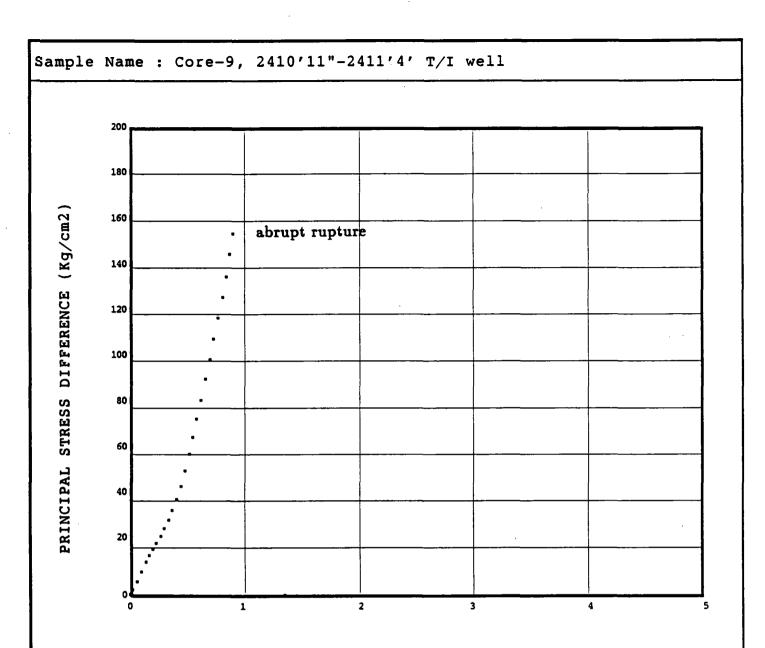


Ardaman & Associates Inc.

Youngquist Brothers Ft. Myers, Florida

DRAWN BY CALL CHECKED BY LT. DATE: 4. 15.0

FILE NO. APPROVED EN



AXIAL STRAIN (%)

Dry density 128.3 pcf

Water content

9.8 %

Saturation

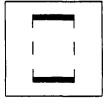
69.8 %

Cell pressure

0.00 kg/cm2

Strain rate

0.50%/min



TYPE OF FAILURE

UNCONSOLIDATED - UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST



Ardaman & Associates Inc.

Youngquist Brothers Ft. Myers, Florida

DRIVEN BY JOU CHECKED BY JOU DATE: 4.13-21

FILE NO

APPENDIX A

Date Of Report: 23-APR-1991

Project Name: 90-044 Young Quist

Sa e Name : Core-1, 1140'1"-1140'6" Deep Well

Ce. Number: -

Area 8.378 cm2 Height 8.018 cm Cell pressure Strain rate 0.00 kg/cm2 0.50%/min

Water content 1.8 % Dry density 155.4 pcf Saturation 34.2 %

Transducer Information

Channel	numbers	Transducer Number	Conversion Factors
	2.2		

Ve5 : 20 Load cell : 24 DCDT : 26

Loadcell : 61658 Dcdt : 926

148880.00 kg/v/ve 2.0700 cm/v/ve

Reading	Strain	Stress	Load	Area
·	(%)	(kg/cm2)	(kg)	(cm2)
2	0.04	1.468	12.31	8.382
3 .	0.09	5.275	44.23	8.385
4	0.12	10.110	84.81	8.388
5	0.16	14.748	123.76	8.392
6	0.19	17.548	147.29	8.394
7	0.21	20.252	170.02	8.395
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0.23	22.340	187.60	8.397
9	0.27	25.199	211.68	8.400
10	0.30	28.795	241.97	8.403
11	0.33	32.937	276.87	8.406
12	0.37	37.590	316.10	8.409
13	0.40	42.946	361.26	8.412
14	0.44	50.740	427.00	8.415
15	0.48	58.405	491.66	8.418
16	0.51	66.674	561.44	8.421
17	0.54	75.295	634.22	8.423
18	0.57	83.968	707.54	8.426
19	0.61	93.082	784.63	8.429
20	0.65	102.545	864.70	8.432
21	0.68	112.642	950.18	8.435
22	0.72	123.083	1038.64	8.439
23	0.75	134.477	1135.21	8.442
24	0.79	145.769	1230.97	8.445
25	0.82	157.854	1333.50	8.448
26	0.85	167.096	1411.95	8.450
27	0.88	179.681	1518.80	8.453
28	0.91	189.297	1600.50	8.455
29	0.94	202.827	1715.46	8.458
30	0.98	216.353	1830.47	8.461
31	1.01	230.114	1947.56	8.463
32	1.04	243.882	2064.70	8.466
33	1.07	258.152	2186.16	8.468
34	1.10	272.284	2306.54	8.471
	1.10	2/2.204	2300.34	0.4/1

36	1.10	304.101	4300.40	0.410
37	1.19	318.272	2698.51	8.479
38	1.21	333.811	2831.06	8.481
39	1.24	349.471	2964.70	8.483
40	1.27	365.187	3098.87	8.486
11	1.30	381.110	3234.94	8.488
42	1.33	397.471	3374.80	8.491
43	1.35	409.615	3478.67	8.493
44	1.38	426.660	3624.48	8.495
45	1.40	442.999	3764.34	8.497
46	1.44	463.724	3941.79	8.500
47	1.47	481.472	4093.82	8.503
48	1.49	498.123	4236.57	8.505
49	1.52	514.914	4380.57	8.507
50	1.55	532.345	4530.16	8.510

Raw Data In Volts

TIME	Ve5	Load	Dcdt
04:18:15:17:07	5.50360	0.00340	-1.54270
04:18:15:17:25	5.50360	0.00385	-1.53320
04:18:15:17:43	5.50360	0.00503	-1.52450
04:18:15:18:01	5.50360	0.00653	-1.51620
04:18:15:18:20	5.50360	0.00797	-1.50810
04:18:15:18:38	5.50360	0.00884	-1.50310
04:18:15:18:56	5.50360	0.00968	-1.49890
04:18:15:19:10	5.50360	0.01033	-1.49340
04:18:15:19:28	5.50360	0.01122	-1.48610
04:18:15:19:46	5.50360	0.01234	-1.47870
4:18:15:20:04	5.50360	0.01363	-1.47130
4:18:15:20:22	5.50360	0.01508	-1.46380
04:18:15:20:40 04:18:15:21:02	5.50370 5.50370	0.01675	-1.45660
04:18:15:21:02	5.50360	0.01918 0.02157	-1.44810 -1.44120
04:18:15:21:21	5.50370	0.02157	-1.43470
04:18:15:21:57	5.50360	0.02415	-1.42840
04:18:15:22:15	5.50350	0.02955	-1.42030
04:18:15:22:33	5.50360	0.03240	-1.41280
04:18:15:22:51	5.50360	0.03536	-1.40520
04:18:15:23:09	5.50360	0.03852	-1.39760
04:18:15:23:27	5.50360	0.04179	-1.38980
04:18:15:23:45	5.50360	0.04536	-1.38190
04:18:15:24:03	5.50360	0.04890	-1.37440
04:18:15:24:22	5.50360	0.05269	-1.36690
04:18:15:24:35	5.50360	0.05559	-1.36130
04:18:15:24:53	5.50360	0.05954	-1.35420
04:18:15:25:07	5.50360	0.06256	-1.34870
04:18:15:25:25	5.50360	0.06681	-1.34160
04:18:15:25:43	5.50350	0.07106	-1.33470
04:18:15:26:01	5.50360	0.07539	-1.32740
04:18:15:26:19	5.50360	0.07972	-1.32120
04:18:15:26:37 04:18:15:26:55	5.50360	0.08421	-1.31490
04:18:15:26:55	5.50360 5.50360	0.08866 0.09325	-1.30850 -1.30250
04:18:15:27:13	5.50350	0.09325	-1.29600
4:18:15:27:51	5.50360	0.10315	-1.28970
4:18:15:28:09	5.50360	0.10805	-1.28370
	. 3.30300	0.1000	1.20370

U4:18:15:28:4U	3.30300	0.11/70	-1.2/210
04:18:15:28:58	5.50360	0.12298	-1.26590
04:18:15:29:17	5.50360	0.12815	-1.25980
04:18:15:29:35	5.50360	0.13199	-1.25520
04:18:15:29:54	5.50360	0.13738	-1.24910
:18:15:30:12	5.50360	0.14255	-1.24320
:18:15:30:34	5.50360	0.14911	-1.23600
04:18:15:30:53	5.50360	0.15473	-1.23000
04:18:15:31:12	5.50370	0.16001	-1.22420
04:18:15:31:30	5.50360	0.16533	-1.21850
04:18:15:31:48	5.50360	0.17086	-1.21250

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Date Of Report: 23-APR-1991

Project Name: 90-044 Young Quist

Sa e Name : Core-1, 1520'4"-1520'8" T/I well

Ce Number:

Area 8.374 cm2 Height 7.055 cm Cell pressure Strain rate 0.00 kg/cm2 0.50%/min

Water content 1.1 % Dry density 161.8 pcf Saturation 30.2 %

Transducer Information

Channer	numbers	Transducer	Number	Conversion	ractors

Ve5 : 20

Load cell: 24 Loadcell: 61658 148880.00 kg/v/ve DCDT: 26 Dcdt: 926 2.0700 cm/v/ve

Reading	Strain	Stress	Load	Area
	(%)	(kg/cm2)	(kg)	(cm2)
2	-0.01	0.113	0.95	8.373
3	-0.01	0.113	0.95	8.373
3 4	0.02	1.986	16.64	8.376
5	0.07	5.730	48.02	8.380
6	0.11	9.955	83.45	8.383
7	0.15	14.208	119.16	8.387
5 6 7 8	0.19	17.395	145.94	8.390
9	0.20	19.617	164.61	8.391
10	0.23	22.221	186.52	8.394
11	0.27	24.920	209.24	8.397
12	0.30	28.068	235.75	8.399
13	0.34	31.727	266.58	8.402
14	0.38	36.028	302.83	8.406
15	0.41	40.938	344.23	8.409
16	0.45	47.001	395.36	8.412
17	0.48	53.511	450.27	8.415
18	0.52	60.916	512.76	8.418
19	0.55	69.214	582.82	8.421
20	0.59	77.796	655.32	8.424
21	0.63	86.272	727.01	8.427
22	0.67	94.741	798.69	8.430
23	0.71	104.613	882.28	8.434
24	0.75	114.512	966.14	8.437
25	0.79	124.914	1054.33	8.440
26	0.83	135.212	1141.70	8.444
27	0.87	146.208	1235.03	8.447
28	0.90	157.168	1328.09	8.450
29	0.94	168.278	1422.47	8.453
30	0.97	180.787	1528.81	8.456
31	1.01	192.937	1632.15	8.459
32	1.05	205.715	1740.89	8.463
33	1.08	218.517	1849.91	8.466
.4	1.12	232.525	1969.21	8.469
•		232.323	1505.21	0.403

عَ وَ	1.19	437.143	22U1.U3	0.415
37	1.22	273.391	2317.63	8.477
38	1.25	287.497	2438.01	8.480
39	1.29	302.927	2569.75	8.483
40	1.32	318.158	2699.86	8.486
11	1.35	333.544	2831.33	8.489
12				-
42	1.38	349.452	2967.40	8.492
43	1.42	365.488	3104.55	8.494
44	1.45	381.141	3238.52	8.497
45	1.48	396.964	3373.98	8.499
46	1.50	412.536	3507.35	8.502
47	1.53	429.055	3648.89	8.504
48	1.57	446.463	3798.15	8.507
49	1.59	463.192	3941.60	8.510
50	1.62	480.486	4090.03	8.512
51	1.65	496.998	4231.78	8.515
52	1.68	514.038	4378.13	8.517
53	1.71	530.500	4519.61	8.520
54	1.74	546.985	4661.36	8.522
55	1.76	563.504	4803.38	8.524
56	1.77	559.826	4772.63	8.525

Raw Data In Volts

TIME	Ve5	Load	Dcdt
04:18:15:52:12	5.50360	0.00340	-1.13481
04:18:15:52:16	5.50360	0.00343	-1.13744
04:18:15:52:20	5.50360	0.00343	-1.13726
04:18:15:52:25	5.50360	0.00401	-1.13034
4:18:15:52:29	5.50360	0.00517	-1.12201
4:18:15:52:34	5.50360	0.00648	-1.11366
04:18:15:52:38	5.50360	0.00780	-1.10601
04:18:15:52:43	5.50360	0.00879	-1.09957
04:18:15:52:47	5.50360	0.00948	-1.09692
04:18:15:52:52	5.50360	0.01029	-1.09080
04:18:15:52:56	5.50360	0.01113	-1.08446
04:18:15:53:01	5.50360	0.01211	-1.07810
04:18:15:53:05	5.50370	0.01325	-1.07129
04:18:15:53:09	5.50370	0.01459	-1.06445
04:18:15:53:14	5.50360	0.01612	-1.05769
04:18:15:53:18	5.50360	0.01801	-1.05078
04:18:15:53:23	5.50360	0.02004	-1.04443
04:18:15:53:27	5.50360	0.02235	-1.03787
04:18:15:53:32	5.50360	0.02494	-1.03115
04:18:15:53:36	5.50360	0.02762	-1.02448
04:18:15:53:41	5.50360	0.03027	-1.01698
04:18:15:53:45	5.50360	0.03292	-1.00958
04:18:15:53:49	5.50360	0.03601	-1.00198
04:18:15:53:54	5.50360	0.03911	-0.99464
04:18:15:53:58	5.50360	0.04237	-0.98721
04:18:15:54:03	5.50360	0.04560	-0.97974
04:18:15:54:07	5.50360	0.04905	-0.97252
04:18:15:54:11	5.50360	0.05249	-0.96589
04:18:15:54:16	5.50370	0.05598	-0.95935
04:18:15:54:20	5.50360	0.05991	-0.95197
`4:18:15:54:25	5.50360	0.06373	-0.94526
4:18:15:54:29	5.50360	0.06775	-0.93838

U4:10:10:04:50	0.30300		
04:18:15:54:42		0.07013	0.72407
	5.50360	0.08042	-0.91834
04:18:15:54:47	5.50360	0.08476	-0.91224
04:18:15:54:51	5.50360	0.08907	-0.90616
04:18:15:54:55	5.50360	0.09352	-0.90012
1:18:15:54:59	5.50360	0.09839	-0.89368
:18:15:55:04			
	5.50360	0.10320	-0.88744
04:18:15:55:08	5.50360	0.10806	-0.88148
04:18:15:55:13	5.50360	0.11309	-0.87507
04:18:15:55:17	5.50360	0.11816	-0.86925
04:18:15:55:22	5.50350	0.12311	-0.86348
04:18:15:55:26	5.50360	0.12812	-0.85792
04:18:15:55:30	5.50360	0.13305	-0.85258
04:18:15:55:34	5.50350	0.13828	-0.84699
04:18:15:55:39	5.50360	0.14380	-0.84112
04:18:15:55:44	5.50350	0.14910	-0.83581
04:18:15:55:48	5.50360	0.15459	-0.83008
04:18:15:55:53	5.50360		
		0.15983	-0.82487
04:18:15:55:57	5.50360	0.16524	-0.81959
04:18:15:56:01	5.50360	0.17047	-0.81440
04:18:15:56:06	5.50360	0.17571	-0.80924
04:18:15:56:10	5.50360	0.18096	-0.80446
04:18:15:56:14			
04:10:13:30:14	5.50350	0.17982	-0.80212

Date Of Report: 23-APR-1991

Project Name: 91-044 Young Quist

le Name : Core-2, 1464'3"-1464'9"

Ct Number:

Dry density

Channel numbers

Saturation

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

Area 8.434 cm2 Height 7.286 cm Water content 0.5

0.5 % 169.4 pcf 28.0 %

0.77

0.81

0.84

0.87

0.91

0.94

0.97

1.01

1.04

1.08

1.11

1.14

1.17

Cell pressure Strain rate 0.00 kg/cm2 0.50%/min

Conversion Factors

737.56

819.52

898.51

982.37

1067.85

1154.69

1241.79

1337.83

1435.48

1538.28

1639.18

1751.44

1866.68

8.499

8.503

8.505

8.508

8.511

8.514

8.517

8.520

8.523

8.526

8.528

8.531

8.534

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1 1	~ 11	S ()	11.0	r			rma		(111

Ve5 : 20 Load cell : 24 DCDT : 26	cell: 24 Loadcell		148880.00 kg/v/ve 2.0700 cm/v/ve		
Reading	Strain	Stress	Load	Area	
	(%)	(kg/cm2)	(kg)	(cm2)	
2 3	0.00	0.080	0.68	8.434	
3	0.02	0.112	0.95	8.436	
4	0.07	1.490	12.58	8.440	
4 5 . 6 7	0.12	4.757	40.17	8.444	
. 6	0.17	8.790	74.26	8.448	
	0.21	13.266	112.13	8.452	
8 9 10	0.25	17.036	144.05	8.455	
9	0.27	18.952	160.28	8.457	
10	0.31	21.535	182.19	8.460	
11	0.35	24.403	206.54	8.464	
12	0.39	27.715	234.66	8.467	
13	0.43	31.409	266.05	8.470	
14	0.47	35.228	298.51	8.474	
15	0.51	39.553	335.30	8.477	
16	0.55	44.481	377.23	8.481	
17	0.59	49.820	422.68	8.484	
18	0.63	56.080	475.97	8.487	
19	0.66	62.687	532.24	8.490	
20	0.70	69.959	594.18	8.493	
21	0.74	78.528	667.22	8.497	

86.777

96.386

105.640

115.458

125.463

135.618

145.804

157.022

168.427

180.427

192.204

205.300

218.738

Transducer Number

30	1.43	443.000	4074.03	U. J.J
37	1.26	259.635	2217.81	8.542
38	1.29	273.174	2334.13	8.544
39	1.32	287.933	2461.00	8.547
40	1.35	302.688	2587.87	8.550
`1	1.38	317.128	2712.04	8.552
.2	1.41	331.901	2839.18	8.554
43	1.43	347.549	2973.89	8.557
44	1.46	362.882	3105.90	8.559
45	1.49	377.122	3228.72	8.561
46	1.51	387.448	3317.99	8.564
47	1.54	400.909	3434.04	8.566
48	1.55	403.689	3458.18	8.566
49	1.55	394.558	3380.21	8.567
50	1.92	54.689	470.29	8.599

Raw Data In Volts

TIME	Ve5	Load	Dcdt
04:18:15:44:33	5.50360	0.00340	-1.76530
04:18:15:44:37	5.50360	0.00342	-1.76570
04:18:15:44:42	5.50360	0.00343	-1.76140
04:18:15:44:46	5.50360	0.00386	-1.75140
04:18:15:44:51	5.50360	0.00488	-1.74190
04:18:15:44:55	5.50360	0.00614	-1.73290
04:18:15:45:00	5.50360	0.00754	-1.72400
04:18:15:45:04	5.50360	0.00872	-1.71610
04:18:15:45:09	5.50360	0.00932	-1.71270
04:18:15:45:14	5.50360	0.01013	-1.70510
1:18:15:45:18	5.50360	0.01103	-1.69720
1:18:15:45:23	5.50370	0.01207	-1.68960
04:18:15:45:28	5.50360	0.01323	-1.68200
04:18:15:45:32	5.50360	0.01443	-1.67440
04:18:15:45:37	5.50360	0.01579	-1.66650
04:18:15:45:41	5.50360	0.01734	-1.65840
04:18:15:45:46	5.50360	0.01902	-1.65100
04:18:15:45:50	5.50360	0.02099	-1.64370
04:18:15:45:55	5.50360	0.02307	-1.63670
04:18:15:45:59	5.50360	0.02536	-1.62990
04:18:15:46:03	5.50360	0.02806	-1.62260
04:18:15:46:08	5.50360	0.03066	-1.61610
04:18:15:46:13	5.50360	0.03369	-1.60920
04:18:15:46:18	5.50360	0.03661	-1.60270
04:18:15:46:22	5.50360	0.03971	-1.59580
04:18:15:46:27	5.50360	0.04287	-1.58930
04:18:15:46:32	5.50360	0.04608	-1.58270
04:18:15:46:36	5.50360	0.04930	-1.57680
04:18:15:46:40	5.50360	0.05285	-1.56980
04:18:15:46:45	5.50360	0.05646	-1.56330
04:18:15:46:49	5.50360	0.06026	-1.55680
04:18:15:46:54	5.50360	0.06399	-1.55100
04:18:15:46:58	5.50360	0.06814	-1.54470
04:18:15:47:03	5.50360	0.07240	-1.53860
04:18:15:47:08	5.50360	0.07660	-1.53280
04:18:15:47:12	5.50360	0.08076	-1.52690
`4:18:15:47:17	5.50360	0.08538	-1.52030
1:18:15:47:22	5.50360	0.08968	-1.51480
			•

04:10:10:4/:JI	3.30300	0.07700	-1.50330
04:18:15:47:35	5.50360	0.10365	-1.49830
04:18:15:47:39	5.50360	0.10835	-1.49290
04:18:15:47:44	5.50360	0.11333	-1.48740
04:18:15:47:49	5.50360	0.11821	-1.48240
1:18:15:47:53	5.50360	0.12275	-1.47690
ı:18:15:47:57	5.50360	0.12605	-1.47190
04:18:15:48:02	5.50360	0.13034	-1.46760
04:18:15:48:06	5.50350	0.13123	-1.46580
04:18:15:48:11	5.50360	0.12835	-1.46440
04:18:15:48:15	5.50360	0.02078	-1.39280

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Date Of Report: 23-APR-1991

Project Name: 90-044 Young Quist

le Name : Core-2, $1629'\overline{6}"-1630'1"$ T/I well

Ce Number:

Area 8.412 cm2 Height 7.114 cm Cell pressure Strain rate 0.00 kg/cm2 0.50%/min

Water content 8.6 % Dry density 132.7 pcf Saturation 80.6 %

Transducer Information

Channel numbers Transducer Number Conversion Factors

Ve5 : 20

Load cell: 24 DCDT: 26 Loadcell : 61658 Dcdt : 926 148880.00 kg/v/ve 2.0700 cm/v/ve

Reading	Strain (%)	Stress (kg/cm2)	Load (kg)	Area (cm2)
2	0.00	0.113	0.95	8.412
2 3 4	0.04	0.948	7.98	8.416
1	0.09	3.807	32.06	8.420
	0.14	7.788	65.60	8.424
6	0.18	11.989	101.04	8.427
5 6 7	0.22	16.188	136.48	8.431
8	0.23	18.047	152.16	8.431
9	0.27	20.607	173.81	8.434
10	0.31	23.291	196.53	8.438
11	0.35	26.423	223.04	8.441
12	0.38	29.969	253.07	8.444
13	0.41	34.027	287.42	8.447
14	0.45	38.754	327.46	8.450
15	0.48	43.892	371.01	8.453
16	0.52	50.210	424.57	8.456
17	0.56	57.197	483.82	8.459
18	0.59	64.786	548.20	8.462
19	0.62	73.012	618.00	8.464
20	0.65	80.367	680.48	8.467
21	0.69	88.132	746.50	8.470
22	0.73	96.491	817.63	8.474
23	0.77	105.487	894.20	8.477
24	0.80	114.028	966.95	8.480
25	0.84	123.078	1044.07	8.483
26	0.87	132.629	1125.50	8.486
27	0.91	142.614	1210.68	8.489
28	0.95	153.457	1303.23	8.492
29	0.98	163.848	1391.96	8.495
30	1.01	174.425	1482.31	8.498
31	1.05	185.881	1580.21	8.501
32	1.08	197.490	1679.49	8.504
33	1.12	209.096	1778.76	8.507
34	1.15	221.295	1883.18	8.510
- -	_ • • •	,_,		J.J.V

٥٥	1.44	443.300	2091.20	0.510
37	1.24	257.069	2189.72	8.518
38	1.27	269.375	2295.22	8.521
39	1.30	281.547	2399.64	8.523
40	1.33	293.269	2500.22	8.525
'1	. 1.36	305.276	2603.34	8.528
,2	1.39	317.715	2710.19	8.530
43	1.41	329.766	2813.80	8.533
44	1.44	341.121	2911.41	8.535
45	1.46	352.478	3009.12	8.537
46	1.49	363.384	3102.99	8.539
47	1.51	372.008	3177.38	8.541
48	1.48	0.143	1.22	8.538

Raw Data In Volts

TIME	Ve5	Load	Dcdt
04:18:16:00:00	5.50360	0.00340	-1.31280
04:18:16:00:05	5.50360	0.00343	-1.31270
04:18:16:00:09	5.50360	0.00369	-1.30440
04:18:16:00:14	5.50360	0.00458	-1.29560
04:18:16:00:18	5.50360	0.00582	-1.28690
04:18:16:00:23	5.50360	0.00713	-1.27870
04:18:16:00:28	5.50350	0.00844	-1.27060
04:18:16:00:32	5.50360	0.00902	-1.26920
04:18:16:00:37	5.50360	0.00982	-1.26240
04:18:16:00:41	5.50360	0.01066	-1.25500
04:18:16:00:46	5.50360	0.01164	-1.24740
04:18:16:00:51	5.50360	0.01275	-1.24080
1:18:16:00:55	5.50360	0.01402	-1.23500
1:18:16:01:00	5.50350	0.01550	-1.22820
04:18:16:01:05	5.50360	0.01711	-1.22170
04:18:16:01:09	5.50360	0.01909	-1.21450
04:18:16:01:14 04:18:16:01:18	5.50350 5.50360	0.02128	-1.20780
04:18:16:01:18	5.50350	0.02366 0.02624	-1.20170 -1.19559
04:18:16:01:23	5.50360	0.02855	-1.19559
04:18:16:01:28	5.50350	0.03099	-1.18268
04:18:16:01:32	5.50360	0.03099	-1.17535
04:18:16:01:30	5.50350	0.03645	-1.16791
04:18:16:01:45	5.50360	0.03914	-1.16130
04:18:16:01:50	5.50350	0.04199	-1.15447
04:18:16:01:54	5.50350	0.04500	-1.14779
04:18:16:01:58	5.50360	0.04815	-1.14073
04:18:16:02:03	5.50350	0.05157	-1.13360
04:18:16:02:07	5.50350	0.05485	-1.12712
04:18:16:02:12	5.50350	0.05819	-1.12081
04:18:16:02:16	5.50360	0.06181	-1.11440
04:18:16:02:21	5.50360	0.06548	-1.10780
04:18:16:02:25	5.50360	0.06915	-1.10176
04:18:16:02:30	5.50360	0.07301	-1.09534
04:18:16:02:35	5.50360	0.07689	-1.08904
04:18:16:02:39	5.50350	0.08070	-1.08283
04:18:16:02:44	5.50350	0.08434	-1.07740
04:18:16:02:48	5.50350	0.08824	-1.07188
4:18:16:02:53	5.50350	0.09210	-1.06633
.:18:16:02:57	5.50360	0.09582	-1.06128

U4:18:10:U3:U3	3.30330	0.10333	-1.0000
04:18:16:03:10	5.50350	0.10741	-1.04516
04:18:16:03:14	5.50360	0.11102	-1.04060
04:18:16:03:18	5.50350	0.11463	-1.03575
04:18:16:03:23	5.50350	0.11810	-1.03114
1:18:16:03:27	5.50350	0.12085	-1.02678
4:18:16:03:32	5.50360	0.00344	-1.03360

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Date Of Report: 23-APR-1991

Project Name: 91-044 Young Quist Sa le Name: Core-3, 1758'2"-1758'6' T/I well

Number: CE

Dry density Saturation

8.374 cm2 6.784 cm Area Height Water content

1.0 % 161.1 pcf

46.0 %

Cell pressure Strain rate

 0.00 kg/cm^2 0.50%/min

Transducer Information

Number Conversion Factors
Number Conversion Fact

Ve5 : 20

Load cell: 24 Loadcell : 61658 148880.00 kg/v/ve DCDT : 26 Dcdt 926 2.0700 cm/v/ve

Reading	Strain	Stress	Load	Area
	(%)	(kg/cm2)	(kg)	(cm2)
2 3	-0.04	0.081	0.68	8.371
3	-0.02	0.210	1.76	8.372
4	0.02	3.343	28.00	8.376
5	0.07	7.958	66.68	8.380
6	0.12	12.729	106.72	8.384
7	0.17	16.625	139.45	8.388
4 5 6 7 8 9	0.18	18.847	158.12	8.389
9	0.22	21.322	178.95	8.393
10	0.26	23.956	201.13	8.396
11	0.30	27.199	228.45	8.399
12	0.34	30.987	260.38	8.403
13	0.38	35.190	295.81	8.406
14	0.43	40.065	336.93	8.410
15	0.47	45.772	385.09	8.413
16	0.51	52.471	441.62	8.417
17	0.54	59.744	503.03	8.420
18	0.58	68.521	577.15	8.423
19	0.62	76.587	645.32	8.426
20	0.66	85.666	722.15	8.430
21	0.70	94.580	797.63	8.433
22	0.75	104.126	878.51	8.437
23	0.80	114.554	966.97	8.441
24	0.84	124.978	1055.43	8.445
25	0.88	135.398	1143.89	8.448
26	0.92	146.543	1238.57	8.452
27	0.97	158.733	1342.18	8.456
28	1.00	171.113	1447.44	8.459
29	1.04	183.891	1556.16	8.462
30	1.08	196.599	1664.37	8.466
31	1.12	209.457	1773.93	8.469
32	1.16	223.174	1890.83	8.472
33	1.20	237.855	2016.04	8.476
34	1.24	253.292	2147.79	8.479
·		300,122	,	

30	1.34	403.010	2400.00	0.400
37	1.35	298.973	2537.87	8.489
38	1.38	314.194	2667.99	8.492
39	1.42	329.723	2800.82	8.494
40	1.45	345.367	2934.72	8.497
41	1.49	362.059	3077.62	8.500
42	1.52	378.909	3222.02	8.503
43	1.56	395.801	3366.81	8.506
44	1.59	412.261	3507.95	8.509
45	1.62	429.479	3655.66	8.512
46	1.65	446.718	3803.63	8.515
47	1.68	463.850	3950.79	8.517
48	1.72	482.345	4109.66	8.520
49	1.75	500.723	4267.65	8.523
50	1.78	518.076	4416.90	8.526
51	1.81	535.587	4567.58	8.528
52	1.84	553.828	4724.75	8.531
53	1.87	570.485	4868.21	8.533
54	1.88	571.208	4874.89	8.534
- -	2.00			

Raw Data In Volts

TIME	Ve5	Load	Dcdt
04:18:16:06:30	5.50360	0.00340	-1.54470
04:18:16:06:34	5.50350	0.00342	-1.55160
04:18:16:06:39	5.50350	0.00346	-1.54890
04:18:16:06:44	5.50350	0.00443	-1.54060
04:18:16:06:48	5.50350	0.00586	-1.53180
04:18:16:06:53	5.50350	0.00734	-1.52250
`4:18:16:06:57	5.50350	0.00855	-1.51450
4:18:16:07:02	5.50350	0.00924	-1.51140
04:18:16:07:07	5.50350	0.01001	-1.50470
04:18:16:07:11	5.50350	0.01083	-1.49790
04:18:16:07:15	5.50350	0.01184	-1.49030
04:18:16:07:20	5.50350	0.01302	-1.48320
04:18:16:07:24	5.50350	0.01433	-1.47560
04:18:16:07:29	5.50350	0.01585	-1.46800
04:18:16:07:33	5.50350	0.01763	-1.46080
04:18:16:07:38	5.50350	0.01972	-1.45340
04:18:16:07:42	5.50350	0.02199	-1.44670
04:18:16:07:47	5.50350	0.02473	-1.43980
04:18:16:07:51	5.50350	0.02725	-1.43340
04:18:16:07:56	5.50350	0.03009	-1.42520
04:18:16:08:00	5.50350	0.03288	-1.41770
04:18:16:08:05	5.50350	0.03587	-1.40990
04:18:16:08:09	5.50350	0.03914	-1.40120
04:18:16:08:14	5.50350	0.04241	-1.39320
04:18:16:08:18	5.50350	0.04568	-1.38590
04:18:16:08:23	5.50350	0.04918	-1.37830
04:18:16:08:27	5.50350	0.05301	-1.37060
04:18:16:08:32	5.50340	0.05690	-1.36350
04:18:16:08:36	5.50350	0.06092	-1.35620
04:18:16:08:41	5.50350	0.06492	-1.34910
04:18:16:08:46	5.50350	0.06897	-1.34200
04:18:16:08:50	5.50340	0.07329	-1.33510
14:18:16:08:54	5.50350	0.07792	-1.32780
4:18:16:08:59	5.50350	0.08279	-1.32030

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04:18:16:09:09	5.50340	0.09244	-1.30/40	
04:18:16:09:13	5.50350	0.09721	-1.30110	
04:18:16:09:18	5.50350	0.10202	-1.29500	
04:18:16:09:22	5.50350	0.10693	-1.28890	
04:18:16:09:26	5.50350	0.11188	-1.28270	•
`:18:16:09:31	5.50340	0.11716	-1.27660	
4:18:16:09:35	5.50350	0.12250	-1.27020	
04:18:16:09:40	5.50340	0.12785	-1.26410	
04:18:16:09:44	5.50350	0.13307	-1.25840	-
04:18:16:09:49	5.50350	0.13853	-1.25260	
04:18:16:09:53	5.50350	0.14400	-1.24680	
04:18:16:09:58	5.50350	0.14944	-1.24100	
04:18:16:10:02	5.50340	0.15531	-1.23520	
04:18:16:10:07	5.50340	0.16115	-1.22940	
04:18:16:10:12	5.50350	0.16667	-1.22400	
. – –				
04:18:16:10:16	5.50350	0.17224	-1.21860	
04:18:16:10:20	5.50350	0.17805	-1.21260	
04:18:16:10:25	5.50340	0.18335	-1.20760	
04:18:16:10:30	5.50350	0.18360	-1.20580	

Date Of Report: 23-APR-1991

Project Name: 91-044 Young Quist

Sa 'e Name : Core-4, 1796'10"-1797'2"

Ce Number:

8.245 cm2 Area Height 7.693 cm

Cell pressure Strain rate

 0.00 kg/cm^2 0.50%/min

Conversion Factors

Water content 14.7 % Dry density 116.3 pcf 85.6 % Saturation

Transducer Information

Channel numbers

Ve5	:	20				
Load cell	:	24	Loadcell	:	61658	148880.00 kg/v/ve
DCDT	:	26	Dcdt	:	926	2.0700 cm/v/ve

Transducer Number

Reading	Strain	Stress	Load	Area	
	(%)	(kg/cm2)	(kg)	(cm2)	
2	-0.01	0.607	5.01	8.245	
. 3	0.02	3.789	31.25	8.247	
4	0.07	8.247	68.04	8.250	
5	0.11	13.028	107.53	8.254	
6	0.15	16.496	136.21	8.257	
4 5 6 7	0.16	18.818	155.41	8.259	
8 9	0.20	21.170	174.89	8.261	
9	0.23	23.814	196.81	8.264	
10	0.27	26.979	223.05	8.268	
11	0.31	30.436	251.72	8.271	
12	0.35	34.380	284.45	8.274	
13	0.38	38.910	322.05	8.277	
14	0.42	44.580	369.13	8.280	
15	0.46	50.506	418.37	8.283	
16	0.50	57.374	475.44	8.287	
17	0.53	64.176	531.98	8.289	
18	0.57	71.822	595.56	8.292	
19	0.61	79.424	658.86	8.296	
20	0.65	87.347	724.87	8.299	
21	0.69	95.944	796.54	8.302	
22	0.73	104.732	869.85	8.306	
23	0.77	114.034	947.49	8.309	
24	0.81	124.499	1034.89	8.312	
25	0.85	133.856	1113.07	8.315	
26	0.88	143.237	1191.50	8.318	
. 27	0.91	152.231	1266.73	8.321	
28	0.92	103.721	863.09	8.321	
29	0.92	98.029	815.77	8.322	
		30.023		•••	

Raw Data In Volts

TIME

Ve5

Load

Dcdt

04:10:10:17:30	5.30330	0.00240	-1.00230	
04:18:16:19:43	5.50340	0.00358	-1.61110	
04:18:16:19:48	5.50340	0.00455	-1.60490	
04:18:16:19:52	5.50340	0.00591	-1.59630	
04:18:16:19:56	5.50340	0.00737	-1.58690	
1:18:16:20:01	5.50340	0.00843	-1.58000	
1:18:16:20:06	5.50350	0.00914	-1.57630	
04:18:16:20:10	5.50350	0.00986	-1.56930	
04:18:16:20:15	5.50340	0.01067	-1.56210	
04:18:16:20:19	5.50340	0.01164	-1.55400	
04:18:16:20:24	5.50350	0.01270	-1.54680	
04:18:16:20:28	5.50350	0.01391	-1.53890	
04:18:16:20:33	5.50350	0.01530	-1.53130	
04:18:16:20:37	5.50340	0.01704	-1.52300	
04:18:16:20:42	5.50340	0.01886	-1.51490	
04:18:16:20:47	5.50350	0.02097	-1.50720	
04:18:16:20:51	5.50350	0.02306	-1.50050	
04:18:16:20:56	5.50340	0.02541	-1.49350	
04:18:16:21:00	5.50340	0.02775	-1.48530	
04:18:16:21:05	5.50340	0.03019	-1.47750	
04:18:16:21:09	5.50350	0.03284	-1.46900	
04:18:16:21:14	5.50350	0.03555	-1.46080	•
04:18:16:21:18	5.50350	0.03842	-1.45270	
04:18:16:21:23	5.50340	0.04165	-1.44400	
04:18:16:21:28	5.50340	0.04454	-1.43660	
04:18:16:21:33	5.50350	0.04744	-1.42940	
04:18:16:21:37	5.50340	0.05022	-1.42280	
04:18:16:21:41	5.50350	0.03530	-1.42240	
04:18:16:21:46	5.50340	0.03355	-1.42150	
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Date Of Report: 23-APR-1991

Project Name: 91-044 Young Quist

e Name : Core-5, $1836'\overline{3}"-1836'8"$ T/I well

Ce. Number:

Area 8.219 cm2 Height 7.640 cm Cell pressure Strain rate 0.00 kg/cm2 0.50%/min

Water content 15.4 % Dry density 116.8 pcf Saturation 92.2 %

Transducer Information

Channel numbers Transducer Number Conversion Factors

Ve5 : 20

Load cell: 24 DCDT: 26 Loadcell : 61658 148 Dcdt : 926 2.

