

**APPENDIX I
CERTIFICATIONS OF WELL
COMPLETION**



Florida Department of Environmental Protection

Twin Towers Office Bldg., 2600 Blair Stone Road,
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

DEP Form No:	62-528-6900(10)
Form Title:	Certification of Monitor Well Completion
Effective Date:	
DEP Application No.:	(Filled in by DEP)

INJECTION WELL AND ASSOCIATED MONITOR WELL(S)

(fill out one form per injection well)

Facility Name: Western Water Treatment Plant
 Owners Name: City of Miramar
 Address: 4100 South Flamingo Road
 City: Miramar State: Florida Zip: 33027
 Well Contractor's Name: Youngquist Brothers, Inc. - Ed McCullers
 Title: Vice President State License No.: 2172
 Address: 15465 Pine Ridge Road
 City: Fort Myers State: Florida Zip: 33908

Injection Well Name: Concentrate Injection Well IW-1

Well Location: City of Miramar Western Water Treatment Plant

UCI Construction Permit: 153722-003-UC Date Issued: July 18, 2005

Well Purpose: Disposal of concentrate effluent from the nanofiltration of Biscayne aquifer raw water.

Associated Monitor Well(s) Name(s): Dual-Zone Monitor Well DZMW-1

Number of monitor wells associated with injection well: 1

Depth Interval(s) Monitored: DZMW-1 Upper Zone 1,639 to 1,738 feet below pad level (bpl); DZMW-1 Lower Zone 1,930 to 2,005 feet bpl

Injection Well State Planar Coordinates (NAD83): N595,463.12: E878,107.67

Monitor Well State Planar Coordinates (NAD83): N595,578.17: E878,108.63

Location Relative to Injection Wells (s):

Please indicate distance (in feet) and the direction from each injection well for which the monitor Well is associated, distance and direction from a specified point at the injection facility, and the address where the well is located.

DZMW-1 is 110 feet south of IW-1; DZMW-1 and IW-1 are approximately 500 feet east of the water treatment plant process building, and the facility is located at 4100 S. Flamingo Road, Miramar, Florida 33027

Injection Well Actual Dimensions:

Injection Tubing is 9.76 inches Outer Diameter, with a nominal 0.45-inch Wall Thickness.

Final Steel Casing is 16 inches Outer Diameter, with a 0.50-inch Wall Thickness

Injection Tubing Depth: 3,033 feet; Final Casing Depth: 3,095 feet; Well Total Depth: 3,179 feet

Deviations from the application and plans approved by the Department:

None



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Facility Name: Western Water Treatment Plant
 Owners Name: City of Miramar
 Address: 4100 South Flamingo Road
 City: Miramar State: Florida Zip: 33027
 Well Contractor's Name: Youngquist Brothers, Inc. - Ed McCullers
 Title: Vice President State License No.: 2172
 Address: 15465 Pine Ridge Road
 City: Fort Myers State: Florida Zip: 33908

Injection Well Name: Concentrate Injection Well IW-2

Well Location: City of Miramar Western Water Treatment Plant

UCI Construction Permit: 153722-003-UC Date Issued: July 18, 2005

Well Purpose: Disposal of concentrate effluent from the nanofiltration of Biscayne aquifer raw water.

Associated Monitor Well(s) Name(s): Dual-Zone Monitor Well DZMW-1

Number of monitor wells associated with injection well: 1

Depth Interval(s) Monitored: DZMW-1 Upper Zone 1,639 to 1,738 feet below pad level (bpl); DZMW-1 Lower Zone 1,930 to 2,005 feet bpl

Injection Well State Planar Coordinates (NAD83): N595,685.54: E878,099.04

Monitor Well State Planar Coordinates (NAD83): N595,578.17: E878,108.63

Location Relative to Injection Wells (s):
Please indicate distance (in feet) and the direction from each injection well for which the monitor Well is associated, distance and direction from a specified point at the injection facility, and the address where the well is located.

DZMW-1 is 110 feet south of IW-2; DZMW-1 and IW-2 are approximately 500 feet east of the water treatment plant process building, and the facility is located at 4100 S. Flamingo Road, Miramar, Florida 33027

Injection Well Actual Dimensions:
Injection Tubing is 9.76 inches Outer Diameter, with a nominal 0.45-inch Wall Thickness.
Final Steel Casing is 16 inches Outer Diameter, with a 0.50-inch Wall Thickness
Injection Tubing Depth 2,967 feet; Final Casing Depth: 3,040 feet; Well Total Depth: 3,508 feet

Deviations from the application and plans approved by the Department:
None

APPENDIX J
FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

**List of Injection/Monitor Wells Covered by the Certification of Financial Responsibility
Submitted by the City of Miramar**

