Mies (aut S19 T49 R78 1851 well 3 5F100694D Kohlmein # 2352 Collier co GEOLOGISTS LOG OF MC-5002 5.18 TWP 49 RGE 28 Lithology picks. Sand, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2), quartz, fine-grained, 0-3.5 unfossiliferous. Limestone, mostly yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2 to 5 Y 8/2) with 3.5-11 some dark vellowish brown (10 YR 6/6) iron oxide surface staining, texturally variable (biomicrite and biosparite). Fossils include mollusks and corals (including Montastrea annularis), which commonly have a chalk appearance and are very soft. Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) with moderate olive brown 11-15 (5 Y 4/4) to olive gray (5 Y 3/2) iron oxide surface staining. biosparite, hard, high porosity. Minor (several percent) finegrained, quartz Sand. Fossils include chalky appearing mollusk fragments, corals are less abundant than above. Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), with moderate olive brown (5 Y 4/4) to olive gray (5 Y 3/2) iron oxide surface staining from 15-17, biosparite, hard, high porosity, very high permeability, major loss of mud circulation at about 17'. Minor (several percent) fine-grained quartz Sand. Minor large, diagenetically altered aragonitic mollusk fragments, common molds after small bivalves. Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) to very pale orange (10 20-34 YR 8/2), biosparite, hard, moderate to high porosity including common molds after aragonitic mollusk shells. Minor (several percent) fine-grained quartz Sand. Limestone, medium light gray (N6) to light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), biosparite, moderate hardness, moderate to high porosity, including common molds after aragonitic mollusk shells. Minor (several percent) very fine to fine-grained quartz sand. Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), biosparite, moderate hardness, moderate to high porosity including common molds after aragonitic mollusk shells. Minor (several percent) very

fine to fine-grained quartz sand. Limestone consists of

abundant large fossils (mollusks) in a carbonate sand matrix.

50-55

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), biosparite, moderate hardness (somewhat softer than above), moderate to high porosity including common molds after aragonitic mollusk shells. Minor (several percent) very fine to fine-grained quartz sand. Limestone consists of abundant large fossils (mollusks) in a carbonate sand matrix.

55-60

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), biopelsparite, soft (generally semifriable), moderate to high porosity, finer grained (fine to medium-grained) than overlying limestone. Minor (several percent) very fine to fine-grained quartz sand. Common calcitic mollusk shells.

60-75

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2 to 5 Y 6/2), biopeisparite, soft (generally semifriable), moderate to high porosity. Minor (several percent) very fine to fine-grained quartz sand. Minor (1%) calcitic mollusk shells.

75-80

Limestone (Coquina?), interval with extremely abundant fossils, thin-shelled calcite mollusk and minor bryozoans. Swift, rapid drilling rate. Matrix, if any, is carbonate Sand, no clay fragments were recovered. Minor phosphate.

80-85

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1 to 5 Y 7/2), biosparite, hard, moderate to high visible porosity (intergranular and moldic after aragonitic mollusks), minor (2-5%) quartz and (1-2%) very fine to fine sand-sized phosphate grains. Some large calcitic bivalves and internal casts of gastropods.

**85-110** 

Limestone, biosparite, hard, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1 to 5 Y 7/2), minor (2-5%) quartz (several and (1-2%) very fine to fine Sand-sized quartz phosphate grains. Some large calcitic bivalves and internal casts of gastropods, moderate to high visible porosity, intergranular and moldic after aragonitic mollusks. Minor (1-2%) glauconite from 100-110'.

110-125

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), slightly lighter colored than overlying limestone, biosparite, hard, moderate to high visible intergranular porosity, common quartz (3-10%), trace (< 1%) phosphate. Some large calcitic bivalves and internal casts of gastropods.

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), quartz biosparite, hard, moderate to high visible porosity, 10-20+% very fine to fine-grained quartz, Minor medium gray (N5) to medium olive gray (5 Y 7/1) biomicrite.

Sandstone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), quartz and less abundant carbonate grains, fine-grained, fossiliferous, hard (not friable), moderate porosity, common calcitic bivalves. Trace phosphate grains, mostly silt and very fine sand-sized.

Sandstone, moderate olive brown (5 Y 4/4) and yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), quartz, fine-grained, muddy, fossiliferous, calcitecemented, moderate hardness and porosity. Fossils consist mostly of large bivalves.