148880.00 kg/v/ve 2.0700 cm/v/ve

Reading	Strain	Stress	Load	Area	
-	(%)	(kg/cm2)	(kg)	(cm2)	
2	0.00	0.741	6.09	8.219	
3	0.04	2.616	21.51	8.222	
4	0.08	5.608	46.12	8.225	
5	0.12	9.024	74.26	8.229	
6	0.15	12.866	105.91	8.232	
7	0.18	16.181	133.23	8.234	
8	0.19	18.282	150.55	8.235	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0.22	20.772	171.11	8.237	
10	0.25	23.294	191.94	8.240	
11	0.29	26.272	216.55	8.243	
12	0.32	29.511	243.33	8.245	
13	0.36	33.371	275.26	8.248	
14	0.40	38.177	315.02	8.252	
15	0.43	43.178	356.41	8.255	
16	0.47	48.798	402.95	8.257	
17	0.50	54.545	450.56	8.260	
18	0.53	61.173	505.47	8.263	
19	0.56	67.764	560.11	8.266	
20	0.60	74.516	616.12	8.268	
21	0.63	81.589	674.82	8.271	
22	0.66	89.277	738.68	8.274	
23	0.70	97.218	804.67	8.277	
24	0.73	104.863	868.25	8.280	
25	0.77	112.179	929.11	8.282	
26	0.79	119.071	986.48	8.285	
27	0.82	124.455	1031.37	8.287	
28	1.16	1.708	14.20	8.316	

Raw Data In Volts

TIME

Ve5

Load

Dcdt

04:18:10:24:56	5.50340	0.00304	-1.34010
04:18:16:25:00	5.50340	0.00302	-1.34080
04:18:16:25:04			-1.33260
	5.50340	0.00510	
04:18:16:25:09	5.50350	0.00614	-1.32450
04:18:16:25:13	5.50340	0.00731	-1.31660
1:18:16:25:18	5.50340	0.00832	-1.31100
:18:16:25:23	5.50340	0.00896	-1.30940
U4:18:16:25:27	5.50340	0.00972	-1.30290
04:18:16:25:32	5.50340	0.01049	-1.29650
04:18:16:25:36	5.50350	0.01140	-1.28960
04:18:16:25:41	5.50350	0.01239	-1.28290
04:18:16:25:45	5.50340	0.01357	-1.27560
04:18:16:25:50	5.50340	0.01504	-1.26770
04:18:16:25:55	5.50340	0.01657	-1.26040
04:18:16:25:59	5.50340	0.01829	-1.25340
04:18:16:26:04	5.50340	0.02005	-1.24640
04:18:16:26:09	5.50340	0.02208	-1.23970
04:18:16:26:13	5.50350	0.02410	-1.23360
04:18:16:26:18	5.50340	0.02617	-1.22700
04:18:16:26:22	5.50340	0.02834	-1.22040
04:18:16:26:27	5.50330	0.03070	-1.21300
04:18:16:26:31		0.03314	-1.20570
	5.50340		
04:18:16:26:36	5.50340	0.03549	-1.19881
04:18:16:26:40	5.50340	0.03774	-1.19247
04:18:16:26:45	5.50330	0.03986	-1.18660
04:18:16:26:49	5.50340	0.04152	-1.18100
04:18:16:26:54	5.50340	0.00392	-1.11197

Date Of Report: 23-APR-1991

Project Name: 91-044 Young Quist

'le Name : Core-9, 2410'11"-2411'4' T/I well

Ce Number:

Area 8.354 cm2 Height 7.248 cm

Cell pressure Strain rate 0.00 kg/cm2 0.50%/min

Water content 9.8 % Dry density 128.3 pcf Saturation 69.8 %

Transducer Information

Channel numbers Transducer Number Conversion Factors

Ve5 : 20

Load cell: 24 Loadcell: 61658 148880.00 kg/v/ve DCDT: 26 Dcdt: 926 2.0700 cm/v/ve

Reading	Strain	Stress	Load	Area	
	(%)	(kg/cm2)	(kg)	(cm2)	
2	-0.01	0.567	4.73	8.353	
3	0.01	2.768	23.13	8.355	
4	0.05	6.134	51.27	8.358	
5	0.09	10.240	85.62	8.362	
6	0.13	14.374	120.25	8.365	
7	0.16	17.152	143.51	8.367	
8	0.19	19.797	165.69	8.370	
9	0.22	22.374	187.33	8.373	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0.26	25.274	211.68	8.376	
11	0.29	28.527	239.01	8.378	
12	0.33	32.228	270.11	8.381	
13	0.36	36.443	305.55	8.384	
14	0.40	41.138	345.05	8.387	
14 15 16 17	0.44	46.766	392.39	8.391	
16	0.47	53.515	449.20	8.394	
17	0.51	60.649	509.25	8.397	
18	0.54	67.972	570.93	8.399	
19	0.57	75.775	636.68	8.402	
20	0.61	83.823	704.57	8.405	
21	0.65	92.702	779.50	8.409	•
22	0.69	101.126	850.65	8.412	
23	0.72	109.896	924.77	8.415	
24	0.76	118.920	1001.07	8.418	
25	0.80	127.935	1077.34	8.421	
26	0.83	136.665	1151.22	8.424	
27	0.86	146.377	1233.45	8.427	
28	0.89	155.091	1307.31	8.429	
29	1.33	0.335	2.84	8.467	
<i>2</i> 3	1.33	0.333	4.07	0.407	

Raw Data In Volts

TIME

Ve5

Load

Dcdt

04:18:16:16:23 5.50340 0.05172 -1.70490 04:18:16:16:28 5.50350 0.00350 -1.62070

CORE SAMPLES
LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTIONS

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT TEST/INJECTION WELL LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTIONS OF CORES

CORE	INTERVAL	FORMATION	FOOTAGE	RECOVERY	RECOVERY
#	CORED	CORED	CORED	(FEET)	(%)
1	1520'-1530'	LAKE CITY	10	3	30
2		LAKE CITY	15	9	60
3	1755'-1770'	OLDSMAR	15	10	66
4	1790'-1805'		15	8	53
5	1835'-1846'		11	8	72
6	1893'-1907'		14	0	0
7	1908'-1926'		18	2	11
		OLDSMAR	10	0	0
9	2406'-2419'	OLDSMAR	13	12	
CORE	DEPTH INTERV	AL DESC	RIPTION		
1	1520' - 1530	vugular	and moldic	ous, interca porosity wi t at the bas	Lth
2	1624' - 1639	interbed intercry porosity lignite	s of dolom stalline a , well ind veins thro	omitic limes ite and cher and intergran urated, hor ughout core and chert.	rt, nular
3	1755' - 1770	intergra porosity at base	nular and , moderate		
4	1790' - 1805	dolomite	, moldic, nular poro	ite, with caintercrystal sity, modera	
5	1835' - 1846	intergra			and ontal lignite
7	1908' - 1926		•	ite, moldic sity, poorly	
9	2406' - 2419	porosity		stalline and o high alter	

horizontal lignite veins and vertical

lineaments throughout core.

CORE # 1

1520'- 1530'

Recovery: 3 feet

DEPTH

THICKNESS

1520' 0" - 1520' 8"

8"

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline, vugular and moldic porosity, microcrystalline to fine grained euhedral crystals, high alteration, good induration with dolomite cement, crystalline.

1520' 8" - 1521' 5"

0"

CALCAREOUS DOLOMITE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) to dusky yellow (5 Y 6/4), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, microcrystalline to coarse grained subhedral crystals, medium alteration, good induration with dolomite cement, micrite (<10%), undistinguishable fossils in section, fossil casts, relic textures, less dense than section above.

1521' 5" - 1521' 11"

6"

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, microcrystalline to very fine grained, <10% allochems, grain type is micrite and crystal, moderate induration with micrite and dolomite cement, coarse grained euhedral dolomite crystals in sample.

1521' 11" - 1523' 0"

1' 1"

CHERT, olive gray (5 Y 4/1) to olive black (5 Y 2/1), no visible porosity, cryptocrystalline, good induration, micrite (10 %), white evaporite veins in section, very dense.

CORE # 2

1624'- 1639'

Recovery: 9 feet

1624' 0" - 1626' 2"

2' 2"

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) to dusky yellow (5 Y 6/4), intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, possibly low permeability, grain type is micrite and crystal, low alteration, moderate induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement, very fine dolomite crystals in section, evaporites (trace), tight, few fossils.

1626' 2" - 1626' 5"

3"

DOLOMITE, olive gray (5 Y 3/2), no visible porosity, possibly low permeability, microcrystalline, good induration, white vertical evaporite veins and vertical lineaments within dolomite in section, micrite above and below dolomite interbed.

1626' 5" - 1627' 4"

11"

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, yellowish gray $(5 \ Y \ 7/2)$ to dusky yellow $(5 \ Y \ 6/4)$, intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, possibly low permeability, grain type is micrite and crystal, low to medium alteration, moderate to good induration with micrite and dolomite cement, unfossiliferous, tight formation.

1627' 4" - 1627' 8"

J1 99

DOLOMITE and MICRITE (10%), olive gray (5 Y 4/1) to white (N 9), intergranular porosity, microcrystalline, good induration, micrite (10%), dolomite crystals, vertical evaporite veins present, hair line vertical lineaments, very dense.

1627' 8" - 1627' 10"

2"

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, microcrystalline to very fine grained. 10% allochems, grain type is micrite and crystal, moderate induration with micrite and dolomite cement, coarse grained euhedral dolomite crystals in sample.

1627' 10" - 1628' 1"

3"

DOLOMITE, olive gray (5 Y 4/1), no visible porosity, microcrystalline, high alteration, good induration, vertical linements present in section, very dense.

1628' 1" - 1628' 10"

9"

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, microcrystalline to very fine grained, 10% allochems, grain type is micrite and crystal, moderate induration with micrite and dolomite cement, coarse grained euhedral dolomite crystals in sample.

1628' 10" - 1629' 6"

8"

DOLOMITE with micrite and anhydrite veins, olive gray $(5 \ Y \ 4/1)$ to dark gray $(N \ 3)$ to very light gray $(N \ 8)$, intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, grain type is micrite and crystal, poor to good induration with micrite and dolomite cement, very tight, hard, hair line lineaments.

1629' 6" - 1630' 8"

1' 2"

CALCAREOUS DOLOMITE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, grain type is crystal and micrite, low alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement and micrite, minute lignite veins in sample.

1630' 8" - 1631' 4" 8"

DOLOMITE, olive gray (5 Y 4/1), no visible porosity, microcrystalline, high alteration, good induration, vertical lineaments present in section, very dense.

1631' 4" - 1633' 0" 1' 6"

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, microcrystalline to very fine grained, 10% allochems, grain type is micrite and crystal, moderate induration with micrite and dolomite cement, coarse grained euhedral dolomite crystals in sample.

CORE # 3 1755'- 1770' Recovery: 10 feet

1755' 0" - 1755' 5" 5"

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) to light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), intergranular, intercrystalline and moldic porosity, grain type is micrite, crystal and skeletal, 15% allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement, forams, lignite veins.

1755' 5" - 1755' 9" 4"

DOLOMITE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to medium grained subhedral crystals, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement, sacchorodial texture, larger crystals occupy void spaces, calcite crystals present, slightly altered forams in sample.

1755' 9" - 1757' 6" 1' 9"

LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, grain type is micrite, crystal, intraclast and skeletal, 10% allochems, microcrystalline to very fine grained, moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, dolomitic, forams, lignite lenses and veins in section.

1757' 6" - 1758' 6" 1' 0"

CRYSTALLINE LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intercrystalline porosity, possibly low permeability, <5% allochems, microcrystalline, good induration.

1758' 6" - 1760' 10" 2' 4"

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline, intergranular and moldic porosity, possibly low permeability, 20%

allochems, microcrystalline to fine grained crystals, moderate to good induration with sparry calcite, dolomite and micrite cement. 1760' 10" - 1762' 5" 1' 7"

LIMESTONE, (10 YR 8/2) CRYSTALLINE very pale orange porosity. permeability, intercrystalline possibly low allochems, microcrystalline, good induration with sparry calcite cement, section has one vertical lineament about 1 1/2" in length.

1762' 5" - 1764' 6" 2' 1"

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), moldic, intergranular and intercrystalline porosity, 70% allochems, grain type is skeletal and crystal, microcrystalline to very fine grained, good induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, abundant foraminifera, <u>Dictyoconus</u> sp.

1764' 6" - 1765' 0" 6"

CHERT and MICRITE, very light gray (N 8) to light gray (N 7), no visible porosity, cryptocrystalline, micrite occupying void space.

CORE # 4 1790' - 1805' Recovery: 8 feet

1790' 0" - 1792' 4" 4' 2"

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), moldic, intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, 50% allochems, grain type is skeletal, crystal and micrite, microcrystalline to medium grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, coarse grained subhedral dolomite crystals, lignite veins, abundant forams including <u>Dictyoconus</u> sp.

1792' 4" - 1793' 6" 1' 2"

CALCAREOUS DOLOMITE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), intercrystalline, moldic and intergranular porosity, grain type is crystal and biogenic, moderate to good induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement.

1793' 6" - 1795' 10" 2' 4"

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), moldic, intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, 50% allochems, grain type is skeletal, crystal and micrite, microcrystalline to medium grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement, coarse grained subhedral dolomite crystals, lignite veins, abundant forams.

1795' 10" - 1796' 7"

9"

CALCAREOUS DOLOMITE, very light gray (N 6) to light gray (N 7), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, 15% allochems, grain type is crystal and biogenic, good induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement, light gray (N 7) sparry calcite concretions in sample, forams.

1796' 7" - 1798' 0"

1' 5"

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, very light gray (N 6) to light gray (N 7), intercrystalline and moldic porosity, 15% allochems, grain type is crystal and biogenic, good induration with dolomite and sparry calcite cement, light gray (N 7) sparry calcite concretions in sample, forams.

CORE # 5

1835' - 1846'

Recovery: 8 feet

1835' 0" - 1836' 11"

1' 11"

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), moldic, intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, 60% allochems, grain type is skeletal, crystal and micrite, microcrystalline to medium grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite, micrite and dolomite cement, <u>Dictyoconus</u> sp.

1836' 11" - 1838' 2"

3"

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular porosity, 20% allochems, grain type is skeletal, crystal and micrite, microcrystalline to medium grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite, micrite and dolomite cement.

1838' 2" - 1843' 0"

4' 10"

FORAMINIFEROUS LIMESTONE, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), moldic, intercrystalline and intergranular porosity, 55% allochems, grain type is skeletal, crystal and micrite, microcrystalline to fine grained, moderate induration with sparry calcite, micrite and dolomite cement, lignite veins in section.

CORE # 7

1908' - 1926'

Recovery: 2 feet

1924' - 1924' 2"

2"

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, possibly low permeability, 20% allochems, grain type is micrite and skeletal, microcrystalline, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, chalky, micritic, forams.

1924' 2" - 1925' 5" 1' 3"

DOLOMITE, yellowish gray (5Y 7/2), intercrystalline porosity, possibly low permeability, high alteration, good induration with dolomite cement.

1925' 5" - 1927' 0" 1' 7"

LIMESTONE, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), intergranular and moldic porosity, 25% allochems, grain type is micrite and skeletal, microcrystalline, poor to moderate induration with micrite and sparry calcite cement, forams, dolomitic.

CORE # 9 2406' - 2419' Recovery: 12 feet

2406' 0" - 2406' 5" 5"

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, very fine grained euhedral crystals, medium alteration, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement, lignite veins in bottom half of section, vertical lineaments.

2406' 5" - 2407' 3" 10"

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, very fine grained euhedral crystals, medium alteration, moderate induration with dolomite cement, horizontal lignite veins throughout sample.

2407' 3" - 2408' 9" 1' 6"

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown 10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, very fine grained euhedral crystals, medium alteration, good induration with dolomite cement, lignite veins.

2408' 9" - 2410' 1"

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, microcrystalline, medium alteration, good induration with dolomite cement.

2410' 1" - 2410' 5" 4"

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, very fine grained euhedral crystals, medium alteration, good induration with dolomite cement, lignite veins, small lineaments in sample.

2410' 5" - 2410' 9"

/1 **

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, very fine to fine grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement, lignite veins at bottom of section.

2410' 9" - 2410' 11"

2"

DOLOMITE, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, medium alteration, good induration with dolomite cement.

2410' 11" - 2411' 7"

8"

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, fine grained euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2411' 7" - 2412' 0"

511

DOLOMITE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, fine grained euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2412' 0" - 2412' 8"

8 **

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, very fine grained euhedral crystals, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

2412' 8" - 2413' 0"

1' 4"

DOLOMITE, light olive gray $(5 \ Y \ 6/1)$, intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement.

2413' 0" - 2415' 2"

1' 2"

DOLOMITE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, very fine grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement.

2415' 2" - 2415' 11"

9"

DOLOMITE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement, lignite veines.

2415' 11" - 2416' 1" 1' 2"

DOLOMITE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1) to yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement.

2416' 1" - 2417' 4" 1' 3"

DOLOMITE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium alteration, microcrystalline, good induration with dolomite cement.

2417' 4" - 2417' 11" 7"

DOLOMITE, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1) to pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, medium to high alteration, microcrystalline to fine grained euhedral crystals, good induration with dolomite cement, vertical lineaments in section, small cavities.

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTIONS OF CORES

CORE #	INTERVAL CORED	FORMATION CORED	FOOTAGE CORED	RECOVERY (FEET)	RECOVERY (%)
1	1131'-1146'	LAKE CITY	15	15	100
2	1463'-1473'	LAKE CITY	10	8	80

CORE DEPTH INTERVAL DESCRIPTION

- 1 1131' 1146' Primarily dolomite with some dolomitic limestone, intercrystalline, intergranular and vugular porosity, medium alteration.
- 2 1463' 1473' Dolomite, intercrystalline, intracrystalline and vugular porosity, high alteration, good induration, dense.

CORE # 1 1131'- 1146' Recovery: 15 feet

DEPTH THICKNESS

1131' 0" - 1133' 6" 2' 6"

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, medium alteration, good induration with dolomite cement, lignite veins, cavities.

1133' 6" - 1134'11" 1' 5"

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intergranular, intercrystalline and vugular porosity, grain type is micrite, crystal and skeletal, 20% allochems, medium grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite and dolomite cement.

1134'11" - 1136' 0" 1' 1"

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, very fine grained euhedral crystals, medium alteration, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement.

1136' 0" - 1137' 6" 1' 6"

DOLOMITE, light gray (N 7), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, microcrystalline, high alteration, good induration with dolomite cement.

1137' 6" - 1138'11" 1' 5"

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, very fine to fine grained euhedral crystals, medium alteration, moderate induration with dolomite cement.

1138'11" - 1141' 8"

2' 9"

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline, moldic and vugular porosity, microcrystalline grained euhedral crystals, high alteration, good induration with dolomite cement.

1141' 8" - 1142' 2"

6"

DOLOMITE, moderate yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, very fine grained euhedral crystals, medium alteration, moderate induration with dolomite cement, cavities.

1142' 2" - 1143' 6"

1 4 4 **

DOLOMITE, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, very fine grained euhedral crystals, medium alteration, good induration with dolomite cement.

1143' 6" - 1146' 0"

2' 6"

DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intergranular, intercrystalline and vugular porosity, grain type is micrite, crystal and skeletal, very fine to medium grained, poor to moderate induration with micrite, sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

CORE # 2

1463' - 1473' Recovery: 8 feet

Depth

Thickness

1463' 0" - 1463' 4"

/L **

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline porosity, microcrystalline to very fine grained subhedral crystals, high alteration, good induration with dolomite cement.

1463' 4" - 1464'10"

1' 6"

DOLOMITE, dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, microcrystalline to fine grained crystals, high alteration, good induration with dolomite cement.

1464'10" - 1465' 6"

8"

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), to dusky yellowish

brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline and intracrystalline porosity, microcrystalline, high alteration, good induration with dolomite cement, hard, tight, dense, low permeability.

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2) to dusky yellowish brown (10 YR 2/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, microcrystalline to very fine grained euhedral crystals, high alteration, good induration with dolomite cement, vertical lineaments.

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 42), intercrystalline porosity, microcrystalline to fine grained euhedral crystals, medium to high alteration, moderate to good induration with dolomite cement, vertical lineaments in section.

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline and vugular porosity, microcrystalline, high alteration, good induration with dolomite cement.

DOLOMITE, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/2), intercrystalline, moldic and vugular porosity, microcrystalline to very fine grained subhedral crystals, medium to high alteration, moderate to good induration with sparry calcite and dolomite cement.

CORE SECTIONS SENT FOR LABORATORY ANALYSIS

WELL	CORE #	INTERVAL SENT FROM CORE	LENGTH (INCHES)
DMW	1	1140' 1"-1140' 6"	5
DMW	2	1464' 3"-1464' 9"	6
T/I	1	1520' 4"-1520' 8"	4
T/I	2	1629' 6"-1630' 1"	7
T/I	3	1758' 2"-1758' 6"	4
T/I	4	1796'10"-1797' 2"	4
T/I	5	1836' 3"-1836' 8"	5
T/I	9	2410'11"-2411' 4"	5

CORE SAMPLES

PHOTOGRAPHS OF CORES









THIS END UP 1 # BHOS STAM UL

































INJECTION TEST DATA AND TRANSMISSIVITY CALCULATIONS

INJECTION TEST DATA

DATE	TIME		LEVEL		DATE	TIME	WATER	
m/d/y		SFMW feet	DFMW feet	-	m/d/y	i i	SFMW feet	DFMW feet
:		APL	BPL	1 1	!	;	APL	BPL
031791	2100	4.40	15.50		031991	1600	4.28	15.51
031791	2200	4.40	15.48		031991	1700	4.26	15.52
031791	2300	4.37	15.45		031991	1800	4.29	15.51
031891	0000	4.31	15.40		031991	1900	4.31	15.48
031891	0100	4.30	15.30	_	031991	2000	4.36	15.38
031891	0200	4.25	15.32					
031891	0300	4.21	15.70					
031891	0400	4.15	15.70					
031891	0500	4.20	15.70					
031891	0600	4.25	15.60					
031891	0700	4.30	15.50					
031891	0800	4.36	15.49					
031891	0900	4.39	15.45					
031891	1000	4.48	15.40					
031891	1100	4.50	15.43					
031891	1200	4.35	15.48					
031891	1300	4.30	15.54					
031891	1400	4.24	15.58					
031891	1500	4.22	15.60					
031891	1600	4.20	15.63					
031891	1700	4.22	15.60					
031891	1800	4.25	15.57					
031891	1900	4.45	15.42					
031891	2000	4.48 4.58	15.40					
031891 031891	2100 2200	4.60	15.35 15.35					
031891	2300	4.60	15.30					
031091	0000	4.58	15.27					
031991	0100	4.55	15.32					
031991	0200	4.45	15.35					
031991	0300	4.42	15.40					
031991	0400	4.38	15.41					
031991	0500	4.35	15.45					
031991	0600	4.35	15.45					
031991	0700	4.36	15.43					
031991	0800	4.39	15.34					
031991	0900	4.43	15.35					
031991	1000	4.46	15.30					
031991	1100	4.49	15.27					
031991	1200	4.48	15.31					
031991	1300	4.45	15.35					
031991	1400	4.38	15.41					
031991	1500	4.34	15.47					

DATE ;	TIME ;	WATER SFMW	LEVEL	DATE m/d/y		WATER LE	VEL DFMW
1117 U/3		feet	feet	m/ u/ y			feet
	;	APL	BPL :	!			BPL
	' 		, ,,				
031991	2200*	4.47	15.30	032091	2130	4.36	15.88
031991	2210	4.50	15.28	032091	2200	4.36	15.88
031991	2220	4.50	15.28	032091	2230	4.38	15.86
031991	2230	4.51	15.27	032091	2300	4.40	15.81
031991	2240	4.51	15.26	032091	2330	4.46	15.76
031991	2250	4.52	15.26	032191	0000	4.48	15.70
031991	2300	4.52	15.25	032191	0030	4.49	15.68
031991	2310	4.53	15.24	032191	0100	4.50	15.67
031991	2320	4.54	15.24	032191	0130	4.50	15.67
031991	2330	4.54	15.23	032191	0200	4.48	15.66
032091	0710	4.25	15.52	032191	0230	4.45	15.71
032091	0720	4.25	15.51	032191	0300	4.42	15.74
032091	0730	4.24	15.53	032191	0330	4.40	15.76
032091	0740	4.26	15.51	032191	0400	4.36	15.79
032091	0750	4.26	15.52	032191	0430	4.32	15.83
032091	0800	4.26	15.53	032191	0500	4.30	15.88
032091	0810	4.25	15.51	032191	0530	4.27	15.89
032091	0820	4.26	15.51	032191	0600	4.25	15.94
032091	0830	4.27	15.51	032191	0630	4.23	15.95
032091	0840	4.27	15.51	032191	0700	4.22	15.95
032091	0850	4.28	15.50	032191	0730	4.20	15.91
032091	0900	4.29	15.50	032191	0800	4.21	15.91
032091	0910	4.29	15.48	032191	0830	4.22	15.89
032091	0940	4.32	15.45	032191	0900	4.23	15.89
032091	1010	4.34	15.44	032191	1000	4.25	15.87
032091	1040	4.35	15.42	032191	1030	4.29	15.83
032091	1110	4.36	15.41	032191	1108	4.30	15.80
032091	1210	4.35	15.43	032191	1130	4.34	15.79
032091	1310	4.37	15.41	032191	1200	4.33	15.79
032091	1410	4.35	15.42	032191	1230	4.35	15.76
032091	1510	4.25	15.54	032191	1300	4.35	15.79
032091	1610	4.19	15.70	032191	1330	4.34	15.81
032091	1710	4.16	15.84	032191	1400	4.33	15.83
032091	1810	4.13	16.00	032191	1430	4.31	15.84
032091	1910	4.18	15.96	032191	1500**	4.29	15.91
032091	2000	4.21	15.89				
032091	2030	4.25	15.88				
032091	2100	4.29	15.88				

^{*} Begin pumping fresh water down t/i well at a rate of 100 gpm for T.V. survey

^{**} Stop pumping

·	R LEVEL
m/d/y SFMW DFMW m/d/y SFMW	
feet feet	
APL BPL APL	BPL
032191 1530 +4.26 -15.90 032291 1130 +4.	35 -15.83
032191 1600 +4.25 -15.94 032291 1200 +4.	
032191 1630 +4.20 -15.98 032291 1230 +4	.38 -15.80
032191 1700 +4.18 -15.95 032291 1300 +4	.38 -15.77
032191 1730 +4.15 -16.00 032291 1330 +4	.40 -15.77
032191 1800 +4.16 -16.05 032291 1400 +4.	42 -15.75
	.40 -15.74
032191 1900 +4.14 -16.05	
	.40 -15.75
032191 2000 +4.15 -16.00 032291 1500 +4.	
032191 2030 +4.16 -15.98 032291 1515 +4.	
032191 2100 +4.19 -15.97 032291 1530 +4.	
032191 2130 +4.21 -15.94 032291 1600 +4.	
032191 2200 +4.25 -15.90 032291 1615 +4.	
032191 2230 +4.27 -15.85 032291 1700 +4.	
032191 2300 +4.30 -15.80 032291 1730 +4.	- -
032191 2330 +4.33 -15.77 032291 1800 +4.	
032291 0000 +4.37 -15.75 032291 1830 +4.	
032291 0030 +4.41 -15.73 032291 1900 +4.	
032291 0100 +4.43 -15.70 032291 1930 +4.	
032291 0130 +4.45 -15.68 032291 2000 +4. 032291 0200 +4.46 -15.67 032291 2030 +4.	=
032291 0200 +4.46 -15.67 032291 2030 +4. 032291 0230 +4.46 -15.66 032291 2100 +4.	
032291 0300 +4.46 -15.64 032291 2130 +4.	
032291 0330 +4.45 -15.69 032291 2200 +4.	
	.24 -15.86
032291 0430 +4.40 -15.75 032291 2300 +4.	-
032291 0500 +4.37 -15.78 032291 2330 +4.	-
032291 0530 +4.34 -15.80 032391 0000 +4.3	
032291 0600 +4.31 -15.83 032391 0030 +4.3	
032291 0630 +4.30 -15.85 032391 0100 +4.	
032291 0700 +4.26 -15.88 032391 0130 +4.	44 -15.65
032291 0730 +4.25 -15.90 032391 0200 +4.	46 -15.63
032291 0800 +4.23 -15.90 032391 0230 +4.	47 -15.61
032291 0830 +4.23 -15.89 032391 0300 +4.	46 -15.62
032291 0900 +4.22 -15.90 032391 0330 +4.	
032291 0930 +4.23 -15.89 032391 0400 +4.	45 -15.67
032291 1000 +4.27 -15.88 032391 0430 +4.	43 -15.70
032291 1030 +4.31 -15.87 032391 0500 +4.4	
032291 1100 +4.34 -15.85 032391 0530 +4.5	39 -15.73

^{*} Begin pumping fresh water down t/i well at a rate 100 gpm for radioactive tracer survey

DATE	TIME :	WATER	LEVEL !!	DATE :	TIME;	WATER LI	EVEL
m/d/y		SFMW	DFMW	m/d/y		SFMW	DFMW
!		feet	feet		; -	feet	feet
		APL	BPL			APL	BPL
032391	0600	+4.35	-15.78	032491	0300	+4.50	-15.60
032391	0630	+4.31	-15.80	032491	0330	+4.50	-15.60
032391	0700	+4.28	-15.83	032491	0400	+4.51	-15.58
032391	0730	+4.26	-15.85	032491	0430	+4.51	-15.61
				032491	0500	+4.48	-15.61
032391	0800*	+4.24	-15.88	032491	0530	+4.46	-15.65
032391	0830	+4.21	-15.89	032491	0600	+4.43	-15.68
032391	0900	+4.20	-15.90	032491	0630	+4.40	-15.70
032391	0930	+4.21	-15.89	032491	0700	+4.37	-15.73
032391	1000	+4.19	-15.88	032491	0730	+4.32	-15.76
032391	1030	+4.21	-15.87	032491	0800	+4.29	~15.80
032391	1100	+4.25	-15.85	032491	0830	+4.25	-15.84
032391	1130	+4.28	-15.83	032491	0900	+4.25	-15.85
032391	1200	+4.30	-15.81	032491	0930	+4.24	-15.86
032391	1230	+4.32	-15.78	032491	1000	+4.22	-15.87
032391	1300	+4.31	-15.75	032491	1030	+4.23	-15.88
032391	1330	+4.31	-15.72	032491	1100	+4.24	-15.86
032391	1400	+4.37	-15.70	032491	1130	+4.26	-15.84
032391	1430	+4.41	-15.70	032491	1200	+4.26	-15.82
032391	1500	+4.40	-15.68	032491	1230	+4.30	-15.79
032391	1530	+4.43	-15.70	032491	1300	+4.35	-15.75
032391	1600	+4.42	-15.72	032491	1330	+4.38	-15.72
032391	1630	+4.43	-15.73	032491	1400	+4.41	-15.70
032391	1700	+4.37	-15.75	032491	1430	+4.44	-15.67
032391	1730	+4.34	-15.79	032491	1500	+4.46	-15.65
032391	1800	+4.31	-15.81	032491	1530	+4.50	-15.62
032391	1830	+4.28	-15.85	032491	1600	+4.50	-15.62
032391	1900	+4.26	-15.88	032491	1630	+4.51	-15.63
032391	1930	+4.22	-15.90	032491	1700	+4.48	-15.63
032391	2000	+4.21	-15.90	032491	1730	+4.46	-15.65
032391	2030	+4.21	-15.91	032491	1800	+4.42	-15.68
032391	2100	+4.20	-15.93	032491	1830	+4.39	-15.70
032391	2130	+4.19	-15.94	032491	1900	+4.36	-15.75
032391	2200	+4.20	-15.92	032491	1930	+4.34	-15.78
032391	2230	+4.23	-15.87	032491	2000	+4.30	-15.82
032391	2300	+4.27	-15.83	032491	2030	+4.27	-15.84
032391	2330	+4.31	-15.79	032491	2100	+4.25	-15.87
032491	0000	+4.35	-15.73	032491	2130	+4.23	-15.90
032491	0030	+4.38	-15.70	032491	2200	+4.22	-15.91
032491	0100	+4.43	-15.66	032491	2230	+4.21	-15.90
032491	0130	+4.43	-15.63	032491	2300	+4.23	-15.88
					2330	+4.25	-15.84
032491	0200	+4.47	-15.61	032491		+4.28	-15.82
032491	0230	+4.48	-15.61	032591	0000	T4.20	-13.05