Facility Name: Injection Well IW-1
Facility Address: City of Miramar Western Water Treatment Plant
4101 SW 136th Avenue
Miramar, Florida
Facility Contact: Bill Knee/Gene Pennetti
Phone Number: (954) 438-1231
State Planar Coordinates (NAD83) of Injection Well: N595,463.12: E878,107.67
DEP/EPA Identification Number:
Current Plugging and Abandonment Cost Estimate: \$ 403,056

Facility Name: Injection Well IW-2
Facility Address: City of Miramar Western Water Treatment Plant
4101 SW 136th Avenue
Miramar, Florida
Facility Contact: Bill Knee
Phone Number: (954) 438-1231/Gene Pennetti
Latitude/Longitude of Injection Well: N595,685.54: E878,099.04
DEP/EPA Identification Number:
Current Plugging and Abandonment Cost Estimate: \$ 403,056

Facility Name: Dual-Zone Monitor Well DZMW-1
Facility Address: City of Miramar Western Water Treatment Plant
4101 SW 136th Avenue
Miramar, Florida
Facility Contact: Bill Knee/Gene Pennetti
Phone Number: (954) 438-1231
Latitude/Longitude of Injection Well: N595,578.17: E878,108.63
DEP/EPA Identification Number:
Current Plugging and Abandonment Cost Estimate: \$ 112,672

**UPDATED
PLUGGING AND ABANDONMENT
PLAN**



City of Miramar

Plugging and Abandonment Plan for City of Miramar Injection Well System

November 2005



Plugging and Abandonment Plan for City of Miramar Injection Well System

This Plugging and Abandonment (P&A) Plan outlines the procedures and costs for plugging and abandoning the two injection wells and one dual zone monitor well located at the City of Miramar Western Water Treatment Plant (WTP). In the event that the injection well system has to be abandoned, the injection zones must be effectively plugged and sealed. This would prevent the upward migration of fluid from the injection zone and/or an interchange of formation waters between aquifers. Well design details are provided in Figure 1 through Figure 3.

This plan describes a procedure for plugging each of the two injection wells and the lower zone of the monitoring well using bridge plugs; and the sealing of the upper annular monitor zone using gravel and cement. In this procedure, a bridge plug is initially set approximately 10 feet below the base of the 16-inch final steel casing in each of the injection wells and in the final tubing of the monitor well. The casings are then plugged with cement above the bridge plug. The upper monitor zone annulus is filled with gravel in the open borehole, and cemented to land surface.

The following is a description of (1) the bridge plug method of abandonment for the injection wells and the lower zone of the monitor well; and (2) modifications to the plan that apply to the open annulus section (upper monitor zone) of the monitor well, where a bridge plug can not be set. The cost calculations allow for the purchase of all the materials necessary for these tasks, and represent an approximate cost for the plugging and abandonment of both injection wells and the dual zone monitor well, including a 20 percent contingency and estimated associated engineering costs.

- A. To plug the injection wells and the lower zone of the monitor well by the bridge plug method, the proposed plan is as follows:
1. Mobilize a drill rig, "kill" the well by filling the casing with 9.0 pounds per gallon (ppg) drilling mud, and remove the valve assembly and appurtenances from the wellhead.
 2. Set a bridge plug, consisting of a short section of threaded pipe with a bottom plug and a hydraulically operated packer, at approximately 10 feet below the bottom of the casing (Table 1). This bridge plug will be lowered to the bottom of the casing by a drill string consisting of threaded pipe, a "J" disconnect and an on/off tool followed by enough drill pipe to set the bridge plug.

Plugging and Abandonment Plan for City of Miramar Injection Well System

Table 1
Bridge Plug Setting Depths Based on Well Design

Well	Final Casing Depth	Approximate Bridge Plug Setting Depth
IW-1	3,095 feet bls	3,105 feet bls
IW-2	3,046 feet bls	3,056 feet bls
DZMW-1 Lower Zone	1,930 feet bls	1,940 feet bls

3. Expand the bridge plug and set it by pumping water or other fluid under pressure to the mechanical packer. The drill string will then be backed off, disconnecting at the "J" disconnect. A slurry of neat cement will be pumped in stages into the hole through a tremie pipe to the bridge plug assembly. The quantity of cement pumped should be equivalent to the volume of slurry required to fill the casing 20 to 25 feet above the top of the bridge plug.
4. The cement should be allowed to set for 24 hours and then tagged with a wire line to determine if sufficient fill up has been achieved.
5. The remainder of the casing will then be filled with neat cement.