Sandstone, yellowish gray (5 Y. 7/2) and/to light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), quartz, fine-grained, muddy, fossiliferous, calcitecemented, moderate hardness and porosity. Fossils consist mostly of large bivalves.

Sand, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2 to 5 Y 6/2), quartz and less abundant carbonate grains, very fine to fine-grained, trace very-fine grained phosphate grains. Sand predominantly produced during drilling, few large cuttings.

Limestone, grayish orange (10 YR 7/4 to 10 YR 7/6), biosparite, hard, high visible intergranular and moldic porosity, minor sand-sized phosphate grains. Limestone consists of large fossils (bivalves, gastropods and minor bryozoans) in a carbonate sand matrix.

Limestone, biosparite, hard, High visible intergranular and moldic porosity, grayish orange (10 YR 7/4 to 10 YR 7/6). Large fossils (bivalves, gastropods and minor bryozoans) in a carbonate Sand matrix. Minor sand-sized phosphate grains. At 264' some white (N9) to yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) biomicrite cuttings.

Limestone, grayish orange (10 YR 7/4 to 10 YR 7/6) to yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), predominantly biosparite, hard, moderate to high visible intergranular and moldic porosity. Limestone consists of large fossils (bivalves and minor bryozoans) in a carbonate sand matrix. Some coarse shelly fragments have a very high moldic porosity.

135-160

160-180

180-200

200-252

252-270

255-270

Clay, very pale yellowish gray (5 Y 8/2) to pale greenish yellow (10 Y 8/2) and greenish gray (5 GY 6/1), subsidiary amounts of silt and very fine sand-sized quartz grains, soft, very low permeability, minor phosphate. Minor (5-10%) sandstone, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), quartz, fine-grained, and

limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), quartz biomicrite.

Clay, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) to pale greenish yellow (10 Y 7/2) and pale yellowish gray (5 Y 8/2) and pale greenish yellow (10 Y 8/2), abundant silt and fine sand-sized quartz, soft, very low permeability. Minor (1-3%) sand-sized phosphate grains.

Clay, greenish gray (5 GY 6/1 to 5 GY 5/1), abundant silt and fine sand-sized quartz and common medium sand-sized and coarser quartz grains, soft, very low permeability. Minor (1-3%) sand-sized phosphate grains.

Clay, pale olive (10 Y 6/2) and yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1 to 5 Y 7/2), subsidiary amounts of silt and fine sand-sized quartz, soft, very low permeability, minor (1-3%) sand-sized phosphate grains. Common medium sand-sized and coarser quartz grains from about 333' to 335'

Clay, greenish gray (5 GY 6/1 to 5 GY 5/1), relatively little quartz silt and sand, soft, very low permeability. Minor (1-3%) very fine and fine sand-sized phosphate grains. Very minor limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), packed biomicrite, high moldic porosity after aragonitic mollusks,.

Clay, pale olive (10 YR 6/2) and less commonly greenish gray (5 Y 5/1 to 5 Y 6/1), subsidiary amounts of silt and very fine-grained quartz sand, soft, very low permeability. Minor (1-3%) very fine and fine sand-sized phosphate grains.

Clay, pale olive (10 YR 6/2) to greenish gray (5 Y 6/1 to 5 Y 5/1), subsidiary amounts of silt and very fine-grained quartz sand, soft, very low permeability. Common (3-5%) very fine sand to granule-sized phosphate grains. Phosphate concentration is significantly higher than in overlying clay.

Limestone, very light gray (N8), biosparite to packed biomicrite, hard, non-friable, moderate visible intergranular porosity, minor (1-2%) silt and very fine sand-sized phosphate

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300-310

310-318

318-335

335-340

340-365

265\_204

grains. Minor (0-5%) very fine-grained quartz. Abundant mollusk fragments, mostly calcitic bivalves.

Limestone, yellowish-gray (5 Y 7/2) to pale greenish-yellow (10 Y 8/2), biomicrite, slightly sandy, moderately soft to moderately hard, phosphatic, abundant (50%) shell fragments (bivalves), common (5-10%) phosphate grains, high porosity (moldic).

Limestone, light gray (N7), biomicrite, moderately soft to moderately hard, phosphatic, high moldic porosity, trace 1 mm phosphate grains.