^{*} Stop pumping down t/i well

DATE	TIME	-		DATE	TIME		LEVEL
m/d/y		SFMW		m/d/y	i I	SFMW	DFMW
	i •	feet APL			i 1	feet APL	feet BPL
	·	APL	, BPL	: :	' 	, AFL	, DFL
032591	0030	+4.32	-15.77	032591	2200	+4.18	-15.93
032591	0100	+4.35	-15.74	032591	2230	+4.16	-15.95
032591	0130	+4.39	-15.70	032591	2300	+4.15	-15.95
032591	0200	+4.44	-15.65	032591	2330	+4.16	-15.94
032591	0230	+4.46	-15.63	032691	0000	+4.16	-15.92
032591	0300	+4.50	-15.67	032691	0030	+4.20	-15.89
032591	0330	+4.51	-15.56	032691	0100	+4.23	-15.85
032591	0400	+4.53	-15.55	032691	0130	+4.26	-15.82
032591	0430	+4.56	-15.54	032691	0200	+4.30	-15.79
032591	0500	+4.56	-15.55	032691	0230	+4.33	-15.75
032591	0530	+4.54	-15.58	032691	0300	+4.37	-15.71
032591	0600	+4.51	-15.60	032691	0330	+4.40	-15.67
032591	0630	+4.48	-15.63	032691	0400	+4.42	-15.65
032591	0700	+4.46	-15.66	032691	0430	+4.41	-15.64
032591	0730	+4.41	-15.67	032691	0500	+4.39	-15.63
032591	0800	+4.35	-15.72	032691	0530	+4.38	-15.62
032591	0830	+4.31	-15.77	032691	0600	+4.40	-15.64
032591	0900	+4.29	-15.80	032691	0630	+4.42	-15.66
032591	0930	+4.26	-15.84	032691	0700	+4.41	-15.67
032591	1000	+4.24	-15.86	032691	0730	+4.38	-15.70
032591	1030	+4.23	-15.88	032691	0800	+4.34	-15.74
032591	1100	+4.21	-15.88	032691	0830	+4.31	-15.78
032591	1130	+4.22	-15.87	032691	0900	+4.26	-15.83
032591	1200	+4.23	-15.85	032691	0930	+4.25	-15.86
032591	1230	+4.24	-15.84	032691	1000	+4.21	-15.90
032591	1300	+4.26	-15.80	032691	1030	+4.18	-15.92
032591	1330	+4.32	-15.78	032691	1100	+4.16	-15.94
032591	1400	+4.34	-15.74	032691	1130	+4.16	-15.95
032591	1430	+4.37	-15.71	032691	1200	+4.14	-15.95
032591	1500	+4.43	-15.68	032691	1230	+4.18	-15.93
032591	1530	+4.43	-15.67	032691	1300	+4.18	-15.92
032591	1600	+4.45	-15.65	032691	1330	+4.21	-15.90
032591	1630	+4.46	-15.63	032691	1400	+4.26	-15.86
032591	1700	+4.45	-15.63	032691	1430	+4.28	-15.83
032591	1730	+4.45	-15.65	032691	1500	+4.31	-15.79
032591	1800	+4.42	-15.66	032691	1530	+4.34	-15.75
032591	1830	+4.41	-15.68	032691	1600	+4.37	-15.73
032591	1900	+4.37	-15.70	032691	1630	+4.41	-15.70
032591	1930 2000	+4.34 +4.31	-15.75 -15.80	032691 032691	1700	+4.43	-15.68
032591 032591	2030	+4.31	-15.84	032691	1730 1800	+4.42	-15.67 -15.68
032591	2100	+4.27	-15.87	032691	1830	+4.42	-15.68
032591	2130	+4.21	-15.90	032691	1900	+4.41	-15.71
	50		-2.30	-02-03-		7.03	10.11

DATE	TIME	WATER		DATE	TIME	WATER I	
m/d/y	i I	<u>SFMW</u> feet	DFMW feet	m/d/y	t 1 1 1	SFMW feet	DFMW feet
;	! !	APL	•	 		APL	BPL
032691	1930	+4.36	15.74	032791	1700	4.41	15.66
032691	2000	+4.34	15.77	032791	1730	4.43	15.62
032691	2030	+4.31	15.81	032791	1800	4.43	15.61
032691	2100	+4.25	15.84	032791	1830	4.43	15.60
032691	2130	+4.21	15.89	032791	1900	4.42	15.61
032691	2200	+4.18	15.92	032791	1930	4.40	15.64
032691	2230	+4.16	15.94	032791	2000	4.41	15.67
032691	2300	+4.14	15.96	032791	2030	4.38	15.69
032691	2330	+4.13	15.97	032791	2100	4.34	15.92
032791	0000	+4.11	15.96	032791	2130	4.31	15.75
032791	0030	+4.12	15.95	032791	2200	4.28	15.80
032791	0100	+4.15	15.94	032791	2230	4.24	15.83
032791	0130	+4.18	15.90	032791	2300	4.20	15.88
032791	0200	+4.20	15.87	032791	2330	4.17	15.90
032791	0230	+4.24	15.84	032891	0000	4.14	15.93
032791	0300	4.28	15.80	032891	0030	4.14	15.94
032791	0330	4.31	15.75	032891	0100	4.15	15.92
032791	0400	4.33	15.70	032891	0130	4.15	15.90
032791	0430	4.35	15.65	032891	0200	4.18	15.91
032791	0500	4.36	15.64	032891	0230	4.21	15.88
032791	0530	4.38	15.66	032891	0300	4.25	15.86
032791	0600	4.41	15.68	032891	0330	4.28	15.82
032791	0630	4.42	15.69	032891	0400	4.31	15.77
032791	0700	4.43	15.70	032891	0430	4.34	15.72
032791	0730	4.41	15.70	032891	0500	4.36	15.68
032791	0800	4.36	15.70	032891	0530	4.39	15.63
032791	0830	4.35	15.71	032891	0600	4.41	15.62
032791	0900	4.31	15.73	032891	0630	4.41	15.64
032791	0930	4.29	15.77	032891	0700	4.42	15.63
032791	1000	4.25	15.81	032891	0730	4.40	15.63
032791	1030	4.23	15.85	032891	0800	4.39	15.63
032791	1100	4.20	15.87	032891	0830	4.34	15.64
032791	1130	4.17	15.89	032891	0900	4.36	15.66
032791	1200	4.17	15.90	032891	0930	4.34	15.70
032791	1230	4.14	15.90	032891	1000	4.30	15.74
032791	1300	4.17	15.88	032891	1030	4.28	15.77
032791	1330	4.18	15.87	032891	1100	4.25	15.80
032791	1400	4.19	15.85	032891	1130	4.23	15.82
032791	1430	4.23	15.83	032891	1200	4.21	15.84
032791	1500	4.28	15.78	032891	1230	4.19	15.86
032791	1530	4.31	15.75	032891	1300	4.18	15.87
032791	1600	4.33	15.73	032891	1330	4.20	15.86
032791	1630	4.36	15.70	032891	1400	4.22	15.83

DATE m/d/y	TIME	Water SFMW	LEVEL	DATE m/d/y	TIME	WATER LI	EVEL DFMW
		feet	feet			feet	feet
		APL	BPL		į	APL	BPL
032891	1430	4.24	15.81	032991	1130	4.35	15.70
032891	1500	4.28	15.78	032991	1200	4.34	15.71
032891	1530	4.32	15.75	032991	1230	4.32	15.73
032891	1600	4.35	15.69	032991	1300	4.31	15.75
032891	1630	4.40	15.65	032991	1330	4.30	15.76
032891	1700	4.43	15.60	032991	1400	4.30	15.76
032891	1730	4.45	15.58	032991	1430	4.30	15.75
032891	1800	4.49	15.56	032991	1500	4.33	15.71
032891	1830	4.51	15.54	032991	1530	4.35	15.68
032891	1900	4.52	15.53	032991	1600	4.38	15.65
032891	1930	4.54	15.53	032991	1630	4.40	15.62
032891	2000	4.53	15.52	032991	1700	4.45	15.58
032891	2030	4.51	15.55	032991	1730	4.49	15.55
032891	2100	4.49	15.58	032991	1800	4.53	15.50
032891	2130	4.46	15.62	032991	1830	4.55	15.49
032891	2200	4.43	15.65	032991	1900	4.58	15.46
032891	2230	4.39	15.68	032991	1930	4.60	15.45
032891	2300	4.36	15.70	032991	2000	4.61	15.45
032891	2330	4.32	15.74	032991	2030	4.62	15.43
032991	0000	4.29	15.78	032991	2100	4.60	15.45
032991	0030	4.26	15.80	032991	2130	4.58	15.48
032991	0100	4.24	15.83	032991	2200	4.56	15.51
032991	0130	4.23	15.85	032991	2230	4.53	15.54
032991	0200	4.24	15.84	032991	2300	4.50	15.57
032991	0230	4.26	15.82	032991	2330	4.47	15.59
032991	0300	4.29	15.78	033091	0000	4.43	15.63
032991	0330	4.31	15.75	033091	0030	4.39	15.67
032991	0400	4.33	15.73	033091	0100	4.35	15.72
032991	0430	4.37	15.69	033091	0130	4.31	15.74
032991	0500	4.40	15.65	033091	0200	4.28	15.75
032991	0530	4.42	15.64	033091	0230	4.26	15.77
032991	0600	4.46	15.60	033091	0300	4.25	15.77
032991	0630	4.48	15.57	033091	0330	4.26	15.76
032991	0700	4.50	15.55	033091	0400	4.28	15.74
032991	0730	4.51	15.53	033091	0430	4.31	15.72
032991	0800	4.50	15.54	033091	0500	4.34	15.70
032991	0830	4.50	15.54	033091	0530	4.36	15.67
032991	0900	4.49	15.55	033091	0600	4.37	15.65
032991	0930	4.49	15.58	033091	0630	4.39	15.64
032991	1000	4.45	15.61	033091	0700	4.41	15.62
032991	1030	4.40	15.66	033091	0730	4.41	15.58
032991	1100	4.38	15.67	033091	0800	4.41	15.60

DATE	TIME	WATER	LEVEL ;	DATE	TIME !	WATER L	EVEL
m/d/y	1	SFMW	DFMW	m/d/y	1	SFMW :	DFMW
1	;	feet	feet	1		feet	feet
;	i	APL	BPL	:	ŀ	APL ;	BPL
033091	0830	4.41	15.60	033191	0500	4.18	15.83
033091	0900	4.40	15.60	033191	0530	4.19	15.82
033091	0930	4.36	15.62	033191	0600	4.20	15.81
033091	1000	4.34	15.65	033191	0630	4.22	15.79
033091	1030	4.31	15.68	033191	0700	4.24	15.75
033091	1100	4.28	15.72	033191	0730	4.25	15.71
033091	1130	4.25	15.76	033191	0800	4.27	15.71
033091	1200	4.22	15.79	033191	0830	4.30	15.69
033091	1230	4.20	15.82	033191	0900	4.30	15.68
033091	1300	4.18	15.84	033191	0930	4.31	15.68
033091	1330	4.13	15.88	033191	1000	4.28	15.68
033091	1400	4.12	15.89	033191	1030	4.26	15.72
033091	1430	4.11	15.90	033191	1100	4.24	15.76
•						4.24	
033091	1500	4.10	15.90	033191	1130		15.79
033091	1530	4.12	15.89	033191	1200	4.18	15.83
033091	1600	4.13	15.85	033191	1230	4.16	15.85
033091	1630	4.15	15.83	033191	1300	4.14	15.86
033091	1700	4.18	15.81	033191	1330	4.12	15.89
033091	1730	4.21	15.78	033191	1400	4.10	15.92
033091	1800	4.23	15.75	033191	1430	4.09	15.92
033091	1830	4.28	15.71	033191	1500	4.08	15.91
033091	1900	4.31	15.68	033191	1530	4.08	15.91
033091	1930	4.35	15.67	033191	1600	4.08	15.91
033091	2000	4.37	15.65	033191	1630	4.09	15.90
033091	2030	4.38	15.63	033191	1700	4.10	15.89
033091	2100	4.38	15.64	033191	1730	4.13	15.86
033091	2130	4.37	15.64	033191	1800	4.15	15.83
033091	2200	4.36	15.65	033191	1830	4.17	15.80
033091	2230	4.35	15.67	033191	1900	4.22	15.78
033091	2300	4.32	15.69	033191	1930	4.25	15.74
033091	2330	4.30	15.72	033191	2000	4.30	15.70
033191	0000	4.27	15.76	033191	2030	4.31	15.70
033191	0030	4.25	15.79	033191	2100	4.32	15.69
033191	0100	4.22	15.82	033191	2130	4.33	15.67
033191	0130	4.20	15.85	033191	2200	4.35	15.65
033191	0200	4.17	15.87	033191	2230	4.36	15.66
033191	0230	4.15	15.89	033191	2300	4.34	15.67
033191	0300	4.13	15.90	033191	2330	4.32	15.70
033191	0330	4.13	15.89	040191	0000	4.29	15.72
033191	0400	4.15	15.87	040191	0030	4.26	15.75
033191	0430	4.16	15.85	040191	0100	4.24	15.76

DATE	TIME	WATER	-	DATE	TIME	WATER L	
m/d/y		SFMW	DFMW	m/d/y	i i	SFMW !	DFMW
		feet			i i	feet	feet
;	1	APL	BPL	1	i i	APL ;	BPL
			45 50		2222	1 20	15.73
040191	0130	4.21	15.79	040191	2200 2230	4.28 4.29	15.73
040191	0200	4.18	15.82	040191 040191	2300	4.29	15.72
040191	0230	4.16	15.85	040191	2330	4.29	15.72
040191	0300	4.14	15.87	_		4.26	15.72
040191	0330	4.12	15.89	040291	0000	4.23	15.76
040191	0400	4.11	15.90	040291	0030		15.78
040191	0430	4.10	15.91	040291	0100	4.21	15.76
040191	0500	4.10	15.91	040291	0130	4.19	
040191	0530	4.11	15.90	040291	0200	4.17	15.83
040191	0600	4.12	15.89	040291	0230	4.16	15.85
040191	0630	4.14	15.87	040291	0300	4.14	15.87
040191	0700	4.14	15.86	040291	0330	4.13	15.88
040191	0730	4.15	15.82	040291	0400	4.12	15.90
040191	0800	4.17	15.81	040291	0430	4.11	15.91
040191	0830	4.19	15.79	040291	0500	4.11	15.91
040191	0900	4.20	15.79	040291	0530	4.10	15.92
040191	0930	4.20	15.78	040291	0600	4.10	15.92
040191	1000	4.21	15.78	040291	0630	4.09	15.91
040191	1030	4.20	15.78	040291	0700	4.10	15.88
040191	1100	4.19	15.80	040291	0730	4.12	15.87
040191	1130	4.18	15.82	040291	0800	4.14	15.84
040191	1200	4.16	15.84	040291	0830	4.16	15.82
040191	1230	4.14	15.87	040291	0900	4.18	15.80
040191	1300	4.12	15.89	040291	0930	4.19	15.80
040191	1330	4.08	15.90	040291	1000	4.19	15.80
040191	1400	4.08	15.92	040291	1030	4.19	15.78
040191	1430	4.06	15.93	040291	1100	4.20	15.78
040191	1500	4.05	15.96	040291	1130	4.20	15.80
040191	1530	4.04	15.97	040291	1200	4.19	15.80
040191	1600	4.03	15.98	040291	1230	4.18	15.81
040191	1630	4.03	15.97	040291	1300	4.17	15.83
040191	1700	4.04	15.96	040291	1330	4.15	15.84
040191	1730	4.06	15.95	040291	1400	4.12	15.87
040191	1800	4.09	15.91	040291	1430	4.11	15.89
040191	1830	4.11	15.88	040291	1500	4.10	15.91
040191	1900	4.14	15.85	040291	1530	4.09	15.93
040191	1930	4.16	15.83	040291	1600	4.08	15.95
040191	2000	4.17	15.81	040291	1630	4.08	15.95
040191	2030	4.21	15.79	040291	1700	4.07	15.94
040191	2100	4.24	15.76	040291	1730	4.08	15.92
040191	2130	4.26	15.74	040291	1800	4.09	15.89
	-		- •	<u> </u>		-	

APL BPL APL BPL
040291 1830 4.11 15.87 040391 1500 4.12 15.87 040291 1900 4.14 15.87 040391 1530 4.10 15.89 040291 1930 4.16 15.85 040391 1600 4.09 15.90 040291 2000 4.18 15.82 040391 1630 4.07 15.92 040291 2030 4.21 15.79 040391 1700 4.06 15.94 040291 2100 4.23 15.77 040391 1730 4.06 15.94 040291 2130 4.25 15.75 040391 1800 4.05 15.93 040291 2200 4.28 15.72 040391 1830 4.06 15.92 040291 2300 4.31 15.68 040391 1930 4.10 15.88 040291 2330 4.34 15.66 040391 2000 4.13 15.86 040391
040291 1900 4.14 15.87 040391 1530 4.10 15.89 040291 1930 4.16 15.85 040391 1600 4.09 15.90 040291 2000 4.18 15.82 040391 1630 4.07 15.92 040291 2030 4.21 15.79 040391 1700 4.06 15.94 040291 2100 4.23 15.77 040391 1730 4.06 15.94 040291 2130 4.25 15.75 040391 1800 4.05 15.93 040291 2230 4.31 15.68 040391 1830 4.06 15.92 040291 2300 4.32 15.67 040391 1930 4.10 15.88 040291 2330 4.34 15.66 040391 2930 4.15 15.86 040391 0000 4.34 15.66 040391 2000 4.15 15.84 040391 0030 4.34 15.66 040391 200 4.15 15.84
040291 1930 4.16 15.85 040391 1600 4.09 15.90 040291 2000 4.18 15.82 040391 1630 4.07 15.92 040291 2030 4.21 15.79 040391 1700 4.06 15.94 040291 2100 4.23 15.77 040391 1730 4.06 15.94 040291 2130 4.25 15.75 040391 1800 4.05 15.93 040291 2200 4.28 15.72 040391 1830 4.06 15.92 040291 2230 4.31 15.68 040391 1900 4.07 15.90 040291 2300 4.32 15.67 040391 1930 4.10 15.88 040291 2330 4.34 15.66 040391 2000 4.13 15.86 040391 0000 4.34 15.66 040391 2000 4.15 15.84 040391 0100 4.33 15.67 040391 2100 4.24 15.75
040291 2000 4.18 15.82 040391 1630 4.07 15.92 040291 2030 4.21 15.79 040391 1700 4.06 15.94 040291 2100 4.23 15.77 040391 1730 4.06 15.94 040291 2130 4.25 15.75 040391 1800 4.05 15.93 040291 2230 4.31 15.68 040391 1900 4.07 15.90 040291 2300 4.32 15.67 040391 1930 4.10 15.88 040291 2330 4.34 15.66 040391 2000 4.13 15.86 040391 0000 4.34 15.66 040391 2030 4.15 15.84 040391 0030 4.34 15.67 040391 2030 4.18 15.81 040391 0030 4.34 15.67 040391 2100 4.18 15.81 040391 0130 4.31 15.67 040391 2130 4.24 15.75
040291 2000 4.18 15.82 040391 1630 4.07 15.92 040291 2030 4.21 15.79 040391 1700 4.06 15.94 040291 2100 4.23 15.77 040391 1730 4.06 15.94 040291 2130 4.25 15.75 040391 1800 4.05 15.93 040291 2230 4.31 15.68 040391 1900 4.07 15.90 040291 2300 4.32 15.67 040391 1930 4.10 15.88 040291 2330 4.34 15.66 040391 2000 4.13 15.86 040391 0000 4.34 15.66 040391 2030 4.15 15.84 040391 0030 4.34 15.67 040391 2030 4.15 15.84 040391 0030 4.34 15.67 040391 2100 4.18 15.84 040391 0130 4.31 15.67 040391 2130 4.20 15.79
040291 2030 4.21 15.79 040391 1700 4.06 15.94 040291 2100 4.23 15.77 040391 1730 4.06 15.94 040291 2130 4.25 15.75 040391 1800 4.05 15.93 040291 2200 4.28 15.72 040391 1830 4.06 15.92 040291 2230 4.31 15.68 040391 1900 4.07 15.90 040291 2300 4.32 15.67 040391 1930 4.10 15.88 040291 2330 4.34 15.66 040391 2000 4.13 15.86 040391 0000 4.34 15.66 040391 2030 4.15 15.84 040391 0030 4.34 15.67 040391 2100 4.18 15.81 040391 0100 4.33 15.68 040391 2130 4.20 15.79 040391 0130 4.31 15.70 040391 2200 4.24 15.75
040291 2130 4.25 15.75 040391 1800 4.05 15.93 040291 2200 4.28 15.72 040391 1830 4.06 15.92 040291 2230 4.31 15.68 040391 1900 4.07 15.90 040291 2300 4.32 15.67 040391 1930 4.10 15.88 040391 2330 4.34 15.66 040391 2000 4.13 15.86 040391 0000 4.34 15.66 040391 2030 4.15 15.84 040391 0030 4.34 15.67 040391 2100 4.18 15.81 040391 0100 4.33 15.68 040391 2130 4.20 15.79 040391 0130 4.31 15.70 040391 2200 4.24 15.75 040391 0230 4.26 15.73 040391 2300 4.30 15.69 040391 0330 4.22 15.78 040491 0000 4.33 15.65
040291 2200 4.28 15.72 040391 1830 4.06 15.92 040291 2230 4.31 15.68 040391 1900 4.07 15.90 040291 2300 4.32 15.67 040391 1930 4.10 15.88 040291 2330 4.34 15.66 040391 2000 4.13 15.86 040391 0000 4.34 15.66 040391 2030 4.15 15.84 040391 0030 4.34 15.67 040391 2100 4.18 15.81 040391 0100 4.33 15.68 040391 2130 4.20 15.79 040391 0130 4.31 15.70 040391 2200 4.24 15.75 040391 0200 4.29 15.72 040391 230 4.30 15.69 040391 0300 4.24 15.76 040391 230 4.31 15.67 040391 0330 4.22 15.78 040491 0000 4.33 15.65
040291 2200 4.28 15.72 040391 1830 4.06 15.92 040291 2230 4.31 15.68 040391 1900 4.07 15.90 040291 2300 4.32 15.67 040391 1930 4.10 15.88 040291 2330 4.34 15.66 040391 2000 4.13 15.86 040391 0000 4.34 15.66 040391 2030 4.15 15.84 040391 0030 4.34 15.67 040391 2100 4.18 15.81 040391 0100 4.33 15.68 040391 2130 4.20 15.79 040391 0130 4.31 15.70 040391 2200 4.24 15.75 040391 0200 4.29 15.72 040391 2230 4.26 15.73 040391 0300 4.24 15.76 040391 2300 4.31 15.67 040391 0330 4.22 15.78 040491 0000 4.33 15.65
040291 2230 4.31 15.68 040391 1900 4.07 15.90 040291 2300 4.32 15.67 040391 1930 4.10 15.88 040291 2330 4.34 15.66 040391 2000 4.13 15.86 040391 0000 4.34 15.66 040391 2030 4.15 15.84 040391 0030 4.34 15.67 040391 2100 4.18 15.81 040391 0100 4.33 15.68 040391 2130 4.20 15.79 040391 0130 4.31 15.70 040391 2200 4.24 15.75 040391 0200 4.29 15.72 040391 2300 4.30 15.69 040391 0300 4.24 15.76 040391 2300 4.31 15.67 040391 0330 4.22 15.78 040491 0000 4.33 15.65 040391 0430 4.18 15.83 040491 0100 4.35 15.65
040291 2300 4.32 15.67 040391 1930 4.10 15.88 040291 2330 4.34 15.66 040391 2000 4.13 15.86 040391 0000 4.34 15.66 040391 2030 4.15 15.84 040391 0030 4.34 15.67 040391 2100 4.18 15.81 040391 0100 4.33 15.68 040391 2130 4.20 15.79 040391 0130 4.31 15.70 040391 2200 4.24 15.75 040391 0200 4.29 15.72 040391 230 4.26 15.73 040391 0230 4.26 15.73 040391 2300 4.30 15.69 040391 0300 4.24 15.76 040391 2330 4.31 15.67 040391 0330 4.22 15.78 040491 0000 4.33 15.65 040391 0430 4.18 15.83 040491 0030 4.35 15.65
040391 0000 4.34 15.66 040391 2030 4.15 15.84 040391 0030 4.34 15.67 040391 2100 4.18 15.81 040391 0100 4.33 15.68 040391 2130 4.20 15.79 040391 0130 4.31 15.70 040391 2200 4.24 15.75 040391 0200 4.29 15.72 040391 2230 4.26 15.73 040391 0230 4.26 15.73 040391 2300 4.30 15.69 040391 0300 4.24 15.76 040391 2330 4.31 15.67 040391 0330 4.22 15.78 040491 0000 4.33 15.65 040391 0430 4.18 15.83 040491 0100 4.35 15.65 040391 0500 4.14 15.86 040491 0130 4.34 15.65 040391 0530 4.13 15.87 040491 0200 4.33 15.65
040391 0000 4.34 15.66 040391 2030 4.15 15.84 040391 0030 4.34 15.67 040391 2100 4.18 15.81 040391 0100 4.33 15.68 040391 2130 4.20 15.79 040391 0130 4.31 15.70 040391 2200 4.24 15.75 040391 0200 4.29 15.72 040391 2230 4.26 15.73 040391 0230 4.26 15.73 040391 2300 4.30 15.69 040391 0300 4.24 15.76 040391 2330 4.31 15.67 040391 0330 4.22 15.78 040491 0000 4.33 15.65 040391 0430 4.18 15.83 040491 0100 4.35 15.65 040391 0500 4.14 15.86 040491 0130 4.34 15.65 040391 0530 4.13 15.87 040491 0200 4.33 15.65
040391 0030 4.34 15.67 040391 2100 4.18 15.81 040391 0100 4.33 15.68 040391 2130 4.20 15.79 040391 0130 4.31 15.70 040391 2200 4.24 15.75 040391 0200 4.29 15.72 040391 2230 4.26 15.73 040391 0230 4.26 15.73 040391 2300 4.30 15.69 040391 0300 4.24 15.76 040391 2330 4.31 15.67 040391 0330 4.22 15.78 040491 0000 4.33 15.65 040391 0400 4.20 15.80 040491 0030 4.35 15.64 040391 0430 4.18 15.83 040491 0100 4.35 15.65 040391 0500 4.14 15.86 040491 0130 4.34 15.65 040391 0530 4.13 15.87 040491 0200 4.33 15.65
040391 0100 4.33 15.68 040391 2130 4.20 15.79 040391 0130 4.31 15.70 040391 2200 4.24 15.75 040391 0200 4.29 15.72 040391 2230 4.26 15.73 040391 0230 4.26 15.73 040391 2300 4.30 15.69 040391 0300 4.24 15.76 040391 2330 4.31 15.67 040391 0330 4.22 15.78 040491 0000 4.33 15.65 040391 0400 4.20 15.80 040491 0030 4.35 15.64 040391 0430 4.18 15.83 040491 0100 4.35 15.65 040391 0500 4.14 15.86 040491 0130 4.34 15.65 040391 0530 4.13 15.87 040491 0200 4.33 15.66
040391 0130 4.31 15.70 040391 2200 4.24 15.75 040391 0200 4.29 15.72 040391 2230 4.26 15.73 040391 0230 4.26 15.73 040391 2300 4.30 15.69 040391 0300 4.24 15.76 040391 2330 4.31 15.67 040391 0330 4.22 15.78 040491 0000 4.33 15.65 040391 0400 4.20 15.80 040491 0030 4.35 15.64 040391 0430 4.18 15.83 040491 0100 4.35 15.65 040391 0500 4.14 15.86 040491 0130 4.34 15.65 040391 0530 4.13 15.87 040491 0200 4.33 15.66
040391 0200 4.29 15.72 040391 2230 4.26 15.73 040391 0230 4.26 15.73 040391 2300 4.30 15.69 040391 0300 4.24 15.76 040391 2330 4.31 15.67 040391 0330 4.22 15.78 040491 0000 4.33 15.65 040391 0400 4.20 15.80 040491 0030 4.35 15.64 040391 0430 4.18 15.83 040491 0100 4.35 15.65 040391 0500 4.14 15.86 040491 0130 4.34 15.65 040391 0530 4.13 15.87 040491 0200 4.33 15.66
040391 0230 4.26 15.73 040391 2300 4.30 15.69 040391 0300 4.24 15.76 040391 2330 4.31 15.67 040391 0330 4.22 15.78 040491 0000 4.33 15.65 040391 0400 4.20 15.80 040491 0030 4.35 15.64 040391 0430 4.18 15.83 040491 0100 4.35 15.65 040391 0500 4.14 15.86 040491 0130 4.34 15.65 040391 0530 4.13 15.87 040491 0200 4.33 15.66
040391 0300 4.24 15.76 040391 2330 4.31 15.67 040391 0330 4.22 15.78 040491 0000 4.33 15.65 040391 0400 4.20 15.80 040491 0030 4.35 15.64 040391 0430 4.18 15.83 040491 0100 4.35 15.65 040391 0500 4.14 15.86 040491 0130 4.34 15.65 040391 0530 4.13 15.87 040491 0200 4.33 15.66
040391 0330 4.22 15.78 040491 0000 4.33 15.65 040391 0400 4.20 15.80 040491 0030 4.35 15.64 040391 0430 4.18 15.83 040491 0100 4.35 15.65 040391 0500 4.14 15.86 040491 0130 4.34 15.65 040391 0530 4.13 15.87 040491 0200 4.33 15.66
040391 0400 4.20 15.80 040491 0030 4.35 15.64 040391 0430 4.18 15.83 040491 0100 4.35 15.65 040391 0500 4.14 15.86 040491 0130 4.34 15.65 040391 0530 4.13 15.87 040491 0200 4.33 15.66
040391 0430 4.18 15.83 040491 0100 4.35 15.65 040391 0500 4.14 15.86 040491 0130 4.34 15.65 040391 0530 4.13 15.87 040491 0200 4.33 15.66
040391 0500 4.14 15.86 040491 0130 4.34 15.65 040391 0530 4.13 15.87 040491 0200 4.33 15.66
040391 0530 4.13 15.87 040491 0200 4.33 15.66
040391 0600 4.12 15.86 040491 0230 4.31 15.68
040391 0630 4.12 15.88 040491 0300 4.29 15.72
040391 0700 4.11 15.86 040491 0330 4.26 15.73
040391 0730 4.12 15.86 040491 0400 4.22 15.77
040391 0800 4.13 15.85 040491 0430 4.20 15.81
040391 0830 4.15 15.84 040491 0500 4.18 15.83
040391 0900 4.15 15.83 040491 0530 4.17 15.85
040391 0930 4.16 15.82 040491 0600 4.15 15.87
040391 1000 4.17 15.80 040491 0630 4.13 15.86
040391 1030 4.18 15.80 040491 0700 4.13 15.87
040391 1100 4.20 15.79 040491 0730 4.12 15.86
040391 1130 4.20 15.78 040491 0800 4.13 15.88
040391 1200 4.20 15.78 040491 0830 4.13 15.88
040391 1230 4.20 15.77 040491 0900 4.14 15.87
040391 1300 4.18 15.80 040491 0930 4.15 15.85
040391 1330 4.18 15.82 040491 1000 4.16 15.85
040391 1400 4.15 15.84 040491 1030 4.17 15.84
040391 1430 4.14 15.85 040491 1100 4.18 15.84

DATE m/d/y	TIME ;	SFMW	LEVEL	DATE m/d/y	TIME	SFMW !	DFMW
i 	i	feet APL	feet BPL		i	feet APL	feet BPL
040491	1130	4.19	15.83	040591	0800	4.11	15.88
040491	1200	4.19	15.82	040591	0830	4.12	15.87
040491	1230	4.19	15.81	040591	0900	4.12	15.85
040491	1300	4.20	15.80	040591	0930	4.14	15.85
040491	1330	4.19	15.83	040591	1000	4.15	15.84
040491	1400	4.17	15.81	040591	1030	4.16	15.84
040491	1430	4.14	15.84	040591	1100	4.17	15.82
040491	1500	4.15	15.85	040591	1130	4.18	15.80
040491	1530	4.13	15.85	040591	1200	4.20	15.79
040491	1600	4.11	15.88	040591	1230	4.22	15.79
040491	1630	4.10	15.91	040591	1300	4.22	15.78
040491	1700	4.09	15.91	040591	1330	4.23	15.78
040491	1730	4.08	15.92	040591	1400	4.24	15.78
040491	1800	4.07	15.94	040591	1430	4.26	15.77
040491	1830	4.07	15.92	040591	1500	4.28	15.77
040491	1900	4.07	15.92	040591	1530	4.26	15.78
040491	1930	4.08	15.90	040491	1600	4.21	15.80
040491	2000	4.10	15.90	040591	1630	4.20	15.82
040491	2030	4.11	15.89	040591	1700	4.18	15.83
040491	2100	4.13	15.88	040591	1730	4.17	15.84
040491	2130	4.15	15.84	040591	1800	4.14	15.86
040491	2200	4.18	15.80	040591	1830	4.14	15.86
040491	2230	4.21	15.78	040591	1900	4.12	15.88
040491	2300	4.24	15.75	040591	1930	4.13	15.91
040491	2330	4.27	15.73	040591	2000	4.13	15.88
040591	0000	4.29	15.70	040591	2030	4.13	15.88
040591	0030	4.31	15.68	040591	2100	4.14	15.86
040591	0100	4.33	15.67	040591	2130	4.15	15.85
040591	0130	4.34	15.66	040591	2200	4.18	15.83
040591	0200	4.34	15.67	040591	2230	4.21	15.79
040591	0230	4.33	15.68	040591	2300	4.23	15.76
040591	0300	4.31	15.70	040591	2330	4.26	15.73
040591	0330	4.29	15.73	040691	0000	4.29	15.70
040591	0400	4.27	15.76	040691	0030	4.31	15.67
040591	0430	4.24	15.77	040691	0100	4.34	15.66
040591	0500	4.21	15.81	040691	0130	4.35	15.64
040591	0530	4.19	15.82	040691	0200	4.33	15.62
040591	0600	4.17	15.83	040691	0230	4.31	15.61
040591	0630	4.16	15.84	040691	0300	4.31	15.61
040591	0700	4.14	15.87	040691	0330	4.29	15.63
040591	0730	4.13	15.87	040691	0400	4.29	15.64

DATE	TIME !	WATER I		DATE	TIME	WATER LE	VEL DFMW
m/d/y	į.	SFMW feet	DFMW	m/d/y	i i	SFMW feet	feet
1 1	1	APL	BPL :		! ! ! !	APL ;	BPL
		AFL	DFL ;		·	77777777	
040691	0430	4.27	15.67	040791	0100	4.34	15.64
040691	0500	4.24	15.69	040791	0130	4.37	15.62
040691	0530	4.21	15.72	040791	0200	Begin Da	
040691	0600	4.21	15.75				ngs Time
040691	0630	4.20	15.77	040791	0300	4.39	15.60
040691	0700	4.20	15.78	040791	0330	4.40	15.58
040691	0730	4.20	15.80	040791	0400	4.41	15.58
040691	0800	4.18	15.82	040791	0430	4.41	15.59
040691	0830	4.16	15.82	040791	0500	4.40	15.60
040691	0900	4.17	15.83	040791	0530	4.39	15.62
040691	0930	4.18	15.83	040791	0600	4.38	15.64
040691	1000	4.19	15.81	040791	0630	4.36	15.66
040691	1030	4.20	15.80	040791	0700	4.32	15.68
040691	1100	4.20	15.79	040791	0730	4.28	15.70
040691	1130	4.22	15.78	040791	0800	4.27	15.72
040691	1200	4.23	15.76	040791	0830	4.26	15.74
040691	1230	4.25	15.75	040791	0900	4.24	15.76
040691	1300	4.27	15.73	040791	0930	4.22	15.78
040691	1330	4.28	15.72	040791	1000	4.20	15.79
040691	1400	4.28	15.72	040791	1030	4.19	15.80
040691	1430	4.29	15.72	040791	1100	4.20	15.81
040691	1500	4.29	15.73	040791	1130	4.20	15.81
040691	1530	4.28	15.73	040791	1200	4.21	15.80
040691	1600	4.28	15.72	040791	1230	4.22	15.78
040691	1630	4.26	15.74	040791	1300	4.23	15.77
040691	1700	4.24	15.78	040791	1330	4.24	15.76
040691	1730	4.22	15.79	040791	1400	4.26	15.74
040691	1800	4.21	15.80	040791	1430	4.28	15.72
040691	1830	4.19	15.81	040791	1500	4.30	15.70
040691	1900	4.18	15.81	040791	1530	4.32	15.68
040691	1930	4.17	15.83	040791	1600	4.32	15.68
040691	2000	4.16	15.85	040791	1630	4.32	15.69
040691	2030	4.15	15.84	040791	1700	4.33	15.69
040691	2100	4.16	15.83	040791	1730	4.31	15.70
040691	2130	4.18	15.82	040791	1800	4.29	15.71
040691	2200	4.20	15.81	040791	1830	4.28	15.73
040691	2230	4.22	15.79	040791	1900	4.27	15.76
040691	2300	4.24	15.76	040791	1930	4.25	15.78
040691	2330	4.27	15.73	040791	2000	4.22	15.80
040791	0000	4.29	15.70	040791	2030	4.20	15.82
040791	0030	4.32	15.66	040791	2100	4.17	15.85