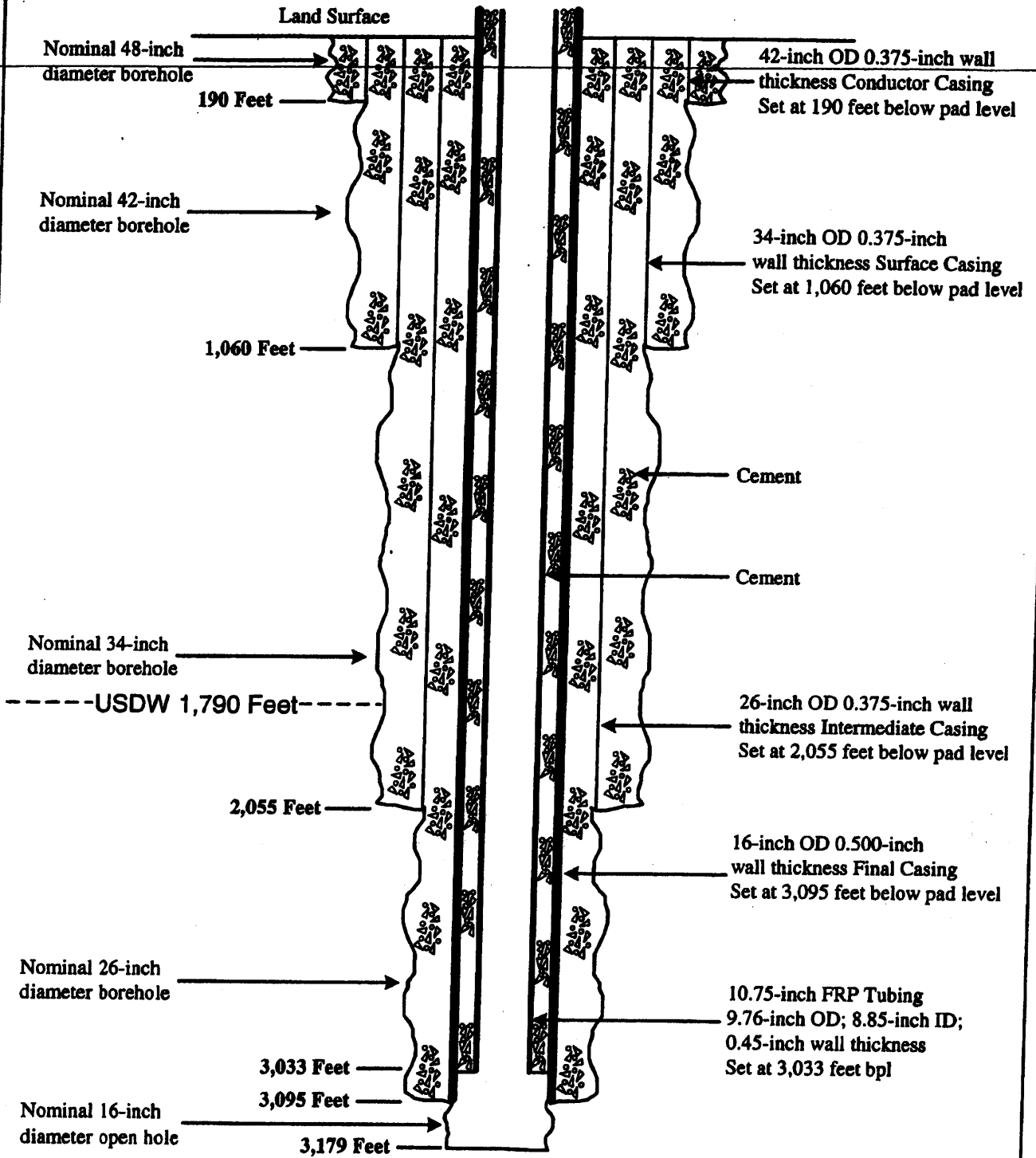
The method described above could be used to plug the injection wells and the lower zone (deep zone) section of the monitor well. However, the open annulus section in the upper, or shallow, zone of the monitor well can not be filled using this method. It will be necessary to plug the upper zone by filling the open hole portion of the well with gravel, tagging and pumping cement to land surface in stages.

B. To plug the upper zone of the monitor well by the gravel and cement method, the proposed plan is as follows:

1. Mobilize a drill rig, "kill" the well by filling the casing with 9.0 ppg drilling mud, and remove the valve assembly and appurtenances from the wellhead.
2. Add a volume of gravel to the well equal to the volume of the open hole section of the well. Fill the open formation with gravel to approximately 10 feet below the bottom of the casing, or a depth of approximately 1,649 feet bls.