Dolomite, pale olive (10 Y 6/2), microsucrosic, hard, phosphatic, trace sand-sized phosphate grains, high apparent porosity, moderate to low permeability, ~30% shell mixed with dolomite at 417'.

Limestone, very light gray (N8) to white (N9), biomicrite, moderately soft to moderately hard, phosphatic, abundant shell (bivalve) and coral fragments, high porosity (moldic).

Limestone, yellowish-gray (5 Y 7/2), biocalcarenite (biosparite), moderately soft, phosphatic, abundant fossils (including echinoderm and coral fragments), high porosity (moldic).

Limestone, white (N9), biomicrite, sandy, moderately soft, phosphatic, abundant shell (30%), high porosity (moldic).

Limestone, white (N9), biomicrite, moderately soft, phosphatic, abundant (30%) shell fragments, high porosity (moldic).

Limestone, white (N9), biomicrite, slightly sandy (quartz), moderately hard, phosphatic, abundant shell fragments (bivalves and foraminifera), very high moldic porosity.

Limestone, yellowish-gray (5 Y 7/2), biomicrite, moderately hard, phosphatic, very high moldic porosity.

Limestone, very light gray (N8), biomicrite, moderately hard to hard, phosphatic, high to very high moldic porosity. Sand (quartz) concentration increases below 452'.

403-414

414-415

415-417

417-427

427-430

430-432

432-435

435-440

440-447

Limestone, yellowish-gray (5 Y 7/2), biomicrite, sandy, hard, phosphatic, high moldic porosity.

Limestone, yellowish-gray (5 Y 7/2), calcarenite (poorly cemented biosparite), hard, phosphatic, abundant (30%) shell fragments, high porosity (intergranular moldic).

Limestone, yellowish-gray (5 Y 7/2) to dusky yellow (5 Y 6/4), calcarenite (poorly cemented biosparite), moderate soft, phosphatic, high porosity (intergranular). Fossil abundance decreased from 471 to 474 feet.

Limestone, yellowish-gray (5 Y 7/2) to pale olive (10 Y 6/2), calcarenite (poorly cemented biosparite), moderately soft, phosphatic, , abundant coral fragments, high apparent intergranular and moldic porosity.

Limestone (90%), yellowish-gray to pale olive, as above. Clay (10%), pale olive (10 Y 6/2), partially lithified, stiff, low apparent porosity, very low permeability.

Limestone, yellowish-gray (5 Y 7/2) to pale olive (10 Y 6/2), calcarenite (poorly cemented biopelsparite, moderately soft, high good intergranular and moldic porosity.

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2 - 5 Y 8/1), biopelsparite, moderate hardness, moderate to high porosity, mostly intergranular, much less abundantly moldic after aragonitic bivalves. Minor (1-2%) very fine sand-sized phosphate grains. Limestone consists predominantly of fine-grained carbonate sands with sparse larger (millimeter-sized) fossil fragments, including bivalves and gastropods.

Limestone, very pale olive (10 Y 7/2 to 10 Y 7/4) and yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), biosparite, moderate hardness, high porosity, mostly intergranular, much less abundantly moldic after aragonitic bivalves. Minor (1-2%) very fine sand-sized phosphate grains. Calcitic fossil fragments (bivalves and bryozoans) are much more abundant than in overlying limestone (10%). Minor very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) packed biomicrite was encountered at about 492 feet.

Marl, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) to very pale olive (10 Y 6/2), abundant very fine to fine-grained sand (carbonate), soft, very

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461-474

474-475

475-478

478-481

481-492

492-5M

low permeability, common (10%) large fossil fragments (calcitic bivalves and bryozoans), 2-4% sand-sized phosphate grains, trace granule-sized phosphate grains.

505-509

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), packed biomicrite and less abundantly biosparite (calcarenite), moderate hardness, moderate porosity, larger fossils include calcitic bivalves and casts of gastropods, 1-3% very fine to fine-grained phosphate grains.

509-511

Mari, pale olive (10 Y 6/2), fossiliferous (calcitic bivalves), soft, abundant carbonate sand, very low permeability.

511-513

Limestone, dolomite, and mari (subequal abundances). Limestone: yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), packed biomicrite and less abundantly biosparite, moderate hardness, moderate porosity.

Dolomite: yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), microsucrosic.