DATE m/d/y	TIME	WATER SFMW	LEVEL DFMW	DATE m/d/y	TIME	WATER LI	IVEL DFMW
	:	feet				feet	feet
	<u>.</u>	APL				APL	BPL
040791	2130	4.15	15.87	040891	1830	4.28	15.72
040791	2200	4.14	15.87	040891	1900	4.27	15.74
040791	2230	4.14	15.88	040891	1930	4.26	15.77
040791	2300	4.14	15.87	040891	2000	4.22	15.78
040791	2330	4.15	15.86	040891	2030	4.20 4.17	15.81 15.84
040891	0000	4.17	15.84	040891	2100 2130	4.17	15.87
040891	0030	4.19 4.19	15.83 15.82	040891 040891	2200	4.14	15.89
040891	0100	4.19	15.82	040891	2230	4.10	15.91
040891 040891	0130 0200	4.25	15.78	040891	2300	4.10	15.91
040891	0230	4.28	15.76	040891	2330	4.10	15.91
040891	0300	4.30	15.74	040991	0000	4.11	15.89
040891	0330	4.32	15.71	040991	0030	4.12	15.88
040891	0400	4.33	15.70	040991	0100	4.14	15.86
040891	0430	4.35	15.69	040991	0130	4.16	15.84
040891	0500	4.36	15.67	040991	0200	4.17	15.83
040891	0530	4.36	15.66	040991	0230	4.19	15.81
040891	0600	4.35	15.64	040991	0300	4.21	15.79
040891	0630	4.32	15.66	040991	0330	4.24	15.77
040891	0700	4.30	15.70	040991	0400	4.27	15.74
040891	0730	4.26	15.74	040991	0430	4.32	15.71
040891	0800	4.24	15.76	040991	0500	4.30	15.70
040891	0830	4.21	15.79	040991	0530	4.31	15.69
040891	0900	4.18	15.82	040991	0600	4.32	15.68
040891	0930	4.17	15.84	040991	0630	4.31	15.69
040891	1000	4.15	15.86	040991	0700	4.28	15.71
040891	1030	4.13	15.88	040991	0730	4.27	15.73
040891	1100	4.12	15.88	040991	0800 0830	4.24 4.21	15.75 15.78
040891 040891	1130 1200	4.11 4.12	15.88 15.88	040991 040991	0900	4.21	15.76
040891	1230	4.13	15.88	040991	0930	4.18	15.82
040891	1300	4.14	15.86	040991	1000	4.17	15.85
040891	1330	4.15	15.85	040991	1030	4.14	15.87
040891	1400	4.18	15.82	040991	1100	4.12	15.88
040891	1430	4.21	15.79	040991	1130	4.11	15.90
040891	1500	4.23	15.76	040991	1200	4.10	15.90
040891	1530	4.25	15.75	040991	1230	4.12	15.90
040891	1600	4.28	15.73	040991	1300	4.14	15.87
040891	1630	4.29	15.71	040991	1330	4.17	15.83
040891	1700	4.31	15.70	040991	1400	4.20	15.81
040891	1730	4.32	15.70	040991	1430	4.23	15.80
040891	1800	4.30	15.70	040991	1500	4.26	15.77

DATE ;	TIME :	WATER	LEVEL	DATE	TIME :	WATER LE	VEL
m/d/y	<u> </u>	SFMW	DFMW	m/d/y	\.	SFMW	DFMW
į	į	feet	feet		į	feet	feet
i	i 	APL	BPL	i 	i 	APL ¦	BPL
040991	1530	4.28	15.74	041091	1230	4.13	15.87
040991	1600	4.30	15.71	041091	1300	4.13	15.87
040991	1630	4.32	15.68	041091	1330	4.14	15.86
040991	1700	4.32	15.66	041091	1400	4.17	15.83
040991	1730	4.33	15.65	041091	1430	4.21	15.79
040991	1800	4.34	15.64	041091	1500	4.25	15.74
040991	1830	4.34	15.65	041091	1530	4.28	15.70
040991	1900	4.33	15.67	041091	1600	4.31	15.68
040991	1930	4.31	15.69	041091	1630	4.34	15.65
040991	2000	4.29	15.72	041091	1700	4.36	15.63
040991	2030	4.26	15.76	041091	1730	4.38	15.60
040991	2100	4.22	15.80	041091	1800	4.42	15.58
040991	2130	4.19	15.83	041091	1830	4.44 4.44	15.57
040991	2200	4.15	15.87	041091 041091	1900	4.43	15.57 15.58
040991 040991	2230 2300	4.12 4.11	15.90 15.90	041091	1930 2000	4.43	15.60
040991	2330	4.10	15.90	041091	2030	4.38	15.63
041091	0000	4.10	15.90	041091	2100	4.35	15.65
041091	0030	4.11	15.88	041091	2130	4.32	15.69
041091	0100	4.13	15.87	041091	2200	4.28	15.73
041091	0130	4.15	15.84	041091	2230	4.25	15.76
041091	0200	4.18	15.80	041091	2300	4.23	15.77
041091	0230	4.21	15.77	041091	2330	4.21	15.80
041091	0300	4.25	15.74	041191	0000	4.19	15.82
041091	0330	4.29	15.70	041191	0030	4.19	15.82
041091	0400	4.32	15.68	041191	0100	4.20	15.81
041091	0430	4.30	15.66	041191	0130	4.20	15.80
041091	0500	4.27	15.64	041191	0200	4.21	15.79
041091	0530	4.30	15.62	041191	0230	4.23	15.77
041091	0600	4.32	15.61	041191	0300	4.25	15.75
041091	0630	4.34	15.60	041191	0330	4.27	15.72
041091	0700	4.36	15.60	041191	0400	4.31	15.69
041091	0730	4.36	15.62	041191	0430	4.33	15.67
041091	0800	4.33	15.65	041191	0500	4.35	15.65
041091	0830	4.30	15.68	041191	0530	4.37	15.63
041091 041091	0900 0930	4.28 4.25	15.71 15.74	041191	0600	4.39	15.61
041091	1000	4.22	15.74	041191	0630 0700	4.40 4.39	15.61
041091	1030	4.22	15.82	041191 041191	0730		15.60 15.50
041091	1100	4.17	15.85	041191	0800	4.37 4.37	15.59 15.50
041091	1130	4.17	15.85	041191	0830	4.37	15.59 15.62
041091	1200	4.13	15.86	041191	0900	4.32	15.65
041031	1200	4 · 12	19.00	041171	0300	4.32	19.09

DATE m/d/y	TIME :	WATER I SFMW feet	LEVEL	DATE m/d/y	TIME;	WATER LE SFMW feet	VEL <u>DFMW</u> feet
;	1	APL	BPL		i	APL ¦	BPL
041191	0930	4.30	15.69	041291	0700	4.38	15.61
041191	1000	4.27	15.73	041291	0730	4.36	15.60
041191	1030	4.23	15.77	041291	0800	4.35	15.61
041191	1100	4.20	15.81	041291	0830	4.35	15.62
041191	1130	4.18	15.84	041291	0900	4.34	15.64
041191	1200	4.17	15.86	041291	0930	4.33	15.66
041191	1230	4.15	15.87	041291	1000	4.31	15.69
041191	1300	4.14	15.88	041291	1030	4.27	15.73
041191	1330	4.15	15.86	041291	1100	4.23	15.77
041191	1400	4.16	15.86	041291	1130	4.19	15.82
041191	1430	4.18	15.84	041291	1200	4.16	15.85
041191	1500	4.21	15.81	041291	1230	4.12	15.87
041191	1530	4.24	15.77	041291	1300	4.13	15.88
041191	1600	4.27	15.74	041291	1330	4.12	15.87
041191	1630	4.29	15.71	041291	1400	4.13	15.86
041191	1700	4.31	15.68	041291	1430	4.15	15.84
041191	1730	4.32	15.65	041291	1500	4.17	15.83
041191	1800	4.36	15.61	041291	1530	4.19	15.80
041191	1830	4.40	15.59	041291	1600	4.22	15.77
041191	1900	4.42	15.58	041291	1630	4.26	15.73
041191	1930	4.43	15.59	041291	1700	4.30	15.70
041191	2000	4.40	15.60	041291	1730	4.32	15.67
041191	2030	4.38	15.61	041291	1800	4.35	15.64
041191	2100	4.36	15.63	041291	1830	4.38	15.60
041191	2130	4.35	15.66	041291	1900	4.41	15.58
041191	2200	4.31	15.69	041291	1930		15.56
041191	2230	4.27	15.72	041291	2000	4.37	15.57
041191	2300	4.24	15.75	041291	2030	4.34	15.57
041191	2330	4.21	15.78	041291	2100	4.35	15.58
041291	0000	4.19	15.81	041291	2130	4.36	15.60
041291	0030	4.17	15.83	041291	2200	4.36	15.60
041291	0100	4.16	15.84	041291	2230	4.37	15.61
041291	0130	4.15	15.85	041291	2300	4.32	15.66
041291	0200	4.16	15.83	041291	2330	4.27	15.71
041291	0230	4.18	15.81	041391	0000	4.24	15.74
041291	0300	4.20	15.79	041391	0030	4.21	15.76
041291	0330	4.23	15.76	041391	0100	4.20	15.78
041291	0400	4.26	15.74	041391	0130	4.19	15.78
041291	0430	4.28	15.71	041391	0200	4.19	15.75
041291	0500	4.31	15.69	041391	0230	4.20	15.72
041291	0530	4.33	15.66	041391	0300	4.21	15.71
041291	0600	4.36	15.64	041391	0330	4.22	15.70
041291	0630	4.38	15.61	041391	0400	4.24	15.68

DATE	TIME	WATER	LEVEL	DATE	TIME	WATER L	EVEL
m/d/y		SFMW	DFMW	m/d/y	¦	SFMW !	DFMW
		feet				feet	feet
	i 	¦ APL	BPL	!	i i	APL ;	BPL
041391	0430	4.27	15.65	041491	0130	4.28	15.69
041391	0500	4.29	15.62	041491	0200	4.26	15.71
041391	0530	4.31	15.60	041491	0230	4.25	15.72
041391	0600	4.34	15.58	041491	0300	4.26	15.72
041391	0630	4.37	15.57	041491	0330	4.27	15.71
041391	0700	4.38	15.58	041491	0400	4.28	15.68
041391	0730	4.38	15.58	041491	0430	4.30	15.66
041391	0800	4.39	15.57	041491	0500	4.32	15.64
041391	0830	4.40	15.57	041491	0530	4.35	15.61
041391 041391	0900	4.38	15.59	041491	0600	4.37	15.59
041391	0930 1000	4.36 4.33	15.61 15.64	041491 041491	0630	4.38 4.38	15.58
041391	1030	4.33	15.68	041491	0700 0730	4.41	15.57 15.56
041391	1100	4.28	15.70	041491	0800	4.41	15.55
041391	1130	4.24	15.74	041491	0830	4.43	15.54
041391	1200	4.20	15.78	041491	0900	4.43	15.54
041391	1230	4.18	15.81	041491	0930	4.42	15.56
041391	1300	4.16	15.84	041491	1000	4.40	15.58
041391	1330	4.16	15.84	041491	1030*	4.41	15.57
041391	1400	4.15	15.85	041491	1100	4.40	15.58
041391	1430	4.15	15.85	041491	1130**		15.65
041391	1500	4.16	15.83	041491	1145	4.32	15.67
041391	1530	4.18	15.81	041491	1200	4.29	15.69
041391	1600	4.22	15.78	041491	1215	4.28	15.71
041391	1630	4.25	15.74	041491	1230	4.26	15.73
041391	1700	4.30	15.69	041491	1245	4.24	15.75
041391	1730	4.34	15.65	041491	1300	4.22	15.77
041391	1800	4.38	15.60	041491	1315	4.21	15.79
041391	1830	4.41	15.57	041491	1330	4.20	15.81
041391	1900	4.45	15.54	041491	1345	4.19	15.82
041391	1930	4.49	15.51	041491	1400	4.18	15.83
041391 041391	2000 2030	4.51 4.52	15.48	041491 041491	1415	4.18	15.83
041391	2100		15.45 15.45	•	1430 1445		15.84 15.84
041391	2130	4.49	15.49		1500		15.84
041391	2200	4.49	15.49		1515		
041391	2230	4.46	15.52	041491	1530		15.83
041391	2300	4.44	15.54	041491	1545	4.18	15.82
041391	2330	4.41	15.57	041491	1600	4.19	15.81
041491	0000	4.36	15.60	041491	1615	4.20	15.80
041491	0030	4.34	15.63	041491	1630	4.22	15.78
041491	0100	4.30	15.66	041491.	1645	4.23	15.76
=		_	==		_	_	

^{*} Begin t/i well pump test

^{**} End test

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT BACKGROUND DATA

DATE	TIME	WATER		DATE	TIME	WATER LE	
m/d/y	i 1	SFMW	DFMW	m/d/y	i i	SFMW	<u>DFMW</u> feet
i	1	feet APL			1 i 1 I	feet APL	BPL
	ا 	nfu 	BFL	 			
041491	1700	4.25	15.74	041591	1200	4.34	15.65
041491	1715	4.27	15.72	041591	1230	4.31	15.69
041491	1730	4.29	15.70	041591	1300	4.27	15.72
041491	1745	4.31	15.68	041591	1330	4.24	15.76
041491	1800	4.33	15.66	041591	1400	4.22	15.79
041491	1815	4.35	15.64	041591	1430	4.20	15.81
041491	1830	4.37	15.62	041591	1500	4.18	15.82
041491	1845	4.39	15.60	041591	1530	4.17	15.82
041491	1900	4.41	15.58	041591	1600	4.18	15.81
041491	1930	4.44	15.53	041591	1630	4.20	15.80
041491	2000	4.46	15.50	041591	1700	4.23	15.76
041491	2030	4.50	15.45 15.43	041591	1730	4.25	15.74
041491 041491	2100	4.52		041591	1800 1830	4.30 4.34	15.70 15.66
041491	2130 2200	4.53 4.53	15.42 15.45	041591 041591	1900	4.34	15.60
041491	2230	4.52	15.46	041591	1930	4.39	15.54
041491	2300	4.49	15.47	041591	2000	4.41	15.50
041491	2330	4.48	15.50	041591	2030	4.48	15.49
041591	0000	4.46	15.53	041591	2100	4.51	15.47
041591	0030	4.43	15.55	041591	2130	4.55	15.45
041591	0100	4.39	15.58	041591	2200	4.56	15.43
041591	0130	4.36	15.61	041591	2230	4.55	15.42
041591	0200	4.33	15.63	041591	2300	4.54	15.43
041591	0230	4.31	15.65	041591	2330	4.51	15.46
041591	0300	4.29	15.56	041691	0000	4.46	15.49
041591	0330	4.26	15.69	041691	0030	4.47	15.51
041591	0400	4.27	15.68	041691	0100	4.50	15.52
041591	0430	4.28	15.66	041691	0130	4.48	15.55
041591	0500	4.30	15.65	041691	0200	4.45	15.60
041591	0530	4.32	15.64	041691	0230	4.42	15.62
041591	0600	4.34	15.63	041691	0300	4.39	15.64
041591	0630	4.35	15.63	041691	0330	4.37	15.67
041591	0700	4.35	15.62	041691	0400	4.34	15.70
041591	0730	4.37	15.60	041691	0430		15.72
041591	0800	4.39	15.58	041691	0500	4.26	15.74
041591	0830	4.40	15.57	041691	0530	4.26	15.74
041591	0900	4.42 4.42	15.56	041691	0600	4.25	15.72
041591 041591	0930 1000	4.42	15.55 15.56	041691 041691	0630 0700	4.27 4.27	15.70 15.70
041591	1030	4.42	15.58	041691	0730	4.27	15.70
041591	1100	4.41	15.60	041691	0800	4.29	15.67
041591	1130	4.36	15.62	041691	0830*		15.65
JJ+		7.50	1). UE	041031	0000	4.33	17.09

^{*} Pressure transducer in t/i well at 1940 feet, begin readings.

DATE	TIME		LEVEL		TIME	WATER LE	
m/d/y	į.	SFMW	DFMW		į.	SFMW !	DFMW
į	į	feet APL	feet BPL		į	feet APL	feet BPL
				041691	1830	4.20	15.79
				041691	1845	4.24	15.75
				041691	1900	4.25	15.73
041691	0845	4.34	15.63	041691	1915	4.27	15.71
041691	0900	4.35	15.62	041691	1930	4.29	15.69
041691	0915	4.36	15.62	041691	1945	4.31	15.66
041691	0930	4.37	15.61	041691	2000	4.33	15.64
041691	0945	4.37	15.61	041691	2015	4.34	15.61
041691	1000	4.38	15.60	041691	2030	4.36	15.59
041691	1015	4.38	15.60	041691	2045	4.38	15.58
041691	1030	4.38	15.60	041691	2100	4.40	15.57
041691	1045	4.38	15.60	041691	2115	4.42	15.55
041691	1100	4.38	15.60	041691	2130	4.43	15.53
041691	1115	4.37	15.62	041691	2145	4.42	15.52
041691	1130	4.36	15.64	041691	2200	4.44	15.51
041691	1145	4.35	15.64	041691	2215	4.46	15.52
041691	1200	4.34	15.64	041691	2230	4.47	15.50
041691	1215	4.34	15.65	041691	2245	4.49	15.49
041691	1230	4.33	15.67	041691	2300	4.50	15.48
041691 041691	1245	4.32	15.68	041691	2315	4.50 4.49	15.48
041691	1300 1315	4.30 4.28	15.70 15.71	041691 041691	2330 1345	4.49	15.48 15.48
041691	1315	4.28	15.72	041791	0000	4.49	15.47
041691	1345	4.26	15.74	041791	0015	4.48	15.48
041691	1400	4.25	15.78	041791	0030	4.48	15.50
041691	1415	4.23	15.79	041791	0045	4.47	15.52
041691	1430	4.22	15.80	041791	0100	4.45	15.53
041691	1445	4.20	15.81	041791	0115	4.43	15.55
041691	1500	4.19	15.82	041791	0130	4.42	15.55
041691	1515	4.18	15.83	041791	0145	4.42	15.55
041691	1530	4.17	15.84	041791	0200	4.41	15.56
041691	1545	4.17	15.84	041791	0215	4.40	15.58
041691	1600	4.16	15.85	041791	0230	4.38	15.60
041691	1615	4.16	15.85	041791	0245	4.36	15.62
041691	1630	4.16	15.85	041791	0300	4.35	15.65
041691	1645	4.16	15.85	041791	0315	4.34	15.64
041691	1700	4.16	15.85	041791	0330	4.32	15.64
041691	1715	4.17	15.84	041791	0345	4.30	15.64
041691	1730	4.18	15.82	041791	0400	4.29	15.65
041691	1745	4.19	15.81	041791	0415	4.28	15.67
041691	1800	4.20	15.79	041791	0430	4.27	15.69
041691	1815	4.21	15.78	041791	0445	4.26	15.70
-	=		•	· -	_		

DATE	TIME	•	LEVEL !	DATE	TIME		LEVEL
m/d/y		<u>SFMW</u>	DFMW	m/d/y	i	SFMW	DFMW
i	i I	feet	feet		i	feet	feet
	i 	APL	BPL	i i	i 	APL	; BPL
041791	0500	4.25	15.71	041791	1530	4.23	15.75
041791	0515	4.26	15.72	041791	1545	4.24	15.76
041791	0530	4.26	15.72	041791	1600	4.21	15.99
041791	0545	4.25	15.73	041791	1615	4.19	15.82
041791	0600	4.26	15.74	041791	1630	4.20	15.81
041791	0615	4.26	15.72	041791	1645	4.21	15.79
041791	0630	4.26	15.72	041791	1700	4.22	15.78
041791	0645	4.26	15.72	041791	1715	4.22	15.78
041791	0700	4.26	15.72	041791	1730	4.22	15.78
041791	0715	4.26	15.72	041791	1745	4.23	15.77
041791	0730	4.26	15.72	041791	1800	4.23	15.77
041791	0745	4.26	15.72	041791	1815	4.23	15.77
041791	0800	4.27	15.71	041791	1830	4.24	15.77
041791	0815	4.28	15.70	041791			25 15.76
041791	0830	4.29	15.68	041791	1900	4.26	15.75
041791 041791	0845 0900	4.30 4.32	15.67 15.66	041791	1915	4.28	15.73
041791	0900	4.32	15.65	041791	1930	4.30	15.70
041791	0915	4.33	15.64	041791 041791	1945 2000	4.33 4.34	15.68 15.66
041791	0930	4.34	15.63	041791	2015	4.34	15.64
041791	1000	4.35	15.62	041791	2015	4.38	15.64
041791	1015	4.36	15.61	041791	2045	4.40	15.59
041791	1030	4.37	15.60	041791	2100	4.42	15.57
041791	1045	4.37	15.59	041791	2115	4.44	15.55
041791	1100	4.38	15.59	041791	2130	4.46	15.53
041791	1115	4.38	15.59	041791	2145	4.49	15.51
041791	1130	4.39	15.60	041791	2200	4.51	15.50
041791	1145	4.39	15.60	041791	2215	4.53	15.48
041791	1200	4.38	15.61	041791	2230	4.55	15.46
041791	1215	4.38	15.61	041791	2245	4.58	15.44
041791	1230	4.39	15.60	041791	2300	4.59	15.43
041791	1245	4.37	15.62	041791	2315	4.61	15.41
041791	1300	4.36	15.63	041791	2330	4.62	15.40
041791	1315	4.35	15.65	041791	2345	4.64	15.37
041791	1330	4.34	15.67	041891	0000	4.65	15.35
041791	1345	4.33	15.68	041891	0015	4.66	15.34
041791	1400	4.32	15.69	041891	0030	4.67	15.33
041791	1415	4.30	15.70	041891	0045	4.67	15.32
041791	1430	4.28	15.71	041891	0100	4.68	15.32
041791	1445	4.27	15.72	041891	0115	4.68	15.32
041791	1500	4.26	15.73	041891	0130	4.68	15.32
041791	1515	4.25	15.74	041891	0145	4.67	15.32

DATE m/d/y	TIME	WATER _ SFMW	LEVEL DFMW	DATE m/d/y	TIME	WATER L SFMW ¦	EVEL DFMW
	! !	feet	feet	11		feet	feet
		APL	BPL	1 1	;	APL	BPL
	·						
041891	0200	4.66	15.34				
041891	0215	4.65	15.36				
041891	0230	4.64	15.38				
041891	0245	4.62	15.40				
041891	0300	4.59	15.43				
041891	0315	4.58	15.44				
041891	0330	4.57	15.45				
041891	0345	4.56	15.46				
041891	0400	4.54	15.48				
041891	0415	4.52	15.48				
041891	0430	4.52	15.49				
041891	0445	4.51	15.50				
041891	0500	4.49	15.51				
041891	0515	4.47	15.52				
041891	0530	4.45	15.54				
041891	0545	4.45	15.54				
041891	0600	4.45	15.55				
041891	0615	4.45	15.57				
041891	0630	4.43	15.58				
041891	0645	4.43	15.58				
041891	0700	4.42	15.59				
041891	0715	4.42	15.59				
041891	0730	4.43	15.58				
041891	0745	4.43	15.57				
041891	0800	4.43	15.56				
041891	0815	4.44	15.55				
041891	0830	4.45	15.54				
041891	0845	4.46	15.54				
041891	0900	4.47	15.53				
041891	0915	4.48	15.52				
041891	0930	4.48	15.51				
041891	0945	4.49	15.50				
041891	1000	4.50	15.49				
041891	1010*	4.52	15.48				

^{*} Begin injection test

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT INJECTION TEST DATA

TIME ;	ELAPSEI)	WELL:	DFMW	SFMW	COMMENTS
EDT ;	TIME	MPM	welhd	wtr lvl	wtr lvl	. 1
;	(min)		press	BPL	APL	
		1	(psi);	(feet)	(feet)	1
1010	0.0	0	9.5	15.48	4.52	Flowmeter 063120000
	0.5		14.0	15.48	4.52	
1011	1.0		14.5	15.48	4.52	
	1.5		15.0	15.47	4.52	
1012	2.0		15.5	15.47	4.53	
	2.5		15.5	15.47	4.53	
1013	3.0			15.47	4.54	
!	3.5		15.5	15.46	4.53	
1014	4.0			15.46	4.54	
	4.5			15.46	4.54	
1015	5.0			15.46	4.54	
1016	6.0			15.45	4.55	
1017	7.0	4000		15.45	4.54	
1018		4000		15.44	4.54	
1019	9.0			15.44	4.55	
1020	10.0			15.43	4.56	
1021	11.0		-	15.43	4.56	
1022	12.0		15.5	15.43	4.56	
1023 1024	13.0 14.0		15.5	15.43	4.56	
1024	15.0		15.5	15.43 15.42	4.57	
1025	20.0		15.5 15.5	15.42	4.57 4.59	
1030	25.0		15.5	15.40	4.59	
1040	30.0		15.5	15.40	4.59	
1050		3200	15.5	15.39	4.60	
1100	50.0	5200	15.5	15.38	4.61	
1110		3200	15.5	15.37	4.62	Increase pump rate
1125		3900	16.5	15.36	4.63	Indicado Famp 1010
1140		3700	16.5	15.34	4.64	
1155	105.0		16.5	15.33	4.65	
1210	120.0	3700	16.5	15.33	4.66	
1225	135.0		16.5	15.33	4.67	
1240	150.0	3700	16.5	15.33	4.67	
1255	165.0	3700	16.5	15.33	4.68	,
1310	180.0	3700	16.5	15.33	4.67	
1325	195.0		16.5	15.33	4.67	
1340	219.0		16.5	15.33	4.67	
1355	225.0		16.5	15.33	4.67	
1410	240.0		16.0	15.34	4.67	
1425	255.0		16.0	15.35	4.66	
1440	270.0		16.0	15.36	4.65	
1455	285.0	3600	16.0	15.37	4.65	

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT INJECTION TEST DATA

```
TIME | ELAPSED | T/I WELL | DFMW | SFMW | COMMENTS
EDT | TIME |GPM|welhd|wtr lv1|wtr lv1|
    | (min) | | press | BPL | APL
              |(psi)|(feet) |(feet) |
1510 300.0 3600 16.0 15.38 4.64
1525 315.0 3600 16.0 15.39 4.63
1540 330.0 3600 16.0 15.40 4.62
1555 345.0 3600 16.0 15.42 4.61
1610 360.0 3600 16.0 15.43 4.59
1625 375.0 3600 16.0 15.45 4.57
1640 390.0 3500 16.0 15.46 4.56
1655 405.0 3500 16.0 15.48 4.54
1710 420.0 3500 16.0 15.49 4.53
1725 435.0 3500 16.0 15.50 4.52
1740 450.0 3500 16.0 15.51
                            4.51
1755
     465.0 3500 16.0 15.52 4.50
            16.0 15.52 4.50 Increase to 8000 gpm
1810
    480.0
     480.5 8000 32.0 15.51 4.50
     481.0 32.0 15.50 4.50
1811
     481.5
               34.0 15.50 4.51
1812
     482.0
               35.0 15.49 4.51
     482.5
               35.0 15.49 4.51
     483.0
               34.0 15.49 4.52
1813
     483.5
               35.0 15.48 4.52
               35.0 15.48 4.52
35.0 15.48 4.53
1814 484.0
     484.5
1815 485.0
               35.0 15.48 4.53
    486.0
1816
               35.0 15.48 4.54
1817 487.0
               35.0 15.47 4.54
               35.0 15.47 4.54
35.0 15.47 4.55
1818 488.0
1819 489.0
1820 490.0
               35.0 15.46 4.55
1821 491.0
               35.0 15.46
                            4.56
1822 492.0
               35.0 15.45
                             4.55
              35.0 15.45 4.56
35.0 15.45 4.56
1823 493.0
1824 494.0
               35.0 15.45
1825 495.0
                            4.56
1830 500.0
1835 505.0
               35.0 15.44
                            4.57
               35.0 15.44 4.59
1840 510.0 8200 35.0 15.43 4.60
1850 520.0 8100 35.0 15.43 4.60
1900 530.0 7500 35.0 15.43 4.61
1910 540.0
              35.0 15.42 4.61 Begin recovery
```

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT RECOVERY DATA

TIME TIME TIME TO WE DEFINE SERVE TO SERVE											
	; 	(psi); 	(feet)	(feet)	: 	; ; 	(psi); 	(feet)	(feet)		
date-041891 date-041991											
1910	0		15.42	4.61	0000		11.5				
	0.		15.42	4.60		15 305			28 4.72		
1911	1.		15.43	4.58	0030		11.0	15.27	4.73		
1010	1.		15.44	4.58	0045		11.0	15.26	4.73		
1912	2.		15.45	4.57	0100		11.0		4.74 4.75		
1012	2.		15.46	4.57	0115 0130		11.0 11.0	15.26 15.25	4.75		
1913	3. 3.		15.47 15.48	4.56 4.56	0130	_	11.0	15.25	4.77		
1914	4.		15.49	4.56	0200		11.0	15.24	4.77		
1914	4.		15.49	4.55	0215		11.0	15.24	4.77		
1915	5		15.49	4.55	0230		11.0	15.25	4.76		
1916	6		15.50	4.54	0245		11.0	15.26	4.76		
1917	7		15.50	4.54	0300		10.5	15.26	4.75		
1918	8		15.50	4.54	0315		10.5	15.27	4.74		
1919	9		15.50	4.53	0330		10.5	15.28	4.72		
1920	10		15.50	4.53	0345	515	10.5	15.30	4.71		
1921	11		15.50	4.52	0400	530	10.5	15.32	4.70		
1922	12		15.51	4.51	0415	545	10.5	15.34	4.68		
1923	13		15.51	4.51	0430	560	10.5	15.34	4.67		
1924	14		15.51	4.51	0445		10.5	15.35	4.66		
1925	15		15.51	4.50	0500		10.5	15.37	4.63		
1930	20	11.5	15.52	4.50	0515		10.5	15.40	4.62		
1935	25	11.5	15.52	4.51	0530		10.5	15.42	4.60		
1940	30	11.5	15.53	4.51	0545		10.5	15.44	4.59		
1950	40	11.5	15.54	4.52	0600		10.5	15.44	4.58		
2000	50	11.5	15.54	4.52	0615		10.5	15.45	4.56		
2010	60	11.5	15.53	4.52	0630		10.5	15.47	4.54		
2030	80	11.5	15.52	4.49	0645		10.5	15.49	4.52		
2045 2100	95 110	11.5	15.50	4.50	0700		10.5		4.51		
2115	125	11.5 11.5	15.48 15.46	4.51 4.52	0715		10.5 10.5	15.49	4.50 4.49		
2130	140	11.5	15.45	4.54	0730 0745		10.5	15.50 15.51	4.49		
2145	155	11.5	15.43	4.56	0800		10.5	15.52	4.47		
2200	170	11.5	15.41	4.58	0815		10.0	15.52	4.47		
2215	185	11.5	15.39	4.60	0830		10.0	15.52	4.47		
2230	200	11.5	15.39	4.62	0845		10.0	15.52	4.47		
2245	215	11.5	15.36	4.64	0900		10.0	15.51	4.48		
2300	230	11.5	15.34	4.66	0915		10.0	15.50	4.49		
2315	245	11.5	15.33	4.68	0930	_	10.0	15.49	4.49		
2330	260	11.5	15.32	4.69	0945		10.0	15.49	4.50		
2345	275	11.5	15.31	4.70	1000		10.0	15.48	4.51		

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT RECOVERY DATA

TIME	TIME	T/I W	DFMW	SFMW	TIME	TIME;	T/I W	DFMW	¦ SFMW
EDT	!	welhd	wtr lvl	wtr lvl	! EDT	<u> </u>	welhd	wtr lvl	wtr lvl
	min.	press	BPL	APL	1 1	min.	press	BPL	APL
	1	(psi);	(feet)	(feet)	! !	: :	(psi)	(feet)	(feet)
date	-04199	91			date-	-04199	1		
1015	905	10.0	15.47	4.52		1535	0.0	15.52	4.46
1030	920	10.0	15.46	4.53		1550		15.51	4.47
1045	935	10.0	15.45	4.54	_	1565	0.0	15.50	4.49
1100	950	10.0	15.44	4.56	_	1580		15.48	4.51
1115	965	10.0	15.43	4.57		1595	0.0	15.47	4.52
1130	980	10.0	15.42	4.58		1610		15.46	4.53
1145	995	10.0	15.42	4.59		1625	0.0	15.45	4.55
1200		10.0	15.41	4.60	_	1640		15.44	4.57
1215	1025	10.0	15.40	4.61	_	1655	0.0	15.41	4.58
1230	1040	10.0	15.38	4.62	_	1670	0.0	15.39	4.59
1245	1055	10.0	15.38	4.62		1685	0.0		4.61
1300	1070 1085	10.0 10.0	15.37	4.62	2330		0.0	-	4.63
1315 1330	1100	10.0	15.37 15.37	4.63 4.63	2345 0000			15.36	4.65 4.66
1345	1115	10.0	15.37	4.63	0015		0.0		4.68
1400	1113	9.5	15.38	4.63	0013	_		15.33	4.69
1415	1145	9.5	15.38	4.63	_	1775		15.33	4.09
1430	1160	9.5	15.38	4.63	0100			15.29	4.71
1445	1175	9.5	15.38	4.64		1805		15.29	4.75
1500	1190	9.5	15.38	4.64		1820		15.25	4.75
1515	1205	9.5	15.39	4.62		1835		15.23	4.78
-	1220	9.5	15.41	4.60	_	1850		15.22	4.79
1545	1235	9.5	15.42	4.59		1865		15.21	4.81
1600	1250	9.5	15.43	4.58	_	1880		15.20	4.80
1615	1265	9.5	15.44	4.57	0245			15.20	4.80
1630	1280	9.5	15.45	4.56	0300			15.20	4.80
1645	1295	9.5	15.46	4.55	0315			15.21	4.80
1700	1310	9.5	15.47	4.54	0330	1940	0.0	15.21	4.80
1715	1325	9.5	15.49	4.52	0345	1955	0.0	15.21	4.79
	1340	9.5	15.51	4.50	0400	1970	0.0	15.22	4.77
	1355	9.5	15.52	4.49		1985		15.23	4.75
	1370	9.5	15.53	4.48		2000		15.25	4.74
1815	1385	9.5	15.54	4.47		2015		15.26	4.73
1830	1400	9.5	15.55	4.46		2030		15.28	4.72
1845	1415	9.5	15.56	4.45		2045		15.29	4.71
	1430	9.5	15.57	4.44		2060		15.31	4.69
1915	1445	0.0	15.59	4.43		2075		15.33	4.68
	1460	0.0	15.57	4.42		2090		15.34	4.66
1945	1475	0.0	15.56	4.42	0615			15.35	4.67
2000	1490	0.0	15.55	4.44	0630			15.37	4.65
2015	1505	0.0	15.55	4.45		2135		15.39	4.63
2030	1520	0.0	15.54	4.46	0700	2150	0.0	15.40	4.61

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT RECOVERY DATA

TIME TIME T/I	<u>w</u> ¦ DFMW	SFMW	TIME ! TIME	T/I W DFMW	SFMW
EDT well	hd¦wtr lvl	wtr lv1	EDT ;	welhd wtr lvl	wtr lvl
min. pre	ss; BPL	APL	min.	press BPL	APL
¦(ps	i)¦(feet)	(feet)	!	(psi);(feet)	(feet)
date-042091					
	.0 15.41	4.60			
· •	.0 15.42	4.59			
• • • •	.0 15.43	4.59			
	.0 15.44	4.58			
-	.0 15.45	4.57			
~	.0 15.46	4.56			
	.0 15.46	4.55			
	.0 15.46	4.55			
· -	.0 15.45	4.55			
	15.45	4.56 4.56			
	.0 15.45	4.57			
-	.0 15.43	4.57			
	.0 15.42	4.58			
	.0 15.41	4.59			
	.0 15.40	4.60			
-	.0 15.39	4.61			
	.0 15.38	4.62			
	.0 15.37	4.63			
-	.0 15.36	_			
	.0 15.34	4.66			
-	.0 15.32	4.68			
-	.0 15.30	4.70			
_	.0 15.28	4.72			
	.0 15.27	4.73			
1330 2540 0	.0 15.27	4.73			
1345 2555 0	.0 15.26	4.74			
1400 2570 0	.0 15.26	4.74			
		4.74			
	.0 15.25	4.75			
-	.0 15.25	4.75			•
	.0 15.25	4.75			
	.0 15.25	4.75		,	
	.0 15.25	4.75			
	.0 15.25	4.75			
	.0 15.25	4.75			
• •	.0 15.26	4.74			
	.0 15.27	4.74			
	.0 15.28 .0 15.29	4.73			
	.0 15.29 .0 15.30	4.72 4.71			
	.0 15.31	4.70			
	.0 15.32	4.68			
	.0 15.33	4.66	•		
1000 2010 0		7.00			