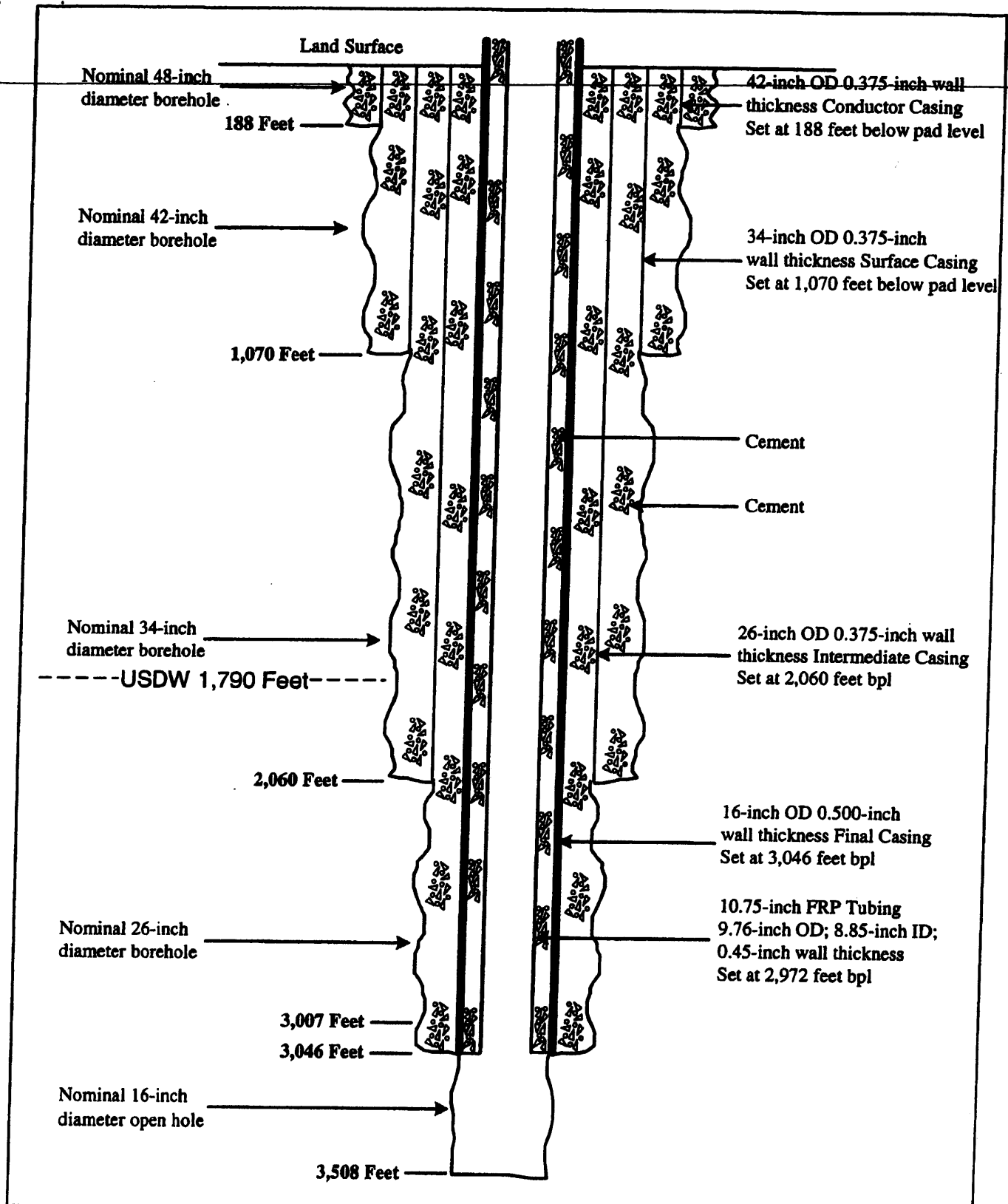
Plugging and Abandonment Plan for City of Miramar Injection Well System

3. Verify the depth to gravel by tagging with a wire line.
4. Pump a slurry of neat cement into the well through a tremie pipe to the top of the gravel and fill the annulus of the 16-inch diameter casing with cement slurry in stages to land surface.