Mari, dusky yellowish green (5 GY 5/2), silty, fossiliferous (calcitic bivalves), soft, very low permeability.

513-517

Clay, dusky yellowish green (5 GY 5/2), silty, fossiliferous (calcitic bivalves), soft, very low permeability, 1-2% very coarse sand to granule-sized phosphate grains.

517-523

Marl, pale olive (10 YR 6/2) to yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), abundant very fine-grained quartz and carbonate sand (may be more of a muddy sand), fossiliferous (calcitic bivalves), 2-4% very fine sand-sized and trace very coarse sand to granule-sized phosphate grains. Minor (<10%) limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) biosparite.

523-525

Limestone, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), biosparite (calcarenite) and packed biomicrite, hard, low to moderate porosity (moldic after aragonitic fossils), 2-3% very fine to fine-grained phosphate. Large (millimeter-sized) fossil fragments include echinoderms and calcitic bivaives.

525-530

Limestone, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), packed biomicrite, hard, moderate porosity (moldic after aragonito fossils), 2-3% very fine to fine-grained phosphate. Large (millimeter-sized) fossil fragments include echinoderms and calcitic bivalves. Matrix has a silty appearance.

	GEOLOGISTS LOG OF MC-5002
530-535	Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), packed biomicrite (abundant mollusks) and minor (5-10%) biosparite, hard, low porosity. Minor dolomite, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1) at about 530 feet and 532-535 feet, which occurs as a microcrystalline replacement of the micrite matrix. Aragonite mollusk shells are consist of neomorphic and/or cement calcite.
535-542	Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), packed biomicrite and minor (5-10%) biosparite, hard, moderate porosity, fossil include: calcitic bivalves, and molds and casts or aragonitic bivalves and gastropods. Minor (1-2%) sand-sized phosphate grains.
542-546.5	Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) to very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), poorly cemented biosparite (calcarenite), soft, friable, moderate porosity and permeability, 1-3% sand-sized phosphate. Large fossils include bivalves, echinoid spines, and bryozoan fragments. The limestone from 545-546.5 feet is very poorly lithified or unlithified.
546.5-549.5	Dolomite, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), microsucrosic, fossiliferous, hard, moderate to high porosity (moldic after aragonitic fossils) and intercrystalline. Dolomite contains some unreplaced calcite.
549.5-552	Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), packed biomicrite, hard, moderate porosity (mostly moldic after aragonitic bivalves, minor large calcitic bivalve fragments, 1-2% sand-sized phosphate.
552-559	Limestone, very light olive gray (5 Y 7/1) to very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), poorly cemented biosparite (calcarenite), soft, friable, moderate porosity, 5-8% very fine sand-sized phosphate.
559-560	Dolomite, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), microsucrosic, fossiliferous, hard, moderate to high porosity (moldic after aragonitic fossils) and intercrystalline. Dolomite contains some unreplaced calcite.

Mari, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), sandy (carbonate), very soft.

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), poorly cemented biopelsparite (calcarenite), fine-grained, soft, friable, high

SCANNER

porosity, trace phosphate, large fossil fragments are sparse.

Fossils include formerly aragonitic mollusks, calcitic bivalves,

65-569

Limestone, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2) to yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), packed biomicrite, hard, moderate porosity (moldic after aragonitic mollusks), 1-2% sand-sized phosphate.

and bryozoans.

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), biosparite (calcarenite), soft to moderately hard, semi-friable, moderate to high porosity, 5-10% sand-sized phosphate. Limestone consists of large (millimeter and greater-sized) bivalves and bryozoans

in a fine-grained carbonate sand matrix.

Marl, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) to very pale olive (10 Y 7/2), sandy (calcareous), fossiliferous (bivalves and bryozoans),

soft, 5-10% very fine to fine sand-sized phosphate.

Sandstone, light to medium olive gray (5 Y 5/2 to 5 Y 4/2), very fine to fine-grained, soft, semifriable, moderate porosity, minor fossils (calcitic bivaives and bryozoans), very mild

reaction to hydrochloric acid.

Clay, dark olive gray (10 Y 3/2) and some light to medium olive gray (5 Y 6/1 to 5 Y 5/1), abundant quartz silt, soft, fossiliferous (calcitic bivalves), 5-10% silt to granule-sized

phosphate grains.