TRANSMISSIVITY CALCULATIONS

ESTIMATION OF TRANSMISSIVITY IN THE INJECTION ZONE

I. FROM CHANGE OF WELLHEAD PRESSURE

1. FIRST INJECTION STEP

Q = 5.4 MGD (3750 GPM)

PRESSURE CHANGE = 16 PSI - 9.5 PSI

= 6.5 PSI

FRICTION LOSS = 10 FEET

AVAILABLE HEAD = 15 FEET - 10 FEET = 5 FEET

T = Q/HEAD

= 5.4 MGD/5 FEET

= 1.08 MGD/FT

2. DIFFERENCE BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND INJECTION STEP

Q(1) = 5.4 MGD

PRESSURE DIFFERENCE

 $Q(2) = 11.5 \text{ MGD } (8000 \text{ GPM}) \quad \text{DELTA P} = P(2) - P(1)$

DELTA Q = Q(2) - Q(1)

= 32 PSI ~ 16 PSI

= 6.1 MGD

= 16 PSI

= 30 FEET OF H2O HEAD

FRICTION LOSS = 15 FEET

AVAILABLE HEAD = 30 FEET - 15 FEET

= 15 FEET

T = DELTA Q/DELTA P

= 6.1 MGD/15 FEET

= 0.406 MGD/FT

II. FROM BOTTOM HOLE PRESSURE TRANSDUCER

1. FIRST INJECTION STEP

DELTA Q = 5.4 MGD

DELTA P = 862.10 PSI - 857.75 PSI

= 4.35 PSI

= 10.0 FEET

T = DELTA Q/DELTA P

= 5.4 MGD/10.0 FEET

= 0.54 MGD/FT

2. DIFFERENCE BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND INJECTION

DELTA Q = Q(2) - Q(1) DELTA P = P(2) - P(1)

= 11.5 - 5.4

= 870.30 - 862.10

= 6.1 MGD

= 8.2 PSI

= 19 FEET

T = DELTA Q/DELTA P

= 6.1 MGD/19 FEET

= 0.32 MGD/FT

III. GEOMETRIC MEAN OF ESTIMATES

 $T = (0.32 \times 0.54 \times 0.406 \times 1.1)$

= 0.527 MGD/FT

CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS

ATTENDIX

CEMENT VOLUMES AND LETTER OF VERIFICATION

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT TEST/INJECTION WELL CEMENT PROGRAM

	48**						
20190	1	156-0	156	471			None
	38"						
21190	1	450-0	450	1441	1720	84%	None
	30"						
11991	1	1656-1484	172	739	510	145%	None
11991	2	1484-1446	38	157	125	125%	None
11991	3	1446-1349	97	560	401	140%	12% bentonit
12091	4	1349-1262	87	560	372	151%	12% bentonit
12191	5	1262-1120	142	476	461	103%	12% bentonit
12191	6	1120-961	159	672	472	142%	12% bentonit
12291	7	961-817	144	550	440	125%	12% bentonit
12291	8	817-709	108	420	375	112%	12% bentonit
12391	9	709-565	144	567	457	124%	12% bentonit
12491	10	565-542	23	84	84	100%	12% bentonit
12491	11	542-450	92	683	348	196%	12% bentonit
12591	12	450-270	180	521	478	109%	12% bentonit
12691	13	270-0	270	694	708	98%	12% bentonit
				6683	5231	128%	

	20"								
021491		1	1955-17	728	227	785	577	136%	None
021591		2	1728-16	30	98	319	251	127%	None
021691		3	1630-12	278	352	874	874	100%	8% bentonite
021691		4	1278- 9	07	371	897	897	100%	4% bentonite
021691		5	907- 5	546	361	897	897	100%	4% bentonite
021691		6	546- 2	255	291	723	723	100%	4% bentonite
022091		7	255-	74	181	448	448	100%	None
022091		8	74-	0	74	185	185	100%	None
						5128	4876	105%	

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL CEMENT PROGRAM

MODYYR		· ·	ILL !	PUMPED	THEOR	THEORE	ADDITIVES TO ASTM C150 TYPE II CEMENT
	16"						
102690	1	140-0	140	533	451	118%	None
	10 3/4	**					
103190	1	240- 152		286	123	232%	None
	2	152- 0		106	106	100%	None
				393	230	171%	
	4 1/2		_		_		
111990	1	1321-1265	-	101	61	165%	None
	2	1265-1217		112	79	141%	None
112090	3	1217-1140	77	79	63	125%	None
	4	1140- 988	152	168	97	172%	None
	5	988- 819	169	196	160	122%	6% Bentonite
	6	819- 770	49	90	76	118%	6% Bentonite
112190	7	770- 653	117	224	148	151%	6% Bentonite
112290	8	653- 540	113	168	168	100%	6% Bentonite
	9	540- 521	19	224	48	460%	6% Bentonite
	10	521- 428	93	168	113	149%	6% Bentonite
112390	11	428- 349	79	196	172	114%	6% Bentonite
	12	349- 315	34	112	78	144%	6% Bentonite
112490	13	315- 157	158	224	176	127%	6% Bentonite
022091	14	157- 0	157	51	57	90%	None
				2113	1496	141%	
ć	EMENT	PLUG BENEAT	H // 1	/211 S.C.	PTTN		
`	- 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	FOG BENEAL		/ 2 BC	L E E IA		

DATE	CSG L	FT; INTRVL;	LINEAR	! VOLUME	VOLUME	% OF	ADDITI	ves
MODYYR	O.DIN	O. FILLED	FILL	PUMPED	THEORE	† Theore	TO AST	M C150
	in.	feet	feet	cu.ft.	-TICAL	-TICAL	TYPE I	I CEMENT
111690	1	1506-1477	29	61	30	203%	None	
111790	2	1477-1472	5	59	3	1967%	None	
	3	1472-1462	10	56	6	933%	None	
	4	1462-1414	48	61	41	147%	None	
	5	1414-1396	18	11	17	65%	None	
			110	248	84	295%		

GRAVEL PACK AROUND 4 1/2" SCREEN

111790 1 1396-1326 70 93 90 103% Silica Gravel

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL CEMENT PROGRAM

-		-	-	-	•		•		E¦TO ASTM C150 L¦TYPE II CEMEN
	16"								
120990		1	140-0)	140	364			None
	10	3/4"							
121290		1	240-	0	240	174	165	105%	None
	4	1/2"							
010691		1	883-	853	30	17	25	68%	None
_		2	853-	720	133	146	108	135%	None
		3	720-	590	130	146	102	143%	None
010791		4	590-	488	102	146	112	131%	None
		5	488-	373	115	146	112	131%	None
		6	373-	220	153	281	214	132%	None
022091		7	220-	0	220	90	81	90%	None
						972	754	129%	

DATE COMODYYRO	. D ! N	0. FI	LLED	FILL	PUMP	ED THE	 ORE	!		
010691	1	050-	888	71	3	0 //3	 o 1 9⁄	211100	Gneval	



Florida Cement, Inc. 15000 Pine Ridge Road Ft. Myers, FL 33908 (813) 433-3400

CEMENTING CASING FOR INSECTION WELL

Company Y	Virla (Duis	T BRO	s. INC. Da	ite		District					
	KLEDGE		No.	Cty.	Sec.	Twp.	Rge.	State			
Size Prod.		Wt.	Se	et @	PB	TD					
Surface Cs		Wt.	Se	et 0	Cıntd	W/	Sx. Date	9			
Surface Cso	7	Wt.	Se	et 0	Cmto	i W/	Sx. Dat	:e			
Surface Cs	g	Wt.	S	et 0	Cmto	i w/	Sx. Dat	e			
Tubing Siz	e 1.9	Wt.	S	et 0	Pkr	•	Type				
Instruction	ns:					Tub Ca	тр	bbl s			
					······································	Csg Ca	i p	bbls			
						Annulu	ıs	bbl s			
					<u> </u>	Bleed		bbls			
						Flush		bbl s			
DATE	Csg	LIFT	Cu. Fr.	CENENT		REPORT	r				
Reading	SIZE	NUMBER	Away	TYPE			•				
12/1/20	48"	/	471	NEAT	NEAT F	RESSURE	GROUT				
12/11/90	38 "	1	1441	NEAT	PRESSURE						
1/19/91	30"	/	739	NEAT	PRESURE	GROUT	•				
1/19/91	30"	သူ	157	NEAT	ANULAR			•			
1/19/91	30"	3	560	12% GEL	ANULAR	CKMENT	STAGE				
1/20/91	30"	4	560	12% GEL	ANULAR	CEMONT.	STAGE				
1/21/91	30"	5	476	1276 GEL	ANULAR			-			
1/21/91	30"	6	672	12% Ga	ANULAR	CKMENT	STAGE				
1/22/91	30"	7	550	12%Gn	ANULAR	CRMENT	STAGE				
1/22/91	30"	8	420	1276EL	ANULAR	CEMEN	1 STAG				
1/23/91	30"	9	567	12% Ga	ANLLAR	CKMon	8 STAGE	ક્			
1/24/11	30"	10	84	12% Ga	ANULAR	CKMEN	5 STAGE	5			
1/24/91	30"	11.	683	12% GEL	ANULAR						
1/25/91	30 *	12	521	127,GEL	ANULAR	CKMON S	TAGE				
1/26/11	30 "	13	694	12% GEL	ANULAR (
	·						 -				

TOTAL LOAD

TREATMENT ENGR.

JIM BRANTLEY



Florida Cement, Inc. 15000 Pine Ridge Road Ft. Myers, FL 33908 (813) 433-3400

CEMENTING CASING FOR INSECTION WELL

Company Y	ouderous	T BRO	S. INC. Da	ate		Distri	ct	
	CKLEDGE		No.	Cty.	Sec.	Twp.	Rge.	State
Size Prod.		Wt.	Se	et 0	PBTD)		
Surface Cs	g	Wt.	Se	et 0	Cintd W	7	Sx. Da	te
Surface Cs	g	Wt.	S	et 0	Cmtd	N/	Sx. Da	ite
Surface Cs	g	Wt.	s	et 0	Cmtd	w/	Sx. D	ate
Tubing Siz	e 1.9	Wt.	s	et @	Pkr.		Type	
Instructio	ns:				······································	Tub Ca	p	bbl s
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	······································				Csg Ca	p	bb1 s
						Annulu.	5	bbl s
	·					Bleed		bbl s
						Flush		bbl s
DATE	Csg	LIFT	Cu. Fr.	CENTENT		REPORT		
Reading	SIZE	NUMBER	Away	TYPE				
2/14/91	20"	1	785	NEAT	PRESSURE	GROUT	-	
2/15/91	20"	a	319	NEAT				
2/16/91	20"	3	874	87 GEL	ANULAR C	EMENT	STAGE	
2/16/91	20"	4	897	4% GEL	ANULAR CA			
2/16/91	20 ª	5	897	47. Ger	ANULAR C	EMENT	STAGE	
2/16/91	ಎಂ"	6	723	4% GEL	ANULAR C			
2/20/91	20"	7	448	NEAT	ANULAR C	EMENT	STAGO	<i>Ş</i>
2/20/91	20"	8	185	NEAT	ANULAR C	EMENT	STAG	<u>لا</u>
·				 				
				 			 	
				 				
								
								
			·					
]		}]				



FCI Florida Cement, Inc. 15000 Pine Ridge Road Ft. Myers, FL 33908 (813) 433-3400

CEMENTING CASINGS FOR DEEP FLORIDAN MONTOR WELL

Date District Company OUNGOLUIST BROS, INC Cty. Rge. State Lease Sec. Twp. Wt. Size Prod. Csq Set @ PBTD Wt. Set 0 Sx. Date Cmtd W/ Surface Csq Wt. Set 0 Cmtd W/ Sx. Date Surface Csg Sx. Date Cmtd W/ Wt. Set @ Surface Csq Pkr. Type Wt. Set @ Tubing Size 1.9 Tub Cap bbls Instructions: Csg Cap ppis bbl s Annulus Bleedbbls Flush bbls LIFT CAMENT CSG. CU. FT. REPORT DATE Reading NUMBER Away SIZE TYPE 10/26/90 NEAT PRESSURY GROUT 103/1 286 PRESSURE GROUT NEAT 1036 a 106 NEAT CRMENT STAGE ANULAR 101 NEAT ANULAR CEMBER STAGE 2 112 NEAT ANULAR CKMENT STAGE 3 79 CEMENT STAGE NEAT ANULAR 41/2" 168 NEAT ANULAR CEMENT STAGE 41/2 196 6% GeL ANULAR CEMENT STAGE 6 90 6% GEL ANULAR CEMENT STAGE 7 6% GeL ANULAR CEMENT STAGE $\varphi_{\mathcal{K}}$ 8 6766EZ ANULAR CEMENT STAGE 412 6%GeL ANULAR CEMENT STAGE 41/2 10 6 %Gez 168 ANULAR CEMONE STAGE 412 6% GEL 196 CEMONE STAGE ANWAR 41/2 6% GEL 12 112 ANGLAR STAGE CEMONT

TREATME	ENT ENGR.	JIM	BRANTLEY

CEMBERT

STAGE

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6 % Ge

4%



TOTAL LOAD

2113

Florida Cement, Inc. .15000 Pine Ridge Road Ft. Myers, FL 33908 (813) 433-3400

CEMENTING CASINGS FOR DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL

∠√C^{Date} District Company YouNGOUIST BROS. Lease Cty. Sec. Twp.Rge. State Set @ PBTD Size Prod. Csg Wt. Surface Csg Wt. Set @ Cmtd W/ Sx. Date Cmtd W/ Sx. Date Wt. Set @ Surface Csg Sx. Date Cmtd W/ Set @ Surface Csg Wt. Wt. Pkr. Type Tubing Size Set @ 1.9 Instructions: Tub Cap bbls Csg Cap bb15 Annulus bbls Bleed bbls Flush bbls LIFT CEMENT CASING CUI FT. REPORT DATE Reading NUMBER 5,25 AWAT TYPE 51 NEAT

TREATMENT	ENGR.	Jim	BRANTLEY	



FCI Florida Cement, Inc. 15000 Pine Ridge Road Ft. Myers, FL 33908 (813) 433-3400

CEMENTING CASINGS FOR SHALLOW FLORIDA MONITOR WELL

Company Yo	MING BUIST	Bros 1	NC. Da	te		District	
Lease Rock	HENCE		No.	Cty.	Sec.	Twp. Rge	. State
Size Prod.	Csg	Wt.	Se	t a	PBTD		
Surface Cs	g	Wt.	Se	t @	Cıntd W/	Sx.	Date
Surface Cs	g	Wt.	Se	et @	Cmtd W/	Sx.	Date
Surface Cs	g	Wt.	Se	et @	Cmtd W/	Sx	. Date
Tubing Siz	e 1.9	Wt.	Se	et @	Pkr.	Ty	pe
Instructio	ns:					Tub Cap	bbl s
						Csg Cap	bbls
						Annulus	bbls
						Bleed	bbl s
						Flush	bbl s
DATE Reading	Csg.	LIFT NUMBER	Cu. Ft. Away	CAMENT TYPE		REPORT	
12/9/90	16"	/	364	NEAT	PRESSURE	GROUT	<u> </u>
12/12/90	1034"	/	174	NEAT	PRESSURE		
116/91	41/2	/	17	NEAT	_	CEMENT	STAGE
1/6/91	4/2	2	146	NEAT	ANULAR	CEMENT	
1/6,191	4/2	3	146	NEM	ANULAR	CEMENT	STAGE
1/7/91	4%	4	146	NEAT	ANULAR	CEMENT	
1/7/9/	41/2	ک	146	NETE	ANULAR		STAGE
1/7/91	4/2	6	281	NEAT	ANULAR	CEMEN	STAGE
2/20/91	4%	7	90	NEAT	TOP OFF AF	TER BOW	106
							
							
***********						····	
							
-							<u></u>
		}					

Schlumberger

SCHLUMBERGER WELL SERVICES 15 COVINGTON ROAD NATCHEZ, MISSISSIPPI 39120

April 29, 1991

Mr. Jimmie Brantley Youngquist Brothers Drilling 15000 Pine Ridge Road Fort Myers, FL 33908

Dear Jimmie:

On February 18, 1991, Schlumberger Well Services ran Cement Bond/Variable Density logs on three Youngquist Brothers Drilling wells for the City of Rockledge, Florida. The CBL/VDLs were run on two monitor wells with 4½ inch casing and one injection well, 20 inch casing.

The first monitor well logged was the Deep Monitor Well No.1. It was logged to a depth 1388 feet. The cement quality in this well is excellent, text book. There is excellent evidence that the cement not only bond to pipe, but also to the formation. This scenario is the ideal cement job.

The second monitor well, the Shallow Monitor Well No. 1, was logged to a depth of 950 feet. Again, its cement job was exceptional. Both monitor wells' cement jobs produced the best looking Cement Bond Logs either Barry Schuler or I have seen in Florida.

Injection wells with their larger casing diameters, make interpretation of Cement Bond Logs difficult. Test Injection Well No. 1, with its 20 inch casing, is no exception. Nothing stands out on the log indicating anything unusual. There is some evidence of cement bond to pipe to formation as read in the VDL. Perhaps the best way to interpret an injection well's CBL is to compare it to its peers. By comparison, Test Injection Well No. 1's Cement Bond Log is better than average for the area and quite a bit better than the CBL/VDLs in the South Florida region.

Thank you for the opportunity to interpret these logs on your Rockledge wells. If I can be of any further assistance or if a

All Interpretations are opinions based on inferences from electrical or other measurements and we cannot, and do not, guarantee the accuracy or correctness of any interpretations, and we shall not, except in the case of gross or willful negligence on our part, be liable or responsible for any loss, costs damages or expenses incurred or sustained by anyone resulting from any Interpretation made by any of our officers, agents or employees. These interpretations are also subject to Clause 4 of our General Terms and Conditions as set out in our current Price Schedule.

Page 2 Youngquist Brothers Drilling

more detailed interpretation is required, don't hesitate to contact me. Thank you for your patronage.

Sincerely,

SCHLUMBERGER WELL SERVICES

Steve Miller

General Field Engineer

SM/jss

MILL CERTIFICATES

TEST/INJECTION WELL

USS TUBULAR PRODUCTS

MATERIAL DESCRIPTION

TUBULAR PRODUCTS **METALLURGICAL TEST REPORT**

P.O. DATE PURCHASE ORDER NO. THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT TH PRODUCT DESCRIZED HEREIN V 1397-409 SHIPPERS NO. MILL ORDER NO. INVOICE NO. MEGG., SAMPLED, TESTED, AT DR91650 OR INSPO. IN ACCORDANCE WE VEHICLE 11/28/90 THE SPECIFICATION AND FUL-FILLS REQUIREMENTS IN SUC-3 RESPECTS. BARTOW STEEL INC P 0 80X 1789 APPROVED BY THE OFFICE OF: D.S. DABKOWSKI MGR. MET.

MIN.

HEAT/

T

YIELD STR.

BARTON STEEL INC 2 0 60X 1789 BARTON FL 33930

OB. CONTRACT NO.

BARTOW FL 33830

11/23/93

TENSILE STR.

Q.A. USS TUBULAR PRODUCTS.

ELONG. %

GAGE

WIDTH

FLAT

M NO.					1		·				MATL.		HEAT! OT NO.	HY	DRO	1				IN 2"	WIDTH	FLAT
		SIZE		WALL	ļ <u> </u>	S	PECIFICA	ATION & C	GRADE				OI NO.	F	PSI	0.5	<u> </u>	PS	<u> </u>	111 2	IN.	
	26	دە		.506	ASTMA	538	9459	SAS	16545	3GR3o	SHL	S NO	9266	1	310	4	1500	7 ?	0200	42.0	1 1/2	0.8
		ED&59	944	DASTM	10089	GKR	EMZA	5410) & G R B	39ED4	49400	APIS	LGRB	38Th	E05/	90		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		ļ
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8134255566

TELEPHONE (416) 259-1113 FAX (418) 259-8951 TELEX 05-967775

CANADIAN PHOENIX STEEL PRODUCTS

DIVISION OF JAY-M HOLDINGS LIMITED

289 HORNER AVENUE TORONTO, ONTARIO, CANADA M8Z 4Y4

		LABORATOR	Y REPORT AN	MILL TEST C	ERTIFICATE	
DATE	Aus.	9/90	-	CUSTOMER	AKTOW ST	
SPECIFICAT:	30 0.	D_K 373 1				oa 3383a
		P.S.I. FOR		.CARADIAN PEC	i•	
		PRY	ICAL	PROPERT	1 8 8	
HEAT	Pipe No.	Longitudinal YIELD BTRENGTH	TENSILE STRENGTH	ELONGATION X IN 2"	TRANSVERSE WELD TENSILE	BREAK REMARKS LOCATION
				·		
26.0989	8	40280	64470	.32.0	69220	PM
90×-500 254513	11	39890	63990	32.0	68.960	PM
		CHE	HICAL	PROPER		
HEAT	LADLE	ANALYSIS			ABO	HEREBY CERTIFY THAT T OVE MATERIAL WAS TESTE ACCORDANCE WITE THE
NO.	C.	Ma	P	8	871	ECIFICATION ORDERED
					4	M. Medarens
260989	.21	,79	. 017	.014	AP	PROVED BY
154513	, 21	.78	.0/0	,014	DA	TR /

CANADIAN PHOENIX STEEL PRODUCTS

DIVISION OF JAY-M HOLDINGS LIMITED

289 HORNER AVENUE TORONTO, ONTARIO, CANADA M8Z 4Y4

		LABORATO	RY REPORT AL	D MILL TEST	CERTIFICATE			
DATE	00	T. 20/90	·	_ CUSTOMER	BARTOW S	TREL		
SPECIFICAT	ION A 1	39 B	: 	ADDRESS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	RIOA 33830		
O.D. & GAU	GE <u>30</u>	0.0 × .375		CUSTOMERS'S	F.O. NO. 13			
HYDROTEST	,				DENIX REF. NO	······		
				PROPER	TIES	···········		
HEAT NO.	MO. BIBR	L		ELONGATION % IN 2"	Transverse Weld Tensile	BREAK REMARKS LOCATION		
	17	41980	65490	32.0	68/90	PM		
	36	43870	66200	32.0	69320	PM		
		сне	MICAL	PROPER				
HRAT	LADLE A	Nalysis			ABOV	PERRY CERTIVE THAT I'VE MATERIAL WAS TEST. CCORDANCE WITH THE		
NO,	C.	Mn	P	8		SIFICATION ORDERED		
				,		Melanina		
169728	.22	.82	,006	,0//	APPR	OVED BY		
					0	et 26/90		
169945	. 22	.82	, 008	,013	DATE	,		
			,					
						:		

CANADIAN PHOENIX STEEL PRODUCTS

DIVISION OF JAY-M HOLDINGS LIMITED

289 HORNER AVENUE TORONTO, ONTARIO, CANADA MBZ 4Y4

LABORATORY REPORT AND MILL TEST CERTIFICATE

	Nov.	,		_ CUSTOMER	BARTOW S	TEEL INC.
	10x <u>A 13</u>			ADDRESS	BARTOW, 1	FLORIDA 33830
O.D. & GAU	GB <u>38 6</u> ,	D. X-375		CUSTOMERS'S	P.O. NO. 13	399-411
HYDROTEST	555	_ P.S.I, FOR _	2 MI	n.Canadian Ph	OENIX REF. NO.	90-2651
				PROPER		
HEAT NO.	Pipe No.	Longitudinai Yield Strength	TENSILE STRENGTH	ELONGATION % IN 2"	TRANSVERSE WELD TENSILE	BREAK REMARKS LOCATION
:6854	/0	44960	67020	3/-0	70280	pm
· .		CHZ	IICAL	PROPER		HEREBY CERTIFY THAT T
HEAT	LADLE A	NALYSIS			ABO	VE MATERIAL WAS TESTE ACCORDANCE WITH THE
NO.	G.	Mn	P	8	SPE	CIFICATION ORDERED
	•	·			2	1. Natamura
166854	.23	.84	.0/2	.0/8	APP	7 ' \
					DAT	Por 5/90
		i i	•	1 1 1		

STANDARD CERTIFIED TEST REPORT GEORGIA TUBULAR PRODUCTS, INC.



Customer Nome

BARTOW STEEL, INC.

Address

P.O. BOX 1789

ry. State. Zip

BARTOW, FLA. 33830 Dare: Customer

11-21-90

Order No.

152428-619

G.TP.

Involce No.

Specification A-139 GR.

			Min.	MECHA	NICAL PROPERTIES	5		CHEM	CAL ANAI	YSIS (%)	
Coli or Lot No.	Size O D.	Wr. Aft. or Wall Thick.	Hydro: Test Pres. P.\$ I.	Yield Strength P. S. I. Point	Tensile Strength P.S.I.	Elong In2.**	c	Mn	p	5	Şı
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suntantifies.

Suntantifies that the above marefals have been inspected and rested in accordance with the methods prescribed in the perfect of the results of such inspection and rests shown above. In determining properties or characteristics for which no methods of perfections are prescribed by sold specifications, the standard mill inspection and testing produces of Georgia Tuouliar Products, Inc. have been about testing are prescribed by sold specifications, the standard mill inspection and testing broaders that said maretals conform to said Esse in the results of such inspection and tests shown above, the undersigned believes that said materials conform to said

MARVIN M. HENDRIX MANUFACTURING MANAGER

manin, N

Name & little



Georgia Tubular Products, Inc. 109 Dent Drive. Cortersville, GA 30120 (404) 386-2553

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CUSTOMER - THOMAS PIPE INC

CUENT :

· AT ASME SATOS GRADE B SMALL HE CERTIFIED ON MILL SHEET BY 870 NO. 7780-IL

CUSTOMERS CONTROL NO

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SHPPER - MITSUL & CO. LID.

CONTRACT No . 9-843-143-5-8-6115-0

COMMODITY . SEANLESS STEEL PIPE

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NOTE

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上記注文品は、都指定の規格または仕事に従って製造され、その要求事項を満定していることを証明します。 WE MEREST CERTIFY THAT THE MATERIAL DESCRIBED MEREIN HAS BEEN MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE CONTRACT.

TO BE CONTINUED 人葡萄糖质 試験分析宣長 MANAGER, INSPECTION YAWATA WORKS





י וואר הדי הדי במבבים י

SEAMLESS TUBES LTD.

A Subsidiary of British Steel PLC
Waddens Brook Lane, Wednesfield,
Wolverhampton, West Midlands WV11 3SQ.
Telephone: (0902) 305000 Telex: 338681
Facsimile: (0902) 307277

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41345254661# 3

CERTIFICATE NO M 2550

30.8.89

Certificate of Tests & Analysi

CUSTOM	ER UNI	ERSAL PIP	ING GMI	311										
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SEAMLESS TUBES LYD.

A Subsidiery of British Steel PLC
Waddens Brook Lane, Wednesfield,
Wolverhampton, West Midlands WV11 3SQ.
Telephone: (0902) 305000 Telex: 338561
Fecalmile: (0902) 307277

CERTIFICATE NO		
ĺ	M 3840	
DALE	31.10.89	

Certificate of Tests & Analysis

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SEAMLESS TUBES LTD.
A Subsidiary of British Steel PLC
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Wolverhampton, West Midlands WV11 390.
Telephone: (0902) 305000 Telex: 338661
Fecsimile: (0902) 307277

SERTIFICALE NO	M 2504
DATE	28.8.89

Certificate of Tests & Analys

8928/47/1 15 V 5225 .15 .32 .82 .015 .003 .11 .03 .10 .18 .013 .		5	45166	0 <u> </u>	s order N	WORK				. 89	7.0						
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MSW/EEC

SEAMLESS TUBES LTD.

Waddens Brook Lane, Wednesfield, Wolverhampton, West Midlands WV11 3SQ.

Telephone: (0902) 305000 Telex; 338661 Fax; (0902) 307277

20 November 1989

UNIVERSAL PIPING EMBH GERMANY

. 'RE:

Your order No: 2449.08.89 -

Our Order No: P 45166

Interpipe P.O. 1296/89 .

Test certificates No: M 2382, M2393, M 2440, M 2477, 2504, M 2529. M 2550, M 2817, M 2899, M 3590, M 3817, M 3840 and M 3901.

I would confirm that the material covered by the above Test Certificates fully conforms to ASME SA 105 GRADE B.

M S WITTEHOUSE TEST HOUSE SUPERINTENDENT

MILL CERTIFICATES

SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL AND DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL

ļ	PAGE	_	INSPECTION CERTIFICATE								<u> </u>	발 급 및: 차 DATE OF ISSUE : 90/05/29																						
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	·										POHANG PLANT 14- I. JANGHEUNG - DONG, POHANG - SEOUL PLANT 180- 15, GAEBONG - DONG, KURO - GU, SEOUL																							
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INSPECTION CERTIFICATE

DARRO CORPORATION	HKK	Customer :	MET (AMERICA) COMP.
Contract Na. (I./C Na.)	한 국 강 관 주 식 회 사	fassed Date:	
Specification: ASTH ASSHADT St. GR.B	Korea Steel Pipe Co., Ltd.	Certificate No:	900424-0831
Kind of Article : E. R. W. Steel Plop	C. P. O. Box 904 Seoul, Korea	Manufactured No.:	90-04-029

			:																						
LOT No.	Q TY		Nominal		Dime	sien				Chemi	ral Ci-	ıa (%)			Tension	Test					Sh-dros-				
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Inspector in Charge

Houston Well Screen Company 11939 Aldine-Westfield Road Houston, Texas 77093-1095

Telephone (713) 449-7261 Telefax (713) 449-6010

July 2, 1991

Youngquist Brothers Well Drilling 15000 Pine Ridge Rd Fort Meyers, FL 33908

REF: HWS Invoices #09097 & 09267

CERTIFICATION OF MATERIALS

This is to certify that all materials used in the above referenced invoices were manufactured with ASTM A 312 304 stainless steel.

MANUFACTURER:

HOUSTON WELL SCREEN COMPANY 11939 ALDINE WESTFIELD ROAD HOUSTON, TEXAS 77093

U.S.A.

REGARDS.

MARK MEISNER

CUSTOMER SERVICE REPRESENTATIVE

Approved

YOUNGQUIST DROTHERS, INC.

108# 8802-02-02

DATE __7/3/9/

BY XR Trul

HOUSTON FREE-FLOW SCREENS





Houston Well Screen Company

HOUSTON WELL SCREEN COMPANY 11939 Aldine-Westfield Road Houston, Texas 77093

Telephone No.: (713) 449-7261 Telex No.: 775280 HOU WS CO HOU Telefax No.: (713) 449-6010

Wats: (800) 237-7593

HOUSTON WELL SCREEN EUROPE B.V. Slachthuiskade 24-26 7602 CV Almelo, Holland

Telephone No.: (05490) 51515 Telex No.: 30603 H.W.S.B Telefax No: 31(5490)27395 HOUSTON WELL SCREEN ASIA PTE LTD. IIA Pandan Crescent

Singapore 0512

Telephone No.: (65) 778-8323 Telex No.: RS 50077 HWSA Telefax No.: (65) 774-2206

HOUSTON WELL SCREEN COMPANY Distribution Center 412 High Meadows Blvd. Lafayette, Louisiana 70507

Telephone No.: (318) 237-3838 Telefax No.: (318) 233-9263 HOUSTON WELL SCREEN INTL., LTD. Unit BT570/1, Thombill Ind, Est. Hope Street, Rotherham S60 ILH United Kingdom

Telephone No.: 44 (709) 829-521 Telex No.: 547798 HWSI G Telefax No.: 44 (709) 367-309

INCC-FLUVY OCKEENS

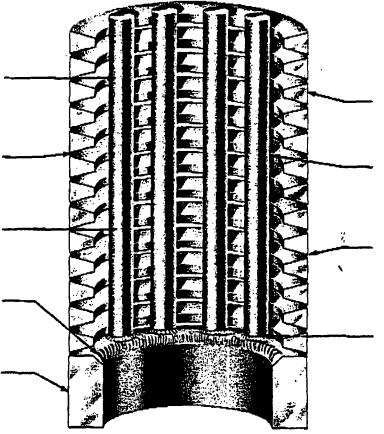
Wrap wire and rod of like material to avoid electrolytic corrosion when environmental circumstances make this a possibility.

Inwardly widening openings assure non-clogging, selfcleaning slot configuration.

Wrap wire and rod crosssectional shapes are selected to provide maximum open area with sufficient strength.

Fittings heveled to ensure complete weld material fill for ultimate strength.

End fittings can be made of different material than the screen body if specified by the customer.



In-plant design and manufacturing of wire shapes ensures tolerances within rigid specifications.

Wrap wire welded at each junction with support rod.

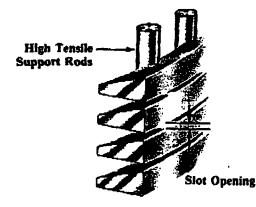
Continuous slot construction provides maximum open area which reduces entrance velocity and increases hydraulic efficiency.

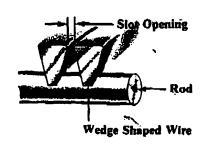
All standard and custom made end fittings rigidly secured to screen.

Houston well screens feature non-clogging wedge wire welded construction. Houston screens are manufactured with wrap wire drawn in our own plant to assure the maintenance of precise specifications. By varying the size, shape, and alloy we can achieve the exact results you desire.

The Houston Free-Flow ™ Screen provides the maximum inlet area of any well screen design. This Screen is versatile and can be adapted to many types of industrial functions. The strength and durability of this type of screen depends on the shape and mass of the wrap wire and rods combined with the efficiency of the welding techniques used in manufacturing.

Houston Well Screen manufactures the special trapezoidal shaped wire for this screen, as it does for all of its' screens. The wire is drawn from the specified material, double-annealed and roll formed to the precise desired dimensions. The wire is then spiral wrapped around longitudinal rods of the same material and resistance welded at each point of contact.