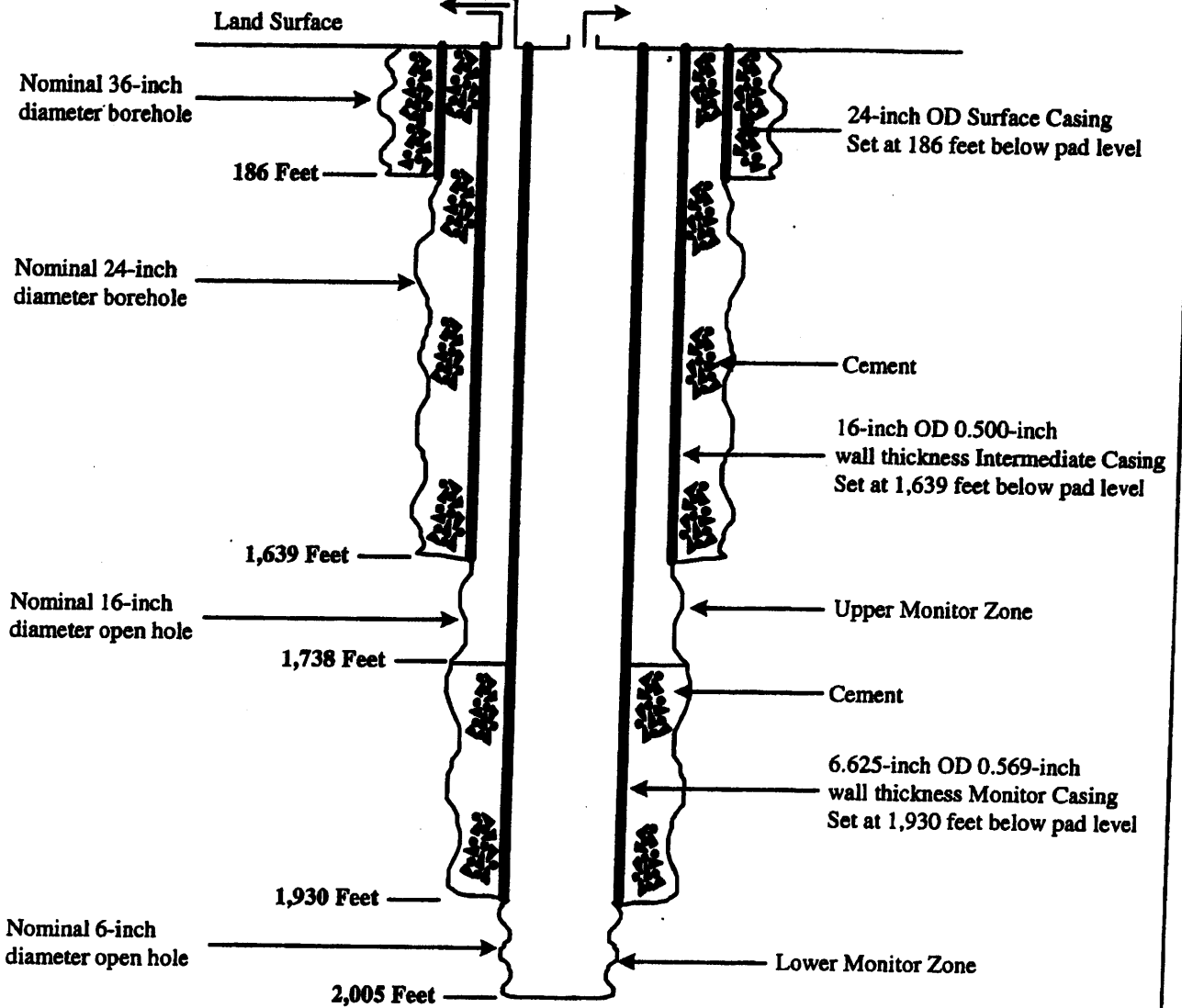
City of Miramar WTP
Injection Well - IW-1
Modified

Figure
1



City of Miramar WTP
Injection Well - IW-2
Modified

Figure
2



City of Miramar WTP
Dual Zone Monitor Well
DZMW-1

Figure
3

**PLUGGING AND ABANDONMENT
COST ESTIMATE**

**PLUGGING AND ABANDONMENT PLAN
FOR THE DEEP INJECTION WELL SYSTEM
CITY OF MIRAMAR WATER TREATMENT PLANT**

COST ESTIMATE

INJECTION WELLS

1. Mobilize the drill rig and "kill" the well	\$ 250,000
2. Purchase and install bridge plug and place neat Cement from 2,800 feet to land surface Approximately 1,196 cubic feet at \$20/cu ft	\$ 29,900
Per Injection Well TOTAL COST	\$ 279,900
For two (2) Injection Wells TOTAL COST	\$ 559,800
20 Percent Contingency - Injection Wells (2)	\$ 111,960
20 Percent Engineering Fees - Injection Wells (2)	\$ 134,352
TOTAL ESTIMATED COST - TWO INJECTION WELLS	\$ 806,112

DUAL ZONE MONITOR WELL

Lower Zone

1. Mobilize the drill rig and "kill" the well	\$ 25,000
2. Purchase and install bridge plug and place neat Cement from 2,100 feet to land surface Approximately 346 cubic feet at \$20/cu ft	\$ 18,500

Upper Zone

3. Fill open annular space with gravel Approximately 103 cubic feet at \$20/cu ft	\$ 2,060
3. Place neat cement from 1,600 feet to land surface Approximately 1646 cubic feet at \$20/cu ft	\$ 34,920
Monitor Well TOTAL COST	\$ 80,480
20 Percent Contingency - Monitor Well	\$ 16,096
20 Percent Engineering Fees - Monitor Well	\$ 16,096
TOTAL ESTIMATED COST - DUAL-ZONE MONITOR WELL	\$ 112,672

ROUNDED TOTAL ESTIMATED COST - INJECTION WELLS:	\$ 806,112
ROUNDED TOTAL ESTIMATED COST - MONITOR WELL:	\$ 115,000

This cost estimate does not include testing or monitoring prior to abandonment and assumes that the abandonment of each well will be conducted independently.