Clay, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), abundant quartz silt, soft, fossiliferous (calcitic bivalves and echnoids), 5-10% silt to granule-sized phosphate grains. Approximately 10% limestone from 592-595 feet, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1 to 5 Y

7/2), biopelmicrite to biopelsparite.

Clay, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1, abundant quartz silt, fossiliferous (calcitic bivalves and echnoids), 5% silt to

granule-sized phosphate grains.

Dolomite, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2) to yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), microsucrosic, very hard, dense, low to moderate porosity (some vuggy pores), phosphate is abundant (10-20%) from 600-601, where it occurs as same sized grains and millimeter-sized concretions. Common (5%) unreplaced calcitic

bivalves.

569-579

579-582.5

582.5-588

588-590

590-595

505-600

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662-665	Clay/marl, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2) to very pale olive (10 Y 7/2) to very pale greenish gray (5 GY 7/1), fossiliferous (bryozoans and minor bivalves), soft, trace very coarse sand to granule-sized phosphate. Contains abundant sift to very fine sand-sized peloids. Mild hydrochloric acid reaction.
665-667	Clay, very pale greenish gray (5 GY 7/1), minor fossils (bryozoans), soft, trace phosphate. More cohesive (clayey) than marl at 662-665 feet. Contains abundant silt to very fine sand-sized peloids.
667-669	Marl, pale olive (10 Y 6/2), minor fossils (bryozoans), soft. Minor siltstone-very fine-grained sandstone, pale olive (10 Y 6/2), poorly cemented, friable.
669-670	Marl, very pale yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), fossiliferous (bryozoans), very low volume of coarse cuttings.
670-671.5	Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) to very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), biosparite (calcarenite), moderate hardness, high porosity, abundant large fossil fragments (calcitic bivalves and bryozoans), 2-3% phosphate fragments and granules.
671.5-676.5	Dolomite and marl Dolomite: medium olive gray (5 Y 5/1 and 5 Y 4/1), microsucrosic, very hard, low porosity, replacement of micrite. Marl: yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), silty, soft, 5% phosphate.
676.5-678.5	Dolomite, pale to medium olive (10 Y 6/2 to 10 Y 5/2), microsucrosic, hard, high porosity, trace phosphate.
678.5-679.5	Mari, pale olive (10 Y 6/2), silty, soft, minor bivalve fragments, 1-3% very coarse sand to granule-sized phosphate grains.
679.5-683.5	Dolomite, pale olive (10 Y 6/2), microsucrosic, very hard, moderate to high porosity (mostly intercrystalline), 1-2% sand to granule-sized phosphate, 2-3% white calcitic shell fragments.
683.5-684.5	Marl, fossiliferous, very little recovery.
684.5-693.5	Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), poorly cemented biosparite, variable hardness, moderate to high porosity, minor bivalves, 1-5% sand-sized phosphate (abundance is

variable).

693.5-694.5

Limestone, dolomite, and marl (minor).

Limestone: yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1) packed biomicrite to biosparite (calcarenite).

Dolomite, very pale olive to pale olive (10 Y 7/2 to 10 Y 6/2),

microsucrosic.

Marl, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), soft.

694.5-717

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), poorly cemented biopelsparite, fine to medium-grained, soft (friable) to moderately hard (variable), high porosity, very minor large fossils (bivalves and bryozoans), only trace phosphate.

717-722

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), biopelmicrite/sparite, hard to moderately hard, low to moderate porosity, 1-2% sand-sized phosphate. Darker and more phosphatic than overlying limestone.

722-725

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), biopelsparite (calcarenite), fine-grained, moderate hardness, moderate porosity, trace (< 1%) sand-sized phosphate. Trace (1%) large fossils (bivalves).

725-728

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), biopelmicrite, moderate hardness, moderate porosity (moldic after aragonitic mollusks).

728-734

Limestone, light gray (N8) to yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), biosparite, fine to medium-grained, 5% quartz, hard, moderate porosity, trace phosphate. Some moldic pores after aragonitic mollusks from 730-734 feet.

724-749

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), biopelsparite, hard, moderate porosity, trace phosphate and minor large (millimeter-sized) fossils (bivalves). Minor (10%) dolomite, pale olive (10 Y 6/2), microsucrosic, most common 738-740 feet.