CACC-CLUM SCACCIMUALA

Open Area (Squares Inches) and Transmitting Capacity (Gallons Per Minute) Per Lineal Foot of Screen

Pipe Size	Telescope	Approx.	Slot Size (In Thousandths)												
Screen	Size Screen	Ö.D.	8	10	12	14	16	20	25	30	40	50			
1%R"	-	l 21/10"	6.5 2.0	7.9 2.5	9.3 2.9	10.6 3.3	11.8 3.7	14.1 4,4	16.7 5.2	19.1 5.9	23.1 7.2	26.5 8,2			
2"R		21/8"	9.2 2.9	11.2 3.5	13.1	14.9 4.6	16.7 5,2	19.9 6.2	23.6 7.3	26.9 8.4	32.6 10.2	37.3 11.6			
2"	3"	2¾~	10.6 3.3	13.0	15.2	17.3 5.4	19.3 6.0	23.0 7.2	27.3 8.5	31.1 9.7	37.7 11.7	43.2 13.5			
21/3"	31/2"	3 3/16"	12.3 3.8	15.0	17.6 5.5	20.0	22.4 7.0	26.7 8.3	31.6 9.8	36.0 11.2	43.7 13.6	50.1 15.6			
3"	4"	3%"	14.5	17.7 5.5	20.7 6.4	23.6 7.3	26.3 8.2	31.4	37.2 11.6	42.4 13.2	51.4 16.0	58.9 18.4			
	5″		18.1 5.6	22.1 6.9	25.9 8.1	29.4 9.2	32.9 10.2	39.3 12.2	46.5 14.5		64.3 20.0	73.6 22.9			
5"	6"	5%"	21.7 6.8	26.5 8.3	31.0 9.7	35.3 11.0	39.4 12.3	47.1 14.7	55.8 17.4	63.6 19.8	77.1 24.0	88.4 27.5			
6"		6%"	20.4 6.3	25.0 7.8	29.4 9.2	33.6 10.5	37.7	45.4 14.1	54.3 16.9	62.4 19.4	76.8 23.8	89.2 27.7			
_	8"	71/2"	23.0 7.1	28.3 8.8	33.3 10.3	38.1 11.8	43.3 13.2	51,4 16.0	61.5	70.7 21.9	87.0 27.0	101.0			
8"		8%"	26.5 8.2	32.5 10.1	38.3 11.9	43.8 13.6	49.8 15.2	59.1 18.4	70.7 21:9	81.3 25.2	100.0	116.1 36.0			
-	10-	91/2"	29.3 9.0	35.8	42.2 13.1	48.3 14.9	54.I 16.8	65.1 20.1	77.9 24.1	89.5 27.7	110.2 34.2	127.9 39.7			
10"		10%"	33.1 10.2	40.5 12.6	47.7 14.8	54.6 16.9	61.2	73.7 22.8	88,I 27,3	101.3	124.7 38.7	144.7 44.9			
_	12"	11%"	28.8 9.0	35.4 10.9	41.7 13.0	47.9 14.8	53.8 16.7	54.7 16.9	66.3 20.6	77.1 24.0	97.0 30.2	114.6 35.7			
12"	14"	123/4"	32.6 10.2	40.1 12.4	47.3 14.7	54.3 16.8	61.0 18.9	62.0 19.2	75.1 23.4	87.4 27.2	.109.9	129.9 40.5			
14"	16"	14"	29.5 9.2	36.4 11.3	43.1 13.4	49.6 15.4	55.9 17.3	68.1 21.2	82.5 25.7	96.0 29.9	120.6 37.6	142.6 44.4			
16"	18"	16"	33.7 10.5	41.6 12.9	49.2 15.3	\$6.7 17.6	49	77.8 24.2	94.2 29.4	109.7 34.2	137.9 43.0	163.0 50.8			

Open Area = $12 \times \pi \times 0.D$, x Slot Size Slot Size + Wire Width Based on Eagure 20.31 x Open Area Based on Eagure 20.31 x Open Area.

Technical Services

- Complete sand analysis laboratory for slot size determination
- Laboratory permeability tests
- Gravel pack recommendations
- Well design recommendations
- Pumping test analysis
- Screen material selection recommendations

	COLLIST BE	KOLLIE	
100Y =_# B	NGQUIST BE	Telescope	(Individually Crated) Estimated Shipping Weight Per Foot (ibs.)
ם" ב	14"R	-	3.5
176	2.0	10/5/11/2	4
ATE	2)	110	4.5
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Ŀ	10"		24
		12"	26
	12"	14"	35
	14"	16"	39
	16*	18"	48

HOUSTON

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A Van d 11939 A Phone: (er Hor Idine-W 713) 44 75-280	BCREEN CO st Company /estfield Road • Houston, 7 49-7261 • Wats: 800 237-79 HOU WS CO HOU 498010	exas 77093	M A R K S	Verbal - Mike		03031
24	0000	/WB		3			
You	ngq	uist Bros. Well	Drilling	S	Youngquist B	os. Well D	rilling
150	000	Pine Ridge Road	7. ·	P	1700 South Ga	rden Road	
	Me	yers, Florida 3. Christine	3908	0	Rockledge, Fl	orida 3295.	5
INVOICE DAT		DATE SHIPPED: 11-12-90	SHIPPED VIA: Watkins		TERMS:	SHIPPING NO: 5555	
QUANTI	<u> </u>	erin ar am in kang atau	DESCRIP	TION		UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
2	4.6	304SS WR X V	Ft. Houston F VR, .030 Slot 304SS WR X E	:			
		#6032 12	"Freight PP		ADM GEALED MOA		
			. •				·

A DISCOUNT OF \$23.62 WILL BE ALLOWED IF PAID BY 11-25-90 , PROVIDED NO PREVIOUS INVOICES ARE PAST DUE OR BECOME PAST DUE: NET 30 DAYS FROM DATE OF INVOICE, INVOICE NOT PAID WITHIN 30 DAYS FROM DATE OF INVOICE WILL BE CHARGED THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF INTEREST ALLOWED BY LAW, THIS INVOICE DUE AND PAYABLE IN HARRIS COUNTY, TEXAS.

HOUSTU

BCREEN

A Van der Horst Company

11939 Aldine-Westfield Road . Houston, Texas 77093

Phone: (713) 449-7261 • Wats: 800 237-7593 Telex: 775-280 HOU W

Telefax: (713) 4496010

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-	Verbal - Mike
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INVOICE NO. 09267

240000/WB	}

S Youngquist Bros. Well Drilling ŗ

15000 Pine Ridge Road

Youngquist	Bros.	Well	Drilling	_
1700 South	Garden	Rđ.		

D	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		2104 50400 540		
o Ft. Me	yers, Florida 3	3908	Rockledge, Flo	orida 32955	,
INVOICE DATE:	DATE SHIPPED:	SHIPPED VIA:	TERMS:	SHIPPING NO:	
12/13/90	12/10/90	Watkins	(SEE BELOW)	5657	
QUANTITY:		DESCRIPTION		UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
2	304SS WR x W	t. Houston Free E R, .030 slot 304SS WR x Botton		UNITPRICE	AMOUNI
	"Freight Pre		SECENED A		
	016174	9	OCK-DOCK-DOCK-DOCK-DOCK-DOCK-DOCK-DOCK-D		
	·				

A DISCOUNT OF \$23.62 WILL BE ALLOWED IF PAID BY 12/23/90 PROVIDED NO PREVIOUS INVOICE ARE PAST DUE OR BECOME PAST DUE; NET 30 DAYS FROM DATE OF INVOICE. INVOICE NOT PAID WITHIN 30 DAYS FROM DATE OF INVOICE WILL I CHARGED THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF INTEREST ALLOWED BY LAW. THIS INVOICE DUE AND PAYABLE IN HARRIS COUNTY, TEXAS.

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	PO ORL F 1 W	APPLEATED TO STREET	28-8851	X	S GOW OF GODES WAS	# P
RUCKI			999999 9Ustop #			
	ACDINE DESTRIES	April 1				.:
HOUS I	SHIPPER NUMBER	TX 77093	059160	C/L DATE	ORIG C/L	DE8
0003	5657		121390			
3	CRATES STEEL BUD. CL 70 MATERIAL FUEL SURCHARGE EI TTL EUB RATED 90345	IED WELL SCREE	TRFW6155 N N144250-02 AS WT		TO BE	
RECEIVED AR	IOVE PROPERTY IN GOOD CONDITION	BY Mark	5 Brane	CONSIC	20 Justine	SIGNATU IAL/6

WWAT) THE PRINCE FOR THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE

H0U~165921

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111270 ORL P 1 W		28-9034	[·, ×	REVCO	J
YOUNGQUIST BRUS WE		DEL STOP #			
1700 S GARDEN ROAD ROCKLEDGE	FL 32955	999999	1.50		
HOUSTON WELL SCREE		PU STOP "			
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HOUSTON	TX 77093	059160	 		
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LAB. NO. FILE NO.

Form 13- GPI-48178-18/89-4M

P. D. BOX 25

BOX 26 TELEPHONE 422-1171 DAVENPORT, FLORIDA 33837

				Test #	///
•				Date: 56	-18-91
Report For	L.	a Plant	· -		•
Material :	- · ·	1)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Identifica		Dest.			
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Samples By	atel	<u> </u>			
rested By	Kuth	<u> </u>			~ _
Sieve Size	Cum. Wgt. Retained	Indv. % Retained	• Cum. t • Retained	Passing %	
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12	8.8		<u>5.5</u> 32.9		
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				nved .	
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Color Me	etric:		JOB Percent M	MIS NO. 280	
W.F.M.			DATE cent y	n Clary	
		. 	Rercent Lo	es	

CASING TALLIES

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT TEST/INJECTION WELL CASING TALLY

Conductor Casing

Type: Steel Pipe (Spiral Weld Steel) Specification: A-139 GR. B Outside Diameter: 48.00" Wall Thickness: 0.375" Total Length: 159.75'

Date: 01DEC90

Lngth

1 39.55

2 40.05

3 40.05

4 40.10

Surface Casing

Type: Spiral Weld Steel Specification: A 139-B Outside Diameter: 38.00" Wall Thickness: 0.375" Total Length: 460.00'

Date: 10DEC90

<u>#</u>	Lngth	<u>#</u>	Lngth
1	20.35	1.1	40.00
2	40.00	12	39.70

.3 40.00

4 40.00

5 40.00

6 40.00

7 40.00

8 40.00

9 40.00

10 39.95

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT TEST/INJECTION WELL CASING TALLY (continued)

Intermediate Casing

Type: Steel Pipe (Spiral Weld Steel)

Specification: A 139 B Outside Diameter: 30.00" Wall Thickness: 0.375"

Total Length: 1653.81'

Date: 18JAN91

#	Lngth	_#	Lngth	<u>#</u>	<u>Lngth</u>	<u>#</u>	Lngth	_#	Lngth
1	27.00	11	40.06	21	40.02	31	40.04	41	40.06
2	39.65	12	40.07	22	40.05	32	40.04	42	25.91
3	39.74	13	40.04	23	40.04	33	40.05		
4	40.04	14	40.04	24	40.07	34	40.05		
5	40.06	15	40.03	25	40.05	35	40.03		
6	40.05	16	40.04	26	40.03	36	40.05		
7	39.95	17	40.02	27	40.07	37	40.06		
8	39.95	18	40.02	28	40.04	38	40.05		
9	40.05	19	40.03	29	40.03	39	40.05		
10	40.04	20	40.03	30	40.03	40	40.08		

Final Injection Casing

Type: Seamless Steel Pipe

Specification: ASTM AS3 89A GRB ASMES AS3 GRB89

Outside Diameter: 20.00" Wall Thickness: 0.500" Total Length: 1955.18

Date: 14FEB91

#	<u>Lngth</u>	# Lngth	# Lngth	# Lngth	# Lngth	# Lngth
1	39.65	11 40.23	21 38.33	31 40.66	41 39.72	51 21.89
2	39.19	12 41.00	22 39.66	32 39.03	42 37.84	
3	39.89	13 35.36	23 38.37	33 39 . 35	43 35.89	
4	41.03	14 36.88	24 39.91	34 36.70	44 39.06	
5	39.42	15 38.41	25 39.97	35 39.89	45 39.45	
- 6	40.55	16 40.33	26 39.61	36 39.21	46 39.23	
7	38.68	17 39.59	27 36.42	37 40-17	47 40 19	
8	39.40	18 41.30	28 36.54	38 37.78	48 39.45	
9	38.62	19 32.95	29 39.63	39 38.01	49 35.96	
10	39.84	20 33.23	30 36.36	40 38.06	50 37.29	

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL CASING TALLY

Conductor Casing

Type: E.R.W. Steel Pipe (Spiral Welded Steel)

Specification: ASTM A53B Dual/API 5LB

Outside Diameter: 16" Wall Thickness: 0.375" Total Length: 140.97'

Date: 260CT90

- # Lngth
- 1 20.61
- 2 40.15
- 3 40.11
- 4 40.10

Surface Casing

Type: E.R.W. Steel Pipe (Spiral Welded Steel)

Specification: ASTM A53B/API 5L GR.B

Outside Diameter: 10.75" Wall Thickness: 0.365"

Total Length: 250.78'

Date: 290CT90

Lngth

- 1 40.65
- 2 42.10
- 3 42.10
- 4 41.80
- 5 42.05
- 6 42.08

Final Monitor Casing and Screen

Type: Seamless Steel Pipe

Specification: API SPEC 5L GR.B/ASTM A53 TYPE 5GR.B/ASTM A106GR.B

Outside Diameter: 4.50"

Wall Thickness: 0.531"

Total Length: 1393.53'

Date: 18NOV90

_#	<u>Lngth</u>	_# <u>L</u>)	<u>ngth</u>	#	<u>Lngth</u>	#	<u>Lngth</u>
*1	50.00	11 39	9.07 :	21	40.10	31	39.06
2	40.07	12 39	9.07 1	22	40.07	32	39.06
3	40.10	13 40	0.09 (23	40.07	33	38.03
4	40.10	14 39	9,06 0	24	40.06	34	39.07
5	40.09	15 40	0.10 :	25	40.07	35	40.12
6	39.07	16 40	0.09	26	39.07		
7	40.10	17 39	9.05	27	40.10		
8	39.08	18 39	9.05 1	28	38.03		
9	40.10	19 40	0.10 :	29	38.03		
10	39.07	20 39	9.05	30	39.08	*	- screen

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL CASING TALLY

9 39.05 19 40.10

20 40.07

10 40.07

Conductor Casing Type: E.R.W. Steel Pipe (Spiral Welded Steel) Specification: ASTM A53B Dual/API 5LB Outside Diameter: 16.00" Wall Thickness: 0.375" Total Length: 142.26' Date: 8DEC90 # Lngth 1 21.91 2 40.12 3 40.13 4 40.10 Surface Casing Type: E.R.W. Steel Pipe (Spiral Welded Steel) Specification: ASTM AS3B/API 5L GR.B Outside Diameter: 10.75" Wall Thickness: 0.365" Total Length: 249.92' Date: 12DEC90 # Lngth 1 42.02 2 42.13 3 42.13 4 36.36 5 36.77 6 50.51 Final Monitor Casing and Screen Type: Seamless Steel Pipe Specification: API SPEC 5L GR-B/ASTM A53 TYPE 5GR-B/ASTM A106GR-B Outside Diameter: 4.50" Wall Thickness: 0.531" Total Length: 951-16' Date: 6JAN91 # Lngth # Lngth # Lngth *1 20.37 11 40.10 21 40 - 10 *2 30.65 12 39.05 22 39.03 3 38.97 13 40 - 10 23 31.07 4 38.90 14 39.07 5 40.07 15 39.05 16 39.04 6 40.10 17 40.07 18 40.10 7 38.91 8 39.07

* - screen

LETTER OF ABANDONMENT AND LETTER OF CERTIFICATION



CITY OF ROCKLEDGE

1600 Huntington Lane Rockledge, FL 32955-2660 P.O. Box 560488 Rockledge, FL 32956-0488

T-1-1-1- (407) 636 5711 - E-- (407) 636 0360

Telephone 407/690-3978 • Fax 407/690-3987

James P. McKnight
City Manager

August 5, 1991

Mr. Carlos Rivero-deAguilar, P.E. Water Facilities Administrator Florida Department of Environmental Regulation Central District 3319 Maguire Boulevard, Suite 232 Orlando, Florida 32803-3767

Re: Financial Resources
Class I Test/Injection Well
S&G Project No. 8802-02-02
Rockledge, Florida

Dear Mr. deAguilar:

I hereby certify the financial resources are available to close, plug, or abandon the completed injection well at the City's Wastewater Treatment Facility, as required by Rule 17-28.27 (9) of the Florida Administrative Code.

If you have any questions, do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

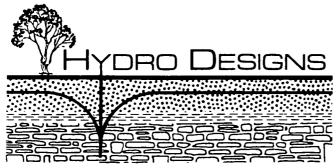
CITY OF ROCKLEDGE

Junes PME Knight

James P. McKnight

City Manager

JPM:b²



Consultants in Hydrogeology & Hydrology

Juno Beach, Florida 33408 [407] 626-8250

Mr. Carlos-deAguilar, P.E Water Facilities Administrator Florida DER 3319 Maguire Boulevard Suite 232 Orlando, Florida 32803-3767

August 3, 1991

Dear Mr. deAguilar,

This letter is to certify that the Rockledge Test/Injection Well and monitoring system has been completed substantially in accordance with the plans and specifications submitted to and approved by the Department of Environmental Regulation in October of 1990 (FDER Permit No. UCO5-161506).

The only deviations from the plans and specifications was the performance of an additional radioactive tracer survey (RTS) just prior to the injection test and the installation of an additional surface casing in the injection well. Both of these deviations were approved by the TAC prior to implementation and neither will prevent the system from functioning in compliance with the requirements of F.A.C. Rule 17-28 when it is properly operated and maintained.

These determinations have been based upon on-site observation of the construction, scheduled and conducted by us or by a project representative under our direct supervision, for the purpose of determining if the work proceeded in compliance with the plans and specifications.

Sincerely

Michael S. Knapp, P.G.

P.G. No. 66

Dr. George Shih, P.E.

P.E. No. 23233

CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

APPENDIX

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CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES
SUMMARIZED DAILY

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT TEST/INJECTION WELL DAILY CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

112490	Mobilization and assembly of drill rig on drilling pad completed.
112890	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole to 125 feet by the mud rotary method.
111290	Continue drilling 12 1/4" pilot hole to 152 feet.
	Ream pilot hole with 52 1/2" hole opener 0'- 61'.
113090	Continue reaming with 52 1/2" hole opener 61'- 141'.
120190	Ream to targeted depth of 158' bls.
120190	
	Set 156 feet of 48" spiral weld steel casing.
	Pressure grout 48" steel casing with 471 cubic feet of
	neat cement in one lift.
120390	Tag cement inside casing at 154 feet.
	Begin drilling 12 1/4" pilot hole 154'- 301'.
120490	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole to targeted depth of 456'
	bls.
	Smith International runs gyroscopic log on 12 1/4"
	pilot hole.
120690	Florida Geophysical runs caliper, natural gamma, dual
120090	induction, acoustic velocity, fluid resistivity, SP and
400000	temperature logs.
120790	Ream pilot hole with 46 1/2" hole opener 154'- 184'.
120890	Ream with 46 1/2" hole opener 184'- 305'.
120990	Ream with 46 1/2" hole opener 305'- 399'.
121090	Ream with 46 1/2" hole opener 399'- 460'.
	Run geophysical logs on reamed hole.
	Florida Geophysical runs caliper log.
121190	Set 450 feet of 38" spiral weld steel casing.
	Florida Cement pressure grouts 38" casing with 986
	cubic feet of 6% bentonite and 454 cubic feet of neat
	cement in one lift.
121290	Florida Geophysical runs temperature log on cemented
101290	casing.
	-
	Tag cement at 244 feet inside casing. Cement in the
	annular space is within 2 feet of land surface.
	Perform pressure test on 38" casing at 125 psi.
121390	Begin drilling 12 1/4" pilot hole by reverse air
	drilling method (460'- 466').
121490	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 466'- 753'.
121590	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 753'- 1023'.
121690	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1023'- 1264'.
121790	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1264'- 1436'.
121890	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1436'- 1520'.
121990	Retrieve core #1: 1520'-1530'. 30% recovery
	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1520'- 1584'.
122090	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1584'- 1624'.
155030	
100100	Retrieve core #2: 1624'- 1639'. 53% recovery.
122190	Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1624'- 1650.
	Smith International runs gyroscopic log.
	Florida Geophysical runs caliper, natural gamma,
	and sonic logs.
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122290
          Continue running geophysical logs.
          Florida Geophysical runs sonic, dual induction, fluid
          resistiviey, SP, temperature and flowmeter logs.
122790
          Begin reaming the pilot hole (reverse air) with 36 1/2"
          hole opener (453'- 456').
122890
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 456'- 591'.
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 591'- 672'.
122990
123090
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 672'- 834'.
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 834'- 917'.
123190
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 917'- 950'.
010191
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 950'- 979'.
010291
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 979'- 1018'.
010391
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1018'- 1113'.
010491
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1113'- 1155'.
010591
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1155'- 1181'.
010691
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1181'- 1277'.
010791
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1277'- 1327'.
010891
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1327'- 1348'.
010991
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1348'- 1369'.
011091
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1369'- 1439'.
011191
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1439'- 1463'.
011291
011391
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1463'- 1475'.
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1475'- 1530'.
011491
101591
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1530'- 1600'.
          Ream pilot hole with 36 1/2" hole opener 1600'- 1657'.
011691
          Total Depth.
011791
          Superior Survey Systems runs gyroscopic log.
          Florida Geophysical runs caliper log.
011891
          Run 42 sections of 30" steel casing into hole.
011991
          Cement 30" casing. Florida Cement pumps 739
          cubic feet of neat cement (pressure grout). Let set for
          16 hours. STAGE ONE.
          Tag top of cement at 1484 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 157 cubic feet of neat cement. Let
          set for 7 hours. STAGE TWO.
012091
          Tag top of cement at 1446 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 560 cubic feet of neat with 12%
          bentonite mixture. Let set for 11 hours. STAGE THREE.
          Tag top of cement at 1349 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 560 cubic feet of neat with 12%
          bentonite mixture. Let set for 22 hours. STAGE FOUR.
012191
          Tag top of cement at 1262 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 476 cubic feet of neat with 12%
          bentonite mixture. Let set for 11 hours. STAGE FIVE.
          Tag top of cement at 1120 feet.
012191
          Florida Cement pumps 672 cubic feet of neat with 12%
                              Let set for 12 hours.
          bentonite mixture.
012291
          Tag top of cement at 961 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 550 cubic feet of neat with 12%
          bentonite mixture. Let set for 12 hours.
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Tag top of cement at 817 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 420 cubic feet of neat with 12%
                              Let set for 14 hours.
          bentonite mixture.
          Tag top of cement at 709 feet.
012391
          Florida Cement pumps 567 cubic feet of neat with 12%
          bentonite mixture. Let set for 12 hours.
          Tag top of cement at 565 feet.
012491
          Florida Cement pumps 84 cubic feet of neat with 12%
          bentonite mixture. Let set for 11 hours.
          Tag top of cement at 542 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 683 cubic feet of neat with 12%
          bentonite mixture. Let set for 13 hours.
012591
          Tag top of cement at 450 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 521 cubic feet of neat with 12%
          bentonite mixture. Let set for 11 hours.
          Tag top of cement at 270 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 694 cubic feet of neat with 12%
012691
          bentonite mixture. Let set for 48 hours.
          Perform pressure test on 30" casing at 105 psi.
012791
012891
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1657'- 1715'.
012991
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1715'- 1755'.
          Retrieve CORE # 3 - 1755'- 1770'. 66% recovery.
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1755'- 1790'.
013091
          Retrieve CORE # 4 - 1790'- 1805'. 55% recovery.
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1790'- 1835'.
013191
          Retrieve CORE # 5 - 1835'- 1846'. 72% recovery.
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1835'- 1893'.
020191
          Retrieve CORE # 6 - 1893'-1908'. Zero recovery.
020291
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1893'- 1908'.
          Retrieve CORE # 7 - 1908'-1926'. 11% recovery.
020391
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1908'- 1990'.
020491
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 1990'- 2014'.
          Run geophysical logs.
          Smith International runs gyroscopic log.
          Florida Geophysical runs caliper, natural gamma, SP,
          fluid resistivity, dual induction, acoustic velocity,
          temperature and flowmeter logs.
          Complete geophysical logs.
020591
          Florida Geophysical runs sonic and VDL logs.
          Ream pilot hole with 28" hole opener 1651'- 1716'.
020691
          Ream pilot hole with 28" hole opener 1716'- 1806'.
020791
          Ream pilot hole with 28" hole opener 1806'- 1930'.
020891
          Ream pilot hole with 28" hole opener 1930'- 1960'.
020991
          Total Depth.
          Run geophysical logs.
          Smith International runs gyro log.
          Florida Geophysical runs caliper log.
          Standby for TAC concurrence for injection string depth.
201091
          Receive TAC approval for 20" casing depth.
021391
          Run 20" O.D. steel casing into hole.
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TEST/INJECTION WELL

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021491
          Run 20" O.D. steel casing to 1955' BLS.
          Florida Cement pressure grouts 20" casing with 784
          cubic feet of neat cement. STAGE #1.
          Tag top of cement at 1728 feet.
021591
          Florida Cement pumps 320 cubic feet of neat cement.
          STAGE #2.
021691
          Tag top of cement at 1630 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 875 cubic feet of neat with 8%
          bentonite mixture. STAGE #3.
          Tag top of cement at 1278 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 897 cubic feet of neat with 4%
          bentonite mixture. STAGE #4.
021791
          Tag top of cement at 907 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 897 cubic feet of neat with 4%
          bentonite mixture. STAGE #5.
          Tag top of cement at 546 feet.
          Florida Cement pumps 723 cubic feet of neat with 4%
          bentonite mixture. STAGE #6.
021891
          Tag top of cement at 255 feet.
                                           Schlumberger runs CBL
          survey on injection string. Florida Cement pumps 448
          cubic feet of neat cement. STAGE #7. Tag top of cement
          at 74 feet. Florida Cement pressure grouts to surface
          with 185 cubic feet of neat cement.
022191
          Hook up drill string and circulate inside 20" casing.
022291
          Run pressure test on 20" casing at 100 psi.
          Drill through cement plug inside 20" casing with 12
          1/4" bit.
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2014'- 2079'.
022391
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2079'- 2101'.
022491
          Retrieve CORE #8 - 2101'- 2112'. Zero recovery.
022591
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2101'- 2105'.
022691
           Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2108'- 2195'.
022791
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2195'- 2227'.
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2227'- 2255'.
022891
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2255'- 2340'.
030191
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2340'- 2406'.
030291
          Retrieve CORE #9 - 2406'- 2460': 92% recovery.
030391
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2406'- 2460'.
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2460'- 2650'.
030491
030591
          Drill 12 1/4" pilot hole 2650'- 2720'. Total Depth.
030591
          Superior Survey Systems runs gyroscopic log.
          Run geophysical logs.
030691
          Florida Geophysical runs natural gamma, caliper,
          acoustic velocity, temperature, dual induction, sp and
          resistivity logs.
          Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 1922'- 1925'.
030791
          Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 1925'- 1936'.
          Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 1936'- 2006'.
030891
          Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 2006'- 2135'.
030991
          Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 2135'- 2208'.
031091
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- Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 2208'- 2326'. 031191 Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 2236'- 2459'. 031291 031391 Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 2459'- 2705'. Ream pilot hole with 17 1/2" hole opener 2705'- 2720'; 031491 Total Depth. Ream 17 1/2" reamed hole with 18 1/2" hole opener 1922'- 2930'. Ream 17 1/2" reamed hole with 18 1/2" hole opener 031591 2030'- 2465'. 031691 Ream 17 1/2" reamed hole with 18 1/2" hole opener 2465'- 2720'. Total Depth. Run geophysical logs. 031791 Superior Survey Systems runs gyroscopic log. Florida Geophysical runs caliper and temperature logs and point water samples each 100 feet of open hole 1970'- 2700'. 031891 Remove drill pipe from rig. 031991 Begin fresh water flush prior to TV survey. 032191 Florida Geophysical runs TV survey of injection well casing and open hole to 2094 feet. Blacked out to bottom. 032291 Schlumberger runs radioactive element tracer survey using I-131. Continue fresh water flush. 032391 Stop flush. 247,900 gallons of fresh water utilized. 032791 Begin positioning and assembling pumps and piping for injection test. 040991 Drilling rig moved off pad. 041491 Test pumps and lines constructed for injection test. Pumped 180,000 gallons of effluent water. 041691 Florida Geophysical begins 48 hour logging of temperature and pressure at depth of 1940 feet prior to injection test. 041891 Injection test. Pumped 8 hours at rates of 3000 - 4000 gallons per minute and one hour at rates of 7600 - 8200 gallons per minute using effluent water from sewage treatment plant. Total of 2,154,000 pumped for test.
- tracer survey.

Schlumberger runs post injection radioactive element

042691

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL DAILY CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

101590	Drill pad completed.
	Water table monitor wells installed at each corner of
	pad.
102490	PreConstruction meeting.
102590	Drill pilot hole by mud rotary drilling process
	Drill 7 7/8" pilot hole to 142 feet below land surface.
	Florida Geophysical runs natural gamma, temperature,
	sonic, dual induction, fluid resistivity, caliper, and
	SP.
102690	Ream pilot hole with 24" carbide button bit to 145 feet
	using mud rotary drilling process.
	Florida Geophysical runs caliper log (0'-140').
	Install 16" conductor casing to the top of the Floridan
	Aquifer System at 140 feet below land surface.
	Florida Cement grouts casing in one stage with 532
	cubic feet of neat cement.
102790	Florida Geophysical runs temperature survey while
100000	cement cures for 48 hours.
102890 102990	Perform pressure test on conductor casing at 125 psi. Top of cement inside casing tagged at 130 feet below
102990	land surface.
	Drill 7 7/8" pilot hole from 130 feet to 245 feet using
	mud rotary process.
103090	Florida Geophysical runs caliper, natural gamma, dual
20000	induction, acoustic velocity, temperature, fluid
	resistivity and SP logs.
	Ream hole with 14 3/4" button bit (mud rotary) from 146
	to 216 feet.
103190	Continue reaming from 216 feet to targeted depth of 245
-	feet b.l.s. Florida Geophysical runs caliper log on
	reamed hole. Install 10 3/4" steel surface casing to
	240 feet below land surface.
	Florida Cement pressure grouts surface casing in two
	lifts with 393 cubic feet of neat cement.
	Wait for cement to cure 48 hours before pressure test.
110390	Perform pressure test at 125 psi.
	Start drilling pilot hole to 1500 feet with 9 5/8"
	carbide button bit using reverse air drilling process.
	Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 240'- 266'.
110490	Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 266'- 461'.
110590	Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 461'- 804'.
110690	Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 804'- 1054'.
110790	Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 1054' 1131'. CORE # 1 - 1131'- 1146'.
110890	Retrieve core # 1 - 1131'- 1146'.
110030	Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 1131'- 1300'.
110990	Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 1300'- 1361'.
111090	Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 1361'- 1463'.

- 111190 CORE # 2 1463'- 1473'.

 Retrieve core #2 1463 feet 1473 feet.

 Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 1463'- 1500'.
- Drill 9 5/8" pilot hole 1500'- 1505'. Total Depth.
 Superior Survey Systems runs gyroscopic survey
 Florida Geophysical runs sonic, caliper and dual
 induction logs under static conditions. Logs performed
 while pumping the well include fluid resistivity,
 temperature, flowmeter, point samples and T.V.survey.
 Approximately two well volumes developed during
 logging.
- 111490 TAC meeting held on site.

 Based on data collected, it was decided to move screened interval up the hole from the originally planned interval of 1400'- 1450' to a depth of 1340'-1390'.
- 111590 Conduct straddle packer test #1: 1148.5'- 1202.5'. Start straddle packer test #2: 1125'- 1133'.
- 111690 Complete straddle packer test #2.

 Base of USDW determined to be between 1133 feet and 1200 feet.

 Florida Cement Company begins grouting lower portion of hole (beneath monitor screen) with neat cement.
- 111790 Complete grouting from 1506' to 1396' in 5 stages and 238 cubic feet of neat cement.
- Install 4 1/2" monitoring casing, with 50 foot screened interval on bottom, to 1388 feet. Set stainless steel (30,000 slot) screen from 1338 feet to 1388 feet below land surface and gravel pack to 1326 feet below land surface with 93 cubic feet of quartz gravel. Florida Cement pumps 6 cubic feet of neat cement on top of gravel pack. Let set for 6 hours.
- 111990 Tag top of cement at 1321 feet.
 Florida Cement pumps 101 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE ONE.
 Tag top of cement at 1265 feet.
 Florida Cement pumps 112 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE TWO.
 Tag top of cement at 1217 feet.
- 112090 Florida Cement pumps 78 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE THREE.

 Tag cement at 1140 feet.
 Florida Cement pumps 168 cubic feet of neat with six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 8 hours.

 STAGE FOUR.

 Tag top of cement at 988 feet.
- 112090 Florida Cement pumps 196 cubic feet of neat with six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE FIVE.

Tag top of cement at 819 feet.

Florida Cement pumps 90 cubic feet of neat with six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 15 hours. STAGE SIX.

112190 Two loads of cement received and loaded into silos. Tag cement at 770 feet.

Florida Cement pumps 224 cubic feet of neat and six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE SEVEN.

112290 Tag top of cement at 653 feet.

Florida Cement pumps 168 cubic feet of neat and six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE EIGHT.

Tag top of cement at 540 feet.

Florida Cement pumps 224 cubic feet of neat and six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 6 hours. STAGE NINE.

Tag cement at 521 feet.

Florida Cement pumps 168 cubic feet of neat and six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 7 hours. STAGE TEN.

112390 Tag top of cement at 428 feet.

Florida Cement pumps 196 cubic feet of neat and six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE ELEVEN.

Tag top of cement at 349 feet.

Florida Cement pumps 112 cubic feet of neat and six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 12 hours. STAGE TWELVE.

112490 Tag top of cement at 315 feet.

Florida Cement pumps 224 cubic feet of neat and six percent bentonite mixture. Let set for 8 hours. STAGE THIRTEEN.

Tag top of cement at 157 feet in annular of 10 3/4" casing.

Annulus between the 10 3/4" and 4 1/2" casings left open from 157 feet to land sufrace so that Schlumberger can accurately calibrate tools used for cement bond and cement evaluation surveys.

SUMMARY: 2061 cubic feet of cement was pumped to pressure grout the 4 1/2" casing from 1326 feet to 157 feet below land surface and 238 cubic feet was pumped for the bottom plug. Ninety three (93) cubic feet of quartz gravel was utilized for packing around the screen for a total volume of 2392 cubic feet, which is 136% of theoretical volume.

021891 Schlumberger runs CBL and temp logs.

022091 Florida Cement pressure grouts 4 1/2" casing to surface with 51 cubic feet of neat cement.

DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL

022491	Develop well for 18 hours. Approximately 18 well volumes pumped.
022791	Develop well at 10 GPM for 3 hours.
	Bionomics Lab. takes samples.
030191	Develop well a 10 GPM for 1 hour.
	Bionomics Lab. takes sample.
031791	Begin 48 hour water level monitor prior to T/I well
	flush.
031991	Monitor water level during injection well flush for T.
	V. survey.
032191	Install casing and T-valve to 5.30 feet above pad
	level.
032391	Begin water level monitoring prior to injection test of
	T/I well.
041891	Monitor water level during injection test.
	Begin post injection monitoring of water level.
042091	End post injection monitoring of water level.

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I INJECTION WELL PROJECT SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL DAILY CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

112990	Skid monitor well rig from deep monitor well to
	proposed shallow monitor well location.
120490	Begin drilling 7 7/8" pilot hole (mud rotary) 0'- 28'.
120590	Drill 7 7/8" pilot hole 28'- 90'.
120690	Drill 7 7/8" pilot hole 90'- 145'.
120790	Florida Geophysical runs caliper, gamma, dual
120/90	
	induction, SP, fluid resistivity, sonic and temperature
	logs.
120890	Ream pilot hole (mud rotary) with 24" hole opener 0'-
	145'. Florida Geophysical runs caliper log on 24"
	reamed hole.
	Set 140 feet of 16" seamless steel casing.
120990	Florida cement pressure grouts 16" casing with 364
	cubic feet of neat cement in one lift.
	Let cement cure for 48 hours.
121190	Tag cement inside casing at 130 feet.
,-	Drill 7 7/8" pilot hole 145'- 242'.
	Florida Geophysical runs caliper, gamma, fluid
	resistivity, temperature, SP, long-short normal and
	sonic logs.
121290	Ream pilot hole with 14 3/4" bit 145'- 243'.
121290	Set 240 feet of 10 3/4" steel casing.
	Florida Cement pressure grouts 10 3/4" casing to
	surface with 174 cubic feet of neat cement in one lift.
121390	Florida Geophysical runs temperature log on cemented
	casing.
	Tag cement plug inside casing at 204 feet, annular tag
	at 19 feet BLS.
	Wait on approval for screened interval.
121990	Perform pressure test on 10 3/4" casing at 125 psi.
123190	Receive approval for screened interval of 900'- 950'.
	Start drilling through cement plug 204'- 243'.
010191	Drill 9 7/8" hole 243'- 584' (reverse air).
010291	Drill 9 7/8" hole 584'- 959', total depth.
	Superior Survey Systems runs gyro log.
	Florida Geophysical begins caliper log and experiences
	equipment malfunction.
01'0391	Wait on parts to repair geophysical logging equipment.
010591	Florida Geophysical's logging equipment repaired.
010791	Run caliper, gamma, fluid resistivity, temperature,
010601	sonic, dual induction and E-logs.
010691	Run 4 1/2" screen and steel casing into hole - 51 feet
	of 4 1/2" stainless steel (30,000 slot) screen and 900
	feet of 4 1/2" steel casing (23 sections).
	Screened interval set 899 feet - 950 feet.
	Pack 39 cubic feet of quartz gravel around screened
	interval of 4 1/2" casing. Develop well for two hours.
	Tag top of gravel pack at 883 feet.
	Florida Cement pumps 17 cubic feet of neat cement on
	top of gravel pack. Let set for 5 hours. STAGE ONE.
	<u>-</u>

Tag top of cement at 853 feet.