COVER LETTER

(g)1. Establishing a financial emergency board to oversee the activities of the local governmental entity or the district school board. If a financial emergency board is established for a local governmental entity, the Governor shall appoint board members and select a chair. If a financial emergency board is established for a district school board, the State Board of Education shall appoint board members and select a chair. The financial emergency board shall adopt such rules as are necessary for conducting board business. The board may:

- a. Make such reviews of records, reports, and assets of the local governmental entity or the district school board as are needed.
 - b. Consult with officials and auditors of the local governmental entity or the district school board and the appropriate state officials regarding any steps necessary to bring the books of account, accounting systems, financial procedures, and reports of the local governmental entity or the district school board into compliance with state requirements.
 - c. Review the operations, management, efficiency, productivity, and financing of functions and operations of the local governmental entity or the district school board.
2. The recommendations and reports made by the financial emergency board must be submitted to the Governor for local governmental entities or to the Commissioner of Education and the State Board of Education for district school boards for appropriate action.

(h) Requiring and approving a plan, to be prepared by officials of the local governmental entity or the district school board in consultation with the appropriate state officials, prescribing actions that will cause the local governmental entity or district school board to no longer be subject to this section. The plan must include, but need not be limited to:

1. Provision for payment in full of obligations outlined in subsection (1), designated as priority items, that are currently due or will come due.
2. Establishment of priority budgeting or zero-based budgeting in order to eliminate items that are not affordable.
3. The prohibition of a level of operations which can be sustained only with nonrecurring revenues.

(4) A local governmental entity or district school board may not seek application of laws under the bankruptcy provisions of the United States Constitution except with the prior approval of the Governor for local governmental entities or the Commissioner of Education for district school boards.

(5)(a) The governing authority of any municipality having a resident population of 300,000 or more on or after April 1, 1999, which has been declared in a state of financial emergency pursuant to this section may impose a discretionary per-vehicle surcharge of up to 20 percent on the gross revenues of the sale, lease, or rental of space at parking facilities within the municipality which are open for use to the general public.

(b) A municipal governing authority that imposes the surcharge authorized by this subsection may use the proceeds of such surcharge for the following purposes only:

1. No less than 60 percent and no more than 80 percent of the surcharge proceeds shall be used by the governing authority to reduce its ad valorem tax millage rate or to reduce or eliminate non-ad valorem assessments.
2. A portion of the balance of the surcharge proceeds shall be used by the governing authority to increase its budget reserves; however, the governing authority shall not reduce the amount it allocates for budget reserves from other sources below the amount

allocated for reserves in the fiscal year prior to the year in which the surcharge is initially imposed. When a 15-percent budget reserve is achieved, based on the average gross revenue for the most recent 3 prior fiscal years, the remaining proceeds from this subparagraph shall be used for the payment of annual debt service related to outstanding obligations backed or secured by a covenant to budget and appropriate from non-ad valorem revenues.

(c) This subsection expires June 30, 2006.

History.--s. 8, ch. 79-183; s. 54, ch. 89-169; s. 1180, ch. 95-147; s. 27, ch. 96-324; s. 29, ch. 97-96; s. 132, ch. 99-251; s. 1, ch. 2001-354; s. 35, ch. 2004-305.

218.5031 Ratification of certain municipal parking surcharges.--Any ordinance of any municipality imposing a surcharge pursuant to s. 132, chapter 99-251, Laws of Florida, is hereby ratified. All acts and proceedings, including enforcement procedures, taken in connection with a parking surcharge imposed by a municipality pursuant to s. 132, chapter 99-251, are ratified, validated, and confirmed, and the surcharge is declared to be legal and valid in all respects from the date of enactment of chapter 99-251.

History.--s. 1, ch. 2001-373.

218.504 Cessation of state action.--The Governor or the Commissioner of Education, as appropriate, has the authority to terminate all state actions pursuant to ss. 218.50-218.504. Cessation of state action must not occur until the Governor or the Commissioner of Education, as appropriate, has determined that:

(1) The local governmental entity or district school board:

(a) Has established and is operating an effective financial accounting and reporting system.

(b) Has resolved the conditions outlined in s. 218.503(1).

(2) None of the conditions outlined in s. 218.503(1) exists.