742-755

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), packed biomicrite, hard, low porosity (moldic after aragonitic fossils), 2-5% skeletal phosphate grains. Large fossils include: calcitic bivalves, casts and molds of aragonitic bivalves and gastropods, neomorphosed and/or cement-filled molds of aragonitic

mollusks, and corals from 754-755.

755-758

Limestone, very pale orange (10 YR 8/2), coral, neomorphosed, hard, very low porosity in cuttings. There could still be a high "intercoral" porosity in this interval.

758-762

Limestone, very light olive gray (5 Y 7/1), biopelsparite (calcarenite), fine-grained carbonate sand with minor larger fossil fragments, moderate hardness, high porosity, 1-5% phosphate (skeletal fragments and black grains). Larger fossil include: molds of aragonitic bivalves and gastropods, calcitic bivalves, and echnoids.

762-799.5

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), biopelsparite and possible minor (<5%) biomicrite, fine to medium-grained carbonate sand with some (< 10%) larger fossils, moderately hard to hard (variable), moderate porosity (moldic and intergranular), trace very fine-grained phosphate sand. Fossils include calcitic bivalves, echinoderms, foraminifera, mollusk casts and molds, and neomorphosed and/or cement-filled molds of aragonitic mollusks.

799.5-800

Limestone, very light olive gray (5 Y 7/1) to light gray (N7). quartz biopelmicrite/sparite, abundant very fine to fine-grained quartz sand.

800-808.5

Dolomite, pale yellowish brown (10 YR 6/2) to very light olive gray (5 Y 6/2) to yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), dense, microsucrosic, extremely hard, no visible porosity, structureless, no ghosts of precursor.

808.5-814.5

Dolomite, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2) to (5 Y 6/2), microsucrosic, replacement of fossiliferous limestone, very hard, low to moderate porosity (moldic and ?vuggy).

814.5-817

Limestone, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), biomicrite/sparite, very fine to fine-grained, soft to moderately hard, low to moderate porosity. Limestone appears to consist of sand grains in a marty/clayey matrix.

817-818.5

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2), poorly cemented biopelsparite (calcarenite), very fine to fine-grained, soft to moderately hard, moderate to high porosity, minor calcitic fossil fragments.

-818.5-822

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), poorly cemented biopelsparite, very fine to fine-grained, soft to moderately hard (semi-friable), high porosity (intergranular and minor moldic after aragonitic fossils), large fossil fragments were not observed. Marl encountered in the 818.5 to 819.5 interval.

822-825

Limestone, yellowish gray (5 Y 8/1), biopelsparite/micrite (calcarenite), hard (not friable), moderate porosity (intergranular and minor moldic after aragonitic fossils). Large (millimeter-sized fossil fragments are common and include calcitic bivalves and molds and casts of aragonitic bivalves and gastropods.

825-829.5

Dolomite, light olive gray (5 Y 5/2), microsucrosic, very hard, low porosity, sandy appearance. This dolomite formed by replacement of carbonate sand.

829.5-832.5

Sand, yellowish gray (5 Y 7/2 to 5 Y 8/1), very fine to fine-grained quartz, minor marl at 829.5.

832.5-840

Limestone, very pale yellowish brown (10 YR 7/2), quartz biomicrite, 30+% quartz sand, approaches a sandstone composition, hard, low to moderate porosity.

840-843

Limestone (70%) and sandstone (30%)
Limestone: very pale yellowish brown (10 YR 7/2), quartz biomicrite/biosparite, 30+% quartz sand, hard, moderate porosity, identifiable fossils includes mollusks.
Sandstone: light olive gray (10 YR 6/2) to medium light gray

Sandstone: light olive gray (10 YR 6/2) to medium light gray (N6) and very pale yellowish brown (10 YR 7/2), calcareous, fine-grained, fossiliferous, hard, low to moderate porosity (moldic after aragonitic fossils).

843-854

Limestone, very pale yellowish brown (10 YR 7/2), poorly cemented biopelsparite (calcarenite), soft (semifriable), high porosity (intergranular and moldic), fossils include bivalves and 1-2 millimeter-sized foraminifera. Minor (<5%) micritic lithologies are present that are hard and lower porosities.

954-980

Sand, light olive gray (5 Y 6/1), very fine to fine-grained quartz, 2-3% black phosphate sand grains.