Florida Cement pumps 146 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 6 hours. STAGE TWO.

Tag cement at 720 feet.

Florida cement pumps 146 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 5 hours. STAGE THREE.

- 010791 Tag cement at 590 feet.
 - Florida Cement pumps 146 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 5 hours. STAGE FOUR.

Tag cement at 488 feet.

Florida Cement pumps 146 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 5 hours. STAGE FIVE.

Tag cement at 373 feet.

Florida cement pumps 280 cubic feet of neat cement. Let set for 6 hours. STAGE SIX.

Tag cement at 220 feet inside annular of 10 3/4" casing. Total cement pumped: 881 cubic feet.

- 021991 Schlumberger runs CBL and temp logs.
- O22091 Florida Cement pressure grouts casing to surface with 90 cubic feet of neat cement.
- 022591 Begin developing well at a rate of 8 gpm.
- O22691 Stop developing well at 0806 after 24 hours, 9900 gallons and 22 well volumes. Begin pumping again 3 hours later. Collect hourly water quality. At 1545 shut off pump. Water level in well is 2'6" above pad level. Measure water level throughout night.
- O22791 Pump well for 5 hours for final development. Take hourly readings. Bionomics Lab samples well for full suite of chemical constituents.
- 030191 Develop well for 2 hours. Bionomics samples well again.
- 031791 Begin hourly water level readings for 48 hours.
- 031991 Begin 10 minute water level readings during fresh water flush for injection well T.V. survey.
- O32091 Continue measure water levels while pumping into injection well.
- O32191 Stop pumping fresh water flush into injection well. Continue uninterrupted water level readings.
- O32291 Pump fresh water into injection well for RTS survey. Continue water level readings through RTS survey.
- O32391 Stop pumping water into injection well for RTS survey. Continue uninterrupted half hour water level readings for post RTS and also background readings for injection test.
- 032591 Meeting on site. RE: injection test.
- 041691 Continue water level readings but at 15 minute intervals 48 hours before injection test.
- 041891 Start injection test at 1010. Begin recovery water level readings at 1910.
- 042091 Stop recording water level readings. Recorded continuously since 031991. No other activity on shallow Floridan monitor well.

CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES
SUMMARIZED WEEKLY

The drilling contractor selected to construct the Test/Injection Well and associated monitor wells for the City of Rockledge is Youngquist Brothers, Incorporated. As required in the permit, an initial meeting was held with the contractor prior to construction start up. This meeting was held on October 24th at the job site in Rockledge and was attended by FDER, HydroDesigns, Inc. and Youngquist Brothers, Inc. The major items covered in the meeting were:

- 1) The use of salt during construction of wells It is not anticipated that salt will be needed, due mainly to the rotating head used during drilling operations and the flange that will be assembled to the well head. However, salt is acceptable to use on the T/I well only after both monitor wells have been constructed and background water quality has been established.
- 2) Cutting Disposal Two dump sites (Melbourne Sand and Brevard County) have been approved.
- 3) Monitor Wells Water Quality For better determination of water quality an attempt will be made to run the flowmeter tool at static and then while pumping the well(s). Also, the fluid resistivity, point samples and T.V. survey will be run while pumping the well(s). Nutrient levels need to be established in the monitor wells prior to any effluent injection.
- 4) Development of Monitor Wells Formation fluid from development of monitor wells can be pumped into the T/I well only after the final injection string has been installed.
- 5) Deep Exploratory/Monitor Well Screened interval to be determined by TAC after completion of borehole to 1500 feet.
- 6) Treated Effluent during Injection Test To be addressed at TAC Meeting.

Prior to the meeting, the drill pad had been completed on October 15th and allowed to cure for seven (7) days before drilling equipment for the deep exploratory/monitor well was mobilized onto the pad. The dimensions of the pad are 116 feet by 94 feet. The pad thickness grades from 6 inches in the areas of least load and increases to 12 inches where the drill rig for the injection well will be situated. A concrete block wall (24" in height) has been constructed on the perimeter of the pad to allow for water storage during testing of wells.

The Surficial Monitor Wells were installed around the pad. These wells are situated next to each corner of the drill pad. The wells were cased with 2" schedule 40 PVC casing and screen. The screens were gravel packed with 820 silica sand up to one foot above the screen and then cemented to land surface. wells were air developed for one (1) hour. Monitor well #1 and #4 are cased to 18 feet below land surface with three (3) feet of screen extending to 21 feet below land surface. The water table in both wells was recorded at three (3) feet below land surface. Monitor well #2 and #3 are cased to 19 feet below land surface with three (3) feet of screen extending to 22 feet below land surface. The water table in these two wells was recorded at six (6) feet below land surface. The Surficial monitor wells have been sampled three (3) times to establish background water quality prior to well construction. Water quality analysis will be done by Bionomics Laboratory in Orlando.

Drilling of the pilot hole for the Deep Exploratory/Monitor Well commenced on October 25th. A 7 7/8 inch bit was used to drill mud rotary to a depth of 142 feet below land surface. No lost circulation zones were encountered during the drilling operations. The hole was logged on the same day by Florida Geophysical of Ft. Myers. Specified logs included; natural gamma, temperature, sonic, dual induction, fluid resistivity, caliper, and SP. Gyroscopic surveys will commence at 240 feet to the total depth of the well.

The pilot hole was then reamed with a 24" carbide button bit to a depth of 145 feet. A caliper log was then run to determine hole volume and size prior to setting casing. On October 26th, the 16" conductor casing was set to the top of the Floridan Aquifer System at 140 feet below land surface and cemented in one stage with 95 barrels of neat cement. A temperature log was run inside the casing within 10 hours while the cement cured for 48 hours.

The lithologic samples and geophysical logs showed the Surficial Aquifer System extending to 115 feet below land surface. Undifferentiated Deposits (quartz sand and shell beds) were encountered in this sequence to a depth of 55 feet below land surface. The largest diameter of the hole occurred in the base of the unconsolidated sand and shell with the caliper log recording an maximum hole diameter of 40". The Tamiami Formation was encountered from the base of these beds extending to 115 feet below land surface.

The Intermediate Aquifer System (Hawthorn Group) was penetrated at 115 feet below land surface. This formation is composed of varying amounts of silty sand and phosphatic, clayey limestone and is easily detected on the gamma ray log due to the high radioactivity emissions from the phosphate. It extends to 130 feet below land surface to the top of the Floridan Aquifer System.

The top of the Floridan is composed of slightly sandy and

phosphatic limestones (probably lower Miocene). These beds are immediately underlain by the Ocala Group. The Ocala was penetrated during reaming of the pilot hole to 145 feet. It is located 145 feet below land surface. The top of the Ocala was easily detected due to the nature of the formation and also by the benthonic foraminifera Operculinoides sp., and Lepidocyclina sp.. Lost circulation is anticipated during drilling through this zone therefore the conductor casing was set just above the Ocala at 140 feet below land surface while the surface casing will case to the bottom of this formation.

A TAC meeting has been scheduled on November 14th at the Rockledge site. The purpose of this meeting will be to determine length and depth of the screened interval for the Deep Monitor Well. Pilot hole drilling and testing should be complete at this time therefore all pertinent information will be available for the determination of the monitoring interval.

Weekly Summary #2 (October 27 thru November 2)

A temperature log was run on the 16" casing (140 feet) of the deep monitor well after the casing was grouted to surface. The log showed a temperature range from six (6) degrees F at the bottom of the hole to 176 degrees F located 45 feet below land surface. According to the caliper log of the reamed hole, the largest diameter of the well was recorded in this interval (45 feet) therefore this portion of the hole would have a higher temperature due to the amount of cement.

A pressure test was performed on the conductor casing. This test was not required by DER but we felt it would be beneficial to the overall mechanical integrity of the deep monitor well. The casing was pressured up to 130 psi and then bled back to 125 psi. The test lasted for one hour with a total change in pressure of 2 psi (from 125 psi to 123 psi).

Pilot hole drilling on the Deep Exploratory/Monitor well (mud rotary) resumed on October 29th with a 7 7/8" bit. The borehole was drilled from the base of the casing to a depth of 245 feet. Mud loss was expected while drilling and therefore a light weight/high viscosity mud was mixed (8.9 to 9.0 lb/gal and 45-50 sec). This method was effective as there was negligible mud loss to the formation. Borehole geophysical logs were performed on the 100 feet of open hole then the hole was reamed with a 14 3/4" button bit. The reamed hole did encounter lost circulation even with the light weight mud. The caliper log of the reamed hole displayed washout and an overall large hole diameter (29" to 45").

Surface casing (10 3/4" O.D.) was installed to 240 feet below land surface and grouted to surface with neat cement. Theoretical volume was calculated at 201 cubic feet. Total volume of cement required to grout the casing to surface was 393 cubic feet (almost twice theoretical volume).

The drill cuttings through this interval indicate the Ocala Group from 145 feet below land surface to the total depth of the borehole at 245 feet below land surface. Lithologically, the Ocala was identified as a micritic, porous, fossiliferous limestone. Faunally, the group is marked by the presence of large foraminifera including Lepidocyclina sp., Gypsina globula sp. and Operculinoides sp.. The caliper log of the pilot hole indicates nominal hole size of nine (9) inches while the caliper log of the reamed hole shows much washout due to the long amount of time spent in the hole.

As of this writing we expect to have the deep monitor well drilled and tested to 1500 feet below land surface prior to the scheduled TAC meeting on November 14th.

Weekly Summary #3 (November 3 thru November 9)

Prior to drilling out the cement plug in the Deep Exploratory/ Monitor Well, a pressure test was conducted on the 10 3/4" surface casing. The casing was pressured up to 140 psi and then bled back to 125 psi for the test. Pressure was recorded for one hour with a total change in pressure of 5 psi (from 125 psi to 120 psi).

The drillers rigged up for reverse air circulation and resumed pilot hole drilling of the Deep Exploratory/Monitor well that same day (Saturday November 3rd). During reverse air drilling, water quality is measured regularly. Fluid samples are collected from the discharge stream every ten feet and analyzed in the field for temperature, conductivity, TDS, chlorides, salinity and pH. An additional fluid sample is being collected every sixty feet and stored. Three sets of drill cuttings are also being collected in ten foot intervals. Lag time is measured regularly and sample collection varies accordingly to ensure that accurate formation and fluid intervals are being collected.

Pilot hole drilling continues and as of Friday, Nov 9th, 12:00 noon the pilot hole has been drilled to a depth of 1332 feet below land surface. The lithology has been predominantly dolomite with interbeds of limestone. Cuttings from the lower portion of the hole have coincided fairly consistantly with the Merritt Island injection well. One core was taken in a dense dolmite interval above the 10,000 TDS boundary. The section cored was from 1131 to 1146 feet with recovery of 100 percent. Another core will be retrieved from the base of the borehole.

Water quality samples collected during reverse air drilling have given us an indication of water quality trends with depth and not actual water quality due to recirculation of fluids. However, these field parameters have indicated that the base of the USDW (10,000 TDS) is located between 1200 and 1220 feet below land surface. The 10,000 TDS level will be determined with the straddle packer settings.

The pilot hole will be drilled to total depth and geophysical logs should be completed by the end of the weekend. The screened monitoring interval for the deep monitor well will be determined after this data is collected and analyzed. This data will be available at the TAC meeting next week (November 14th).

Surficial monitor wells have been sampled weekly. Water quality parameters are now being analyzed in the field (turbidity is still being analyzed by Bionomics Laboratory).

Weekly Summary #4 (November 10 thru November 16)

The Deep Exploratory/Monitor well was drilled to a total depth of 1505 feet below land surface by November 12th. The second and final core was cut in the lower portion of the well (1463'-1473'). Retrieval was recorded at 80% and consisted of a dense low permeability dolomite.

Geophysical logs were conducted during the next two days on the open hole portion of the well under static and dynamic conditions. Logs run under static conditions include gyroscopic survey, sonic, caliper and dual induction. Logs that were performed while pumping the well include fluid resistivity, temperature, flowmeter, point samples and T.V. survey. The well was pumped during the latter logs for better water quality representation. However, storage capacity was limited and we were only able to develop approximately two well volumes.

The geophysical and lithologic logs indicate a confining dolomite sequence from 900 feet to 1150 feet below land surface. Beneath this dolomite is a cavernous interval (1150' to 1200 feet). It appears from the T.V. survey that there is some lateral flow through this interval. Also, a three (3) degree temperature difference is evident at 1170 feet. (Straddle packer tests conducted later in the week confirm that the base of the USDW occurs between 1133 feet and 1200 feet below land surface.) A sucrosic dolomite (moderate to good permeability) is present from 1345 feet to 1375 feet below land surface and appears to be a good interval to screen for the deep monitor well.

A TAC meeting was held on November 14th to discuss screen placement, straddle packer settings and construction on the test/injection well.

Straddle packer tests were conducted for the basis of determining the lower boundary of the USDW. Straddle packer placement was limited to hole size conditions and were set in two intervals (1125'-1133' and 1145'-1200'). Water Quality field parameters during the lower packer setting stabilized at: Conductivity-31,000 umhos/cm, Chlorides->10,000 mg/l, Temp.- 27.2 C and water quality field parameters during the upper packer test were recorded at Conductivity- 10,000 umhos/cm, Salinity- 6.0 ppt, Temp.- 26.0 C. Based on the packer tests the base of the USDW is

between 1133 feet and 1200 feet.

Weekly Summary #5 (November 17 thru November 24)

Prior to installing the monitor screen for the deep monitor well, the borehole was backfilled with 238 cubic feet of neat cement from 1505 feet up to a depth of 1396 feet below land surface. By Sunday afternoon the stainless steel (30,000 slot) screen was set from 1338 feet to 1388 feet below land surface and gravel packed to 1326 feet below land surface.

Cementing the 4 1/2" monitor casing continued through the rest of the week. As of Saturday, the annulus was filled with 2061 cubic feet of cement up to 157 feet below land surface. This required 13 cement stages and 136% of theoretical hole volume. Neat cement (291 cubic feet) was pumped around the lower portion of the casing (from 1140 feet to 1321 feet) while the rest of the casing was grouted with the neat and six (6) percent bentonite. The annulus between the 10 3/4" and 4 1/2" casings was left open from 157 feet to land surface so that Schlumberger can accurately calibrate their tools used for the cement bond and cement evaluation surveys.

The deep monitor well is basically complete with the exception of the CET and CBL logs and also final development. Presently, the logs are being scheduled. Development of the deep monitor well will take place after the final casing string has been installed in the injection well and then all water will be pumped into the injection well.

Mobilization is nearly complete for the injection well rig and drilling should commence soon. Youngquist plans to install 140 feet of conductor casing due to the unconsolidated material in the upper portion of the hole.

The surficial monitor wells water quality continue to be measured on a weekly basis. Conductivity and TDS are now being analyzed with a Hach meter that reads slightly higher values compared to the YSI meter that was previously used. Water quality has remained consistent in the shallow wells.

Weekly Summary #6 (November 25 thru November 30)

Due to the unconsolidated nature of the surficial sediments a protective pit casing (48") is being installed in the Test/Injection Well at the contractors option. Pilot hole drilling for this pit casing commenced in the evening of November 28th. A 12 1/4 inch steel tooth bit was used to drill mud rotary to a depth of 152 feet below land surface. The pilot hole is now being reamed with a 52 1/2" hole opener. This process is very slow due to the large amount of material being cut from the hole. As of this writing (Friday, Nov. 30th) the hole has been reamed to a depth of 98 feet below land surface.

The contractor has arranged for Schlumberger to perform the Cement Bond Log on the Deep Exploratory/ Monitor Well. Schlumberger can run the CBL with a special 'slimline' cement bond tool however the narrowest Cement Evaluation Tool has an outside diameter of 3 3/8" (the inside diameter of the monitor well is 3 1/2"). Youngquist believes that attempting to run the CET tool down the well is too much of a gamble with a high probability of sticking the tool in the well and thus risking the entire well. Temperature logs were conducted on individual cement lifts during the grouting of the monitor casing and the Cement Bond Log will be run on the well. However, a CET log will not be performed on either of the monitor wells due well diameter.

The surficial monitor wells water quality continue to be measured on a weekly basis. Conductivity and TDS continue to be analyzed with a Hach meter.

Weekly Summary #7 (December 1 thru December 7)

On Saturday December 2nd, the 48" O.D. conductor casing was set to 150 feet below land surface and pressure grouted with 471 cubic feet of neat cement. Pilot hole drilling then proceeded (mud rotary) from the bottom of this casing to a depth of 456 feet below land surface. By Thursday December 6th, a multi-shot gyroscopic survey and geophysical logs were run on this section of pilot hole and include: gamma, caliper, dual induction, SP, fluid resistivity, long-short normal, temperature, sonic and VDL. The drillers had begun reaming the well with a 46 1/2" O.D. hole opener to a target depth of 450 feet by Friday.

Construction has begun on the shallow monitor well. Youngquist plans to install the conductor (16" to 140') and surface (10 3/4" to 240') casings within the next two weeks and then wait on approval for the screened interval prior to drilling out the cement plug in the surface casing. Construction thus far has entailed pilot hole drilling to 145 feet and geophysically logging the pilot hole.

The geophysical and lithologic logs of the Test/Injection Well to 450 feet verified the formations and contacts that were picked on the deep monitor well. The cuttings closely parallel the deep monitor well with minor lithologic contrasts within the Hawthorn interval (110' - 135'). These differences are solely in phosphate content and silt percentages.

The surficial monitor wells water quality continue to be measured on a weekly basis. Conductivity and TDS continue to be measured with a Hach meter. Water quality has remained consistent in the shallow wells.

Weekly Summary #8 (December 8 thru December 14)

The pilot hole of the Test/Injection Well was reamed to a total

depth of 460 feet by Monday, December 10th. Superior Survey Systems of Houston, Texas performed a gyroscopic survey and Florida Geophysical performed a caliper log on the reamed hole. The 38" O.D. steel casing was installed to 450 feet below pad level and grouted to land surface in one lift (pressure grout) with 1441 cubic feet of cement. The heavy mud and wall cake influenced the amount of cement required because only 84% of calculated theoretical fill was needed. Theoretical fill was calculated at 1720 cubic feet. On December 12th, a temperature log was run inside the casing. A pressure test was performed on the casing at a pressure of 125 psi. The test lasted for one hour with a total change in pressure of 5 psi. Pilot hole drilling (reverse air) is now in progress. By Friday, the pilot hole had been drilled to a depth of 693 feet. The target depth for this interval is 1650 feet.

The 16" O.D. and 10 3/4" O.D. casings have both been installed in the shallow monitor well. The 16" casing was set to 140 feet below pad level and grouted with 364 cubic feet of neat cement. The 10 3/4" casing was set to 240 feet below pad level and grouted with 174 cubic feet of neat cement. During the pilot hole drilling, circulation was lost at 179 feet to 240 feet below pad level. The driller could not circulate to surface and therefore drilled blind (pumped mud down hole while drilling) to the total depth at 240 feet below land surface. To reduce loss of mud to the formation while reaming the pilot hole, the driller lightened the weight of the mud (from 9.4 to 8.9 lbs/gal) and never lost circulation. Therefore cuttings from 180 feet to 240 feet were collected on the reamed hole and not the pilot hole. Presently there is no activity on the shallow monitor well.

Weekly Summary #9 (December 15 thru December 21)

Drilling the Test/Injection Well pilot hole for the intermediate casing to a depth of 1650 feet was completed today. Florida Geophysical is on site and will begin logging this evening. Two cores were retrieved from the lower portion of the pilot hole and have a combined recovery of 11 feet. The first core (1523'-1533') consists of a dense dolomite with one half foot of chert in the bottom section. The second core (1624'-1639') consists of a dolomitic limestone. The cuttings have been analyzed and the lithologic logs will be compared and discussed once the geophysical logs have been performed on this portion of the well.

Weekly Summary #10 (December 22 thru December 28)

On Saturday, December 22nd, geophysical logs were run in the open hole portion (450' - 1650') of the Test/Injection Well. These logs include natural gamma, x-y caliper, sonic, VDL, dual induction, SP, flowmeter, fluid resistivity, single point and long-short normal. Reaming the pilot hole with a 36 1/2" x 17" hole opener commenced on the evening of Thursday, December 27th and continues at a depth of 510 below land surface as of Friday, December 28th.

The lithologic logs and geophysical logs of the open indicate a foraminiferous limestone from 1205 feet to 1290 feet below land surface. The largest diameter of the pilot hole (20") is in this limestone sequence. Beneath this limestone from 1290 feet to 1370 feet is a moderately altered dolomite. Some cavities are present in this interval and are verified by the caliper, sonic and VDL logs. The flowmeter does not detect any flow into the borehole within this interval. A small limestone interval is present from 1370 feet to 1390 feet. Directly beneath the limestone is a 100 foot thick dolomite sequence (1390'-1490') that is moderately altered at the top and highly altered at the base of the section. A gauged hole is present through the more dense lower section on the caliper log, fast and slow transit times are depicted on the sonic log and there is a slight increase in resistivity on the dual induction log through this section.

The bottom portion of the pilot hole (1490'-1650') is predominantly a dolomitic limestone with small beds of dolomite and occasional beds of chert. According to the cuttings, logs and cores retrieved from this section, it appears to be confining. The sonic, caliper and dual induction logs indicate slow transit times coupled with faster transit times in the small dolomite intervals, a gauged hole (12 1/4"), and lower resistivity, respectively. The flowmeter, SP, temperature, natural gamma and fluid resistivity show very little response throughout the entire open hole with the exception of a one degree temperature change at 1170 feet. The borehole fluid is slightly less resistive at this depth also.

Weekly Summary #11 (December 29 thru January 4)

The pilot hole of the Test/Injection Well continues to be reamed with the 36 1/2 inch hole opener. By Friday, January 11th the well has been reamed to XXXX feet below land surface. Reaming the pilot hole has been a slow process primarily because of the large amount of material being removed and also because of the hard dolomite layers being cut with such a large diameter bit.

After our phone conversation on December 31st, construction continued on the Shallow Monitor Well as originally proposed. The well was drilled to a total depth of 959 feet below land surface and awaits geophysical logging prior to setting the screen.

As you know, the screened interval (900'-950') will be contained in the upper dolomite sequence of the Lake City Limestone and is overlain by a thick limestone unit. This dolomite sequence is semi-permeable and lies just above the base of the USDW.

Weekly Summary #12 (January 5 thru January 11)

The pilot hole of the Test/Injection well continues to be reamed with the 36 1/2 inch hole opener. By Friday, January 11th the well has been reamed to 1430 feet below land surface. Reaming of the pilot hole has been a slow process, because of the predominance of dense dolomite layers in this section and the quantity of rock being removed.

Construction of the Shallow Monitor Well was completed this week. The 4 1/2 inch O.D. stainless steel continuous slot screen was set from 899 feet to 950 feet bls and gravel packed to 888 feet bls. The gravel pack is capped with bentonite up to 883 feet bls. Neat cement was pumped in six stages and totalled 859 cubic feet. Both monitor wells are essentially complete except for final development and CBL logging.

Weekly Summary #13 (January 12 thru January 18)

The pilot hole of the Test/Injection Well was reamed to a targeted depth of 1657 feet below land surface by Wednesday, January 16th. A gyroscopic directional survey and a caliper log were run on the open hole section of the 38 inch nominal hole. The 30 inch diameter intermediate steel casing was installed on Friday, January 18th to a depth of 1653 feet below land surface and is currently being grouted to surface.

Weekly Summary #14 (January 19 thru January 25)

The entire week has been devoted to cementing the 30 inch steel casing in the Test/Injection well. Twelve stages have been pumped and total 5988 cubic feet of cement. Each lift has been allowed to cure for 12 hours before an additional lift has been pumped above it. A temperature survey has been run after each lift followed by a manual tag with the cementing tremie.

The last tag as of this writing was at 450 feet bls. At this point, theoretical fill totalled 4023 cubic feet while actual fill is 5467 cubic feet. This calculates to 136% of theoretical volume. The top of cement is now inside the 38" casing so there should be no more loss to formation. A pressure test is scheduled over the weekend.

Weekly Summary #15 (January 26 thru February 1)

Earlier in the week, the last cement lift (#13) was pumped around the 30 inch casing to complete the cement program for that string. Cement volumes pumped for the 30" casing were 28% over calculated theoretical fill and totaled 6,682 cubic feet. A pressure test was conducted on this string for one hour at 105 psi.

The pilot hole of the Test/Injection Well has been drilled from 1650 feet to 1835 feet below land surface. The target depth for this interval is 2000 feet below land surface. Three cores have been retrieved from this interval:

- Core #3 (1755' to 1770'), limestone, 66% recovery
- Core #4 (1790' to 1805'), limestone, 55% recovery
- Core #5 (1835' to 1846'), limestone, 72% recovery

Lithologic descriptions of the pilot hole to 1835 feet have been included with this summary and include water quality field analysis. Fresh water has been introduced to the formation during the three coring operations. Therefore, water quality trends that are noted on the sample description sheets are not indicative of formation fluids but are much lower than actual water quality trends in this interval.

All of the cores are composed predominently of limestone and dolomitic limestone with occasional beds of dolomite, lignite and chert. The cores exhibit little visible porosity. An additional core will be taken at the base of this interval.

As you know, we intend to have an on-site TAC meeting on February 20th to obtain approval for the depth of our proposed injection string. A proposed depth of 1950 feet below land surface is written in the plan of study.

Weekly Summary #16 (February 2 thru February 8)

The pilot hole of the Test/Injection Well was drilled and logged to a depth of 2014 feet below land surface by Tuesday, February 5th. During the drilling, cores #6 and #7 were attempted with recovery from core #7. The intervals that were cored are:

- Core #6 (1893' to 1907'), no recovery, 0% recovery
- Core #7 (1908' to 1926'), biomicrite, 11% recovery

Presently the drillers are reaming the pilot hole to a depth of 1955 feet with a 28" hole opener for the final 20" injection string. This should continue through the first of the week.

To recap the site visitation by yourself and Duane Watruba on Thursday, February 7th, the cores, cuttings and geophysical logs were examined and reviewed. HydroDesigns concurred with you on a setting depth of 1955 feet below land surface for the 20" injection string. At this point, there is no need for the scheduled on-site TAC meeting because the injection string should be cemented to surface, therefore the meeting has been cancelled.

Lithologic and geophysical logs of the open hole (1650' - 2014') document the predominance of limestone. The section from 1650 feet to 1710 feet below land surface is a micritic limestone with interbeds of crystalline dolomite. The dolomite interbeds vary in thickness from 2" to 2' and possess occasional evaporite veinlets. Directly beneath this interval (1710' - 1770'), dolomite is more prevalent although it is still bedded with micritic and dolomitic limestones. This interval has a higher resistivity on the dual induction log and slightly faster transit

times on the sonic log. The long-short normal also peaks in this interval.

The section from 1770 feet to 1930 feet is a limestone interval that is chalky, rather pure, foraminiferous and slightly dolomitic. This limestone contains horizontal lignite veins throughout and occasional lenses of chert. This sequence shows little activity on the geophysical logs due to its overall micritic nature. The lowermost interval (1930' - 2014') is composed of crystalline dolomites with interbeds of micritic and dolomitic limestone. This interval has faster transit times and higher resistivity on the sonic and dual induction logs, respectively.

While drilling the pilot hole to 1980 feet, the open hole would not take any of the drilling fluids but circulated all fluid pumped down the well during the drilling and coring. Even with a pump hooked up to the wellhead and pumping down the well, it would not take fluid. At a depth of 1980 feet, the well began taking water and continued taking water and losing circulation to the present depth of the well at 2014 feet below land surface.

Weekly Summary #17 (February 9 thru February 15)

The pilot hole was reamed (28" hole opener) to a depth of 1960 feet by Saturday, February 9th. Florida Geophysical performed a caliper log on the open hole and S.S.S. ran a gyroscopic survey. The caliper log shows an average hole size of 29" and no After concurring with TAC visible cavities. members by telephone, the 20" seamless steel injection casing was set at a depth of 1955 feet. As of Thursday, February 14th, cementing of the injection string has begun. Two cement lifts have brought the cement up to 1630 feet. This is inside the intermediate string so theoretical lifts will be pumped from here on out. Neat cement was pumped in the first two cement lifts for a combined total of 1104 cubic feet. Loss of cement to the formation is calculated at 34% for this interval.

Weekly Summary #18 (February 16 thru February 22)

The 20" injection casing (set at 1955') was cemented to surface by the middle of the week. Total amount of cement pumped was 5,128 cubic feet which calculates to 105% of theoretical fill. Prior to topping off the test/injection and two monitor wells with neat cement, Schlumberger ran a CBL and temperature survey on all of the wells by Monday, February 18th.

As you know, a pressure test was conducted on the injection casing (Friday, February 22nd) and witnessed by three DER representatives including yourself. Duane Watruba and Marian Fugitt. The casing was pressured up to 110 psi then bled back to 100 psi. The test lasted for one hour with a total change in pressure of one psi (from 100 psi to 101 psi). By Friday evening the drilling crew was rigged up and drilling out the cement plug.

The drillers have reached a total depth of 2255 feet below land surface with their pilot hole (12 1/4 inch). A major cavity was encountered at approximately 2065 feet below land surface that caused the formation to take much water. An attempt was made at retrieving a core from 2101 feet to 2112 feet below land surface. There was no recovery and the driller will make another attempt at core retrieval deeper in the pilot hole. The deep and shallow monitor wells are being developed alternately with a 2 inch pump. The discharge is allowed to flow into the T/I well circulation pit. We are sampling the discharge stream for conductivity, salinity, pH, and temperature at hourly intervals. We have also had Bionomics Lab sample for a full suite of chemical parameters.

Weekly Summary #20 (March 1 thru March 7)

The pilot hole of the Test/Injection well was drilled to 2720 feet below land surface on Tuesday March 5th. Core #9 was obtained from the injection zones from a depth of 2406 feet to 2419 feet. There was 92% recovery of the core and it was composed of a dense dolomite. On March 6th a complete set of geophysical logs were made of the pilot hole. These logs will be supplied to the TAC members as they become available to us. The pilot hole is currently being reamed with a 17 1/2" hole opener. The hole will be reamed again with a 18 1/4" hole opener after completion of the current reaming (17 1/2").

Weekly Summary #21 (March 8 thru March 15)

The pilot hole of the Test/Injection well was reamed from the base of the injection casing (1955') to the base of the well (2720') with a 17 1/2" reaming bit. This was completed on Thursday morning, March 14th.

The 18 1/2" reaming operation is now in progress from the base of the injection casing to the bottom of the well. This reaming is expected to be completed tomorrow (March 18).

Weekly Summary #22 (March 15 thru March 21)

The pilot hole of the Test/Injection well was reamed from the base of the injection casing (1955') to the base of the well (2720') with a 18 1/2" reaming bit. The reaming operation finished on Saturday, March 16, 1991. This completed the drilling on all wells required for the injection well system.

Gyroscopic, caliper and temperature logs were performed on the 18 1/2" reamed hole from 1955' to 2720'. Point samples were taken at 100 foot intervals from 1970' to 2700' for laboratory analysis.

The injection well was flushed with 182,500 gallons of fresh water from the City of Cocoa in order to create a fresh water

plume for the initial radioactive tracer survey and clear water for the television log. Water levels in the deep and shallow monitor wells were recorded hourly for 48 hours prior to the injection of the fresh water to determine background fluctuations (primarily tidal). Water levels in the monitor wells were taken at 10 minute intervals during the injection of fresh water. Water levels in the monitor wells were not affected by the fresh water injection in the test/injection well.

The TV survey had good resolution through the cased interval and showed no abnormalities. The TV log of the open hole (1955' to 2720') was only visible to a depth of 2094 feet. A highly transmissive zone in this interval was accepting the injected fresh water. The interval between 2094' and 2720' was logged but the water remained murky to black and the walls of the hole were not visible.

We are currently recording water level data from the monitor wells and preparing for the first radioactive tracer survey.

Weekly Summary #23 (March 22 thru March 28)

On Friday, March 22, Schlumberger conducted the radioactive tracer survey and a temperature log. As you know, the RTS showed no apparent upward migration of the potable water that was injected into the well (March 23, 1991 correspondence to the TAC). The successful tracer survey supports our other mechanical integrity data on the test/injection well that also show no evidence of a well construction problem that may cause interaquifer migration of injected fluids. However, we will be conducting an additional RTS after injecting approximatedly 2.5 million gallons of treated effluent (as per one of the TAC's requirements for the use of treated effluent during an injection test) to further verify the mechanical integrity of the well and competence of the confining beds.

The contractor is currently mobilizing his equipment for the the injection test and should be ready. We are recording water levels in the monitor wells for background fluctuations or any affects of the previous fresh water injection.

Weekly Summary #24 (March 28 thru April 5)

The injection well has been fitted with pumps and valves in anticipation of the upcoming pump (injection) test. Pipelines have been installed between the effluent storage tanks and the injection well. The pipelines will be installed on the injection well after leak tests have been completed on the newly constructed storage tanks. The procedure for the injection test is included with this correspondence.

The contractor is currently demobilizing the drilling equipment and restoring the site. We are continuing the background measurements of water levels on the monitor wells and will start

taking them at 15 minute intervals when the pressure transducers are installed in the injection well 48 hours prior to the injection test.

Weekly Summary #25 (April 5 thru April 11)

The contractor began pumping effluent to the storage tank next to the pad on Tuesday, April 9th. Their was a delay in pumping the effluent, because of logistical problems associated with the sewage treatment plant. Pumping began at 12:00 pm and the progress of filling the storage tanks is included in the daily reports. Youngquist Brothers, Inc. took advantage of the delay and removed the drilling rig from the pad. The pad is now clear of all drilling equipment. The injection test will commence next week after the storage tanks have been inspected for leaks.

We are continuing the background measurements of water levels on the monitor wells and will start taking them at 15 minute intervals when the pressure transducers are installed in the injection well 48 hours prior to the injection test.

Weekly Summary #26 (April 12 thru April 18)

The final preparations for the injection test were completed this week and the test was performed on Thursday, April 18th. We are currently measuring recovery data in all of the wells.

The storage tanks for the injected effluent were filled by Friday, April 12th and leak tested immediately thereafter. On Sunday, April 14th the contractor tested their pumping equipment to check for leaks and set pumping rates. The treated effluent storage facilities were topped off after the pre test of equipment.

Florida Geophysical (logger) installed a transducer in the injection well on Tuesday, April 16th. The transducer measured downhole pressure for 48 hours prior to the injection test (background), during the test and will be running for 24 hours after the test. Water levels in the monitor wells were being measured at 15 minute intervals for three days prior to the injection test and 30 minute intervals prior to this time and the first radioactive tracer survey.

The injection test was conducted on Thursday. The test lasted for nine hours and consisted of two steps. The first step lasted for eight hours and the pumpage rate varied between 3500 gpm and 4000 gpm. The second step lasted one hour at a rate of 8000 gpm. The total quantity of treated effluent pumped during the test was 2,154,000 gallons. The pumpage had no effect on the water levels in the monitor wells. The monitor wells fluctuated primarily due to tidal influences.

Water quality sampling of the surficial aquifer (water table) monitor wells was discontinued after consultation with FDER.