History.--s. 8, ch. 79-183; s. 28, ch. 96-324; s. 36, ch. 2004-305.

**CERTIFICATION OF FINANCIAL
RESPONSIBILITY**

CERTIFICATION OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The City of Miramar, a unit of local government of the State of Florida, hereby certifies that it has unconditionally obligated itself to have the financial resources necessary to close, plug, and abandon its Class I Underground Injection Well(s) and related monitoring wells, as required by Chapter 62-528, Florida Administrative Code. It is further understood that the cost estimate to conduct plugging and abandonment, established on October, 2005, shall be reviewed on an annual basis and this obligation shall incorporate accumulated inflation costs. An annual adjustment exceeding 10 percent in any one year shall require submission of an updated certification form.

List of Injection/Monitoring Wells Covered by This Agreement:
(For every injection and every monitoring well listed the following information)

Facility Name: _____
Facility Address: _____

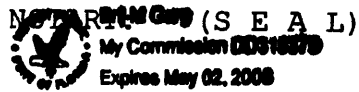
Facility Contact: _____
Phone Number: _____
Latitude/Longitude of Injection well: _____
DER/EPA Identification Number: _____
Current Plugging & Abandonment Cost Estimate: _____

See Attached

It is hereby understood that the cancellation of this Certification may not take place without the prior written consent of the Secretary of the Florida Department of Environmental Regulation.

BMG
12/11

[Signature]
(Signature)



Mr. Robert A. Payton

(Print/Type Name)

Brij M. Garg
(Signature)
12/11/05

City Manager

(Title)

May 02, 2008
(Date Commission Expires)

12/11/05
(Date)

November 7, 2005

Mr. Richard Deuerling
FDEP
Mail Station 3530
Bureau of Water Facilities
2600 Blair Stone Road,
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

**SUBJECT: City of Miramar West Water Treatment Plant
Major Modification Permit
Demonstration of Financial Responsibility for
Operating Permit (No. 125256-007-UO) (TW-1/TW-2)**

Dear Mr. Deuerling:

Attached is an updated demonstration of financial responsibility for plugging and abandonment of the City of Miramar municipal injection well system. This demonstration of financial responsibility is being submitted to complete the Major Modification Permit being submitted for the Class I Injection Wells and dual-zone monitor well under Operating Permit No. 125256-007-UO. The certification of financial responsibility documentation includes the following items:

1. A completed Certification of Financial Responsibility form with original signature,
2. A copy of the City's most recent fiscal year financial statement,
3. A plan for plugging and abandonment of the municipal injection well system, and
4. An opinion of cost to plug and abandon the municipal injection well system.

If you have any questions regarding this submittal, please do not hesitate to contact us at (954) 846-0401.

Sincerely,

Brij Garg, P.E.
City of Miramar

cc: Hong Guo, City of Miramar
Tony Rabbat, City of Miramar
Vernon Hargray, City of Miramar
Lyle Munce, MWH

**LOCAL GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE
FDEP INFORMATION DOCUMENT**

Lower Government Guarantee

A unit of local government of the State of Florida may demonstrate financial responsibility as required in Rule 62-528.435(9), F.A.C., by submitting all of the following information:

1. The local government must submit a letter from its attorney attesting to the permittee meeting the definition of a local government as defined in Chapter 218, Florida Statutes (F.S.). The attorney must also attest to the local government's coverage under chapter 218, Part V, F.S., Financial Emergencies. A copy of Chapter 218, Part V, F.S., is provided with this attachment

If the permittee is unable to obtain a letter from its attorney regarding its status as a local government, and alternate demonstration of financial responsibility must be submitted to the FDEP. The alternatives suggested by the FDEP are:

- (a) Surety Bond
- (b) Letter of Credit
- (c) Trust Fund
- (d) Financial Test

2. The local government must submit a Certification of Financial Responsibility which certifies unconditionally the obligation of the local government to perform plugging and abandonment of its injection system(s) pursuant to Chapter 62-528, F.A.C. The Certification form provides information on the location of the injection system(s) guaranteed by the local government with the related cost estimates for plugging and abandonment.

The Certification allows for an annual cost increase of 10 percent without submission of an updated certification form. Cancellation of the agreement may not take place without the written consent of the FDEP Secretary.

The person signing the Certification on behalf of the local government must be an individual authorized to bind the local government to such an agreement. The signing of this agreement must be notarized to complete the processing of the "Certification of Financial Responsibility" form. The wording of the certification form is provided with this attachment.

3. A copy of the financial statements for the latest completed fiscal year must accompany items 1 and 2 above to complete the financial package for review by the FDEP. If the Department finds through its review of the financial statements that the financial strength of the unit of local government is questionable, the Department may notify the permittee of its intentions to deny the financial package as submitted. The permittee would then be required to submit an alternate financial demonstration to meet the requirements of Rule 62-528.435(9), F.A.C.