PHOTOGRAPHS DURING THE PRESSURE TEST OF THE INJECTION CASING













DEVIATION SURVEYS

DEVIATION SURVEYS

TOTCO DISK SURVEYS

ROCKLEDGE CLASS I TEST/INJECTION WELL

TEST/INJECTION WELL - "TOTCO" DISK DEVIATION RECORDS

PILOT HOLE (12 1/4" BIT DIAMETER)

90 feet 1/4 degree 28 Nov 90



450 feet 1/8 degree 4 Dec 90



780 feet 1/4 degree 15 Dec 90



1140 feet 1/4 degree 16 Dec 90



1500 feet 1/2 degree 19 Dec 90



180 feet 1/4 degree 3 Dec 90



510 feet 1/4 degree 13 Dec 90



870 feet 1/4 degree 15 Dec 90



1230 feet 1/8 degree 17 Dec 90



1590 feet 1/8 degree 20 Dec 90



270 feet 1/8 degree 3 Dec 90



600 feet 1/4 degree 14 Dec 90



960 feet 1/8 degree 15 Dec 90



1320 feet 1/4 degree 17 Dec 90



1740 feet 1/8 degree 30 Jan 91



360 feet 1/4 degree 4 Dec 90



690 feet 1/8 degree 14 Dec 90



1050 feet 1/4 degree 16 Dec 90



1410 feet 1/4 degree 18 Dec 90



1830 feet 1/8 degree 1 Feb 91



TEST/INJECTION WELL - "TOTCO" DISK DEVIATION RECORDS

PILOT HOLE (12 1/4" BIT DIAMETER)

1920 feet 1/4 degree 3 Feb 91

2010 feet 1/4 degree 23 Feb 91

2100 feet 1/8 degree 26 Feb 91

2190 feet 1/4 degree 27 Feb 91





2280 feet 1/4 degree 1 Mar 91

2370 feet 1/4 degree 2 Mar 91

2460 feet 1/4 degree 4 Mar 91

2550 feet 60 minutes 4 Mar 91









2640 feet 1/4 degree 5 Mar 91



TEST/INJECTION WELL - "TOTCO" DISK DEVIATION RECORDS

REAMED HOLE (36 1/2" HOLE OPENER DIAMETER)

28 Dec 90

540 feet

1/8 degree

630 feet 1/4 degree 29 Dec 90

720 feet 1/4 degree 30 Dec 90

810 feet 1/8 degree 31 Dec 90









900 feet 1/4 degree 1 Jan 91

990 feet 1/8 degree 4 Jan 91

1080 feet 1/degree 5 Jan 91

1170 feet 1/4 degree 7 Jan 91









TEST/INJECTION WELL - "TOTCO" DISK DEVIATION RECORDS

REAMED HOLE (36 1/2" HOLE OPENER DIAMETER)

1260 feet 1/8 degree 8 Jan 91 1350 feet 1/8 degree 11 Jan 91

1440 feet 1/4 degree 14 Jan 91 1530 feet 1/4 degree 15 Jan 91









TEST/INJECTION WELL - "TOTCO" DISK DEVIATION RECORDS

REAMED HOLE (52 1/2" HOLE OPENER DIAMETER)

90 feet 1/4 degree 30 Nov 90

TEST/INJECTION WELL - "TOTCO" DISK DEVIATION RECORDS

REAMED HOLE (46 1/2" HOLE OPENER DIAMETER)

180 feet 1/4 degree 8 Dec 90 270 feet 1/4 degree 9 Dec 90 360 feet 1/4 degree 9 Dec 90







TEST/INJECTION WELL - "TOTCO" DISK DEVIATION RECORDS

REAMED HOLE (28 1/2" HOLE OPENER DIAMETER)

1740 feet 1/4 degree 7 Feb 91 1830 feet 1/4 degree 8 Feb 91





TEST/INJECTION WELL - "TOTCO" DISK DEVIATION RECORDS

REAMED HOLE (17 1/2" HOLE OPENER DIAMETER)

2100 feet

1/4 degree

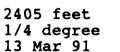
2045 feet 1/4 degree 9 Mar 91

10 Mar 91

2225 feet 1/8 degree 11 Mar 91

2315 feet 1/8 degree 12 Mar 91







2495 feet 1/8 degree 13 Mar 91



2585 feet 1/4 degree 13 Mar 91

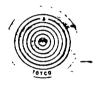


2675 feet 1/4 degree 13 Mar 91







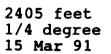


TEST/INJECTION WELL - "TOTCO" DISK DEVIATION RECORDS

REAMED HOLE (18 1/2" HOLE OPENER DIAMETER)

2045 feet 1/4 degree 15 Mar 91







2135 feet 1/4 degree 15 Mar 91



2495 feet 1/4 degree 16 Mar 91



2225 feet 1/4 degree 15 Mar 91



2585 feet 1/4 degree 16 Mar 91



2315 feet 1/4 degree 15 Mar 91



2675 feet 1/8 degree 16 Mar 9



DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL - "TOTCO" DISK DEVIATION RECORDS

PILOT HOLE (7 7/8" BIT DIAMETER)

90 feet 1/8 degree 25 Oct 90 180 feet 1/4 degree 29 Oct 90





DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL - "TOTCO" DISK DEVIATION RECORDS

PILOT HOLE (9 5/8" BIT DIAMETER)

270 feet 1/8 degree 4 Nov 90



1/4 degree 4 Nov 90

360 feet



780 feet 1/4 degree 5 Nov 90



420 feet

1/4 degree

4 Nov 90

870 feet 1/4 degree 6 Nov 90



600 feet

5 Nov 90

1/4 degree

960 feet 1/4 degree 6 Nov 90



690 feet

5 Nov 90

1/4 degree

1050 feet 1/4 degree 6 Nov 90



1150 feet 1/8 degree 8 Nov 90



510 feet

1/4 degree

5 Nov 90

1240 feet 1/4 degree 8 Nov 90



1340 feet 1/4 degree 11 Nov 90



1430 feet 3/8 degree 11 Nov 90









DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL - "TOTCO" DISK DEVIATION RECORDS
REAMED HOLE (24" HOLE OPENER DIAMETER)

90 feet 1/8 degree 26 Oct 90



DEEP FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL - "TOTCO" DISK DEVIATION RECORDS)
REAMED HOLE (14 3/4" BIT DIAMETER)

180 feet 1/8 degree 30 Oct 90



SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL - "TOTCO" DISK DEVIATION RECORDS

PILOT HOLE (9 5/8" BIT DIAMETER)

270 feet 1/4 degree 1 Jan 91 **360 feet** 1/**4 degree** 1 Jan 91 **450 feet** 1/**4 degree** 1 Jan 91 540 feet 1/4 degree 1 Jan 91









630 feet 1/4 degree 2 Jan 91 720 feet 1/4 degree 2 Jan 91 810 feet 1/4 degree 2 Jan 91 900 feet 1/4 degree 2 Jan 91









SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL - "TOTCO" DISK DEVIATION RECORDS

PILOT HOLE (7 7/8" BIT DIAMETER)

90 feet 1/8 degree 6 Dec 90 180 feet 1/4 degree 11 Dec 90





SHALLOW FLORIDAN MONITOR WELL - "TOTCO" DISK DEVIATION RECORDS
REAMED HOLE (24" HOLE OPENER DIAMETER)

90 feet 1/8 degree 6 Dec 90



DEVIATION SURVEYS

GYROSCOPIC DIRECTIONAL SURVEYS

***********1-713-580-0762

YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS ROCKLEDGE

INJECTION WELL PILOT HOLE

YOUNGQUIST RIG 1

K.B.E.=10 FT

RADIUS OF CURVATURE CALCULATION

MEASURED	VERTICAL	DRIFT	DRIFT	TOTAL-COO	RDINATES	DOG
DEPTH	DEPTH	ANGLE	DIRECTION	N/S COOR	E/W COOR	LEG
0	0.00	0.00	* 0.00 *	0.00 N	0.00 E	0.0
30	30.00	.25	S 1.00 E	.07 S	.00 E	.8
60	60.00	.25	S 39.00 W	.19 S	.04 W	.6
90	90.00	.25	S 6.00 E	.31 S	.08 W	.7
120	120.00	.25	S 24.00 W	.44 S	.10 W	. 4
						_
150	150.00	.50	S 17.00 E	.63 S	.11 W	1.2
180	180.00	.50	S 13.00 W	.89 S	.10 W	.9
210	210.00	.50	S 27.00 W	1.13 S	.19 W	. 4
240	240.00	.25	S 7.00 W	1.32 S	.25 W	.9
270	269.99	.50	S 2.00 W	1.52 S	.26 W	.8
300	299.99	.50	S 14.00 E	1.77 S	.23 W	.5
330	329.99	.25	S 12.00 E	1.97 S	.19 W	8
360	359.99	.50	S 2.00 E	2.16 S	.17 W	.9
39 0	389.99	.25	S 17.00 E	2.35 S	.13 W	.9
					.13 W	.3
420	419.99	. 25	S 5.00 W	2.48 S	.12 W	. 3
450	449.99	.25	S 19.00 W	2.61 S	.15 W	.2
	CLOS	JRE IS	2.62 FEET AT S	3.23 W		

SURVEY WELLSITE COMPUTATION

***********1-713-580-0762

YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS ROCKLEDGE

INJECTION WELL REEMED HOLE

YOUNGQUIST RIG 1

K.B.E.=10 FEET

RADIUS OF CURVATURE CALCULATION

MEASURED	VERTICAL	DRIFT	DRIFT	TOTAL-COO	RDINATES	DOG
DEPTH	DEPTH	ANGLE	DIRECTION	N/S COOR	E/W COOR	LEG
0	0.00	0.00	* 0.00 *	0.00 N	0.00 E	0.0
30	30.00	.25	S 2.00 W	.07 S	.00 W	.8
60	60.00	.25	S 55.00 W	.18 S	.06 W	.8
90	90.00	.25	S 0.00 W	.29 S	.12 W	.8
120	120.00	.50	S 30.00 W	.48 S	.17 W	1.1
150	150.00	.25	S 16.00 E	.67 S	.19 W	1.3
180	180.00	. 25	S 20.00 W	.79 S	.20 W	.5
210	210.00	.50	S 32.00 W	97 S	.28 W	.9
240	240.00	.50	S 9.00 W	1.21 S	.38 ₩	. 7
270	270.00	.25	S 12.00 W	1.41 S	.41 W	.8
300	299.99	. 25	S 20.00 E	1.54 S	.40 W	.5
330	329.99	.25	S 24.00 E	1.66 S	.35 W	.1
360	359.99	.25	S 14.00 W	1.78 S	.34 W	.6
390	389.99	.25	S 22.00 E	1.91 S	.33 ₩	.5
420	419.99	.25	S 14.00 W	2.04 S	.32 W	.5
450	449.99	.50	S 40.00 W	2.22 S	.41 W	1.0
	CLOS	URE IS	2.25 FEET AT	S 10.55 W		

SURVEY WELLSITE COMPUTATION

YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS
ROCKLEDGE

INJECTION WELL PILOT HOLE

YOUNGQUIST RIG 1 K.B.E.=10 FEET

MEASURED DEPTH	VERTICAL DRIFT DEPTH ANGLE	DRIFT DIRECTION	TOTAL-COORDINATES N/S COOR E/W COOR	DOG LEG
TIED-IN TO 450 480 510 540	\$iiDATADRIL SURVEY AT 449.99 .25 479.99 .25 509.99 .25 539.99 .25	450 FT S 19.00 W N 70.00 W N 5.00 W N 40.00 E	2.61 S .15 C .26 S .26 S .33 C .244 S .29 C	W 1.3
570 600 630 660 690	569.99 .25 599.99 .50 629.99 .50 659.99 .50 689.98 .50	N 38.00 E N 48.00 E N 80.00 E S 50.00 E S 63.00 E	2.34 S .21 2.20 S .08 2.08 S .15 2.15 S .40 2.29 S .62	W .9 E .9 E 1.5
720 750 780 810 840	719.98 .50 749.98 .50 779.98 .25 809.98 .25 839.98 .25	S 2.00 W S 45.00 W S 54.00 W N 80.00 W N 14.00 W	2.51 S .74 2.74 S .64 2.87 S .49 2.90 S .37 2.81 S .28	E 1.3 E .9 E .7
870 900 930 960 990	869.98 .25 899.98 .25 929.98 .50 959.98 .25 989.98 .25	N 10.00 E N 20.00 E N 50.00 E N 73.00 E S 90.00 E	2.68 S .27 2.56 S .31 2.40 S .42 2.30 S .59 2.28 S .72	E 1.1 E 1.0
1020 1050 1080 1110 1140	1019.98 .25 1049.98 .50 1079.98 .50 1109.98 .50 1139.97 .50	S 30.00 E S 17.00 W S 20.00 W S 32.00 W S 73.00 W	2.35 S .83 2.54 S .85 2.78 S .77 3.02 S .65 3.18 S .45	E 1.3 E .1 E .3
1170 1200 1230 1250 1290	1169.97 .50 1199.97 .50 1229.97 .25 1259.97 .25 1289.97 .25	S 18.00 E S 38.00 E N 40.00 E N 0.00 W N 53.00 W	3.38 S .34 3.61 S .46 3.62 S .63 3.50 S .68 3.39 S .61	E .6 E 2.4 E .6
1320 1350 1380 1410 1440	1319.97 .25 1349.97 .25 1379.97 .25 1409.97 .25 1439.97 .25	N 62.00 W N 58.00 W N 2.00 W N 10.00 W N 55.00 W	3.33 S .50 3.26 S .38 3.16 S .32 3.03 S .31 2.92 S .24	E .1 E .8 E .1
1 470 1 500 1 530 1 560 1 590	1469.97 .25 1499.97 .25 1529.97 .50 1559.97 .50 1589.97 .50	N 40.00 W N 10.00 W N 50.00 W S 50.00 W S 70.00 W	2.83 S .14 2.71 S .09 2.55 S .01 2.55 S .25 2.68 S .48	E .4 W 1.2 W 2.3

**********1-713-580-0762

YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS

INJECTION WELL PILOT HOLE

ROCKLEDGE

YOUNGQUIST RIG 1 K.B.E.=10 FEET

K.D.L.-

RADIUS OF CURVATURE CALCULATION

D06 MEASURED VERTICAL DRIFT DRIFT TOTAL-COORDINATES DIRECTION DEPTH ANGLE N/S COOR E/W COOR LEG DEPTH 1619.97 .50 1620 N 80.00 W 2.70 S .73 W .9

CLOSURE IS 2.80 FEET AT S 15.22 W

SURVEY WELLSITE COMPUTATION

**********1-512-851-0715

YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS ROCKLEDGE

INJECTION WELL REEMED HOLE YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS RIG 1

K.B.E.=9 FEET

MEASURED DEPTH	VERTICAL DEPTH SUPERIOR SURVEY	DRIFT ANGLE	DRIFT TOTAL-COORDINATES DIRECTION N/S COOR E/W COOR SURVEY AT 450 FT	DOG LEG
450	449.99	.50	S 40.00 W 2.22 S .41 W	0.0
480	479.99	. 25	N 62.00 W 2.25 S .59 W	1.9
510	509.99	.25	N 15.00 E 2.14 S .64 W	1.1
540	539.99	.25	N 73.00 E 2.05 S .55 W	.8
340	333.33	. 23	N 75.00 E 2.05 5 .55 W	
570	569.99	.25	N 52.00 E 1.99 S .43 W	.3
600	599.99	.50	N 22.00 E 1.84 S .32 W	- 1.1
: 630	629.99	. 50	N 61.00 E 1.65 S .15 W	1.1
560	659.99	.25	S 10.00 E 1.72 S .00 E	5
690	689.99	.25	S 4.00 E 1.85 S .02 E	.1
720	719.99	.50	S 10.00 E 2.04 S .04 E	.8
750 750	749.98	. 50	•	
780 780	749.98	.25	S 19.00 W 2.30 S .02 E S 83.00 W 2.42 S .12 W	.8 1.6
810°	809.98	.25	S 85.00 W 2.42 S .72 W	
840	839.98	.25	N 10.00 E 2.35 S .33 W	.0 1.5
040	033.30	. 43	N 10.00 E 2.35 5 .35 W	1.5
870	869.98	.25	N 28.00 E 2.23 S .28 W	.3
900	899.98	.25	N 52.00 E 2.13 S .20 W	3
930	929.98	.50	N 12.00 E 1.96 S .10 W	1.2
960	959.98	.25	N 22.00 E 1.77 S .04 W	. 9
990	989.98	.25	N 18.00 E 1.65 S .00 E	1
1020	1019.98	.25	S 50.00 E 1.62 S .11 E	1.6
1050	1049.98	.50	S 0.00 W 1.79 S .19 E	1.4
1080	1079.98	.25	S 5.00 E 1.99 S .20 E	.8
1110	1109,98	.25	S 8.00 E 2.12 S .21 E	.0
1140	1139.98	.25	S 56.00 W 2.23 S .16 E	. 9
1170	1169.98	.50	S 6.00 W 2.40 S .06 E	1.4
1200	1199.98	.50	S 40.00 E 2.64 S .14 E	1.3
1230	1229.98	.25	N 45.00 E 2.65 S .31 E	.2
1250	1259.98	.25	N 15.00 E 2.54 S .38 E	. 4
1290	1289.98	.25	N 70.00 W 2.43 S .32 E	1.2
1230	1203.30	.25	14 10.00 W 2.43 3 .32 E	1 . 4.
1320	1319.97	.50	N 50.00 W 2.33 S .15 E	. 9
1350	1349.97	.50	N 38.00 W 2.14 S .03 W	.3
1.380	1379.97	.50	N 12.00 W 1.91 S .14 W	. 8
1410	1409.97	.25	N 16.00 E 1.71 S .13 W	1.0
1440	1439.97	. 25	N 45.00 W 1.59 S .16 W	. 9
1470	1469.97	.25	N 36.00 W 1.49 S .25 W	.1
1500	1499.97	.25	N 19.00 W 1.38 S .31 W	.2
1530	1529.97	.50	N 41.00 W 1.21 S .40 W	1.0
1560	1559.97	.50	S 18.00 W 1.25 S .62 W	.5
1590	1589.97	.25	S 43.00 W 1.42 S .71 W	1.0
. = ==		* 4-4	THE PART OF THE PA	

**********1-512-851-0715

YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS

INJECTION WELL REEMED HOLE

ROCKLEDGE

YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS RIG 1

DECL=

K.B.E.≖9 FEET

RADIUS OF CURVATURE CALCULATION.

PROPOSED DIRECTION=

MEASURED VERTICAL DRIFT DRIFT TOTAL-COORDINATES D06 DEPTH DEPTH ANGLE DIRECTION N/S COOR E/W COOR LEG 1619.97 1620 .50 N 63.00 W 1.45 S .89 W 1.8

CLOSURE IS 1.71 FEET AT S 31.64 W

SURVEY WELLSITE COMPUTATION

07:28:58

***********1-512-851-0715

YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS

INJECTION WELL REEMED HOLE

ROCKLEDGE

YOUNGQUIST RIG 1

K.B.E.=10 FEET

RADIUS OF CURVATURE CALCULATION

MEACHDED	LICATION	00151		00161	TOTAL 000	COTMATEC	200
MEASURED	VERTICAL	DRIFT		DRIFT	TOTAL-COO	KNINUIE2	D06
DEPTH	DEPTH	ANGLE -	D:	IRECTION	N/S COOR	E/W COOR	LE6
TIED-IN TO	SUPERIOR SURVE	Y SYSTEMS	SUF	RVEY AT	162 0 FT		
1620	1619.97	.50	N	63.00 W	1.45 S	W 88.	0.0
1650	1649.97	.25	N	31.00 W	1.32 S	1.03 W	1.1
1680	1679.97	.25	N	55.00 E	1.20 S	1.01 W	1.3
1710	1709.97	.25	N	55.00 E	1.13 S	.90 W	.0
1740	1739.97	.25	S	15.00 W	1.18 S	.82 W	2.0
1770	1769.97	.50	N		1.25 S	.69 W	3.5
1800	1799.97	.50	N	49.00 E	1.06 S	.51 W	.3
1830	1829.97	.25	S	40.00 E	1.08 5	.33 W	2.2
1860	1859.97	.25	N	26.00 E	1.06 S	.22 W	1.7
1890	1889.97	. 25	S	20.00 E	1.07 S	.12 W	1.9
1920	1919.97	.25	S	3.00 W	1.20 5	.10 W	.3
1950	1949.96	.25	S	50.00 E	1.31 S	.05 W	.8
1 980	1979.96	.25	S	31.00 E	1.41 S	.03 E	.3
2010	2009.96	.25	S	80.00 E	1.48 S	.14 E	.7

CLOSURE IS 1.49 FEET AT S 5.34 E

SURVEY WELLSITE COMPUTATION

10:44:44

***********1-512-851-0715

YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS

INJECTION WELL REEMED HOLE

ROCKLEDGE

YOUNGQUIST RIG 1

K.B.E.=10 FEET

RADIUS OF CURVATURE CALCULATION

MEASURED	VERTICAL	DRIFT	DRIFT	TOTAL-COOR	DINATES	DOG
DEPTH	DEPTH	ANGLE	DIRECTION	N/S COOR	E/W COOR	LE6
TIED-IN TO	SUPERIOR SURVE	Y SYSTEMS	SURVEY AT 162	Ø FT	•	* .
1620	1619.97	.50	N 63.00 W	1.45 S	.89 W	0.0
1650	1649.97	.25	N 31.00 W	1.32 S	1.03 W	1.1
1680	1679.97	.25	N 55.00 E	1.20 S	1.01 W	1.3
1710	1709.97	.25	N 55.00 E	1.13 S	.90 W	.0
1740	1739.97	.25	S 15.00 W	1.18 S	.82 W	2.0
1770	1769.97	.50	N 40.00 E	1.25 S	.69 W	3.5
1800	1799.97	.50	N 49.00 E	1.06 S	.51 W	.3
1830	1829.97	.25	S 40.00 E	1.08 S	.33 W	2.2
1860	1859.97	.25	N 26.00 E	1.06 S	.22 W	1.7
1890	1889.97	.25	S 20.00 E	1.07 S	.12 W	1.9
1920	1919.97	.25	S 3.00 W	1.20 S	.10 W	.3
1950	1949.96	.25	S 50.00 E	1.31 S	.05 W	.8
1980	1979.96	.25	S 31.00 E	1.41 S	.03 E	.3
2010	2009.96	.25	S 80.00 E	1.48 S	.14 E	.7

CLOSURE IS 1.49 FEET AT S 5.34 E

SURVEY WELLSITE COMPUTATION

10:44:44

***********1-512-851-0715

YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS

INJECTION WELL PILOT HOLE

ROCKLEDGE

YOUNGQUIST RIG 1

K.B.E.=10 FEET

MEASURED	VERTICAL DRIFT	DRIFT	TOTAL-COORDINATES	D06
DEPTH	DEPTH ANGLE	DIRECTION	N/S COOR E/W COOR	LE6
	SUPERIOR SURVEY SYSTEMS	SURVEY AT 2	2010 FT	
2010	2009.95 .25	S 45.00 E	3.29 S .18 W	0.0
2040	2039.96 .50	` S 75.00 E	3.39 S .01 W 3.58 S .14 E	
2070	2069.96 .50	S 0.00 W		2:2
2100	2099.96 .75	S 78.00 W	3.82 S .05 W	3.0
2130	2129.95 .75	C . C . AA . II	3.99 S .40 W	1.2
2150	2129.95 .75 2159.95 .75	S 50.00 W S 45.00 W	3.99 S .40 W 4.25 S .69 W	.2
2190	2189.95 .75	S 60.00 W	4.49 S 1.00 W	.7
2130 2220	2219.95 .50	S 50.00 W	4.68 S 1.27 W	9
2250	2249.95 .75	S 35.00 W	4.92 S 1.49 W	1.0
£230	2270:00 : 10	3 33.00 W	7.32 3 1.73 W	1.0
2280	2279.94 .75	S 32.00 W	5.24 S 1.71 W	.1
2310	2309.94 .75	S 30.00 W	5.58 S 1.91 W	.1
2340	2339.94 .75	5 40.00 W	5.90 S 2.14 W	4
2400	2399.93 .50	S 76.00 W	6.24 S 2.68 W	8
2430	2429.93 .75	N 90.00 W	6.28 S 3.01 W	1.0
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
2460	2459.93 .50	N 25.00 W	6.12 S 3.27 W	2.5
2490	2489.93 .50	N 40.00 W	5.90 S 3.41 W	. 4
2520	2519.93 .50	N 30.00 W	5.68 S 3.56 W	.3
2550°	2549.93 .25	N 15.00 W	5.50 S 3.63 W	.9
2580	2579.93 .50	N 5.00 W	5.31 S 3.67 W	. 9
2610	2609.93 .50	N 10.00 W	5.05 S 3.70 W	. 1
2640	2639.92 .50	N 0.00 W	4.79 S 3.72 W	.3
2670	2669.92 .50	N 35.00 W	4.54 S 3.80 W	1.0
2700	2699.92 .50	N 10.00 W	4.30 S 3.90 W	.7
	CLOSURE IS	5.81 FEET A	T 5 42.19 W	
PPOJECTED	SURVEY AT 2720 FT			
2720	2719.92 .50	N 10.00 W	4.13 S 3.93 W	. 0
LILU	CLOSURE IS	5.70 FEET A		,
	CEUJUNE IJ	W-14 1 EE 11	I W TWIWE W	

***********1-512-880-5079

YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS

WW INJECTION REEMED

ROCKLEDGE YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS RIG 1

K.B.E.=10 FEET

RADIUS OF CURVATURE CALCULATION

MEASURED DEPTH	VERTICAL DEPTH	DRIFT ANGLE	DRIFT DIRECTION	TOTAL-COO N/S COOR	RDINATES	DO6 LEG
				010 FT	LIW GOOK	LEG
2010	SUPERIOR SURVEY 2009.96	7 5751EMS	S 80.00 E	1.48 S	.14 E	0.0
2040	2039.96	.50	S 40.00 W	1.63 S	.14 E	2.7
2070	2069.96	.50	S 60.00 W	1.80 \$.20 E	.6
2100	2099.96	. 75	S 51.00 W			
2100	2033.36	• / 🛪	2 21.00 M	1.99 S	.27 W	.9
2130	2129.95	.50	S 52.00 W	2.19 S	.53 W	.8
2160	2159.95	.50	S 60.00 W	2.34 S	.75 W	.2
2190	2189.95	.50	S 45.00 W	2.49 S	.95 W	. 4
2220	2219.95	.75	S 55.00 W	2.70 S	1.20 W	. 9
2250	2249.95	. 75	S 60.00 W	2.92 S	1.53 W	.2
2280	2279.95	.50	N 10.00 W	2.80 S	1.79 W	1
2310	2309.94	.50	N 11.00 W	2.54 S	1.84 W	.0
2340	2339.94	.50	N 60.00 W	2.33 S	1.98 W	1.4
2370	2369.94	.25	N 30.00 W	2.20 S	2.12 W	1.1
2400	2399.94	.25	N 15.00 W	2.08 S	2.17 W	.2
2400	2555.54		M 12.80.M	2.46 3	2.17 W	• 4
2430	2429.94	.25	N 1.00 E	1.95 S	2.19 W	.2
2460	2459.94	.25	S 90.00 E	1.86 S	2.10 W	1.3
2490	2489.94	.50	S 0.00 W	1.99 \$	1.98 W	2.1
2520	2519.94	.50	S 10.00 E	2.25 \$	1.95 W	.3
2550	2549.94	.50	S 15.00 E	2.50 S	1.90 W	.1
		,				. 1
2580	2579.94	.50	S 10.00 E	2.76 S	1.84 W	.1
2610	2609.94	.75	S 5.00 W	3.09 S	1.83 W	1.0
2640	2639.93	.75	S 40.00 W	3.44 S	1.97 W	1.5
2670	2669.93	.50	S 35.00 W	3.70 S	2.17 W	. 9
2700	2699.93	.50	S 10.00 E	3.95 S	2.23 W	1.3
	CLOSU	RE IS	4.54 FEET AT	S 29.43 W		
BBO IECTED	SURVEY AT 2720	CT		\$	₩.	
2720	2719.93		C 10 00 5	A 10 0	2 24 11	. 🛕
2120		.50	S 10.00 E	4.12 5	2.20 W	.0
	CLOSU	KE 12	4.67 FEET AT	5 28.07 W		

SURVEY WELLSITE COMPUTATION

***********713-580-0762

YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS ROCKLEDGE FLA

WASTE WATER DEEP MON. YOUNGQUIST RIG 1 K.B.E.=10

MEASURED DEPTH 0 30 60 90 120	UERTICAL DEPTH 0.00 30.00 60.00 90.00 120.00	ORIFT ANGLE 0.00 .25 .50 .50	DRIFT DIRECTION * 0.00 * \$ 60.00 W \$ 55.00 W \$ 15.00 W \$ 43.00 E	VERTICAL SECTION 0.00 03 14 35 59	TOTAL-COOR N/S COOR 0.00 N .03 S .14 S .35 S .59 S	RDINATES E/W COOR 0.00 E .06 W .22 W .37 W .31 W	DOG LEG 0.0 .8 .8 1.2
150 180 210 240 - 270	150.00 180.00 209.99 239.99 269.99	.50 .25 .50 .50	S 22.00 E S 11.00 E S 37.00 W S 45.00 E S 17.00 W	81 -1.00 -1.18 -1.42 -1.67	.81 S 1.00 S 1.18 S 1.42 S 1.67 S	.17 W .11 W .16 W .14 W .08 W	.6 .9 1.3 2.4
300 330 360 390 420	299.99 329.99 359.99 389.99 419.99	.50 .25 .25 .50	S 11.00 E S 5.00 E S 1.00 E S 20.00 E S 19.00 E	-1:93 -2:12 -2:25 -2:44 -2:69	1.93 S 2.12 S 2.25 S 2.44 S 2.69 S	.09 W .07 W .06 W .02 W	.8 .1 .9
460 480 510 540 570	459.99 479.99 509.98 539.98 569.98	.50 .50 .50 .50	S 10.00 E S 0.00 W S 5.00 W S 7.00 W S 9.00 E	-3.03 -3.20 -3.46 -3.72 -3.98	3.03 S 3.20 S 3.46 S 3.72 S 3.98 S	.15 E .17 E .16 E .13 E .13 E	.2 .4 .1 .1 .5
600 630 660 690 720	599.98 629.98 659.98 689.98 719.98	.25 .25 .25 .25 .25	S 19.00 E S 21.00 W S 12.00 E S 8.00 E S 28.00 E	-4.17 -4.30 -4.43 -4.56 -4.68	4.17 S 4.30 S 4.43 S 4.56 S 4.68 S	.18 E .18 E .17 E .19 E .23 E	.9 .5 .1
750 780 810 840 870	749.98 779.98 809.98 839.98 869.98	.50 .50 .50 .50	S 42.00 E S 47.00 E S 53.00 E S 34.00 E S 44.00 E	-4.84 -5.03 -5.20 -5.39 -5.59	4.84 S 5.03 S 5.20 S 5.39 S 5.59 S	.34 E .53 E .73 E .91 E	.9 .1 .2 .6
900 930 960 990 1020	899.97 929.97 959.97 989.97	.50 .50 .50 .50	S 34.00 E S 55.00 E S 78.00 E N 78.00 E S 65.00 E	-5.79 -5.98 -6.08 -6.08	5.79 S 5.98 S 6.08 S 6.08 S 6.11 S	1.24 E 1.42 E 1.66 E 1.92 E 2.17 E	.3 .6 .7 .7
1050 1080 1110 1140 1170	1049.97 1079.97 1109.97 1139.97 1169.97	.25 .25 .25 .50	S 35.00 E S 45.00 E S 48.00 E S 36.00 E S 24.00 E	-6.24 -6.34 -6.43 -6.57 -6.80	6.24 S 6.34 S 6.43 S 6.57 S 6.80 S	2.32 E 2.40 E 2.50 E 2.63 E 2.76 E	1.1

************713-580-0762

YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS
ROCKLEDGE FLA

WASTE WATER DEEP MON.

YOUNGQUIST RIG 1

K.B.E.=10

RADIUS OF CURVATURE CALCULATION

MEASURED	VERTICAL	ORIFT	DRIFT	VERTICAL	TOTAL-COO	RDINATES	D.O.G.
DEPTH	OEPTH	ANGLE	DIRECTION	SECTION	N/S COOR	E/W COOR	LEG
1200	1199.97	. 50	S 46.00 E	-7.01	7.01 S	2.91 E	. 6
1230	1229.96	.50	S 43.00 E	-7.20	7.20 S	3.09 E	.1
1260	1259.96	. 50	S 46.00 E	-7.39	7.39 S	3.28 E	. 1
1290	1289.96	. 75	S 38.00 E	-7.63	7.63 S	3.50 E	.9
1320	1319.96	. 75	S 59.00 E	-7.89	7.89 \$	3.79 E	. 9
1350	1349.96	.50	S 41.00 E	-8.10	8.10 S	4.04 E	1.1
1380	1379.96	. 50	S 39.00 E	-8.30	8.30 S	4.21 E	. 1
1410	1409.95	.50	S 45.00 E	-8.49	8.49 5	4.38 E	. 2,
1440	1439.95	. 75	S 47.00 E	-8.72	8.72 S	4.62 E	.8
1470	1469.95	.50	S 43.00 E	-8.95	8.95 S	4.85 E	.8

CLOSURE IS 10.18 FEET AT S 28.47 E

PROJECTED SURVEY AT 1503 FT

1503 1502.95 .50 S 43.00 E -9.16 9.16 S 5.05 E .0

CLOSURE IS 10.46 FEET AT S 28.87 E

SURVEY WELLSITE COMPUTATION

***********1-713-580-0762

YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS ROCKLEDGE

WASTE WATER SHALLOW MON YOUNGQUIST BROTHERS RIG 2

K.B.E.=9 FEET

MEASURED DEPTH 0 30 60 90 120	DEPTH A	RIFT NGLE 0.00 .50 .50 .75	DRIFT DIRECTION * 0.00 * S 75.00 E S 55.00 E S 13.00 W S 20.00 E	TOTAL-COO N/S COOR 0.00 N .03 S .14 S .43 S .75 S	RDINATES E/W COOR 0.00 E .13 E .36 E .47 E .49 E	D06 LEG 0.0 1.7 .6 .6
150	149.99	.50	S 70.00 E	.93 S	.67 E	1.5
180	179.99	.50	5 24.00 E	1.11 5	.86 E	1.3
210	209.99	.50	S 33.00 E	1.34 S	.98 E	.3
240	239.99	.50	S 17.00 E	1.57 S	1.09 E	.5
270	269.99	.50	S 12.00 W	1.83 S	1.10 E	. 8
300	299.99	.75	S 25.00 W	2.14 S	1.00 E	.1 .,0
330	329.98	.75	S 0.00 W	2.52 S	.92 E	1.1
360	359.98	.50	S 42.00 E	2.82 S	1.03 E	1.7
390	389.98	.50	S 42.00 E	3.02 S	1.21 E	.0
420	419.98	.75	S 54.00 E	3.23 S	1.45 E	• 9
450	449.98	.50	S 40.00 E	3.46 \$	1.69 E	1.0
480	479.98	.50	S 62.00 E	3.62 S	1.89 E	. 6 . 1
510	509.98	.50	S 60.00 E	3.75 S	2.12 E	
:540	539.97	.75	;5 <i>;</i> 50.00 E	3.93 S	2.39 E	. 9
570	569.97	.50	S 22.00 E	4.20 S	2.58 E	1.3
600	599.97	.50	S 8.00 E	4.45 ₃ S	2.65 E	. 4
630	629.97	.50	S 10.00 W	4.71 S	2.64 E	.5
660	659.97	.50	S 3.00 E	4.97 5	2.62 E	.5 .4
. 690	689.97	.50	S 14.00 W	5.23 S	2.60 E	.5
720	719.97	.75	S 17.00 W	5.55 S	2.51 E	.5 .8
750	749.96	.50	S 35.00 E	-5.86 S	2.56 E	. 1
780	779.96	.50	S 43.00 E	6.06 S	2.73 E	. 2
810	809,96	.75	S 20.00 E	6.34 5	2.90 E	1.2
840	839.96	.50	S 22.00 E	6.64 S	3.01 E	.8
870	869196	.50	S 43.00 E	6.86 S	3.15 E	.6
900			S 20.00 E		3.29 E	.7
	CLOSURE	IS	7.81 FEET AT S	24.90 E	. 1	
	SURVEY AT 920 FT					
920	919.96	.50	S 20.00 E	7.25 S	3.35 E	.0
	CLOSURE	IS	7.99 FEET AT S	24.80 E	-	