PART V

**LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY AND DISTRICT
SCHOOL BOARD FINANCIAL EMERGENCIES**

218.50 Short title.

218.501 Purposes.

218.502 Definition.

218.503 Determination of financial emergency.

218.5031 Ratification of certain municipal parking surcharges.

218.504 Cessation of state action.

218.50 Short title.--Sections 218.50-218.504 may be cited as the "Local Governmental Entity and District School Board Financial Emergencies Act."

History.--s. 8, ch. 79-183; s. 32, ch. 2004-305.

218.501 Purposes.--The purposes of ss. 218.50-218.504 are:

(1) To promote the fiscal responsibility of local governmental entities and district school boards.

(2) To assist local governmental entities and district school boards in providing essential services without interruption and in meeting their financial obligations.

(3) To assist local governmental entities and district school boards through the improvement of local financial management procedures.

History.--s. 8, ch. 79-183; s. 25, ch. 96-324; s. 33, ch. 2004-305.

218.502 Definition.--As used in ss. 218.50-218.504, the term "local governmental entity" means a county, municipality, or special district.

History.--s. 8, ch. 79-183; s. 26, ch. 96-324; s. 24, ch. 99-333; s. 34, ch. 2004-305.

218.503 Determination of financial emergency.--

(1) Local governmental entities and district school boards shall be subject to review and oversight by the Governor or the Commissioner of Education when any one of the following conditions occurs:

(a) Failure within the same fiscal year in which due to pay short-term loans or failure to make bond debt service or other long-term debt payments when due, as a result of a lack of funds.

(b) Failure to pay uncontested claims from creditors within 90 days after the claim is presented, as a result of a lack of funds.

(c) Failure to transfer at the appropriate time, due to lack of funds:

1. Taxes withheld on the income of employees; or

2. Employer and employee contributions for:

a. Federal social security; or

b. Any pension, retirement, or benefit plan of an employee.

(d) Failure for one pay period to pay, due to lack of funds:

1. Wages and salaries owed to employees; or

2. Retirement benefits owed to former employees.

(e) An unreserved or total fund balance or retained earnings deficit, or unrestricted or total net assets deficit, as reported on the balance sheet or statement of net assets on the

~~general purpose or fund financial statements, for which sufficient resources of the local governmental entity, as reported on the balance sheet or statement of net assets on the general purpose or fund financial statements, are not available to cover the deficit.~~

Resources available to cover reported deficits include net assets that are not otherwise restricted by federal, state, or local laws, bond covenants, contractual agreements, or other legal constraints. Fixed or capital assets, the disposal of which would impair the ability of a local governmental entity to carry out its functions, are not considered resources available to cover reported deficits.

(2) A local governmental entity shall notify the Governor and the Legislative Auditing Committee, and a district school board shall notify the Commissioner of Education and the Legislative Auditing Committee, when one or more of the conditions specified in subsection (1) have occurred or will occur if action is not taken to assist the local governmental entity or district school board. In addition, any state agency must, within 30 days after a determination that one or more of the conditions specified in subsection (1) have occurred or will occur if action is not taken to assist the local governmental entity or district school board, notify the Governor or the Commissioner of Education, as appropriate, and the Legislative Auditing Committee.

(3) Upon notification that one or more of the conditions in subsection (1) exist, the Governor or his or her designee shall contact the local governmental entity or the Commissioner of Education or his or her designee shall contact the district school board to determine what actions have been taken by the local governmental entity or the district school board to resolve the condition. The Governor or the Commissioner of Education, as appropriate, shall determine whether the local governmental entity or the district school board needs state assistance to resolve the condition. If state assistance is needed, the local governmental entity or district school board is considered to be in a state of financial emergency. The Governor or the Commissioner of Education, as appropriate, has the authority to implement measures as set forth in ss. 218.50-218.504 to assist the local governmental entity or district school board in resolving the financial emergency. Such measures may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Requiring approval of the local governmental entity's budget by the Governor or approval of the district school board's budget by the Commissioner of Education.
- (b) Authorizing a state loan to a local governmental entity and providing for repayment of same.
- (c) Prohibiting a local governmental entity or district school board from issuing bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or any other form of debt until such time as it is no longer subject to this section.
- (d) Making such inspections and reviews of records, information, reports, and assets of the local governmental entity or district school board. The appropriate local officials shall cooperate in such inspections and reviews.
- (e) Consulting with officials and auditors of the local governmental entity or the district school board and the appropriate state officials regarding any steps necessary to bring the books of account, accounting systems, financial procedures, and reports into compliance with state requirements.
- (f) Providing technical assistance to the local governmental entity or the district school board.